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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 45467

FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/04 AND ENDING 12/31/04
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: ^{PFPC}~~PFPC~~ Distributors, Inc. OFFICIAL USE ONLY

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)
301 Bellevue Parkway
Wilmington DE 19809
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT
Craig D. Stokarski (302) 791 - 3053
(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*
Deloitte & Touche LLP
(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

1700 Market Street, 25th Floor Philadelphia PA 19103
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions

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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

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SEC 1410 (06-02)

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Craig D. Stokarski, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of PFPC Distributors, Inc., as of February 24, 2005, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

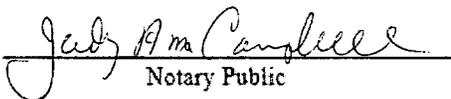
None.

JUDY ANN CAMPBELL
NOTARY PUBLIC
STATE OF DELAWARE
My Commission Expires March 28, 2007


Signature

Financial and Operations Principal

Title


Notary Public

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

PFPC Distributors, Inc.
(SEC I.D. No. 8-45467)

**Independent Auditors' Report and
Supplemental Report on Internal Control**

**Consolidated Financial Statements and Unconsolidated Supplemental Schedules
for the Year Ended December 31, 2004**

**Filed Pursuant to Rule 17a-5(e)(3)
as a PUBLIC DOCUMENT**

PFPC Distributors, Inc.

Consolidated Financial Statements and
Unconsolidated Supplementary Information

For the Year ended December 31, 2004

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of
PFPC Distributors, Inc. and subsidiaries

We have audited the following consolidated financial statements of PFPC Distributors, Inc. (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2004, that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934:

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These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company at December 31, 2004, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. The following unconsolidated supplemental schedules of the Company as of December 31, 2004, are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic consolidated financial statements, but are supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934:

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Computation of Unconsolidated Net Capital under SEC Rule 15c3-1	14
Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 and Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3	15

These schedules are the responsibility of the Company's management. Such schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic consolidated financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

Rebecca: Tach (10)

February 24, 2005

PFPC Distributors, Inc.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2004

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,872,655
Investments, at fair market value	135,798
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for for doubtful accounts of \$2,262	135,580
Net income taxes receivable	8,923
Prepaid assets	573,200
Fixed assets	35,470
Deferred tax asset	102,982
Goodwill	714,363
Other assets	96,801
	<hr/>
Total assets	\$ 12,675,772

Liabilities and stockholder's equity

Liabilities:

Accounts payable	\$ 5,024,333
Due to parent	119,251
Accrued expenses	61,212
Other liabilities	365,447
	<hr/>
Total liabilities	5,570,243

Stockholder's equity:

Common stock, \$1 par value, 200,000 shares authorized; 4 shares issued and outstanding	4
Additional paid-in capital	7,256,399
Accumulated deficit	(150,874)
	<hr/>
Total stockholder's equity	7,105,529
	<hr/>
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$ 12,675,772

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PFPC Distributors, Inc.

Consolidated Statement of Income

For the Year Ended December 31, 2004

Revenues:	
Distribution fees	\$ 75,733,488
Service fees	2,898,711
Investment income	<u>141,102</u>
Total revenues	<u>78,773,301</u>
Expenses:	
Distribution expenses	75,733,488
Employee compensation and benefits	676,588
Allocated support services	1,251,283
Professional and other services	1,223,053
General office expenses	<u>199,066</u>
Total expenses	<u>79,083,478</u>
Loss before income taxes	(310,177)
Income tax benefit	<u>(159,303)</u>
Net loss	<u><u>\$ (150,874)</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PFPC Distributors, Inc.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity

For the Year Ended December 31, 2004

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total Stockholder's Equity
	Shares	Amount			
Balances at January 1, 2004	4	\$ 4	\$ 7,256,399	\$ -	\$ 7,256,403
Net loss	-	-	-	(150,874)	(150,874)
Balances at December 31, 2004	<u>4</u>	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u>\$ 7,256,399</u>	<u>\$ (150,874)</u>	<u>\$ 7,105,529</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PFPC Distributors, Inc.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended December 31, 2004

Cash flows from operating activities:

Net loss		\$	(150,874)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Net deferred tax asset	\$	(196,427)	
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Increase in accounts receivable		(2,750)	
Decrease in net income taxes receivable		68,620	
Increase in investments at fair market value		(7,634)	
Decrease in prepaid assets		54,671	
Increase in other assets		(72,180)	
Increase in due to parent		51,759	
Increase in accounts payable		1,149,904	
Decrease in accrued expenses		(159,016)	
Increase in other liabilities		353,021	
Total adjustments			<u>1,239,968</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities			<u>1,089,094</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchase of fixed assets			<u>(35,470)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities			<u>(35,470)</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			1,053,624
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			<u>9,819,031</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$	<u><u>10,872,655</u></u>
Supplemental cash flows disclosure:			
Income tax payments	\$		<u>224,908</u>
Income tax refunds	\$		<u>379,481</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PFPC Distributors, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004

1. Organization

PFPC Distributors, Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Company") are wholly-owned subsidiaries of PFPC Inc. (the "Parent") and indirect, wholly-owned subsidiaries of PFPC Trust Company ("Trust Co.") and The PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. ("PNC" or the "Corp."), a publicly traded company.

The Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries include ABN AMRO Distribution Services (USA), Inc., BlackRock Distributors, Inc., Offit Funds Distributor, Inc. and Northern Funds Distributors, LLC. The Company and its subsidiaries are broker-dealers registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), pursuant to Section 15(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and are members of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

The Company's business includes acting as a consultant to investment companies (clients) in retailing and wholesaling mutual fund shares. The Company also provides sales support services to registered representatives of broker-dealers which have entered into selling agreements with a mutual fund client of the Parent and administrative support services.

The Company has a fully-disclosed clearing arrangement with an affiliated registered clearing broker.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation - The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America on a consolidated basis. All significant intercompany balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents are generally held at major financial institutions and in open-end money market mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 ("40 Act"). Short-term investments are carried at fair value.

Accounts Receivable - Accounts receivable includes amounts due from clients for the performance of distribution and support services.

Investments - Investments consist of shares of registered mutual fund investment companies and are stated at fair market value with realized and unrealized gains and losses recorded in "Investment income" in the consolidated statement of income.

PFPC Distributors, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2004

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Goodwill - Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquired entity over the net amounts assigned to assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The Company annually evaluates goodwill for impairment. If the carrying amount of goodwill exceeds the implied fair value of that goodwill, an impairment loss is recognized at an amount equal to that excess.

Revenue Recognition - The Company earns distribution fee revenue from various funds based on a percentage of outstanding net assets of certain classes of shares of such funds. Monies from distribution fees are generally remitted to external brokers who distribute the shares of these funds to investors. The revenue and expense associated with these fees are included as "Distribution fees" and "Distribution expenses," respectively, in the consolidated statement of income. Revenue from service fees is recognized in the period the service is rendered.

Investment Income - Investment income includes income earned on "Cash and cash equivalents" and "Investments" and is recognized when earned.

Out-of-Pocket Expenses - The Company records reimbursements from clients for out-of-pocket expenses in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 01-14, "Income Statement Characterization of Reimbursements Received for Out-of-Pocket Expenses Incurred." Companies that provide services as part of their central ongoing operations generally incur incidental expenses that, in practice, are commonly referred to as "out-of-pocket" expenses. These expenses often include, but are not limited to, expenses related to travel, telecommunications, postage, delivery and bank depository charges. In many cases, the Company and the client agree that the client will reimburse the Company for the actual amount of such expenses incurred. Reimbursements received for out-of-pocket expenses incurred are characterized as "Service fees," while the expenses are included within "Professional and other services" and "General and office expenses" in the consolidated statement of income.

Income Taxes - The liability method is used in accounting for income taxes whereby deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on differences between the financial reporting and tax basis of assets and liabilities and are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws that are expected to be in effect when the differences reverse (See Note 4).

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

PFPC Distributors, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2004

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fair Value of Financial Instruments - Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 107, "Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments," requires the disclosure of the estimated fair values of financial instruments. Substantially all of the Company's assets and liabilities are considered financial instruments, as defined by SFAS 107. Fair value is defined as the price at which a financial instrument could be liquidated in an orderly manner over a reasonable time period under present market conditions.

SFAS 107 requires that the fair value of financial instruments be estimated using various valuation methodologies. Quoted market prices, when available, are used as the measure of fair value. The estimated fair value of financial instruments that have a short-term maturity may approximate the carrying amount of such financial instruments.

Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices. The Company's other financial instruments are short-term in nature. Consequently, carrying amounts of these assets and liabilities approximated estimated fair value. The Company considers the amounts recorded for the financial instruments on the consolidated balance sheet to be reasonable estimates of fair value.

3. Net Capital Requirements

PFPC Distributors, Inc. is subject to the SEC's Uniform Net Capital Rule (the "Rule"), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital. PFPC Distributors, Inc. has elected to use the basic method permitted by the Rule, which requires that PFPC Distributors, Inc. maintain minimum net capital equal to the greater of \$25,000 or 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness, as defined. The Rule also requires that aggregate indebtedness not exceed 15 times net capital. The SEC requirements provide that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if certain minimum net capital requirements are not met. At December 31, 2004, PFPC Distributors, Inc. had net capital of \$3,499,780, which was \$3,303,677 in excess of the required net capital of \$196,103. PFPC Distributors, Inc.'s resulting ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 0.84 to 1. In addition, all subsidiaries are subject to the same net capital requirements.

	ABN AMRO			
	Distribution Services (USA), Inc.	BlackRock Distributors, Inc.	Offit Funds Distributor, Inc.	Northern Funds Distributors, LLC
Net capital	\$ 307,905	\$ 992,014	\$ 79,536	\$ 303,299
Excess net capital	\$ 282,905	\$ 836,627	\$ 54,536	\$ 298,299

PFPC Distributors, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2004

4. Income Taxes

The Company is a participant in a master tax sharing agreement with the Corp. Federal income taxes result from an agreed upon allocation methodology with the Corp. Under this allocation methodology, PNC subsidiaries with taxable income record taxes based on the relationship of the Company's federal tax liability, computed on a separate company basis, to the federal tax liability of the consolidated group. Subsidiaries with a tax loss receive an allocated benefit from the consolidated group based upon the reduction in current taxes otherwise payable by the group.

The operating results of the Company are included in the consolidated U.S. Federal income tax returns of the Corp. and its subsidiaries. For state and local income tax purposes, the Company either was included in the combined and unitary tax returns with the Corp. and its subsidiaries or filed separate company returns.

The income tax benefit included in the consolidated statement of income as determined in accordance with SFAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes," is as follows:

<u>At December 31, 2004</u>	
Current:	
Federal	<u>\$(91,797)</u>
Total Current	<u>(91,797)</u>
Deferred:	
Federal	(6,503)
State	<u>(61,003)</u>
Total Deferred	<u>(67,506)</u>
Total income tax benefit	<u><u>\$(159,303)</u></u>

At December 31, 2004, the Company a net deferred tax asset of \$102,982, which consisted of state net operating losses and state income taxes:

<u>At December 31, 2004</u>	
Deferred tax asset	\$ 105,985
Deferred tax liability	<u>(3,003)</u>
Net deferred tax asset	<u><u>\$ 102,982</u></u>

The provision for federal income taxes is different from the amount which would be provided by applying the federal statutory income tax rate of 35 percent to income before income taxes, primarily as a result of state income taxes.

PFPC Distributors, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2004

5. Fixed Assets

The entire fixed assets balance of \$35,470 is a project in process representing costs associated with the implementation and capitalization of external software, which has not been placed in service.

6. Employee Benefit Plans

Incentive Savings Plan – Through June 30, 2004, the Company's employees participated in PNC's Incentive Savings Plan ("ISP"), a defined contribution plan. Under the ISP, employee contributions of up to 6% of eligible compensation, subject to Internal Revenue Code limitations, were matched by the Company in PNC common stock. Effective July 1, 2004, the Company, along with its Parent and the Trust Co., adopted a separate defined contribution plan that covers substantially all its employees and provides for employer contributions that will vary with profit levels. Contributions to this plan are made in cash and include employer basic and transitional contributions, employee elective and catch-up contributions, and a discretionary employer matching contribution which may be made in either PNC common stock or cash. Employee contributions are invested in a number of investment options available under the plan, including a PNC common stock fund and several '40 Act funds sponsored by BlackRock, Inc., an affiliated company, at the direction of the employee. ISP expenses for the Company were \$17,294 for the year ended December 31, 2004 and are included in "Employee compensation and benefits" in the consolidated statement of income.

Postretirement Benefits - PNC provides certain health care and life insurance benefits for retired employees and their dependents. No postretirement benefits expense was allocated to the Company by PNC for the year ended December 31, 2004. No separate financial obligation data for the Company is available with respect to such plan.

Noncontributory Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Certain employees of the Company participate in PNC's noncontributory defined benefit pension plan. Retirement benefits were based on compensation level, age and length of service. Participants were fully vested after five years of service. Pension contributions were based on actuarially determined amounts necessary to fund total benefits payable to plan participants. On June 30, 2004, qualified pension benefits for PFPC employees were frozen as part of a restructuring of retirement benefits. The Company had prepaid pension costs of \$51,786 as of December 31, 2004. This amount is recorded in "Other assets" on the consolidated statement of financial condition.

PFPC Distributors, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2004

7. Related Party Transactions

Related party revenues of \$14,285,408 were generated by providing distribution and administrative support services to affiliated open-end investment companies, included in "Distribution fees" and "Service fees" in the consolidated statement of income. At December 31, 2004, \$59,666 of revenue was accrued for services performed for affiliated open-end investment companies. This balance was included in "Accounts receivable" on the consolidated statement of financial condition.

The financial statements are prepared from the separate records maintained by the Company. The Company shares office space and equipment with the Parent, which is under common control of the Corp. Accordingly, the Company has been charged for such shared costs. The Parent, the Corp. and certain other affiliates provide administrative, legal, human resource and other general support services, the cost of which is also allocated to the Company. For the year ended December 31, 2004, these allocations totaled \$1,251,283, which are included in "Allocated support services" and "General office expenses" in the consolidated statement of income. At December 31, 2004, amounts payable to the Parent totaled \$119,251, which is included in "Due to parent" on the consolidated statement of financial condition.

The deferred tax asset of \$102,982, recorded on the consolidated statement of financial condition, will result in an intercompany receivable. Furthermore, net income taxes receivable of \$8,923, recorded on the consolidated statement of financial condition, will result in an intercompany receivable. For the year ended December 31, 2004, income tax payments of \$224,908 were made to the Corp. and Trust Co. and income tax refunds of \$379,481 were received from the Corp. and Trust Co.

The members of the Board of Directors of the Company are employees of the Parent or Trust Co. For the year ended December 31, 2004, the Board members did not receive any remuneration for their services.

BlackRock Distributors, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, is party to a Master Sale and Servicing agreement with an affiliate, PNC Investment Corp. ("PNCIC"). Under this agreement, PNCIC advances commissions on B and C share funds to third parties in exchange for rights to future cash flows collected by the funds.

8. Client Concentrations

For the year ended December 31, 2004, approximately 33% of service fee revenue was generated from two affiliated clients, each exceeding 10% of service fee revenue excluding out of pocket fees. In addition, approximately 23% of service fee revenue was generated from two unaffiliated open-end investment companies, each exceeding 10% of service fee revenue excluding out of pocket fees.

PFPC Distributors, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2004

9. Consolidated Subsidiaries

The following is a summary of certain financial information regarding the Company's consolidated subsidiaries:

	ABN AMRO Distribution Services (USA), Inc.	BlackRock Distributors, Inc.	Offit Funds Distributor, Inc.	Northern Funds Distributors, LLC	Total
Total assets	\$ 726,737	\$ 3,440,873	\$ 96,398	\$ 341,940	\$ 4,605,948
Total liabilities	334,431	2,330,809	625	5,621	2,671,486
Total equity	<u>\$ 392,306</u>	<u>\$ 1,110,064</u>	<u>\$ 95,773</u>	<u>\$ 336,319</u>	<u>\$ 1,934,462</u>

Total subsidiary equity of \$1,934,462 is not included as capital in the computation of the Company's net capital under rule 15c3-1.

10. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is involved in litigation arising in the ordinary course of business. Management believes that the Company has adequate defenses and/or insurance coverage against litigation and that the outcome of these proceedings, individually or in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect upon the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

11. Financial Instruments with Off-Balance-Sheet Credit Risk

In the normal course of business, the Company's clearing broker, J.J.B. Hilliard, W.L. Lyons, Inc., an affiliate, is exposed to risk of loss on customer transactions. In the event of a customer's inability to meet the terms of its contracts, the clearing broker may have to purchase or sell securities at prevailing market prices in order to fulfill the customers' obligations. The Company has agreed to indemnify the clearing broker for losses that the clearing broker may sustain from the customer accounts introduced by the Company. As of December 31, 2004, there were no amounts owed to the clearing broker by these customers.

The Company has provided a guarantee to their clearing broker. Under this agreement, the Company has agreed to indemnify the clearing broker for customers introduced by the Company that are unable to satisfy the terms of their contracts. The Company's liability under these arrangements is not quantifiable. However, the likelihood that the Company will be required to make payments under this agreement is remote. Accordingly, no contingent liability is carried on the balance sheet for these transactions.

PFPC Distributors, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2004

12. Reconciliation Between Unconsolidated FOCUS Report and Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2004, differences existed between amounts reported in the audited consolidated financial statements and those reported in the December 31, 2004 quarterly FOCUS report filing.

The following is a reconciliation of amounts reported in the FOCUS filing to amounts reported in the audited financial statements:

	Assets	Liabilities
Amounts reported per Part IIA FOCUS filing	\$ 10,047,079	\$ 2,941,550
Net effect of consolidation of subsidiaries	<u>2,628,693</u>	<u>2,628,693</u>
Amounts reported per audited financial statements	<u>\$ 12,675,772</u>	<u>\$ 5,570,243</u>

Supplementary Information

PFPC Distributors, Inc.

Computation of Unconsolidated Net Capital under SEC Rule 15c3-1

December 31, 2004

Net Capital:

Stockholder's equity	\$ 7,105,529
Deduction for nonallowable assets:	
Equity of subsidiaries	1,934,462
Accounts receivable	88,562
Intercompany receivable	29,306
Income taxes receivable	19,303
Prepaid assets	484,060
Fixed assets	35,470
Deferred tax asset	79,210
Goodwill	714,363
Other assets (less accrued investment income of \$15,545)	<u>71,861</u>
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions	3,648,932
Haircuts on securities:	
Investment in money market mutual fund (2% of \$6,439,140)	128,782
Investment in mutual funds (15% of \$135,798)	<u>20,370</u>
Net capital	<u>\$ 3,499,780</u>

Aggregate Indebtedness:

Items included in statement of financial condition:	
Accounts payable	\$ 2,490,074
Due to parent	119,204
Accrued expenses	54,375
Other liabilities	<u>277,897</u>
Total aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 2,941,550</u>

Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement:

Minimum net capital required (greater of 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness or \$25,000)	<u>\$ 196,103</u>
Net capital in excess of required minimum	<u>\$ 3,303,677</u>
Excess net capital @ 1000% (net capital less 10% of aggregate indebtedness)	<u>\$ 3,205,625</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>0.84 to 1</u>

Statement Pursuant to SEC Rule 17a-5(d)(4):

A reconciliation of the above computation to the computation of net capital under SEC Rule 15c3-1, as of December 31, 2004, filed by PFPC Distributors, Inc. in its FOCUS Part IIA Report is not required as the computations are not materially different.

PFPC Distributors, Inc.

Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirement and Information
Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under SEC Rule 15c3-3

December 31, 2004

The Company has elected the exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(i) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, which requires that the Company maintain a "special account for the exclusive benefit of customers." At December 31, 2004, the Company held no customer funds and had no special account balance.

February 24, 2005

PFPC Distributors, Inc.
301 Bellevue Parkway
Wilmington, DE 19809

In planning and performing our audit of the consolidated financial statements of PFPC Distributors, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2004 (on which we issued our report dated February 24, 2005), we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the consolidated financial statements and not to provide assurance on the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have made a study of the practices and procedures (including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures) followed by the Company that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. We did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13 or in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control and of the practices and procedures, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Securities and Exchange Commission's (the "Commission") above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal control or of such practices and procedures to future periods are subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the practices or procedures may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the Company's internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the Company's internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the consolidated financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the Company's internal control and its operation (including control activities for safeguarding securities) that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2004, to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors, management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Yours truly,

Deborah S. Toussaint CPA