



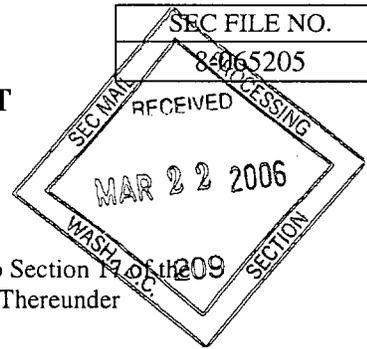
06007453

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

AB 7/1/06

19  
4/6

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT  
FORM X-17A-5  
PART III



FACING PAGE

Information required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17  
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 1/1/05 AND ENDING 12/31/05  
mm/dd/yy mm/dd/yy

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

CASEY PROFESSIONAL SERVICES, LLC

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

FIRM ID. NO

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS (Do not use P.O. Box No)

220 MONTGOMERY STREET, SUITE 462

(No and Street)

SAN FRANCISCO

CALIFORNIA

94104

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

NICOLAS R. MONTGOMERY

(415) 544-9100

(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose option is contained in this Report\*

Ernst Wintter & Associates, Certified Public Accountants

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

PROCESSED

JUN 12 2006

THOMSON  
FINANCIAL

675 Ygnacio Valley Road, Suite B-213,

Walnut Creek,

California

94596

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- (X) Certified Public Accountant
- ( ) Public Accountant
- ( ) Accountant nor resident in United State or any of its possession.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the option of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

ICT  
6/9

## OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, **NICOLAS R. MONTGOMERY**, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of **CASEY PROFESSIONAL SERVICES, LLC** as of **DECEMBER 31, 2005**, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

**NONE**

---

---

---

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Title

\_\_\_\_\_  
Notary Public

This report\*\* contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Conditions.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirement Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (o) Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Accounting Control.

\*\*For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

# Casey Professional Services, LLC

## Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	3
Statement of Financial Condition	4
Statement of Income	5
Statement of Changes in Member's Equity	6
Statement of Cash Flows	7
Notes to the Financial Statements	8
Supplementary Information	
Schedule I:	
Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1	
Reconciliation with Company's Net Capital Computation	12
Schedule II:	
Computation for Determination of	
Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3	
Information for Possession or Control	
Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3	13
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control	14

675 Ygnacio Valley Road, Suite B-213  
Walnut Creek, California 94596

(925) 933-2626  
Fax (925) 944-6333

Independent Auditor's Report

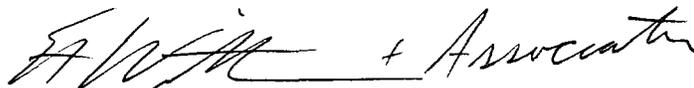
Board of Directors  
Casey Professional Services, LLC  
San Francisco, California

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Casey Professional Services, LLC (the Company) as of December 31, 2005, and the related statement of income, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Casey Professional Services, LLC at December 31, 2005, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.



January 30, 2006

**Casey Professional Services, LLC**

**Statement of Financial Condition**

**December 31, 2005**

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	409,237
Deposit at clearing organization		116,859
Securities owned, at market value		900
Commissions receivable, net of \$10,000 allowance for doubtful accounts		601,489
Prepaid expenses and other assets		31,453
Furniture and equipment, net of \$130,577 accumulated depreciation		<u>105,326</u>
Total assets	\$	<u>1,265,264</u>

Liabilities and Member's Equity

Accounts payable	\$	65,749
Accrued expenses		264,031
Commissions payable		<u>112,511</u>
Total liabilities		442,291
Member's equity		<u>822,973</u>
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$	<u>1,265,264</u>

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes.

# Casey Professional Services, LLC

## Statement of Income

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Revenues:	
Commissions	\$ 4,662,721
Interest and other income	<u>1,539</u>
Total revenue	4,664,260
Expenses:	
Compensation	2,367,823
Clearing fees and floor brokerage	1,088,994
Commissions expense	388,688
Professional fees	201,697
Quote and research fees	110,970
Occupancy fees	24,732
Depreciation	48,402
Other operating expenses	<u>305,507</u>
Total expenses	4,536,813
Income before income taxes	<u>127,447</u>
Tax provision	<u>800</u>
Net income	<u>\$ 126,647</u>

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes.

**Casey Professional Services, LLC**  
**Statement of Changes in Member's Equity**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2005**

Member's Equity at December 31, 2004	\$ 696,326
Net Income	<u>126,647</u>
Member's Equity at December 31, 2005	<u><u>\$ 822,973</u></u>

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes.

# Casey Professional Services, LLC

## Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	
Net income (loss)	\$ 126,647
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation	48,402
(Increase) decrease in:	
Deposits at clearing organization	(21,871)
Commissions receivable	(320,953)
Securities owned	(900)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	2,518
Increase (decrease) in:	
Accounts payable	25,255
Accrued expenses	185,231
Commissions payable	89,395
Due to affiliate	(750)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>132,974</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	
Purchase of property and equipment	<u>(34,111)</u>
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	<u>(34,111)</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	
	<u>0</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 98,863
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	<u>310,374</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 409,237</u>
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES</b>	
Taxes paid	<u>\$ 800</u>

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes.

# Casey Professional Services, LLC

## Notes to the Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2005

(1) Organization

Casey Professional Services, Inc. was formed as a corporation on November 14, 2001 and subsequently converted from a corporation to a limited liability company and renamed Casey Professional Services, LLC (the Company) on June 30, 2004. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Casey Securities, LLC (Securities), formerly Casey Securities, Inc. The Company is registered as a broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Section 15c of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. The Company's primary business is that of a securities broker-dealer providing services to institutions.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Commissions Revenue

Brokerage commissions and related clearing floor brokerage expenses are recorded on a trade-date basis as securities transactions occur.

Accounts Receivable

The Company's receivables are due from various hedge funds and prime brokers under contractual agreements. The Company maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts that is based on a review of outstanding receivables, historical collection information and existing economic conditions. Receivables over 30 days are considered past due. Past due receivables are reviewed by management and staff and written off based on the specific circumstances of the customer.

Securities Owned

Securities owned consist of equity securities and are stated at market value with related changes in unrealized appreciation or depreciation reflected in trading profit or loss.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Repairs, maintenance and minor replacements are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which are three to seven years for furniture, fixture and office equipment.

Income Taxes

For tax reporting purposes, the Company is a disregarded entity and reports all income and expenses on the tax returns of its parent, Securities. Therefore, no provision or liability for federal income taxes is provided for Securities. Additionally, the Company is subject to the annual California LLC tax of \$800 and the California LLC fee based on gross revenue.

# Casey Professional Services, LLC

## Notes to the Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2005

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company has defined cash equivalents as highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Unless otherwise indicated, the fair values of all reported assets and liabilities which represent financial instruments (none of which are held for trading purposes) approximate the carrying values of such amounts.

(3) Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's uniform net capital (Rule 15c3-1) which requires the Company to maintain minimum net capital equal to or greater than \$5,000 and a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital not exceeding 15 to 1, both as defined. At December 31, 2005, the Company's net capital was \$115,548, which exceeded the requirement by \$86,062.

(4) Employee Benefit Plan

The Company has adopted a 401(k) profit sharing plan, which covers all employees who are over the age of 18 and have completed one year of service. The plan provides for matching employee contributions up to \$900 per year and discretionary contributions by the Company as determined annually by the Board of Directors. Employer contributions vest over six years of service and employee contributions are always 100 percent vested. For the year ended December 31, 2005, the Company made matching contributions to the plan of \$3,375 and no discretionary contributions.

(5) Risk Concentration

From time to time the Company may maintain cash balances in a financial institution in excess of The FDIC insured limit. At December 31, 2005, the Company held deposits in excess of the applicable federal insurance limits by \$347,709.

# Casey Professional Services, LLC

## Notes to the Financial Statements

### Year Ended December 31, 2005

(6) Related Parties

The Company uses Casey Securities, LLC (Securities), its parent company, to execute options orders and pays for these services. For the year ended December 31, 2005, the Company paid Securities \$172,090 for these services. These amounts are included in clearing and floor brokerage expense.

The Company sublet its office space from Securities for \$1,040 per month for rent and cable. Beginning in July 1, 2005, the Company agreed to pay one-half of the rent expense incurred by Securities for office space shared by both entities. For the year ended December 31, 2005, the Company paid \$24,732 in rent to or on behalf of Securities.

The Company pays Securities a monthly fee of \$2,500 for administrative and other services provided by Securities. For the year ended December 31, 2005, the Company paid Securities \$30,000 for these services.

The Company's results of operations and financial position could differ significantly from those that would have been obtained if the entities were autonomous.

(7) Financial Instruments with Off- Balance-Sheet Credit Risk

As a securities broker, the Company executes transactions with and on the behalf of customers. The Company introduces these transactions for clearance to a clearing firm on a fully disclosed basis.

In the normal course of business, the Company's customer activities involve the execution of securities transactions and settlement by its clearing broker. The agreement between the Company and its clearing broker provides that the Company is obligated to assume any exposure related to nonperformance by its customers. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance-sheet risk in the event the customer is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations.

In the event the customer fails to satisfy its obligations, the Company may be required to purchase or sell financial instruments at the prevailing market price in order to fulfill the customer's obligation.

The Company seeks to control off-the-balance-sheet credit risk by monitoring its customer transaction and reviewing information it receives from its clearing broker on a daily basis and reserving for doubtful accounts when necessary.

***SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION***

# Casey Professional Services, LLC

## Schedule I Computation of Net Capital under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

As of December 31, 2005

Net Capital		
Total member's equity qualified for net capital		\$ 822,973
Less: Non-allowable assets		
Commissions receivable	567,738	
Prepaid expenses and other assets	31,453	
Property and equipment (net)	<u>105,326</u>	
Total non-allowable assets		<u>704,517</u>
Net capital before haircuts		\$ 118,456
Less: Haircuts on options and securities		<u>2,908</u>
Net capital		\$ 115,548
Net minimum capital requirement of 6.67% of aggregate indebtedness of \$442,291 or \$5,000, whichever is greater		<u>29,486</u>
Excess net capital		<u>\$ 86,062</u>

### Reconciliation with Company's Net Capital Computation (included in Part II of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2005)

Net capital, as reported in Company's Part II of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2005		\$ 116,351
Decrease in member's equity		(30,573)
Increase in non-allowable assets		<u>29,770</u>
Net capital per above computation		<u>\$ 115,548</u>

**Casey Professional Services, LLC**

**Schedule II  
Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements  
Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 of the  
Securities and Exchange Commission**

**For the Year Ended December 31, 2005**

An exception from Rule 15c3-3 is claimed, based upon section (k)(2)(ii). All customer transactions are processed in accordance with Rule 15c3-1(a)(2).

**Information for Possession or Control  
Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3**

**For the Year Ended December 31, 2005**

Not applicable

675 Ygnacio Valley Road, Suite B-213  
Walnut Creek, California 94596

(925) 933-2626  
Fax (925) 944-6333

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal  
Accounting Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

Board of Directors  
Casey Professional Services, LLC  
San Francisco, California

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Casey Professional Services, LLC (the Company) for the year ended December 31, 2005, we considered its internal control including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payments for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

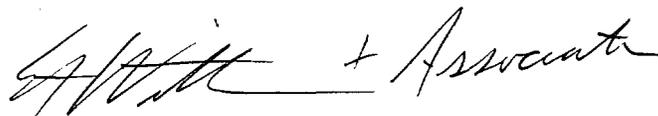
Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted the following matter involving the Company's internal control and its operation that we consider to be a material weakness as defined above. This condition was considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of procedures to be performed in our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the period ended December 31, 2005, and this report does not affect our report thereon dated January 30, 2006.

The size of the business and the resultant limited number of employees impose practical limitations on the effectiveness of those internal control policies and procedures that depend on the segregation of duties. Because this condition is inherent in the size of the Company, the specific weaknesses are not described herein and no corrective action has been taken or proposed by the Company.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2005, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the National Association of Securities Dealers and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



January 30, 2006