

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-48587

RECEIVED
MAR 30 2005
SECTION

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING January 1, 2004 AND ENDING December 31, 2004
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YR

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

Kun-Lun Development Corporation

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

6080 Stewart Avenue

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM ID NO.

Fremont (No. and Street) **CA** **94538**
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Gilbert Kuo (510) 661-0260
(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this report*

Harb, Levy & Weiland LLP

The Landmark @ One Market, 6th Floor **San Francisco** **CA** **94105**
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

PROCESSED
APR 11 2005
THOMSON
FINANCIAL

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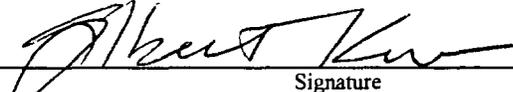
* Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

SEC 1410 (06-02) Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless this form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

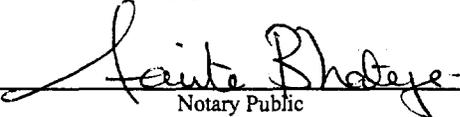
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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Gilbert Kuo, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statements and supporting schedules pertain to the firm of Kun-Lun Development Corporation, as of December 31, 2004, and are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:


Signature
President
Title

Subscribed and sworn to before me
this 28th day of March 2005


Notary Public



This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

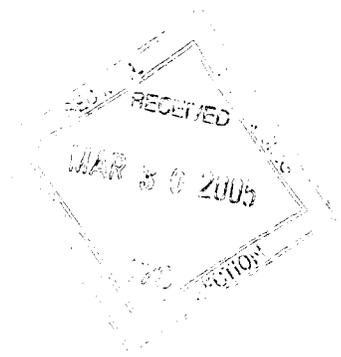
- (a) Facing page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Operations.
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' Equity or Members' Equity or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (o) Independent auditor's report on internal control required by SEC Rule 17a-5
- (p) Independent auditor's report on internal control required by SEC Rule 17a-5 for a Broker-Dealer claiming exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

KUN-LUN DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
TOGETHER WITH SUPPORTING
SCHEDULES AND AUDITORS' REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2004





Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of
Kun-Lun Development Corporation

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Kun-Lun Development Corporation (the Company) as of December 31, 2004, and the related statements of operations and changes in stockholder's equity and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2004, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, III and IV is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Harb, Levy & Weiland LLP

San Francisco, California
February 18, 2005

Member of NEXIA International, A Worldwide Association of Independent Accounting Firms

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e-mail: hlw@hlwcpa.com www.hlwcpa.com

Kun-Lun Development Corporation
Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2004

Assets

Cash	\$ 25,076
Deposits at clearing broker	101,433
Securities owned, at fair market value	3,069,340
Due from affiliate	940,768
Furniture & office equipment (net of accumulated depreciation of \$88,021)	8,052
Other assets	<u>15,079</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 4,159,748</u>

Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity

Liabilities:

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 3,218
Income tax payable	56,754
Payable to clearing broker	1,199,902
Deferred tax liability	<u>781,510</u>
Total liabilities	<u>2,041,384</u>

Stockholder's equity:

Common stock (50,000,000 shares of no par value authorized; 12,000,000 shares issued and outstanding)	1,210,000
Retained earnings	<u>908,364</u>
Total stockholder's equity	<u>2,118,364</u>
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	<u>\$ 4,159,748</u>

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

Kun-Lun Development Corporation
Statement of Operations
For The Year Ended December 31, 2004

Revenue:

Commissions	\$ 121,851
Interest and dividends	<u>72,918</u>
Total revenue	194,769
Principal transactions	(1,301,200)

Expenses:

Employee compensation and benefits	90,123
Interest	39,491
Depreciation	5,892
Other	<u>48,765</u>
Total expenses	<u>184,271</u>

Loss before income tax	(1,290,702)
Income tax benefit	<u>529,964</u>
Net loss	<u>\$ (760,738)</u>

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

Kun-Lun Development Corporation
Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity
For The Year Ended December 31, 2004

	Common Stock	Retained Earnings	Total
Balances at December 31, 2003	\$ 1,210,000	\$ 1,669,102	\$ 2,879,102
Net loss	-	(760,738)	(760,738)
Balances at December 31, 2004	<u>\$ 1,210,000</u>	<u>\$ 908,364</u>	<u>\$ 2,118,364</u>

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

Kun-Lun Development Corporation
Statement of Cash Flows
For The Year Ended December 31, 2004

Cash Flows From Operating Activities:

Net loss	\$ (760,738)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	5,892
Deferred tax provision	(587,556)
Decrease in securities owned	1,599,660
Increase in deposit with clearing broker	(842)
Decrease in commissions receivable	46,247
Increase in due from affiliate	(45,389)
Increase in other assets	(12,931)
Decrease in payable to clearing broker	(286,257)
Increase in income tax payable	56,754
Increase accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>894</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>15,734</u>
Increase in cash	15,734
Cash, beginning of year	<u>9,342</u>
Cash, end of year	<u>\$ 25,076</u>

Supplemental Information:

Income taxes paid	\$ 838
Interest paid	\$ 39,491

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

Kun-Lun Development Corporation
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

1. Summary of Business and Significant Accounting Policies

Business

Kun-Lun Development Corporation (the "Company") is a California corporation formed in 1995. The Company is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as a fully disclosed securities broker dealer and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers. Securities transactions are cleared through Bear, Stearns and Co., Inc. on a fully disclosed basis.

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of KLD Holdings Company, LLC (Holdings).

Cash

Cash consists of demand deposits with commercial banks which at times may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash balances.

Furniture & Office Equipment

Furniture and office equipment are recorded at cost net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed under the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of 5 to 7 years.

Securities Owned

Securities owned are valued at market value. The resulting difference between cost and market value is included in the Company's income (loss).

Revenue Recognition

Commission revenue and related expenses arising from securities transactions are recorded on a settlement-date basis. Revenue and expenses recognized on a settlement-date basis are not materially different from a trade-date basis.

Kun-Lun Development Corporation
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Income Taxes

Income taxes are provided for are the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due plus deferred taxes. Deferred taxes are recognized for differences between the basis of assets and liabilities for financial statements and income tax purposes. The deferred tax assets and liabilities represent the future tax return consequences of those differences, which will either be taxable or deductible when the assets and liabilities are recovered or settled.

Use of Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

2. Financial Instruments with Off-Balance-Sheet Credit Risk

As a securities broker, the Company executes transactions with and on behalf of customers. The Company introduces these transactions for clearance to a clearing firm on a fully disclosed basis.

In the normal course of business, the Company's customer activities involve the execution of securities transactions and settlement by its clearing broker. The agreement between the Company and its clearing broker provides that the Company is obligated to assume any exposure related to nonperformance by its customers. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance-sheet risk in the event the customer is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations. In the event the customer fails to satisfy its obligations, the Company may be required to purchase or sell financial instruments at the prevailing market price in order to fulfill the customer's obligation. The Company seeks to control off-balance-sheet credit risk by monitoring its customer's transactions and reviewing information it receives from its clearing broker on a daily basis.

Kun-Lun Development Corporation
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

3. Related Party Transactions

Due from affiliate at December 31, 2004 of \$940,768 is comprised of a note receivable from Holdings of \$898,899 and related accrued interest expense of \$41,869. The note is payable on demand and carries interest at a fixed rate of 2.75%.

A significant percentage of commission revenues are earned on securities transactions executed on behalf of the Company or Holdings. Management has not determined the amount earned from these transactions included in revenue.

The Company carries out operations from office premises provided by the Company's shareholder.

4. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2004, the Company had net capital of \$623,325 which was \$523,325 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000. The Company's aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was 0.096 to 1.

5. Income Taxes

Deferred tax liabilities relate primarily to the recognition of unrealized market gains and losses of securities held for investment for financial statement purposes versus recognition of gains and losses when investments are sold for tax purposes and for the difference between book and tax depreciation methods. Deferred tax assets were not significant at December 31, 2004.

Net deferred tax liabilities at December 31, 2004 consist of the following:

Deferred tax liabilities	
Federal	\$ 617,938
State	163,572
Total	<u>\$ 781,510</u>

Kun-Lun Development Corporation
Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended December 31, 2004

5. Income Taxes (continued)

The components of income tax benefit (expense) for the year ended December 31, 2004 are as follows:

Current			
Federal	\$	(41,544)	
State		<u>(16,048)</u>	
	\$		(57,592)
Deferred			
Federal		464,579	
State		<u>122,977</u>	
			<u>587,556</u>
Income tax benefit			<u>\$ 529,964</u>

6. Deposits Held at Clearing Organization

Under the Company's clearing agreement, a good faith deposit of \$100,000 is required to be held at Bear, Stearns and Co., Inc. As of December 31, 2004, the Company had \$101,433 on deposit with Bear, Stearns and Co., Inc.

7. Payable to Clearing Broker

The payable to clearing broker of \$1,199,902 is for margin loans collateralized by securities owned at market value. The interest rate charged by the clearing broker on this loan is the Federal Funds rate plus 0.75%.

8. Risk Concentration

At December 31, 2004, securities owned at market value consisted of 130,000 shares of Intel Corporation common stock (valued at \$3,040,700) and 2,000 shares of Au Optronics Corporation common stock (valued at \$28,640).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL COMBINED UNIFORM SINGLE REPORT PART IIA

BROKER OR DEALER: <u>Kun-Lun Development Corporation</u>	as of <u>December 31, 2004</u>
--	--------------------------------

1. Total ownership equity from Statement of Financial Condition.....	\$ 2,118,364		3480
2. Deduct ownership equity not allowable for Net Capital.....	()		3490
3. Total ownership equity qualified for Net Capital.....	\$ 2,118,364		3500
4. Add:			
A. Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors allowable in computation of net capital.....			3520
B. Other (deductions) or allowable credits (List).....			3525
5. Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities.....	\$ 2,118,364		3530
6. Deductions and/or charges:			
A. Total non-allowable assets from Statement of Financial Condition (Notes B and C).....	952,268	3540	
B. Secured demand note delinquency.....		3590	
C. Commodity futures contracts and spot commodities – proprietary capital charge.....		3600	
D. Other deductions and/or charges.....		3610	(952,268) 3620
7. Other additions and/or allowable credits (List).....adjust haircut for tax provision		359,358	3630
8. Net capital before haircuts on securities positions.....		1,525,454	3640
9. Haircuts on securities (computed, where applicable, pursuant to 15c3-1(f)):			
A. Contractual securities commitments.....		3660	
B. Subordinated securities borrowings.....		3670	
C. Trading and investment securities:			
1. Exempted Securities.....		3735	
2. Debt securities.....		3733	
3. Options.....		3730	
4. Other securities.....	460,401	3734	
D. Undue Concentration.....	441,728	3650	
E. Other (List).....		3736	(902,129) 3740
10. Net Capital.....	\$ 623,325		3750

OMIT PENNIES

6a: Non allowable assets	
Due from affiliate	\$ 940,768
Furniture and office equipment	8,052
Other	3,438
	\$ 952,268

**FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL COMBINED UNIFORM SINGLE REPORT
PART IIA**

BROKER OR DEALER: Kun-Lun Development Corporation as of December 31, 2004

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

Part A

11. Minimum net capital required (6 2/3% of line 19).....	\$ 3,998	3756
12. Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer and minimum net capital requirement of subsidiaries computed in accordance with Note (A).....	100,000	3758
13. Net capital requirement (greater of line 11 or 12).....	100,000	3760
14. Excess net capital (line 10 less 13).....	523,325	3770
15. Excess net capital at 1000% (line 10 less 10% of line 19).....	617,328	3780

COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS

16. Total A.I. liabilities from Statement of Financial Condition.....	59,972	3790
17. Add:		
A. Drafts for immediate credit.....	\$ 3800	
B. Market value of securities borrowed for which no equivalent value is paid or credited.....	\$ 3810	
C. Other unrecorded amounts (List).....	\$ 3820	3830
19. Total Aggregate indebtedness.....	59,972	3840
20. Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital (line 19 / line 10).....	9.62%	3850
21. Percentage of debt to debt-equity total computed in accordance with Rule 15c3-1(d).....	%	3860

COMPUTATION OF ALTERNATE NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

Part B

22. 2% of combined aggregate debit items as shown in Formula for Reserve Requirement pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 prepared as of the date of the net capital computation including both brokers of dealers and consolidated subsidiaries debits.....		3970
23. Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer and minimum net capital requirement or subsidiaries computed in accordance with Note (A).....		3880
24. Net capital requirement (greater of line 22 or 23).....		3760
25. Excess capital (line 10 or 24).....		3910
26. Net capital excess of the greater of:		
A. 5% of combined aggregate debit items or \$120,000.....		3920

NOTES:

- (A) The minimum net capital requirement should be computed by adding the minimum dollar net capital requirement of the reporting broker dealer and, for each subsidiary to be consolidated, the greater of:
 - 1. Minimum dollar net capital requirement, or
 - 2. 6 2/3% of aggregated indebtedness or 4% of aggregate debits if alternative method is used.
- (B) Do not deduct the value of securities borrowed under subordination agreements or secured demand note covered by subordination agreements not in satisfactory form and the market values of memberships in exchanges contributed for use of company (contra to item 1740) and partners' securities which were included in non-allowable assets.
- (C) For reports filed pursuant to paragraph (d) of Rule 17a-5, respondent should provide a list of material non-allowable assets.

Kun-Lun Development Corporation
Computation for Determination of Reserve
Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3
December 31, 2004

The Company claims an exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) and therefore is not subject to the reserve requirements of Rule 15c3-3.

Kun-Lun Development Corporation
Information Relating to the Possession
Or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3
December 31, 2004

The Company claims an exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) and therefore is not subject to the possession and control provisions of Rule 15c3-3.

Kun-Lun Development Corporation
 Reconciliations Pursuant to Rules 15c3-1 and 15c3-3
 For The Year Ended December 31, 2004

1. Reconciliation of Computation of Net Capital to Respondent's Computation

The reconciliation between the computation per Schedule I and the respondent's computation is as follows:

	<u>Net Capital</u>	<u>Aggregate Indebtedness</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
Computation per respondent	\$ 680,079	\$ 3,218	0.47%
Computation per Schedule I	623,325	59,972	9.62%
Differences	<u>\$ 56,754</u>	<u>\$ 56,754</u>	

Differences arose due to audit adjustments relating to the accrual of income tax payable.

2. Reconciliation of Computation of Reserve Requirements to Respondent's Computations

The Company claims an exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) and therefore is not subject to the reserve requirements of Rule 15c3-3.



To the Board of Directors of
Kun-Lun Development Corporation

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Kun-Lun Development Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2004, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
2. Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

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Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2004 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and the use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Harb, Levy + Weiland LLP

San Francisco, California
February 18, 2005