



SECU OMISSION

OMB Number: 3235-0123
Expires: January 7, 2007
Estimated average burden
hours per response...12.00

**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III** CM

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-52384

**FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING January 1, 2005 ENDING December 31, 2005

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:
Adirondack Trading Group LLC

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

13 Hayslette Drive
Lake Luzerne (City) NY (State) 12846 (Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Bradley D. Hayslette 518-654-6927
(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Lilling & Company LLP
10 Cutter Mill Road (Address) Great Neck (City) NY (State) 11021 (Zip Code)

- CHECK ONE
- Certified Public Accountant
 - Public Accountant
 - Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

PROCESSED
MAY 23 2006
THOMSON FINANCIAL

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

* Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

Sec 1410 (3-91) *Persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number*

CM
5/27

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Bradley D. Hayslette swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of

Adironack Trading Group LLC, as of

December 31, 2005, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

Brad Hayslette

Signature

PRES, CEO

Title

Karyl E Mac Donald

Notary Public

KARYL E. MAC DONALD
#4728788

Notary Public, State of New York
Qualified in Saratoga County

My Commission Expires 4/30/06

This Report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss)
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of Consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (o) A report on internal control.

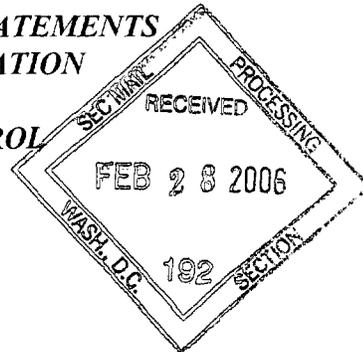
** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

ADIRONDACK TRADING GROUP LLC

***REPORT ON AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION***

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

DECEMBER 31, 2005



Lilling & Company LLP

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members
Adirondack Trading Group LLC
Lake Luzerne, New York

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Adirondack Trading Group LLC as of December 31, 2005, and the related statements of operations, changes in members' equity and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. According, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Adirondack Trading Group LLC at December 31, 2005, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedule 1 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This schedule is the responsibility of the Company's management. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

February 15, 2006

Ten Cutter Mill Road, Great Neck, NY 11021-3201 • (516) 829-1099 • Fax (516) 829-1065

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 2005**

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 36,595
Due from clearing broker	42,696
Other assets	<u>1,000</u>
	<u>\$ 80,291</u>

LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY

Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 11,107
Commission payable	<u>2,429</u>
	13,536

MEMBERS' EQUITY

	<u>66,755</u>
	<u>\$ 80,291</u>

See notes to financial statements

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

REVENUES

Commissions	\$ 231,510
Net realized and unrealized loss on securities	3,329
Interest and other income	<u>8,532</u>
	<u>243,371</u>

EXPENSES

Salaries and payroll related expenses	62,199
Commission expense	22,016
Clearance expense	44,860
Quotations	38,533
Occupancy	13,500
Professional fees	43,605
Operating expenses	<u>52,652</u>
	<u>277,365</u>

NET LOSS

\$ (33,994)

See notes to financial statements

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

Cash flows from operating activities

Net loss	\$ (33,994)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Increase in due from clearing broker	(1,462)
Decrease in securities owned	145,095
Decrease in accrued expenses	(204)
Decrease in commission payable	(1,789)
Total adjustments	141,640

Net cash provided by operating activities 107,646

Net cash flows from financing activities

Capital withdrawals (75,000)

Net cash used in financing activities (75,000)

NET INCREASE IN CASH 32,646

CASH - BEGINNING 3,949

CASH - END \$ 36,595

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:

Cash paid during the year for:

Interest expense	\$ 290
Income taxes	\$ -

See notes to financial statements

*STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITY
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005*

<i>Balance - beginning</i>	\$ 175,749
<i>Capital withdrawal</i>	(75,000)
<i>Net loss</i>	<u>(33,994)</u>
<i>Balance - end</i>	<u><u>\$ 66,755</u></u>

See notes to financial statements

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

Adirondack Trading Group LLC (the "Company") is a registered broker-dealer and clears its securities transactions on a fully disclosed basis with another broker-dealer. The Company had no liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors during the year ended December 31, 2005.

Securities Transactions and Commissions

Securities transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Commissions and related clearing expenses are recorded on a trade-date basis as securities transactions occur.

Securities owned are recorded at current market value. Securities not readily marketable are valued at fair value as determined by management, which approximates estimated realizable value. Securities not readily marketable include investment securities that cannot be offered or sold because of restrictions or conditions applicable to the securities or to the Company.

Significant Credit Risk and Estimates

The responsibility for processing customer activity rests with the Company's clearing firm, Legent Clearing ("Legent"), located in Omaha, Nebraska. The Company's clearing and execution agreement provides that Legent's credit losses relating to unsecured margin accounts receivable of the Company's customers are charged back to the Company.

In accordance with industry practice, Legent records customer transactions on a settlement date basis, which is generally three business days after the trade date. Legent is therefore exposed to risk of loss on these transactions in the event of the customer's inability to meet the terms of its contracts, in which case Legent may have to purchase or sell the underlying financial instruments at prevailing market prices in order to satisfy its customer-related obligations. Any loss incurred by Legent is charged back to the Company.

The Company, in conjunction with Legent, controls off-balance-sheet risk by monitoring the market value and marking securities to market on a daily basis and by requiring adjustments of collateral levels. Legent establishes margin requirements and overall credit limits for such activities and monitors compliance with the applicable limits and industry regulations on a daily basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2005

The Company is located in Lake Luzerne, New York and its customers are located throughout the United States. A substantial portion of the Company's revenue is received from one customer

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management of the Company to use estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income taxes

The Company is organized as a limited liability company and is recognized as a partnership for income tax purposes. No provision has been made for federal and state income taxes, since these taxes are the personal responsibility of the members.

2. PENSION PLAN

The Company terminated its defined contribution profit sharing plan for its members in 2005 and did not make contributions to the plan during the year ended December 31, 2005.

3. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company rents its office space on a month-to-month basis from its members at a current cost of \$1,500 per month. Total rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2005 was \$13,500.

4. COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS FOR BROKERS AND DEALERS PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3

The Company is exempt for the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 pursuant to Paragraph (k)(2)(ii). As an introducing broker, the Company clears customer transactions on a fully disclosed basis with Legent and promptly transmits all customer funds and securities to Legent. Legent carries all of the accounts of such customers and maintains and preserves such books and records.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2005

5. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c-3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). At December 31, 2005, the Company had net capital of \$65,251, which was \$60,251 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company had a percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital of 21% as of December 31, 2005.

6. LITIGATION

The Company has been named as a defendant in two actions relating to the employment of its former financial operations principal and his company. The lawsuit is claiming breach of contract by the Company and is seeking damages that could potentially exceed \$1,000,000. Although the ultimate outcome of these matters involving the Company cannot be predicted with certainty, management believes it has meritorious defenses to all such actions and intends to defend each of these actions vigorously. Although there can be no assurances that such matters will not have a material adverse effect on the results of operations or financial condition of the Company in any future period, depending in part on the results for such period, in the opinion of management of the Company the ultimate resolution of such actions against the Company will have no material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition.

***SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION
PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5 OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934***

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2005

**COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c-3-1
OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
DECEMBER 31, 2005**

NET CAPITAL

Members' equity \$ 66,755

Deductions and/or charges

Nonallowable assets 1,000

Net capital before haircuts on securities positions 65,755

Haircuts and undue concentration 503

NET CAPITAL \$ 65,252

AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS \$ 13,536

MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIRED \$ 5,000

EXCESS OF NET CAPITAL OVER MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS \$ 60,252

**PERCENTAGE OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS
TO NET CAPITAL** 21%

Statement Pursuant to Paragraph (d) (4) of Rule 17a-5

There were no material difference between the computation of net capital above and the Company's computation included in Part II of Form X-17A-5, as of December 31, 2005.

See independent auditors' report

Lilling & Company LLP

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5 FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

To the Members
Adirondack Trading Group LLC
Lake Luzerne, New York

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedule of Adirondack Trading Group LLC (the Company), for the year ended December 31, 2005, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
3. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customer as required by Rule 15c3-3

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatement caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted the following matter involving the internal control environment that we consider to be a material weakness as defined above. This condition was considered in determining the nature, timing and extent of the procedures to be performed in our audit of the financial statements of Adirondack Trading Group LLC for the year ended December 31, 2005, and this report does not affect our report thereon dated February 15, 2006.

The size of the business and resultant limited number of employees imposes practical limitations on the effectiveness of those internal control procedures that depend on the segregation of duties. Since this condition is inherent in the size of the Company, the specific weaknesses are not described herein and no corrective action has been taken or proposed by the Company.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2005 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the SEC, the NASD, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

February 15, 2006