

SECURI



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OMB Number: 3235-0123
Expires: January 7, 2007
Estimated average burden hours per response...12.00

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER

8-37182

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING January 1, 2004 ENDING December 31, 2004

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

PROCESSED

Trio Securities, Inc.

MAR 31 2005

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

THOMSON FINANCIAL

1221 S. Curson Ave.

(No. and Street)

Los Angeles

CA

90019-6612

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

James Antosh

310-275-0047

(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Lilling & Company LLP

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

10 Cutter Mill Road

Great Neck

NY

11021

(Address)

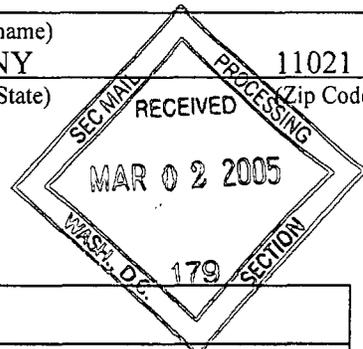
(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.



FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

* Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the exemption. See section 240,17a-5(e)(2).

Sec 1410 (06-02)

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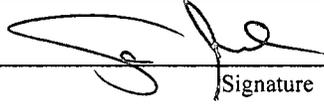
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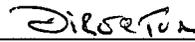
TVA 324

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, James Antosh swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Trio Securities, Inc., as of

December 31, 2004, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:



Signature


Title

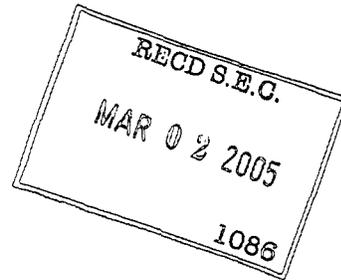


Notary Public

This Report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss)
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of Consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (o) A report on internal control.

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



TRIO SECURITIES INC.

***REPORT ON AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION***

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

DECEMBER 31, 2004

Lilling & Company LLP

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

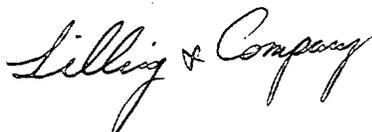
Board of Directors and Stockholders
Trio Securities Inc.
Los Angeles, California

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Trio Securities Inc. as of December 31, 2004 and the related statements of operations, stockholder's equity and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Trio Securities Inc. as of December 31, 2004 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules 1 and 2 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

January 31, 2005

TRIO SECURITIES INC.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 2004

ASSETS

| | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Cash | \$ 132,000 |
| Due from broker dealers | 10,532 |
| Securities owned, not readily marketable, at estimated fair value | 23,050 |
| Other assets | <u>418</u> |
| | <u><u>\$ 166,000</u></u> |

STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

| | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Common stock, no par value; 1,000 shares authorized; issued and outstanding | \$ 18,000 |
| Paid-in capital | 295,000 |
| Retained earnings (deficit) | <u>(147,000)</u> |
| | <u><u>\$ 166,000</u></u> |

See notes to financial statements

TRIO SECURITIES INC.

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

REVENUES

| | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| Unrealized loss on securities | \$ (23,050) |
| Interest income | <u>1,446</u> |
| | <u>(21,604)</u> |

EXPENSES

| | |
|--------------------|---------------|
| Operating expenses | <u>14,520</u> |
|--------------------|---------------|

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------|
| <i>NET LOSS</i> | <u><u>\$ (36,124)</u></u> |
|-----------------|---------------------------|

See notes to financial statements

TRIO SECURITIES INC.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

Cash flows from operating activities

| | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| Net loss | \$ (36,124) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities: | |
| (Increase) decrease in assets: | |
| Due from clearing broker | 2,963 |
| Securities owned, not readily marketable, at estimated fair value | 23,050 |
| Other assets | <u>1,250</u> |
| Total adjustments | <u>27,263</u> |

Net cash used in operating activities (8,861)

NET DECREASE IN CASH (8,861)

CASH - BEGINNING 140,861

CASH - END \$ 132,000

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:

Cash paid during the year for:

| | |
|--------------|--------------------|
| Income taxes | <u>\$ 800</u> |
| Interest | <u><u>\$ -</u></u> |

See notes to financial statements

TRIO SECURITIES INC.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

| | <u>COMMON STOCK</u> | <u>PAID-IN CAPITAL</u> | <u>RETAINED EARNINGS</u> | <u>TOTAL</u> |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| <i>Balance - beginning</i> | \$ 18,000 | \$ 295,000 | \$ (110,876) | \$ 202,124 |
| Net loss | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(36,124)</u> | <u>(36,124)</u> |
| <i>Balance - end</i> | <u>\$ 18,000</u> | <u>\$ 295,000</u> | <u>\$ (147,000)</u> | <u>\$ 166,000</u> |

See notes to financial statements

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2004

1. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Organization

Trio Securities, Inc. (the Company) is organized to be active in various aspects of the securities industry and is registered to be a broker-dealer with the National Association of Securities Dealers and the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company is a non-clearing broker and does not handle any customer funds or securities. There were no liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors during the year ended December 31, 2004.

SECURITIES OWNED, NOT READILY MARKETABLE

Securities not readily marketable are valued at fair value as determined by management, which approximates estimated realizable value. Securities not readily marketable include investment securities that cannot be offered or sold because of restrictions or conditions applicable to the securities or to the Company.

At December 31, 2004 securities owned, not readily marketable consist of Nasdaq Stock Market, Inc. stock and warrants at an estimated value of \$23,050.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for deferred income taxes using the liability method. The liability method requires the determination of deferred tax assets and liabilities based on the differences between the financial statements and income tax bases of assets and liabilities, using enacted tax rates and laws currently in effect. Additionally, net deferred tax assets are adjusted by a valuation allowance, if, based on the weight of available evidence, it is uncertain that some portion or all of the net deferred tax assets will not be realized.

The Company had net operating losses for tax purposes totaling approximately \$183,000 at December 31, 2004 that were available to offset future taxable income. The Company has provided for a full valuation allowance on the deferred tax asset due to the uncertainty of its realization.

The Company has elected S corporation status effective January 1, 2005. In lieu of corporation income taxes, the shareholders of an S corporation are taxed on their proportionate share of the Company's taxable income. Accordingly, the Company will not incur additional income tax obligations, and future financial statements will not include a provision for income taxes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2004

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenue and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that management uses.

2. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1.) At December 31, 2004, the Company had net capital of \$142,532, which was \$137,532 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. There was no aggregate indebtedness as of December 31, 2004.

*Supplementary Information
Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934
As of December 31, 2004*

**COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c-3-1
OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION****DECEMBER 31, 2004****NET CAPITAL**

Stockholder's equity \$ 166,000

Less: Nonallowable assets 23,468**NET CAPITAL** \$ 142,532**AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS** \$ -**MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIRED** \$ 5,000**EXCESS OF NET CAPITAL OVER MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS** \$ 137,532**PERCENTAGE OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS
TO NET CAPITAL** 0.00%**Note:**

There were no material differences between the computation of net capital calculated above and the Company's computation included in Part IIA of Form X-17a-5 as of December 31, 2004.

See independent auditors' report

**COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS
FOR BROKERS AND DEALERS PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3
DECEMBER 31, 2004**

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, in that the Company's activities are limited to those set forth in the conditions for exemption appearing in paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of the Rule.

See independent auditors' report

Lilling & Company LLP

Certified Public Accountants

***INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED
BY SEC RULE 17a-5 FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION
FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3***

Board of Directors and Stockholders
Trio Securities Inc.
Los Angeles, California

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Trio Securities Inc. (the Company), for the year ended December 31, 2004, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted the following matter involving the internal control environment that we consider to be a material weakness as defined above. This condition was considered in determining the nature, timing and extent of the procedures to be performed in our audit of the financial statements of Trio Securities Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2004, and this report does not affect our report thereon dated January 31, 2005.

The size of the business and resultant limited number of employees imposes practical limitations on the effectiveness of those internal control structure procedures that depend on the segregation of duties. Since this condition is inherent in the size of the Company, the specific weaknesses are not described herein and no corrective action has been taken or proposed by the Company.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2004, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the NASD, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.


CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

January 31, 2005