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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-027780

FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REC'D S.E.C.
MAR 1 - 2005
1086

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/04 AND ENDING 12/31/04
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: EWING CAPITAL, INC.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

2722 Unicorn Lane, N.W.
(No. and Street)
Washington, DC 20015
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Samuel D. Ewing, Jr. (202) 829-9450
(Area Code-Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

WILLIAM BATDORF & COMPANY, P.C.
(Name- if individual, state last, first, middle name)
1000 CONNECTICUT AVENUE, NW, SUITE 801, WASHINGTON, DC 20036
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

PROCESSED
MAR 23 2005
THOMSON FINANCIAL

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

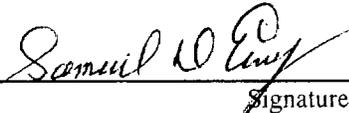
*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)2.

Sec. 1410 (06-02) Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

3/21/05
S.S

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

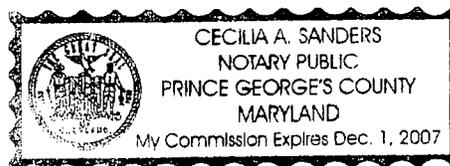
I, Samuel D. Ewing, Jr., swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief that the accompanying financial statements and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Ewing Capital, Inc., as of December 31, 2004, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of customer, except as follows:

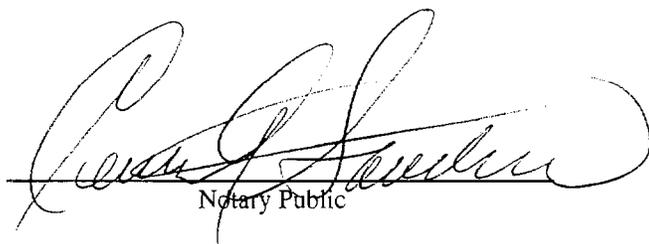

Signature

President

D

Title




Notary Public

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (o) Independent auditor's report on internal accounting control.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

EWING CAPITAL, INC.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

WILLIAM BATDORF & COMPANY, P.C.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
1000 CONNECTICUT AVENUE, N.W., SUITE 801
WASHINGTON, DC 20036

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Mr. Samuel D. Ewing, Jr., President
Ewing Capital, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Ewing Capital, Inc. (the Company) as of December 31, 2004 and 2003. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ewing Capital, Inc. at December 31, 2004 and 2003, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

William Batdorf & Company, P.C.

February 24, 2005

EWING CAPITAL, INC.

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 528,320	\$ 532,812
Marketable equity securities, at market (cost \$31,506 for 2004 and \$31,506 for 2003)	76,040	95,180
Accounts receivable	6,118	545
Non-marketable securities, at cost	55,300	55,300
Income taxes currently receivable	240	-
Furniture and office equipment (net of accumulated depreciation of \$16,699 and \$13,269)	<u>14,332</u>	<u>17,762</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>680,350</u>	\$ <u>701,599</u>
 LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 35,956	\$ 39,902
Current taxes payable	100	367
Deferred income taxes	<u>10,536</u>	<u>15,918</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>46,592</u>	<u>56,187</u>
 STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY		
Common stock (\$1 par value; 1,000 shares authorized, issued, and outstanding)	1,000	1,000
Additional paid-in capital	638,106	638,106
Retained earnings	(5,348)	<u>6,306</u>
TOTAL STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	<u>633,758</u>	<u>645,412</u>
 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	 \$ <u>680,350</u>	 \$ <u>701,599</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of Ewing Capital, Inc. (the Company) are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and conform to general practices within the brokerage industry.

Revenue Recognition

Securities transactions and related commissions are recorded on a trade date basis. Investment banking revenue is recorded as follows: financial advisory and consulting fees as services are performed and underwriting fees at the time the underwriting is completed and income is reasonably determinable. The portion of commission revenues which represent commission reserves are recorded as an expense and liability at the same time the revenues are recognized.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with general accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions. This will affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consisted of investments in money market mutual funds and cash on deposit with established federally insured financial institutions in checking, savings, and liquid investment accounts. Total cash on deposit at December 31, 2004, and during the years 2004 and 2003 exceeded the federal deposit insurance limits. The company has never experienced any losses in these accounts and does not believe that it is exposed to any significant concentration of credit risk. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid instruments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Marketable Securities

Marketable securities are valued at market value using published quotation sources. Unrealized gains or losses are included as a component of net income. All gains and losses on marketable securities are considered cash flows from operating activities for the purpose of the statement of cash flows.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable represent amounts due from customers for services which include investment management and other financial consulting services, and amounts due from other brokers.

(Continued)

EWING CAPITAL, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Furniture and Equipment

Furniture and equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation. The Company provides for depreciation using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset. Accelerated methods are used for tax purposes. Depreciation expense for the year ending December 31, 2004 was \$16,699 and \$13,269 for the year ending December 31, 2003.

Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consist of trade accounts payable and commission reserves.

NOTE 2 - INCOME TAXES

The Company is subject to Federal Corporate Income tax and District of Columbia Business Franchise tax. Deferred taxes are the result of temporary differences in recognition of income and expenses for financial statement reporting and for income tax purposes. The differences at December 31, 2004 and 2003, were related to recognition differences for depreciation, accounts receivable, accounts payable and loss carryovers. The amounts were computed using a combined federal and state tax rate of 25%. Income tax expense for 2004 and 2003 was comprised as follows:

	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>
Federal income tax expense (benefit) - current	\$ -	\$ 228
Federal income tax (benefit) - deferred	(3,229)	7,986
DC business franchise tax expense - current	100	139
DC business franchise tax (benefit) - deferred	(2,153)	<u>5,324</u>
Provision for income tax expense/(benefit)	\$ (<u>5,282</u>)	\$ <u>13,677</u>

The net deferred tax payable consisted of:

	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>
Deferred tax receivable	\$ -	\$ -
Deferred tax payable	<u>10,536</u>	<u>15,918</u>
	\$ <u>10,536</u>	\$ <u>15,918</u>

(Continued)

EWING CAPITAL, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

NOTE 3 - COMMITMENTS

The Company has relocated its office to space owned by a shareholder. Therefore, the Company has no future lease commitment for office space.

NOTE 4 - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

As a broker-dealer, the Company is subject to the net capital rule adopted and administered by the National Association of Securities Dealers and the Securities and Exchange Commission. This rule is designed to require a broker-dealer to maintain a minimum amount of net capital, as defined, and a minimum ratio of aggregate indebtedness, as defined, to net capital. Under this rule, the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital cannot exceed 15 to 1. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital as of December 31, 2004, was .09 to 1. At December 31, 2004, the Company had net capital of \$542,592 which was \$442,592 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000.

NOTE 5 - REVOLVING SUBORDINATED LOAN AGREEMENT

The Company had a revolving unsecured subordinated loan agreement under which the Company was permitted to borrow up to an aggregate amount of \$750,000. This agreement expired on January 26, 2002.

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLAN

In 1991, the Company implemented a defined contribution profit sharing plan covering all employees who have completed two years of service. Contributions to the Plan are made at the discretion of the Company. The Company made no contribution for the year ended December 31, 2004, and \$47,656 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

NOTE 7 - OTHER REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

The Company does not hold any funds or securities for the accounts of customers and clears all its customers transactions through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis. It is therefore exempt for the customer reserve requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3 under Section (k)(2)(ii).

WILLIAM BATDORF & COMPANY, P.C.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
1000 CONNECTICUT AVENUE, N.W., SUITE 801
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SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL

Board of Directors
Ewing Capital, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Ewing Capital, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2004, we considered its internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission(SEC) we made a study of the practices and procedures followed by The Company including test of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the procedures for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17-a-13
3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with

reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are recorded in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2004 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

William Batdorf & Company, P.C.

February 24, 2005