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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT  
FORM X-17A-5  
PART III**

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FACING PAGE

**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the  
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/05 AND ENDING 12/31/05  
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

**A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION**

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Prime Solutions Securities, Inc.

**OFFICIAL USE ONLY**  
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

17601 West 130th Street, Suite 7

(No. and Street)

North Royalton,  
(City)

Ohio  
(State)

44133  
(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Victor Bull

(440) 230-5400

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

**B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION**

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report\*

Cohen McCurdy, Ltd.

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

800 Westpoint Parkway, Suite 1100

Westlake, OH 44145

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

**PROCESSED**

**MAR 13 2006**

**THOMSON  
FINANCIAL**

**FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY**

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Victor Bull, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Prime Solutions Securities, Inc., as of December 31, 2005, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

*[Handwritten Signature]*

Signature

*PRESIDENT*

Title

*[Handwritten Signature]*

Notary Public

AMERICAN SECURITIES  
Notary Public  
My Commission Expires 12/31/2006

This report \*\* contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

\*\*For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

PRIME SOLUTIONS SECURITIES, INC.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2005



Cohen  
McCurdy

Certified Public Accountants

PRIME SOLUTIONS SECURITIES, INC.

DECEMBER 31, 2005

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SHAREHOLDER  
PRIME SOLUTIONS SECURITIES, INC.

Independent Auditors' Report

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Prime Solutions Securities, Inc. (the Company) as of December 31, 2005, and the related statements of income, changes in shareholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Prime Solutions Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2005, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

*Cohen McCurdy*

January 26, 2006  
Westlake, Ohio

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2005

## ASSETS

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 48,788
RESTRICTED CASH	50,000
COMMISSIONS RECEIVABLE	55,778
FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT - AT COST LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION OF \$4,461	6,230
DEFERRED TAX ASSET - NET	1,366
PREPAID EXPENSES	<u>902</u>
	<u>\$ 163,064</u>

## LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES	\$ 18,997
COMMISSIONS PAYABLE	<u>60,083</u>
	<u>79,080</u>
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCY	
COMMON STOCK \$1 par value 500 shares authorized 100 shares issued and outstanding	100
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL	60,500
RETAINED EARNINGS	<u>23,384</u>
	<u>83,984</u>
	<u>\$ 163,064</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

STATEMENT OF INCOME  
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

## REVENUES

Commissions	\$ 478,775
Management and investment advisory income	201,776
Interest income	735
Other income	<u>50,639</u>
	<u>731,925</u>

## EXPENSES

Commissions, employee compensation and benefits	651,645
Occupancy	16,635
Communications and data processing	10,159
Floor brokerage and exchange fees	22,873
Insurance	2,138
Professional fees	15,190
Other expenses	<u>12,703</u>
	<u>731,343</u>

## NET INCOME

\$ 582

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.*

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	<u>COMMON STOCK</u>	<u>ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL</u>	<u>RETAINED EARNINGS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
BALANCE – JANUARY 1, 2005	\$ 100	\$ 60,500	\$ 22,802	\$ 83,402
NET INCOME			582	582
BALANCE – DECEMBER 31, 2005	<u>\$ 100</u>	<u>\$ 60,500</u>	<u>\$ 23,384</u>	<u>\$ 83,984</u>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.*

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

## CASH FLOW PROVIDED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net income	\$ 582
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	3,070
Commissions receivable	38,608
Prepaid expenses	290
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	5,464
Commissions payable	<u>(24,866)</u>
Net cash provided from operating activities	23,148

## CASH FLOW USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITY

Acquisition of furniture and equipment	<u>(1,637)</u>
--	----------------

## NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

21,511

## CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS – BEGINNING OF YEAR

72,277

## CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS – END OF YEAR

\$ 98,788

## SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURE

Income taxes paid	<u>\$ 5,500</u>
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*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.*

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. ORGANIZATION

Prime Solutions Securities, Inc. (the Company) was incorporated on September 1, 1998, in the State of Ohio for the purpose of acting as a securities broker-dealer, engaged primarily in selling mutual funds and other securities. The Company is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (NASD).

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenue and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were used.

Restricted Cash

The Company has a \$50,000 interest bearing deposit with its clearing broker pursuant to its clearing agreement.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

At times during the year, the Company's cash accounts exceeded the related amount of Federal depository insurance. The Company has not experienced any loss in such accounts and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk.

The Company considers financial instruments with a maturity of less than 90 days to be cash equivalents.

Depreciation

The Company primarily uses the straight-line method of depreciation for financial reporting purposes using estimated useful lives of five to ten years.

Income Taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Commissions

Commissions and related clearing expenses are recorded on a settlement date basis as securities transactions occur, which approximates trade date.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty.

Receivables and Credit Policies

Commissions receivable are uncollateralized clearing broker obligations due under normal trade terms requiring payments within 30 days from the report date. The Company generally collects receivables within 30 days and does not charge interest on commissions receivable with invoice dates over 30 days old.

Commissions receivable, net of trading costs, are stated at the amount billed. Payments of commissions receivable are allocated to the specific transactions identified on the clearing broker statement or, if unspecified, are applied to the earliest unpaid amounts.

Management individually reviews all commissions receivable balances that exceed 30 days from the invoice date and based on an assessment of current creditworthiness, estimates the portion, if any, of the balance that will not be collected. In the opinion of management, at December 31, 2005, all commissions were considered collectible and no allowance was necessary.

## 3. NET CAPITAL PROVISION OF RULE 15c3-1

Pursuant to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital balance, as defined, under such provisions.

The Company's minimum capital requirement is the greater of \$30,000 or 6 $\frac{2}{3}$ % of aggregate indebtedness, as defined, under Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-1(a)(1), as it does not maintain customer accounts. Net capital may fluctuate on a daily basis. At December 31, 2005, the Company had net capital of \$71,238 which was \$41,238 in excess of the minimum requirements.

In addition to the minimum net capital provisions, Rule 15c3-1 requires that the Company maintain a ratio of aggregate indebtedness, as defined, to net capital, of not more than 15 to 1. At December 31, 2005, the ratio was 1.11 to 1.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 4. EXEMPTION FROM RULE 15c3-3

The Company acts as an introducing broker or dealer, promptly transmitting all funds and delivering all securities received in connection with its activities as a broker or dealer and does not otherwise hold funds or securities for, or owe money or securities to customers. The Company operates under Section (k)(2)(ii) of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and is therefore exempt from the requirements of Rule 15c3-3.

## 5. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN

Substantially all of the Company's employees are covered under a simplified employee pension plan. The 2005 expense for this Plan was approximately \$10,500.

## 6. FEDERAL INCOME TAXES

Significant temporary differences that give rise to net deferred tax assets and liabilities consist of the excess of tax depreciation over financial accounting depreciation, net operating loss carryforwards, and the difference between accrual basis book income and cash basis tax income. Net operating losses of approximately \$3,000 expire in 2025.

Gross deferred tax asset	\$ 2,443
Gross deferred tax liability	<u>(1,077)</u>
Net deferred tax asset	<u>\$ 1,366</u>

There is no valuation allowance required against the deferred tax asset at December 31, 2005.

## 7. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCY

Lease

The Company occupies and utilizes office space in North Royalton, Ohio. Beginning January 1, 2006, the Company entered into a separate lease for additional space in Marietta, Ohio. These operating leases have annual payments of \$48,600, expiring December 31, 2006. Rent expense for 2005 for the North Royalton office space was \$12,300.

NASD Arbitration

The Company has been named as a co-defendant in a customer claim alleging unauthorized and unsuitable trading. The ultimate outcome of such arbitration proceeding cannot presently be determined, but, in the opinion of management, the outcome will have no material effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION  
PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5 OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

DECEMBER 31, 2005

SCHEDULE I - COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL  
PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-1 OF THE  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

DECEMBER 31, 2005

## NET CAPITAL

Total shareholder's equity from statement of financial condition		\$ 83,984
Less: Non-allowable assets		
Commissions receivable – Unsecured and 12b(1) fees	\$ 4,248	
Deferred tax asset	1,366	
Prepaid expenses	902	
Furniture and equipment – Net of accumulated depreciation	<u>6,230</u>	<u>12,746</u>

## NET CAPITAL

\$ 71,238

COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS - TOTAL  
LIABILITIES FROM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

\$ 79,080

COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT -  
6 2/3% OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS

\$ 5,272

## MINIMUM REQUIRED NET CAPITAL

\$ 30,000

## NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

\$ 30,000

## EXCESS NET CAPITAL

\$ 41,238

## RATIO OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO NET CAPITAL

1.11 to 1

A reconciliation of the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 as included in the Company's unaudited Form X-17a-5 as of December 31, 2005 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and the amount included in the above calculation is not required as there are no audit adjustments.

SCHEDULES II AND III – COMPUTATION FOR  
DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS AND  
INFORMATION RELATING TO POSSESSION OR CONTROL  
REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3 OF THE  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

DECEMBER 31, 2005

The Company is not required to present the schedules "Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3" and "Information for Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3" as it meets the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3, under Section (k)(2)(ii) of the Rule.

SHAREHOLDER  
PRIME SOLUTIONS SECURITIES, INC.

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control  
Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Prime Solutions Securities, Inc. (the Company) for the year ended December 31, 2005, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
3. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customer as required by Rule 15c3-3

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2005, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the shareholder, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

*Cohen McCurdy*

January 26, 2006  
Westlake, Ohio