



SECURITIES COMMISSION
04015566
Washington, D.C. 20549

149 8/2

OMB APPROVAL
OMB Number: 3235-0123
Expires: October 31, 2001
Estimated average burden
hours per response..... 12.00

**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

SEC FILE NUMBER
24444

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING July 1, 2003 AND ENDING June 30, 2004
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Caprock Securities, Inc.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

FIRM I.D. NO.

4601 50th, Suite 202

(No. and Street)

Lubbock

Texas

79414

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Daryl Allison

806-797-3513

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Gothard, Fred L.

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

P.O. Box 53573

Lubbock

Texas

79453

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

Certified Public Accountant

Public Accountant

Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

PROCESSED
SEP 08 2004
THOMSON
FINANCIAL

SEC MAIL RECEIVED
SEP 01 2004
PROCESSING

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (05-01)

Persons who respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

0.1

CAPROCK SECURITIES, INC.

Fred L. Gothard
Certified Public Accountant

Fred L. Gothard

Certified Public Accountant

P.O. Box 53573
Lubbock, Texas 79453
(806) 745-1897
Fax (806) 745-1482

Board of Directors
Caprock Securities, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Caprock Securities, Inc. (the Company), for the year ended June 30, 2004, I considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), I have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that I considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, I did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in

accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

My consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, I noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that I consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

I understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on my study, I believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at June 30, 2004, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, The National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Fred L. Gothard, C.P.A.
Lubbock, Texas
August 24, 2004

CAPROCK SECURITIES, INC.

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S
REPORT**

JUNE 30, 2004

Caprock Securities, Inc.
Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	2
Financial Statements	
Statement of Financial Condition	3
Statement of Income	4
Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity	5
Statement of Cash Flows	6
Notes to Financial Statements	7
Supplementary Information	9
Independent Auditor's Report on Supplementary Information	10
Schedule I-Computation of Net Capital	11
Schedule II-Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirement	12
Schedule III-Possession or Control Requirements	13
Schedule IV-Reconciliation of the Computation of Net Capital	14

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Caprock Securities, Inc.

I have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Caprock Securities, Inc. (the Company) as of June 30, 2004, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Caprock Securities, Inc. at June 30, 2004, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, III, and IV is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.


Fred L. Gothard, C.P.A.
Lubbock, Texas
August 24, 2004

Caprock Securities, Inc.

Statement of Financial Condition

June 30, 2004

Assets

Cash	\$ 26,404
Receivable from broker or dealers Clearance Account	50,155
Receivables from Non-Customers	3,488
Other Securities	23,624
Furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements, at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$20,706.(Notes 2,5)	7,516
Other assets	710
	<u>\$ 111,897</u>

Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity

Liabilities:	
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities, expenses and other	\$ 7,409
	<u>7,409</u>
Stockholders' equity:	
Common stock, No Par, authorized 100,000 shares, issued 10,000 shares (Note 8)	5,300
Retained earnings	99,188
Total stockholders' equity	<u>104,488</u>
	<u>\$ 111,897</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Caprock Securities, Inc.

Statement of Income

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

Revenues	
Commissions (Note 2)	\$ 319,408
Revenue from sale of investment company shares	203,591
Commodities revenue	67,437
Other revenue	43,697
	<u>634,133</u>
Expenses:	
Salaries and other employment costs for voting stockholder officers	34,000
Other employee compensation and benefits	29,256
Commissions paid to other broker-dealers	32,658
Interest expense	3,571
Regulatory fees and expenses	15,758
Other expenses	496,783
	<u>612,026</u>
Income before federal income taxes	\$ 22,107
Provision for income taxes	<u>0</u>
Net Income after federal income taxes	<u>\$ 22,107</u>
Basic earnings per share (Note 9)	<u>\$ 0.22</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Caprock Securities, Inc.

Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	<u>Common Stock</u>	<u>Retained Earnings</u>	<u>Total Stockholders' Equity</u>
Balance, July 1, 2003	\$ 5,300	\$ 77,081	\$ 82,381
Net Income, Year Ended June 30, 2004		22,107	22,107
Balance, June 30, 2004	\$ 5,300	\$ 99,188	\$ 104,488

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Caprock Securities, Inc.

Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended June 30, 2004

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net Loss	\$ 22,107
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used by operating activities:	
Amortization and depreciation	835
(Increase)/decrease in operating assets	
Receivables from broker-dealers clearing deposits	6
Receivable from broker-dealer and clearing organizations	438
Receivable from non-customers	(3,488)
Other Securities at market value	(23,624)
Other Assets	118
Increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,606
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u><u>(2,002)</u></u>

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Purchase of Auto	8,351
Net cash used by investing activities	<u><u>(8,351)</u></u>

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Net cash provided by financing activities	<u><u>-</u></u>
---	-----------------

Net increase/(decrease) in cash	(10,353)
Cash at beginning of period	36,757
Cash at end of period	<u><u>\$ 26,404</u></u>

The accompanying notes are in integral part of these financial statements.

Caprock Securities, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2004

1. **Organization and Nature of Business**

Caprock Securities, Inc. (the company) was incorporated on December 2, 1978. The company is a broker-dealer in securities registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the exempt provisions of (S.E.C.) Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii). These provisions provide that all funds and securities belonging to customers be handled by a clearing broker-dealer. The company is a Texas Corporation.

2. **Significant Accounting Policies**

Security transactions (and related commission revenue and expenses) are recorded on a settlement date basis, generally the fifth business day following the transactions. If materially different, security transactions, and the related commission income and expenses are recorded on a trade date basis.

Furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements are recorded at cost and amortized in accordance with applicable Federal income tax regulation, which is not materially different than generally accepted accounting principles. Furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements are carried at cost \$28,222 with accumulated depreciated of \$20,706.

Commissions and related clearing expenses are recorded on a trade-date basis as securities transactions occur.

3. **Net Capital Requirements**

Pursuant to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the company is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined under such provisions. Net capital and the related net capital ratio may fluctuate on a daily basis.

There were no material inadequacies found to exist in the computation of the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital at June 30, 2004 and in the procedures followed in making the periodic computation required. At June 30, 2004, the company had net capital of approximately \$92,302 and net capital requirements of \$50,000.

(Continued)

Caprock Securities, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2004

4. Possession or Control Requirements

There were no material inadequacies found to exist in the procedures followed in adhering to the exempt provisions of (S.E.C.) Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) by promptly transmitting all customer accounts; therefore, the company does not have any possession or control of customer funds or securities.

5. Furniture, Equipment, & Leasehold Improvements

Furniture and fixtures are recorded at historical cost of \$17,011 less accumulated depreciation of \$17,011. Equipment is recorded at historical cost of \$8,351 less accumulated depreciation of \$835. Depreciation expense for the year was \$835. Leasehold Improvements are recorded at historical cost of \$2,859 less accumulated depreciation of \$2,859.

6. Federal Income Taxes

The company files a federal income tax return as a "C" corporation. It files a Texas Franchise Return. The company has a net operating loss carryforward of \$23,707 for current federal income taxes.

7. Commitments and Contingencies

The company has obligations under operating leases for annual rentals for office space and storage. Annual rentals at June 30, 2004 were \$25,370.

8. Common Stock

The company has the authority to issue 100,000 shares of no par value common stock, of which 10,000 shares are issued and outstanding.

9. Basic Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share of common stock were computed by dividing income available to common stockholders (net income), by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the year.

(Concluded)

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**Supplementary Information
Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

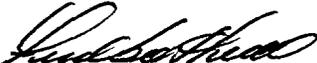
As of June 30, 2004

The accompanying schedules are prepared in accordance with the requirements and general format of FOCUS Form X-17A-5.

**Independent Auditor's Report on Supplementary Information
Required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission**

Board of Directors
Caprock Securities, Inc.

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Caprock Securities, Inc. as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, and have issued my report thereon dated August 24, 2004. My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, III, and IV is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.


Fred L. Gothard, C.P.A.
Lubbock, Texas
August 24, 2004

Schedule I

Caprock Securities, Inc.

**Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the
Securities and Exchange Commission**

As of June 30, 2004

As a registered broker/dealer, the corporation is subject to the Uniform Net Capital Rule adopted and administered by the Securities and Exchange Commission. The corporation is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined under such Rule, for brokers who do not generally carry customers' accounts (See Notes 3 and 4). Net Capital may fluctuate on a daily basis. The corporation's net capital requirement for the year ended June 30, 2004 was \$50,000 and its net capital for the year then ended was \$92,302. A computation of net capital for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, as required by Rule 17a-5(d)(3), is as follows:

Net Capital Credit Items:

Common Stock	\$ 5,300
Retained Earnings	99,188
TOTAL NET CAPITAL CREDIT ITEMS	<u>104,488</u>

Net Capital Debit Items:

Receivables from Non-Customers	3,488
Other Assets	710
Furniture, Equipment, & Leasehold Improvements	7,516
TOTAL NET CAPITAL DEBIT ITEMS	<u>11,714</u>
NET CAPITAL BEFORE HAIRCUTS	<u>92,774</u>

Haircuts:

Haircuts on Securities	<u>472</u>
NET CAPITAL	<u><u>92,302</u></u>

Schedule II

Caprock Securities, Inc.

**Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements
Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission**

As of June 30, 2004

SUBORDINATED LIABILITIES:

Rule 17a-5(d)(2) of the Securities and Exchange Commission requires that a schedule of changes of liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors be included in the financial statements of broker/dealers. The corporation has no such liabilities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, accordingly, no schedule of changes is required.

Schedule III

Caprock Securities, Inc.

**Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 of the
Securities and Exchange Commission
As of June 30, 2004**

POSSESSION AND CONTROL OF SECURITIES:

The corporation conducts business pursuant to a fully disclosed correspondent agreement with Southwest Securities, Inc., whereby the corporation forwards daily all cash and securities received from or to be delivered to the corporation's customers. Southwest Securities, Inc. maintains the books and records related to the customers' accounts. Consequently, no securities are retained in the possession or control of the corporation. As permitted by Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(b) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, the corporation has not presented a computation for determination of reserve requirements pursuant of Rule 15c3-3 and a computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 is required.

Schedule IV

Caprock Securities, Inc.

**Reconciliation of Net Capital Under Rule 17a-5(d)(4)
As of June 30, 2004**

NET CAPITAL RECONCILIATION:

Rule 17a-5(d)(4) of the Securities and Exchange Commission required that a reconciliation of net capital as shown on Page 11 and net capital per the June 30, 2004 FOCUS report as submitted to the Securities and Exchange Commission be presented when material differences exist. A reconciliation of these differences at June 30, 2004 is as follows:

Total Stockholders' Equity Per FOCUS Report	\$ 100,496
Increase/(Decrease) Resulting From Audit Adjustments	
Securities	(36)
Other Assets	(118)
Accrued Liabilities	4,146
Total Stockholders' Equity Per Balance Sheet	<u>104,488</u>
Deductions Per FOCUS Report	12,340
Increase/(Decrease) Resulting From Audit Adjustments	
Fixed Assets	(36)
Other Assets	<u>(118)</u>
Total Deductions	<u>12,186</u>
Net Capital	<u><u>\$ 92,302</u></u>