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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

NOV 28 2003
WASH. D.C.
SEC FILE NUMBER
298-31039

**FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 10/01/02 AND ENDING 09/30/03
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: CANTERBURY SECURITIES CORPORATION OFFICIAL USE ONLY

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

822 W. Washington Blvd.
(No. and Street)
Chicago IL 60607
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT
Robert S. Pagliuca (312) 563-8238
(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

KPMG LLP
(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)
303 E. Wacker Dr. Chicago, IL 60601
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

PROCESSED
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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

082214

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Robert S. Pagliaro, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Canterbury Securities Corporation, as of September 30, 2003, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

Not Applicable



[Signature]
Signature
President
Title

Stacey L. Martinez 11/20/02
Notary Public

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



303 East Wacker Drive
Chicago, IL 60601-5212

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors
Canterbury Securities Corporation:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Canterbury Securities Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of Alaron.com Holding Corporation, as of September 30, 2003, and the related statements of operations, stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended, that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Canterbury Securities Corporation as of September 30, 2003 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This schedule is the responsibility of the Company's management. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

KPMG LLP

November 13, 2003



CANTERBURY SECURITIES CORPORATION

Statement of Financial Condition

September 30, 2003

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,719
Securities owned		3,300
Receivable from affiliates		525
Income tax receivable from affiliate		14,742
Other assets		617
Total assets	\$	<u>33,903</u>

Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity

Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities		<u>—</u>
Total Liabilities		<u>—</u>

Shareholder's equity:

Common stock, no par value. Authorized 100,000 shares; issued and outstanding 1,000 shares	\$	—
Additional paid in capital		59,734
Accumulated deficit		<u>(25,831)</u>
Total stockholder's equity		<u>33,903</u>
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$	<u>33,903</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

CANTERBURY SECURITIES CORPORATION

Statement of Operations

For the year ended September 30, 2003

Revenue:		\$	<u>—</u>
	Total revenue		<u>—</u>
Expenses:			
	Professional fees		27,440
	Other		<u>2,197</u>
	Total expenses		<u>29,637</u>
	Net loss before income tax benefit		(29,637)
	Income tax benefit		<u>11,024</u>
	Net loss	\$	<u><u>(18,613)</u></u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

CANTERBURY SECURITIES CORPORATION

Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity

For the year ended September 30, 2003

	<u>Common stock</u>	<u>Additional paid in capital</u>	<u>Accumulated deficit</u>	<u>Total stockholder's equity</u>
Balance at beginning of year	\$ —	22,036	(7,218)	14,818
Capital contribution by Parent	—	37,698	—	37,698
Net loss	—	—	(18,613)	(18,613)
Balance at end of year	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>59,734</u>	<u>(25,831)</u>	<u>33,903</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

CANTERBURY SECURITIES CORPORATION

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended September 30, 2003

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net loss	\$ (18,613)
Adjustment to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:	
Income tax receivable from affiliate	(11,024)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Receivable from affiliates	(525)
Other assets	(617)
Expenses paid by Parent	<u>17,698</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	(13,081)
Cash flows from financing activities:	
Cash capital contribution by Parent	<u>20,000</u>
Net change in cash	6,919
Cash at beginning of year	<u>7,800</u>
Cash at end of year	<u><u>\$ 14,719</u></u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

CANTERBURY SECURITIES CORPORATION

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2003

(1) **General Information and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Canterbury Securities Corporation (the Company) is a registered broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission and a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers. The Company is licensed in Illinois. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Alaron Holding Corporation (Alaron or the Parent), which purchased all of the outstanding stock of the Company on May 11, 2002. The Company previously engaged in private placement services to small and medium sized businesses. However, the Company had no significant operations prior to being acquired by Alaron.

(a) **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash represents amounts on deposit with an unaffiliated third-party financial institution.

(b) **Securities Owned**

Securities owned consist of common stock warrants, which are carried at cost, which approximates fair market value.

(c) **Income Taxes**

The Company is included in the consolidated Federal return of the Parent. Under a tax-sharing arrangement, income tax expense (benefit) is calculated at a consolidated level and allocated pro-rata to the subsidiaries.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enacted date.

Income tax benefit differed from the amounts computed by applying the U.S. Federal income tax rate of 34% to pretax income primarily due to state income taxes.

(d) **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

CANTERBURY SECURITIES CORPORATION

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2003

(2) **Related Party**

The Parent provides the Company with office space, access to and use of its business machines, use of telephone and facsimile lines and hardware, and periodic use of clerical employees. The Company can utilize the clerical employees provided that the business demands of the Company do not interfere with the obligations of such employees to the Parent. In addition, the Parent paid all of the general and administrative expenses of the Company since the date of acquisition. The payment of these expenses, which are reflected in the statement of operations, is also treated as a contribution to capital from the Parent.

(3) **Net Capital**

Pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule, the Company is required to maintain minimum net capital and maintain an allowable ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital as defined under this rule. The Company operates under the basic method. At September 30, 2003, the Company has net capital and required net capital of \$14,719 and \$5,000, respectively.

(4) **Exemption From Rule 15c3-3**

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission on the basis that the Company carries no margin accounts and does not otherwise hold funds or securities for customers. The Company has not executed any customer transactions during the year.

(5) **Capital Contribution by Parent**

Capital contribution by the Parent includes a \$20,000 cash contribution and \$17,698 of expenses paid by the Parent on behalf of the Company.

CANTERBURY SECURITIES CORPORATION

Schedule I

Schedule of Computation of Net Capital

September 30, 2003

Net capital:	
Stockholders' equity	\$ 33,903
Deduct:	
Nonallowable assets	<u>(19,184)</u>
Net capital	<u>14,719</u>
Required net capital	<u>5,000</u>
Excess net capital	<u>9,719</u>
Aggregate indebtedness	<u>—</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>0%</u>

See accompanying independent auditors' report.



303 East Wacker Drive
Chicago, IL 60601-5212

**Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Required by
Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission**

The Board of Directors
Canterbury Securities Corporation:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedule of Canterbury Securities Corporation (the Company) for the year ended September 30, 2003, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(II), and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c-3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making the quarterly securities examination, counts, verifications, and comparisons
2. Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the board of governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods





is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

However, we noted no matters involving the internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that the practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at September 30, 2003, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors, management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KPMG LLP

November 13, 2003