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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

SEC FILE NUMBER
B-45893

FACING PAGE

**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING January 1, 2004 AND ENDING December 31, 2004
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Kansas City Brokerage, Inc.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

6320 Lamar

(No. and Street)

Overland Park

Kansas

66202

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

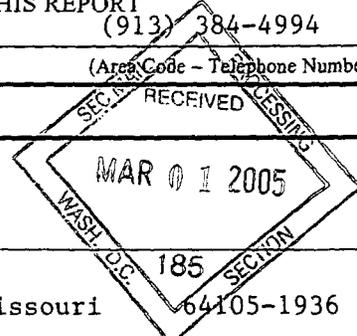
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Mark Donaldson

(913) 384-4994

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION



INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

BKD, LLP

Twelve Wyandotte Plaza

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

120 West 12th Street, Suite 1200

Kansas City

Missouri

185

64105-1936

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

PROCESSED

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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Mark Donaldson, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Kansas City Brokerage, Inc., as of December 31, 2004, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:



Patricia H. Caruso
Notary Public

[Signature]
Signature
Chief Financial Officer
Title

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of ~~Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital~~ Retained Earnings
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



To the Board of Directors
Kansas City Brokerage, Inc.
Overland Park, Kansas

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedule of Kansas City Brokerage, Inc. (the Company) for the year ended December 31, 2004, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons
- Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, which we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2004 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

BKD, LLP

Kansas City, Missouri
January 25, 2005



Independent Accountants' Report

Board of Directors
Kansas City Brokerage, Inc.
Overland Park, Kansas

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Kansas City Brokerage, Inc. (a 79% owned subsidiary of DeMarche Associates, Inc.) as of December 31, 2004, and the related statements of operations, retained deficit and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kansas City Brokerage, Inc. as of December 31, 2004, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on page 9 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

BKD, LLP

Kansas City, Missouri
January 25, 2005

Kansas City Brokerage, Inc.
Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2004

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 232,705
Investments	211,380
Consulting contract receivables	141,326
Receivable from clearing agent	<u>78,317</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 663,728</u>
 Liabilities	
Related party payable	\$ 36,904
Services due to customers	27,261
Third-party payer funds	<u>386,452</u>
Total liabilities	<u>450,617</u>
 Stockholders' Equity	
Common stock, \$.01 par value; 100,000 shares authorized; 1,000 shares issued and outstanding	10
Additional paid-in capital	277,724
Retained (deficit)	<u>(64,623)</u>
Total stockholders' equity	<u>213,111</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 663,728</u>

Kansas City Brokerage, Inc.
Statement of Operations
Year Ended December 31, 2004

Revenues	
Brokerage income, net of clearing broker commissions	\$ 566,102
Other income	<u>6,766</u>
	<u>572,868</u>
 Expenses	
Purchased services	462,951
Other expenses	<u>120,989</u>
Total expenses	<u>583,940</u>
 Net Loss	 <u>\$ (11,072)</u>

Kansas City Brokerage, Inc.
Statement of Retained Deficit
Year Ended December 31, 2004

Balance (Deficit), January 1, 2004	\$ (53,551)
Net loss	<u>(11,072)</u>
Balance (Deficit), December 31, 2004	<u>\$ (64,623)</u>

Kansas City Brokerage, Inc.
Statement of Cash Flows
Year Ended December 31, 2004

Operating Activities	
Net loss	\$ (11,072)
Changes in	
Consulting contract receivables	(16,034)
Receivable from clearing agent	(68,818)
Third-party payer funds	(344,422)
Services due to customers	(47,091)
Related party payable	<u>(18,346)</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(505,783)</u>
Investing Activities	
Maturity of investments	<u>203,506</u>
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>203,506</u>
Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(302,277)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	<u>534,982</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	<u>\$ 232,705</u>

Kansas City Brokerage, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

The Company, a 79% owned subsidiary of DeMarche Associates, Inc. (DeMarche), an employee benefit plan consultant, provides brokerage services on behalf of clients of its parent through a clearing agent. The Company does not hold funds or securities for clients.

Employee benefit plan clients purchase DeMarche consulting services from the Company and pay for these services in cash or with brokerage commissions generated from investment transactions directed through the Company's clearing agent. The Company purchases the consulting services provided to its clients from its parent.

The Company also offers a Third-Party Payer program wherein the Company collects and accumulates brokerage commissions from trades directed by the client through the Company's clearing agent and in return makes credits available to the client for the payment of various plan expenses.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At December 31, 2004, cash equivalents consisted of certificates of deposit.

Income Taxes

The Company and its parent company file separate income tax returns. Deferred tax liabilities and assets are recognized for the tax effect of differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities. A valuation allowance is established to reduce deferred tax assets if it is more likely than not that a deferred tax asset will not be realized.

Brokerage Income Recognition

Brokerage income and related clearing brokers' commissions are recognized on a trade date basis as securities transactions occur.

Kansas City Brokerage, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2004

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at the amounts billed to customers. The Company provides an allowance for doubtful accounts, which is based upon a review of outstanding receivables, historical collection information and existing economic conditions. Delinquent receivables are written off based on individual credit evaluation and specific circumstances of the customer.

Investments

Investments consist of certificates of deposit and are carried at historical cost, which approximates fair value adjusted for accretion of discounts. Accretion is recorded as interest income from investments.

Note 2: Related Party Transactions

Facilities and Services Agreement

The Company has a facilities and services agreement with its parent in which office space, personnel, equipment, supplies, accounting and legal and other services are provided to the Company. The Company's agreement provides that the Company pay \$5,000 per month for the period from January 1, 2004 to July 31, 2004 and \$15,000 per month for the period from August 1, 2004 to December 31, 2004.

Note 3: Income Taxes

No provision or benefit for income taxes is recorded in the accompanying statement of operations as the Company has a net loss for both financial reporting and income tax purposes.

The tax effects of temporary differences related to deferred taxes are as follows:

Deferred tax assets	
Services due to customers	\$ 5,100
Net operating loss carryforwards	<u>56,900</u>
Net deferred tax asset before valuation allowance	<u>62,000</u>
Valuation allowance	
Beginning balance	(60,200)
Increase during the period	<u>(1,800)</u>
Ending balance	<u>(62,000)</u>
Net deferred tax asset	<u>\$ 0</u>

Kansas City Brokerage, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2004

The Company has unused operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$300,000, which expire between 2020 and 2024.

Note 4: Net Capital Requirements

The Company is required to maintain minimum net capital as defined by Rule 15c3-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Rule 15c3-1 requires minimum net capital to be the greater of \$5,000 or 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness.

The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital as defined in the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1 was 6.69 to 1 as of December 31, 2004. The Company is required by regulatory authorities to maintain a ratio of less than 15 to 1. The Company had net capital, as defined, of \$67,308 as of December 31, 2004, which exceeded the required net capital by \$37,267.

Supplementary Schedule

Kansas City Brokerage, Inc.
Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1
December 31, 2004

Aggregate Indebtedness	\$ <u>450,617</u>
Stockholders' Equity	\$ 213,111
Less Nonallowable Assets	
Consulting contract receivables	(141,326)
Less haircuts on certificates of deposit account	<u>(4,477)</u>
Net capital	67,308
Less net capital requirements - greater of \$5,000 or 1/15 of aggregate indebtedness	<u>30,041</u>
Net capital in excess of requirement	\$ <u>37,267</u>
Ratio of Aggregate Indebtedness to Net Capital	<u>6.69 to 1</u>

Note: The Company is in compliance with the exemption provisions from Rule 15c3-3.

Note: There were no material differences between the computation of net capital and the basic net capital requirement computation included in these financial statements with those previously reported by the Company.