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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

FACING PAGE

**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING January 1, 2004 AND ENDING December 31, 2004
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

2099 Lake Street

San Francisco California 94104
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Dick Lam

415-398-6181

(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Kevin G. Beard, CPA An Accountancy Corporation

9010 Corbin Avenue, Suite 7 Northridge California 91324
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

MAR 31 2005

THOMSON FINANCIAL

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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

SEC 1410 (3-91)

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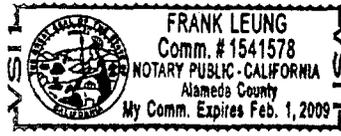
OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Dick Lam, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Lam Securities Investments, Inc., as of December 31, 2004, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

State of CALIFORNIA
County of SAN FRANCISCO
Subscribed and sworn (or affirmed) to before me this 13TH day of FEBRUARY, 2005

[Handwritten Signature]
Signature
President/CEO
Title

[Handwritten Signature: Frank Leung]
Notary Public



This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. Cash Flows
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
(l) An Oath or Affirmation.
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

KEVIN G. BREARD, C.P.A.
AN ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Lam Securities Investments, Inc.

I have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Lam Securities Investments, Inc. as of December 31, 2004 and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statement referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Lam Securities Investments, Inc. as of December 31, 2004 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

My examination was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on Schedules I-III are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not required as part of the basic financial statements, but as supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subject to the auditing procedures applied in the examination of the basic financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole and in conformity with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission.



Kevin G. Breard
Certified Public Accountant

Northridge, California
February 1, 2005

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Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2004

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 44,900
Receivable from broker and dealers	4,848
Marketable securities, at market value	111,658
Deposits with clearing organizations	30,027
Furniture, and equipment, net of \$79,229 accumulated depreciation	71,841
Other assets	<u>4,419</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 267,693</u>

Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity

Liabilities

Accounts payable	<u>\$ 1,336</u>
Total liabilities	1,336

Stockholder's equity

Common Stock, no par value, 10,000 shares authorized, 5,555 issued and outstanding	295,296
Additional paid-in capital	194,037
Accumulated deficit	<u>(222,976)</u>
Total stockholder's equity	<u>266,357</u>
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	<u>\$ 267,693</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Statement of Operations
For the Year Ended December 31, 2004

Revenues

Commissions income	\$ 42,145
Management and underwriting fees	2,129
Interest and dividend income	14,296
Gain (loss) from investments in marketable securities	(5,835)
Unrealized gain (loss) in investments in marketable securities	<u>(8,733)</u>
Total revenues	44,002

Expenses

Employee compensation and benefits	27,993
Commissions, trading fees and floor brokerage	14,299
Communications	7,526
Occupancy and equipment rental	1,812
Taxes, other than income taxes	2,866
Other operating expenses	<u>41,919</u>

Total expenses 96,415

Income (loss) before income taxes (52,413)

Total income tax provision 800

Net income (loss) \$ (53,213)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity
For the Year Ended December 31, 2004

	<u>Common Stock</u>	<u>Additional Paid - In Capital</u>	<u>Accumulated Deficit</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance, January 1, 2004	\$ 295,296	\$ 147,537	\$ (169,763)	\$ 273,070
Additional paid-in capital	-	46,500	-	46,500
Net income (loss)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(53,213)</u>	<u>(53,213)</u>
Balance, December 31, 2004	<u>\$ 295,296</u>	<u>\$ 194,037</u>	<u>\$ (222,976)</u>	<u>\$ 266,357</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Statement of Cash Flows
For the Year Ended December 31, 2004

Cash flows from operating activities:

Net income (loss)		\$ (53,213)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation	\$ 5,949	
Valuation of marketable securities to market	8,733	
(Gains) losses on sale of marketable securities	5,835	
(Increase) decrease in:		
Account receivable	(1,598)	
Deposits held at clearing firms	100,007	
Other assets	(465)	
(Decrease) increase in:		
Accounts payable	<u>(4,468)</u>	
Total adjustments		<u>113,993</u>
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) operating activities		60,780

Cash flows from investing activities:

Proceeds from sale of marketable securities	78,870	
Purchase of marketable securities	<u>(171,125)</u>	
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) investing activities		(92,255)

Cash flows from financing activities:

Proceeds from additional paid-in capital	<u>46,500</u>	
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) financing activities		<u>46,500</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		15,025
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		<u>29,875</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		<u><u>\$ 44,900</u></u>

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:

Cash paid during the year for:

Interest	\$	-
Income taxes	\$	800

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

Note 1: GENERAL & SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

Lam Securities Investments, Inc. (the "Company") is a California corporation incorporated on November 17, 1994 and began operations on January 1, 1995. The Company is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers (NASD), the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC), and the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (MSRB). The Company conducts business on a fully disclosed basis whereby the execution and clearance of trades are handled by another broker/dealer. The Company does not hold customer funds and/or securities.

The Company has about three hundred (300) accounts with no one account contributing a significant revenue source; 99% of the clientele are in the San Francisco area.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

For purposes relating to the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The Company also includes money market accounts as cash equivalents.

Securities transactions are recorded on a settlement date basis, except for propriety transactions, commission revenues and the related expenses which are recorded on a trade date basis.

Accounts receivable are stated at face value with no allowance for doubtful accounts. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not considered necessary because probable uncollectible accounts are immaterial.

Marketable securities are valued at market value. Mark to market accounting is used for purposes of determining unrealized gain/loss on security positions in proprietary trading and investment accounts. The securities are sold on a first in first out basis; however, certain securities are inventoried on a specific identification basis.

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Repairs and maintenance to these assets are charged to expense as incurred; major improvements enhancing the function and/or useful life are capitalized. When items are sold or retired, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gains or losses arising from such transactions are recognized. Property and equipment are depreciated over their estimated useful lives ranging from five (5) to seven (7) years by the straight-line method.

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

Note 1: GENERAL & SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Continued)

The Company, with the consent of its Stockholder, has elected to be an S Corporation and accordingly has its income taxed under Section 1372 of the Internal Revenue Code, which provides that in lieu of corporate income taxes, the Stockholder is taxed on the Company's taxable income. Therefore, no provision or liability for Federal Income Taxes is included in these financial statements. The State of California has similar regulations, although there exists a provision for a minimum Franchise Tax and a tax rate of 1.5% over the minimum Franchise Fee of \$800.

The Company has elected to report the statement of changes in stockholder's equity without disclosing the accumulated adjustment account and other equity accounts pertinent to an S Corporation. There is no financial impact to these financial statements.

Note 2: MARKETABLE SECURITIES

Marketable securities consist of corporate stock with the fair market value of \$111,658. The accounting for the mark-to-market on the proprietary trading is included in income as unrealized loss of \$8,733.

Note 3: DEPOSITS WITH CLEARING ORGANIZATION

The Company has deposited \$30,000 with Southwest Securities, Inc. and \$25,000 with Emmett Larkin Company as security for its transactions with them. Interest is paid monthly on the deposit at the average overnight repurchase agreement rate. The balances at December 31, 2004 include interest earned for a deposit total of \$30,027 and \$25,024, respectively.

Note 4: PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The furniture, and equipment are recorded at cost.

		<u>Depreciable Life Years</u>
Automobiles	\$ 34,658	5
Furniture & equipment	53,014	5-7
Leasehold improvements	<u>63,398</u>	39
	151,070	
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(79,229)</u>	
Net furniture and equipment	<u>\$ 71,841</u>	

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2004 was \$ 5,949.

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

Note 5: INCOME TAXES

As discussed in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Note 1), the Company has elected the S Corporate tax status, therefore no federal income tax provision is provided. The tax provision provided is the California franchise tax minimum of \$800.

Note 6: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In January 2003, The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued FASB Interpretation No. 46, "*Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities*" ("FIN 46"). This interpretation of Accounting Research Bulletin No. 51, requires companies to consolidate the operations of all variable interest entities ("VIE's") for which they are the primary beneficiary. The term "primary beneficiary" is defined as the entity that will absorb a majority of expected losses, receive a majority of the expected residual returns, or both. This interpretation was later revised by the issuance of Interpretation No. 46R ("FIN 46R"). The revision was issued to address certain implementation issues that had arisen since the issuance of the original interpretation and to provide companies with the ability to defer the adoption of FIN 46 to periods after March 15, 2004. The implementation of FIN No. 46 and FIN 46R, had no material impact on the Company's financial statements.

On July 16, 2004, the FASB ratified the Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") consensus on Issue 02-14, "*Whether the Equity Method of Accounting Applies When an Investor Does Not Have an Investment in Voting Stock of an Investee but Exercises Significant Influence through Other Means*" ("EITF 02-14"). The consensus concludes that an investor should apply the equity method of accounting when it can exercise significant influence over an entity through a means other than holding voting rights. The consensus is effective for reporting periods beginning after September 15, 2004. The adoption of EITF 02-14 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

On December 16, 2004, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), "*Share-Based Payment*" ("FASB 123R"), which addresses the accounting for employee stock options. FASB 123R requires that the cost of all employee stock options, as well as other equity-based compensation arrangements, be reflected in the financial statements based on the estimated fair value of the awards. Stock options are a valuable and important tool that have been used by many companies as a means to motivate employees and to promote business growth. The statement requires that the value of these arrangements be measured and recognized in the financial statements. FASB 123R becomes effective for reports filed after June 15, 2005. Early adoption of FASB 123R had no material effect on the Company's financial statements.

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

Note 7: NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the uniform net capital rule (Rule 15c3-1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, which requires both the maintenance of minimum net capital and the maintenance of a maximum ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change day to day, but on December 31, 2004, the Company's net capital of \$160,969 exceeded the minimum net capital requirement by \$60,969; and the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness (\$1,336) to net capital was 0.01 to 1, which is less than the 15 to 1 maximum ratio required of a Broker/Dealer.

Note 8: RECONCILIATION OF AUDITED NET CAPITAL TO UNAUDITED FOCUS

There is a \$24,849 difference between the computation of net capital under net capital Sec. Rule 15c3-1 and the corresponding unaudited focus part IIA.

Net capital per unaudited schedule		\$ 185,818
Adjustments:		
Accumulated deficits	\$ (6,714)	
Non-allowable assets	5,483	
Haircuts and undue concentration	<u>(23,618)</u>	
Total adjustments		<u>(24,849)</u>
Net capital per audited statements		<u><u>\$ 160,969</u></u>

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Schedule I - Computation of Net Capital Requirements
Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1
As of December 31, 2004

Computation of net capital

Stockholder's equity		
Common stock	\$ 295,296	
Additional paid-in capital	194,037	
Accumulated deficit	<u>(222,976)</u>	
Total stockholder's equity		\$ 266,357
Less: Non-allowable assets		
Fixed assets, net	(71,841)	
Other assets	<u>(4,419)</u>	
Total non-allowable assets		<u>(76,260)</u>
Net capital before haircuts		190,097
Less: Adjustments to net capital		
Haircuts on securities	(16,749)	
Undue concentration	<u>(12,379)</u>	
Total adjustments to net capital		<u>(29,128)</u>
Net Capital		160,969

Computation of net capital requirements

Minimum net capital requirements		
6 2/3 percent of net aggregate indebtedness	\$ 89	
Minimum dollar net capital required	<u>100,000</u>	
Net capital required (greater of above)		<u>(100,000)</u>
Excess net capital		<u>\$ 60,969</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	0.01: 1	

There was a \$24,849 difference between net capital shown here and net capital as reported on the Company's unaudited Form X-17A-5 report dated December 31, 2004. See Note 8.

See independent auditor's report.

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Schedule II - Computation for Determination of Reserve
Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3
As of December 31, 2004

A computation of reserve requirements is not applicable to Lam Securities Investments, Inc. as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3 (k)(2)(ii).

See independent auditor's report.

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Schedule III - Information Relating to Possession or Control
Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3
As of December 31, 2004

Information relating to possession or control requirements is not applicable to Lam Securities Investments, Inc. as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3 (k)(2)(ii).

See independent auditor's report.

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Supplementary Accountant's Report
on Internal Accounting Control
Report Pursuant to 17a-5
For the Year Ended December 31, 2004

KEVIN G. BREARD, C.P.A.
AN ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Board of Directors
Lam Securities Investments, Inc.

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Lam Securities Investments, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2004, I considered its internal control structure, for the purpose for safeguarding securities, in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, I have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by Lam Securities Investments, Inc. including tests of such practices and procedures that I considered relevant to objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, I did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons
2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgements by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Commission's above mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

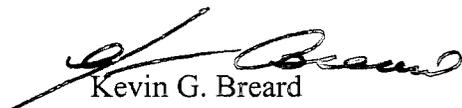
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Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

My consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, I noted no matters involving the internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, that I considered to be material weakness as defined above.

I understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purpose in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding on my study, I believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2004 to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, and other regulatory agencies which rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and should not be used for any other purpose.


Kevin G. Breard
Certified Public Accountant

Northridge, California
February 1, 2005