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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT

FORM X-17A-5
PART III

FACING PAGE

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
RECEIVED
MAR 01 2006

SEC FILE NUMBER

8-65354

AB 3/27/06

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/05 AND ENDING 12/31/05
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER - DEALER:

Saratoga Capital, LLC

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

99 Wall Street, Suite 1200

(No. and Street)

New York

(City)

New York

(State)

10005

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Loren W. Morris

(212) 422-1770

(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Robert J. Wilson Certified Public Accountant

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

23 Grand Avenue

(Address)

Farmingdale

(City)

NY

(State)

11735

(Zip Code)

PROCESSED

MAY 19 2006

THOMSON
FINANCIAL

CHECK ONE:

Certified Public Accountant.

Public Accountant

Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

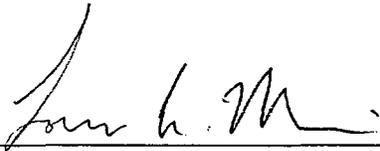
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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

KA 5/18/06

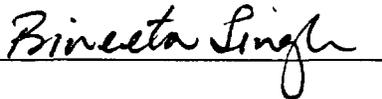
AFFIRMATION

I, Loren W. Morris, affirm that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statements and supplemental schedules pertaining to the firm of Saratoga Capital, LLC (Company) at December 31, 2005 and for the year then ended are true and correct. I further affirm that neither the Company nor any officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified as that of a customer.



Loren W. Morris, Managing Member

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 13th day of February, 2006.



BINEETA SINGH
Notary Public, State of New York
No. 01SI6051108
Qualified in Queens County
Commission Expires November 20, 20 06

Saratoga Capital, LLC

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*Robert J. Wilson, CPA
23 Grand Avenue
Farmingdale, NY 11735*

INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

To the Members of
Saratoga Capital, LLC

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of Saratoga Capital, LLC as of December 31, 2005 and the related statements of operations, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Saratoga Capital, LLC at December 31, 2005, and the results of its operations, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principals.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information contained on page 9 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the examination of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.



New York, NY
February 23, 2006

SARATOGA CAPITAL, LLC
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 2005

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 149,544
Receivable from clearing broker	257,677
Clearing deposit	151,433
Prepaid expense	6,045
Receivable from affiliate	2,688
Furniture and fixtures, net of accumulated depreciation of \$42,640	17,698
Security deposit	69,826
Total Assets	<u>\$ 654,911</u>

LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>\$ 435,441</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>435,441</u>
Contingencies	-
Member's equity	<u>219,470</u>
Total Liabilities and Member's Equity	<u>\$ 654,911</u>

See accompanying notes.

SARATOGA CAPITAL, LLC
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

Revenues:	
Commissions	\$ 2,353,783
Interest and dividends	1,189
	<hr/>
Total Revenues	2,354,972
	<hr/>
Costs and Expenses:	
Salaries and related taxes	1,144,370
Clearing expenses	301,567
Research expenses	235,381
Travel and entertainment	147,375
Loss on error account	143,189
Quote	72,452
Professional fees	69,724
Telephone	41,690
Computer expenses	34,845
Employee benefits	34,188
Rent	25,151
Other	25,132
Depreciation	21,699
Office	16,092
Dues and subscriptions	13,624
Regulatory fees	4,529
Insurance	4,189
Taxes	3,232
	<hr/>
Total Costs and Expenses	2,338,428
	<hr/>
Net income	\$ 16,544
	<hr/> <hr/>

See accompanying notes.

SARATOGA CAPITAL, LLC
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	
Net income	\$ 16,544
Depreciation	21,699
Adjustment to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
(Increase) in receivable from clearing broker	(251,613)
(Increase) in clearing deposit	(1,189)
(Increase) in prepaid expense	(6,045)
Decrease in receivable from affiliate	21,642
(Increase) in security deposit	(69,826)
Decrease in other assets	29,037
Increase in commissions, accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>301,853</u>
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	<u>62,101</u>
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:	
Purchase of furniture	<u>(12,246)</u>
Net Cash (Used) by Investing Activities	(12,246)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:	
Member's contributions (net of distributions)	<u>66,164</u>
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	66,164
Net Increase In Cash	116,019
Cash at beginning of the year	<u>33,525</u>
Cash at end of the year	<u><u>\$ 149,544</u></u>

See accompanying notes.

SARATOGA CAPITAL, LLC
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY
FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Total Member's Equity
Balance, January 1, 2005	\$ 136,761
Member's contributions (net of distributions)	66,165
Net income	16,544
Balance, December 31, 2005	\$ 219,470

See accompanying notes.

SARATOGA CAPITAL, LLC
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2005

1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

The Company was organized on May 31, 2001 as a New York Limited Liability Company that conducts business as a registered broker-dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. As a Limited Liability Company the member's liability is limited to the member's investment. It was founded to provide low-risk securities brokerage services to its institutional clients. The sole owner of Saratoga Capital, LLC is RCM Saratoga Capital, LLC.

The Company clears all of its transactions through a securities clearing broker. The Company acts as a broker-dealer and is exempt from Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3 under paragraph (k)(2)(ii) since it uses other securities firms for clearing.

Pursuant to an agreement between the Company and BNY Brokerage Inc (BNY), securities transactions of the Company are cleared through BNY and its customers are introduced and cleared on a fully disclosed basis. The Company is not responsible for compliance with Section 4(c) of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, as all customers' accounts, as defined by such rules, are carried by BNY Brokerage, Inc..

An agreement dated December 27, 2005 was entered into with Jefferies & Company and Saratoga Capital, LLC for Jefferies & Company to replace BNY Brokerage, Inc. The clearing agreement with Jefferies & Company went into effect on February 1, 2006. The terms of the agreement have no significant changes and are basically the same as the agreement with BNY Brokerage, Inc. The \$150,000 clearing deposit was transferred from BNY Brokerage, Inc. to Jefferies & Co.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Revenues

The Company earns its revenues from commissions for agency transactions and for risk-less principal transactions; income is earned from mark-ups and mark downs. The transactions are recorded on a settlement date, which is not materially different than recording transactions on a trade date.

SARATOGA CAPITAL, LLC
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2005

Accrual Basis of Accounting

The Company's financial statements are prepared using the accrual method of accounting. The Company's year end is December 31.

Receivable from Clearing Broker

Receivable from clearing broker consists of money due from the Company's clearing firm, BNY Brokerage, Inc. for income earned on securities transactions. Management has determined that no allowance for doubtful accounts is necessary at December 31, 2005.

Clearing Deposit

The Company is required and maintains a separate clearing deposit account at BNY Brokerage, Inc. with a cash balance of \$150,000.

Income Taxes

The Company is a single member limited liability Company taxed as a partnership and therefore, the accompanying financial statements do not include any provision for federal or state income taxes. Each member of the Company is individually responsible for reporting his share of the Company's income or loss. The Company is responsible for New York City Unincorporated Business Taxes. As a single member Limited Liability Company, the Company is not liable for the filing of income tax returns. Rather, its income is included in the income tax returns of its parent.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fixed Assets

Furniture and equipment are being depreciated using accelerated methods over their estimated useful lives, ranging from five to seven years.

SARATOGA CAPITAL, LLC
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2005

3. NET CAPITAL

The Company is a member of the NASD and subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital of \$5,000 and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2005, the Company had net capital of \$111,780, which was in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company's percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 390%.

4. AGREEMENT OF LEASE

Saratoga Capital, LLC entered into a lease agreement for office space at 99 Wall Street, NYC on October 10, 2005. The term of the lease is five (5) years and calls for an annual rent of \$153,855 and electric charges of \$14,202 per annum. There are provisions for 2.5% annual increase and there is an abatement of rent in the 2nd month, 13th month and 25th month.

5. CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of business, the Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities, including agency and principal transactions through a clearing broker.

In connection with these activities, a customer's unsettled transactions may expose the Company to off-balance-sheet risk in the event the customer is unable to fulfill its contractual obligations.

Significant credit exposure may result in the event that the Company's clearing broker is unable to fulfill its contractual obligation.

SARATOGA CAPITAL, LLC
COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
DECEMBER 31, 2005

NET CAPITAL:	
Total member's equity	\$ 219,470
Deductions and/or charges:	
Non-allowable assets:	
Prepaid expense	6,045
Receivable from affiliate	2,688
Furniture and fixtures, net	17,698
Security deposit	69,826
Other	<u>11,433</u>
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions	<u>111,780</u>
Haircuts on securities positions	<u>-</u>
Undue concentration	<u>-</u>
Net Capital	<u><u>\$ 111,780</u></u>
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS:	
Items included in the statement of financial condition:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u><u>\$ 435,441</u></u>
COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT:	
Minimum net capital required (6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness)	<u>\$ 29,029</u>
Minimum dollar net capital required	<u><u>\$ 5,000</u></u>
Excess net capital	<u><u>\$ 82,751</u></u>
Excess net capital at 1,000%	<u><u>\$ 68,236</u></u>
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital is	<u>390%</u>

The above computation does differ from the December 31, 2005 computation of net capital filed electronically by the Company on FOCUS Form X-17A-5 Part IIA.

*Robert J. Wilson, CPA
23 Grand Avenue
Farmingdale, NY 11735*

**INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL
ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5**

To the Members of
Saratoga Capital, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplementary information of Saratoga Capital, LLC (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2005, we considered its internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following: 1) Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons; 2) Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13, or, 3) Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal accounting control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them

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23 Grand Avenue
Farmingdale, NY 11735*

to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2005, to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., (N.A.S.D.), and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



New York, NY
February 23, 2006