



Press Release

www.jardines.com



To: Business Editor 03029069

30th July 2003
For immediate release

The following announcement was today issued to the London Stock Exchange.

**Jardine Matheson Holdings Limited
Interim Report 2003**

Highlights

- Underlying earnings per share increase 16%
- Hongkong Land property values decline 15%
- Good performances from Dairy Farm and JLT
- Mandarin Oriental results impacted by SARS
- Astra posts strong results

SUPPL

03 AUG -6 PM 7:21

“Jardine Matheson’s businesses are generally performing well after a challenging first half, and while the remainder of the year is unlikely to see any improvement in Hongkong Land’s key property markets we would expect to see continuing progress elsewhere in the Group.”

Henry Keswick, *Chairman*
30th July 2003

PROCESSED
AUG 12 2003
THOMSON
FINANCIAL

The Group’s financial statements are prepared under International Financial Reporting Standards (‘IFRS’), which do not permit leasehold interests in land to be carried at valuation. This treatment does not reflect the generally accepted accounting practice in the territories in which the Group has significant leasehold interests, nor how management measures the performance of the Group. Accordingly, the Group has presented supplementary financial information prepared in accordance with IFRS as modified by the revaluation of leasehold properties in addition to the IFRS financial statements. The figures included in the highlights above, the Chairman’s Statement and Operating Review are based on this supplementary financial information unless otherwise stated.

The interim dividend of US¢7.80 per share will be payable on 15th October 2003 to shareholders on the register of members at the close of business on 22nd August 2003 and will be available in cash with a scrip alternative. The ex-dividend date will be on 20th August 2003, and the share registers will be closed from 25th to 29th August 2003, inclusive.

- more -

Jardine Matheson Holdings Limited

Interim Report 2003

Overview

The Group's businesses faced a broad range of challenges in the first half of 2003, most notably the economic impact of the SARS outbreak on a number of Asian countries and the war in Iraq dampening an already poor global business environment. In response, Jardine Matheson was able to maintain a strong earnings performance, again highlighting the Group's fundamental strength in terms of the quality and breadth of its businesses.

Performance

The Company achieved underlying earnings per share of US¢33.38 in the first six months of 2003, a 16% increase over the comparable period in 2002. Underlying net profit for the period rose 12% to US\$122 million.

Dairy Farm reported strong growth with most of its businesses achieving improved earnings. Cycle & Carriage's profit largely reflected a good result from its Indonesian affiliate, Astra, and its contribution to Group earnings was enhanced by the increase in the Group's shareholding late last year. Hongkong Land, however, saw a reduction in profit, and Mandarin Oriental was materially impacted by the severe disruption in international travel. Jardine Pacific's profit also declined as a number of its businesses were affected by the poor economic environment in Hong Kong. Jardine Motors did well to produce a modestly higher contribution, while Jardine Lloyd Thompson enjoyed another period of strong earnings growth.

A 15% reduction in the value of Hongkong Land's property portfolio was recorded for the half year reflecting the weakness in the Hong Kong property market. As International Financial Reporting Standards require the changes arising on the revaluation of investment properties to be taken through the profit and loss account, rather than directly to reserves, a non-cash deficit of US\$310 million has been set against profit. This was the principal reason for a net loss of US\$200 million being recorded for the period.

An unchanged interim dividend of US¢7.80 per share has been declared.

Business Developments

In an active first half, Group companies have been pursuing a wide range of business initiatives designed to expand their core operations and lay the groundwork for future profitability. The period also saw many of our businesses responding effectively to the SARS outbreak by introducing measures to protect the interests of customers and employees while taking steps to reduce costs and mitigate risk.

A key feature of the period was the good progress made in structuring our Southeast Asian interests. Astra's rights issue in January allowed the company to reduce its debt burden, and its proposed sale of the majority of its interest in an Indonesian manufacturing venture with Toyota will provide further resources. The significant success that has been achieved in restoring Astra's balance sheet should enable the company to recommence the payment of dividends. Cycle & Carriage has taken its stake in Astra to over 35% and is now itself seeking further equity by way of a S\$246 million rights issue, supported by Jardine Strategic, to replace part of the debt used to fund this successful investment.

Against a background of falling demand and new supply, Hongkong Land has seen continued negative rent reversions and a further decline in the value of its Hong Kong investment properties. Effective portfolio management has, however, enabled it to gain market share and bring its occupancy level back above 90%. Hongkong Land remains committed to the upgrading of its portfolio, and its plans to enhance the Landmark complex are proceeding. Elsewhere, its new development in Singapore is progressing, and will form part of the city's planned new financial centre. In Beijing, sales of apartments in the first phase of Central Park have gone well, and there are plans to launch the second phase later in the year.

Dairy Farm is performing well with improved earnings from most of its businesses, although its Hong Kong restaurant joint venture was impacted by SARS. Steady expansion continued through organic growth and acquisitions, most recently in Taiwan, Malaysia and Indonesia. The company is maintaining a strong cash flow and, in view of its surplus liquidity, the decision has been taken to return value to shareholders through the payment of a special dividend.

Mandarin Oriental was severely impacted by the reduction in travel caused by the outbreak of SARS in Asia and, to a lesser extent, the Iraq war. Despite measures taken to reduce costs and defer capital expenditure a loss was recorded for the period. The loss was mitigated in part by an initial payment under a SARS related business interruption insurance policy, and the company may benefit from further payments in the second half. Mandarin Oriental's development plans have progressed with further management contracts in Boston and Hong Kong. Its two new hotels in the United States are in the final stages of development.

Jardine Motors Group has settled into its new trading relationships with Mercedes-Benz in its key markets in the United Kingdom and Hong Kong, albeit at lower levels of profitability. In the United Kingdom, the rationalization of its various dealership interests is almost complete and the group is now seeking to expand those areas which show the greatest scope for profitable growth.

Jardine Lloyd Thompson continues to demonstrate an excellent level of activity in the insurance broking sector as it capitalized on opportunities to increase market share and develop new revenue streams. Good results were achieved by Risk & Insurance, reflecting the ability to win new business and maintain high retention levels. Its Employee Benefits Group also made encouraging progress.

Many of Jardine Pacific's operations were affected by the current challenges facing Hong Kong. The structural economic changes taking place in Hong Kong, however, should enable it to continue to compete effectively as a regional business centre and Jardine Pacific's businesses are well placed to benefit from the significant potential offered by the rapidly developing Pearl River Delta.

Outlook

In conclusion, the Chairman, Henry Keswick said, "Jardine Matheson's businesses are generally performing well after a challenging first half, and while the remainder of the year is unlikely to see any improvement in Hongkong Land's key property markets we would expect to see continuing progress elsewhere in the Group."

Operating Review

Jardine Pacific

Jardine Pacific produced an underlying profit of US\$26 million in the first half, down 27%. Reduced contributions from the engineering and construction businesses were the main reason for the decline, but the poor economic climate, particularly in Hong Kong, also affected a number of the other businesses.

GAMMON SKANSKA's profit declined by 78% in the face of the weakest construction market in Hong Kong for some years, particularly in the building sector. A recent increase in work-in-hand is, therefore, encouraging. JARDINE ENGINEERING CORPORATION also experienced lower business volumes and a disappointing result in Taiwan. JARDINE SCHINDLER's order intake held up well, although maintenance earnings came under pressure, and two small acquisitions in South Korea have re-established its business there.

HACTL reported a 4% growth in cargo throughput in the first half as export sales remained strong. JARDINE AVIATION was impacted by the sharply reduced air travel, and the effect is also likely to dampen its profitability in the second half. JARDINE SHIPPING benefited from stronger cargo rates.

JARDINE ONESOLUTION's business is being restructured to focus on higher margin sectors in response to falling levels of corporate technology spending. JARDINE RESTAURANTS has sold a number of smaller operations, including Ruby Tuesday and Oliver's Super Sandwiches, and is concentrating on its Pizza Hut franchises.

EASTPOINT property management grew earnings against a background of continuing pressure on margins. PACIFIC FINANCE was held back by doubtful debt provisions and intense competition in the consumer finance market, while JARDINE PROPERTY INVESTMENT saw a further small fall in rentals. Most OTHER INTERESTS had a reasonable first half.

Central overheads rose due to higher pension costs, while finance costs benefited from lower interest rates. Jardine Pacific's portfolio was refined further with the sale of its 20% interest in UMF (Singapore) and its 25% interest in Riche Monde (Greater China) to existing shareholders. The merger of Jardine Logistics and BALtrans was completed in January with Jardine Pacific retaining a 20% stake in the enlarged company.

Jardine Motors Group

Jardine Motors Group maintained its underlying net profit at US\$21 million for the first half of 2003; a satisfactory performance in difficult circumstances. The new Mercedes-Benz franchise arrangements introduced in Hong Kong in July 2002 had a negative effect on results, and local trading conditions were also adversely affected by the outbreak of SARS and an increase in first registration tax rates. By starting the year with a strong order book Zung Fu was able to achieve increased passenger car deliveries and a higher market share, but its margins were under pressure. Its after-sales performance remained strong. The recent decision in Hong Kong to moderate the increase in the first registration tax rates to help stimulate demand should benefit Zung Fu in the second half. In Southern China there was a positive contribution from the Mercedes-Benz distribution joint venture, and Zung Fu achieved improvements in its service centre network.

In the United Kingdom, Lancaster's performance was adversely affected by the reorganization of the Mercedes-Benz dealer network, although the impact was cushioned by reduced overhead expenses. The results from the Polar Motor Group joint venture with Ford were maintained at a similar level to last year despite strong competition, while the Appleyard Vehicle Contracts leasing joint venture produced an improved contribution. In the United States a resilient import market led to enhanced results from Hawaii and Beverly Hills for the period. Jardine Motors Group is now seeking opportunities to expand its core franchises in the United Kingdom.

Jardine Lloyd Thompson

Jardine Lloyd Thompson ('JLT') continued its strong performance in the first half of 2003 and achieved brokerage and fees of £216 million, up 11%, and profit before tax (excluding exceptional items and goodwill amortization) under United Kingdom accounting standards of £59 million, up 16%. The Risk & Insurance and Employee Benefits businesses have both been active, and the trading outlook for each is encouraging with opportunities for JLT to increase market share and develop new revenue streams.

The Risk & Insurance Group, comprising JLT's worldwide insurance and reinsurance broking and risk services activities, had a strong start to the year with turnover increasing by 14% to £178 million (15% at constant rates of exchange), reflecting continued organic growth and new business. While there are signs of insurance rates softening in certain sectors, activity levels remain high and the trading outlook remains favourable for JLT.

The Employee Benefits Group, comprising JLT's pension administration, outsourcing, employee benefits, consultancy and United States group marketing, claims and benefits administration activities, made good progress in the first half. While turnover, at £38 million for the period, was only up 1% (5% at constant rates of exchange), the underlying growth was 8%, excluding the effect of pensions review work in the United Kingdom which is now

substantially at an end. The prospects for the pension consulting and administration business in the United Kingdom were enhanced by Government pension reforms. In the United States, where good opportunities exist to grow the product marketing and claims and benefits administration operations, a re-engineering of the business was undertaken to enhance margins.

Hongkong Land

Hongkong Land recorded an underlying net profit for the six months of 2003 of US\$84 million, a reduction of 13% as negative rental reversions led to a further decline in net income from properties. At 30th June 2003, a net revaluation deficit of some US\$952 million was recorded, representing a 15% reduction in the value of the property portfolio during the period. The Hong Kong office market is experiencing a period of negative net demand and the completion of new buildings has created further downward pressure on rents. There was activity in the market due to consolidation and relocation, and Hongkong Land was able to increase its committed occupancy to over 90% by attracting a significant proportion of relocating tenants. New developments will continue to put pressure on values and rents in the second half, and Hongkong Land is to remain focused on maintaining a high level of occupancy.

Construction is underway of its joint-venture development in Singapore, One Raffles Quay, and the prime location was underscored by the Singapore authorities' announcement that the new Business and Financial Centre of the city will be focused in the Marina Boulevard area. Phase one of Hongkong Land's residential joint venture in Beijing, Central Park, has now been substantially sold and the second phase is being planned.

Hongkong Land is reducing its infrastructure portfolio and minimizing further investment. It has agreed to sell most of its stake in China Water Company, realizing a small profit, and Central China Power has been liquidated. In Hong Kong, completion of CT9 is due in 2004 when Asia Container Terminals, in which Hongkong Land has a 28.5% stake, will exchange its interest for two berths in CT8.

Dairy Farm

Dairy Farm's underlying net profit for the period rose 47% to US\$44 million as its major businesses performed well, with the exception of restaurant associate Maxim's. Underlying earnings per share, enhanced by the effect of share repurchases, increased 65%. Dairy Farm is well positioned to build on its recent good results, but the overall prospects for 2003 should be viewed against a background of the uncertain economic environment. The company is maintaining a strong cash flow and, in view of its surplus liquidity, has taken the decision to return value to shareholders through the payment of a special dividend.

Dairy Farm's Southeast Asian operations continued their strong performance. In Malaysia, the expansion of the Giant business made progress with the acquisition of 34 supermarkets, and coverage was extended into East Malaysia. All the major Singapore-based businesses performed well despite the difficult economic conditions. Its Indonesian associate, Hero, was affected by strong competition, but acquisitions and the roll-out of the Giant hypermarket concept should enhance results in the medium-term.

In Hong Kong, Wellcome continued to improve and Mannings achieved further earnings growth, but 7-Eleven's sales were disappointing. Maxim's was most severely affected by the SARS outbreak and saw profits fall by 47%, but some recovery is possible in the second half. In Southern China, the 7-Eleven chain has grown to 147 outlets. Wellcome Taiwan also performed strongly, and the store network was expanded through acquisition. The IKEA business in Hong Kong and Taiwan is proceeding broadly in line with plan, while in South Korea, the 50% associate Olive Young is developing its health and beauty chain with encouraging results.

Mandarin Oriental

Mandarin Oriental suffered badly from the unprecedented low occupancy levels in Asia due to the outbreak of SARS. In the United States and Europe travel patterns were also disrupted by the hostilities in Iraq and the overall economic uncertainty. Mandarin Oriental responded by reducing costs and by deferring capital expenditure. There was a net loss for the half year of US\$6 million, after a business interruption insurance initial payment of US\$2.5 million received in respect of losses suffered at its Hong Kong hotels due to the outbreak of SARS. This compares with a net profit of US\$12 million in the first half of 2002, which included a US\$5 million write-back of development costs.

As well as the collapse in visitor arrivals in Hong Kong most of the group's other Asian hotels also suffered significant decreases in occupancy levels, particularly in Singapore and Bangkok. Overall the group's hotels performed in line with their respective markets, other than London, where Mandarin Oriental Hyde Park performed well against its competitors, and Miami where Mandarin Oriental achieved higher occupancy and rate levels. Hotel occupancy levels in Asia have started to recover, and in Europe and the United States there is an improving sentiment among travellers. Nevertheless, the overall economic environment remains uncertain making it difficult to predict the timing and extent of any sustained recovery for Mandarin Oriental, but the second half may benefit from further SARS related insurance recoveries.

Mandarin Oriental's development strategy remains on track with New York to open in late 2003 and Washington D.C. in spring 2004, and good progress being made in Tokyo. The group has also announced management contracts for new hotels in Boston and Hong Kong.

Cycle & Carriage

Cycle & Carriage recorded a good result for the six months to 30th June 2003, with underlying profit after tax and minorities of S\$162 million, 21% above the previous first half. Astra was the most significant source of profit, contributing S\$112 million, an increase of 15%. Astra benefited from the stable economic environment in Indonesia during the period and achieved steady sales in its motor operations and improved trading performances from its other businesses.

Cycle & Carriage's Singapore motor operations produced increased earnings of S\$17 million, up 93%, but overall earnings from motor operations declined 28% to S\$19 million due to a reduced contribution from its Malaysian affiliate following the change in its relationship with Mercedes-Benz and to losses from its Hyundai operation in Australia.

The residential property market in Singapore weakened in the first half, and investment properties saw pressure on both occupancy levels and rental rates. The underlying contribution from property, however, increased to S\$18 million as MCL Land benefited from a high level of sales achieved prior to the current downturn.

Astra's rights issue in January generated some S\$280 million in funds, which were used for debt reduction and investment and working capital needs. A recent agreement with Toyota Motor Corporation for Astra to sell the majority of its interest in the Toyota manufacturing operations in Indonesia will contribute a further S\$395 million. The progress made in restoring Astra's balance sheet has positioned the company to recommence the payment of dividends.

Cycle & Carriage's shareholding in Astra is now over 35%, acquired at a cost of S\$831 million financed from internal resources and debt. Cycle & Carriage considers its resulting level of consolidated net debt of some S\$778 million to be too high, and believes it to be an opportune time to finance a greater proportion of the investment in this important associate with permanent capital. Cycle & Carriage has, therefore, announced a rights issue to raise S\$246 million, which Jardine Strategic is fully supporting.

Jardine Matheson Holdings Limited
Consolidated Profit and Loss Account

 Prepared in accordance with IFRS
 as modified by revaluation of
 leasehold properties*

Prepared in accordance with IFRS

Year ended 31st December	(unaudited) Six months ended 30th June	(unaudited) Six months ended 30th June	Note	Year ended 31st December	(unaudited) Six months ended 30th June	Year ended 31st December
2002 US\$m	2002 US\$m	2003 US\$m		2003 US\$m	2002 US\$m	2002 US\$m
7,398	3,735	4,201	2	4,201	3,735	7,398
(5,500)	(2,777)	(3,254)		(3,253)	(2,777)	(5,499)
1,898	958	947		948	958	1,899
162	29	43		43	29	162
(1,243)	(641)	(634)		(634)	(641)	(1,242)
(463)	(229)	(222)		(222)	(229)	(463)
(73)	(29)	(29)		(29)	(28)	(80)
231	225	-		-	225	231
512	313	105	3	106	314	507
(117)	(60)	(60)		(60)	(60)	(117)
339	153	222		249	185	389
(9)	(3)	-		(396)	(251)	(413)
330	150	222	4	(147)	(66)	(24)
725	403	267		(101)	188	366
(129)	(68)	(83)	5	(83)	(68)	(130)
596	335	184		(184)	120	236
(244)	(140)	(96)		(16)	(88)	(162)
352	195	88		(200)	32	74
US¢	US¢	US¢		US¢	US¢	US¢
93.74	51.66	24.13	6	(54.46)	8.48	19.60
93.10	51.48	23.98		(54.46)	8.45	19.47
62.82	26.83	30.84	6	33.38	28.82	67.40
62.39	26.74	30.64		33.16	28.72	66.94

* The basis of preparation of this supplementary financial information is set out in note 1.

Jardine Matheson Holdings Limited
Consolidated Balance Sheet

Prepared in accordance with IFRS			Prepared in accordance with IFRS as modified by revaluation of leasehold properties*		
At 31st December	(unaudited) At 30th June		(unaudited) At 30th June	At 31st December	
2002 US\$m	2002 US\$m	2003 US\$m	2003 US\$m	2002 US\$m	2002 US\$m
4	21	63			
1,411	1,288	1,436	Net operating assets		
268	14	260	Goodwill	63	21
484	458	493	Tangible assets	2,195	2,038
2,300	2,018	2,415	Investment properties	401	164
509	959	640	Leasehold land payments	-	-
31	18	34	Associates and joint ventures	2,778	2,940
89	91	84	Other investments	640	959
13	-	15	Deferred tax assets	34	18
			Pension assets	84	91
			Other non-current assets	15	-
5,109	4,867	5,440			
			Non-current assets	6,210	6,231
285	-	344	Properties for sale	344	-
894	589	811	Stocks and work in progress	811	589
682	561	562	Debtors and prepayments	562	561
12	10	11	Current tax assets	11	10
1,273	1,101	1,077	Bank balances and other liquid funds	1,077	1,101
3,146	2,261	2,805			
(1,712)	(1,441)	(1,492)	Current assets	2,805	2,261
(580)	(255)	(577)	Creditors and accruals	(1,492)	(1,441)
(52)	(34)	(49)	Borrowings	(577)	(255)
(45)	(27)	(46)	Current tax liabilities	(49)	(34)
(2,389)	(1,757)	(2,164)	Current provisions	(46)	(27)
			Current liabilities	(2,164)	(1,757)
757	504	641	Net current assets	641	504
(2,282)	(2,187)	(2,386)	Long-term borrowings	(2,386)	(2,187)
(65)	(55)	(67)	Deferred tax liabilities	(80)	(62)
(13)	(15)	(13)	Pension liabilities	(13)	(15)
(24)	(9)	(29)	Non-current provisions	(29)	(9)
(30)	(36)	(39)	Other non-current liabilities	(39)	(36)
3,452	3,069	3,547			
			Capital employed		
153	154	153	Share capital	153	154
-	-	1	Share premium	1	-
2,694	2,744	2,823	Revenue and other reserves	3,217	3,568
(670)	(650)	(670)	Own shares held	(670)	(650)
2,177	2,248	2,307			
1,275	821	1,240	Shareholders' funds	2,701	3,072
			Outside interests	1,603	1,354
3,452	3,069	3,547			
			4,304	4,426	4,585

* The basis of preparation of this supplementary financial information is set out in note 1.

Jardine Matheson Holdings Limited
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Funds

Prepared in accordance with IFRS				Prepared in accordance with IFRS as modified by revaluation of leasehold properties*		
Year ended 31st December	(unaudited) Six months ended 30th June	(unaudited) Six months ended 30th June	Note	(unaudited) Six months ended 30th June	Year ended 31st December	(unaudited) Six months ended 30th June
2002 US\$m	2002 US\$m	2003 US\$m		2003 US\$m	2002 US\$m	2002 US\$m
2,027	2,027	2,177		2,859	3,013	3,013
			At beginning of period			
22	1	-	Revaluation of properties	-	1	(5)
(5)	-	-	- net revaluation surplus/(deficit)	-	-	(5)
			- deferred tax			
(98)	29	95	Revaluation of other investments	95	29	(98)
			- fair value gains/(losses)			
5	-	-	- transfer on change in attributable interests	-	-	5
(110)	-	-	- transfer to consolidated profit and loss account on disposal	-	-	(110)
69	59	30	Net exchange translation differences	30	60	69
			- amount arising in period			
46	14	3	- transfer to consolidated profit and loss account	3	14	46
(14)	(6)	3	Cash flow hedges	3	(6)	(14)
			- fair value gains/(losses)			
6	3	3	- transfer to consolidated profit and loss account	3	3	6
(79)	100	134	Net gains/(losses) not recognized in consolidated profit and loss account	134	101	(106)
352	195	88	Net profit/(loss)	(200)	32	74
(100)	(71)	(82)	7 Dividends	(82)	(71)	(100)
2	2	2	Exercise of share options	2	2	2
21	15	16	Scrip issued in lieu of dividends	16	15	21
(21)	(14)	(27)	Repurchase of shares	(27)	(14)	(21)
4	3	(1)	Change in attributable interests	(1)	3	5
(29)	(9)	-	Increase in own shares held	-	(9)	(29)
2,177	2,248	2,307	At end of period	2,701	3,072	2,859

* The basis of preparation of this supplementary financial information is set out in note 1.

Jardine Matheson Holdings Limited
Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

 Prepared in accordance with IFRS
 as modified by revaluation of
 leasehold properties*

Prepared in accordance with IFRS

Year ended 31st December	(unaudited) Six months ended 30th June	(unaudited) Six months ended 30th June	Note	Year ended 31st December
2002 US\$m	2002 US\$m	2003 US\$m		2002 US\$m
			Operating activities	
512	313	105	Operating profit	106
167	84	78	Depreciation and amortization	77
(264)	(204)	27	Other non-cash items	27
135	23	(4)	(Increase)/decrease in working capital	(4)
18	11	13	Interest received	13
(126)	(68)	(67)	Interest and other financing charges paid	(67)
(57)	(19)	(28)	Tax paid	(28)
385	140	124		124
209	119	118	Dividends from associates and joint ventures	118
594	259	242	Cash flows from operating activities	242
			Investing activities	
(343)	(194)	(217)	8(a) Purchase of subsidiary undertakings	(217)
(68)	(19)	(93)	8(b) Purchase of associates and joint ventures	(93)
-	-	(59)	Repayment of amounts due to associates and joint ventures	(59)
(14)	(8)	(23)	Purchase of other investments	(23)
(240)	(111)	(101)	Purchase of tangible assets	(101)
(1)	-	-	Purchase of investment properties	-
(1)	-	-	Leasehold land payments	-
384	353	10	8(c) Sale of subsidiary undertakings	10
5	2	22	Sale of associates and joint ventures	22
174	1	40	8(d) Sale of other investments	40
29	9	16	Sale of tangible assets	16
9	-	2	Sale of investment properties	2
2	-	4	Sale of leasehold land	4
(64)	33	(399)	Cash flows from investing activities	(399)
			Financing activities	
2	2	2	Issue of shares	2
(21)	(14)	(27)	Repurchase of shares	(27)
8	6	4	Capital contribution from outside shareholders	4
29	10	3	Grants received	3
6,488	3,340	3,066	Drawdown of borrowings	3,066
(6,608)	(3,426)	(2,978)	Repayment of borrowings	(2,978)
(59)	(41)	(51)	Dividends paid by the Company	(51)
(41)	(26)	(49)	Dividends paid to outside shareholders	(49)
(202)	(149)	(30)	Cash flows from financing activities	(30)
8	4	(4)	Effect of exchange rate changes	(4)
336	147	(191)	Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(191)
909	909	1,245	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,245
1,245	1,056	1,054	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	1,054

* The basis of preparation of this supplementary financial information is set out in note 1.

Jardine Matheson Holdings Limited
Analysis of Profit Contribution

 Prepared in accordance with IFRS
 as modified by revaluation of
 leasehold properties*

Prepared in accordance with IFRS

Year ended 31st December	(unaudited) Six months ended 30th June	(unaudited) Six months ended 30th June
2002 US\$m	2002 US\$m	2003 US\$m

79	35	25
42	22	22
30	14	17
57	29	25
51	13	24
14	8	(1)
38	16	37
311	137	149
(75)	(36)	(36)
236	101	113
(7)	(1)	(2)
123	95	(23)
352	195	88

3	2	2
12	5	1
23	9	9
7	3	1
8	3	(2)
2	2	1
4	2	2
8	3	4
11	7	6
6	2	3
3	1	1
5	2	4
92	41	32
(13)	(6)	(7)
79	35	25

34	15	13
-	4	5
(1)	(1)	-
5	2	3
1	1	-
39	21	21
3	1	1
42	22	22

Group Contribution

	(unaudited) Six months ended 30th June 2003 US\$m	(unaudited) Six months ended 30th June 2002 US\$m	Year ended 31st December 2002 US\$m
Jardine Pacific	26	36	81
Jardine Motors Group	22	22	42
Jardine Lloyd Thompson	17	14	30
Hongkong Land	33	35	72
Dairy Farm	24	14	51
Mandarin Oriental	(1)	8	14
Cycle & Carriage	37	16	38
Profit from core businesses	158	145	328
Corporate and other interests	(36)	(36)	(75)
Underlying net profit	122	109	253
Decrease in fair value of investment properties	(312)	(190)	(325)
Other non-recurring items	(10)	113	146
Net profit/(loss)	(200)	32	74

Further analysis of Jardine Pacific

EastPoint	2	2	3
Gammon Skanska	1	5	12
HACTL	9	9	23
Jardine Aviation Services	1	3	7
Jardine Engineering Corporation	(2)	3	8
Jardine OneSolution	1	2	2
Jardine Property Investment	2	3	5
Jardine Restaurants	4	3	8
Jardine Schindler	6	7	11
Jardine Shipping Services	3	2	6
Pacific Finance	1	1	3
Other	5	2	6
Corporate	(7)	(6)	(13)
	26	36	81

Further analysis of Jardine Motors Group

Hong Kong and Mainland China	13	15	34
United Kingdom	5	4	-
France	-	(1)	(1)
United States	3	2	5
Corporate and other interests	-	1	1
Adjustments for amortization of goodwill and dividend from Cycle & Carriage Bintang	21	21	39
	1	1	3
	22	22	42

* The basis of preparation of this supplementary financial information is set out in note 1.

Jardine Matheson Holdings Limited
Notes

1. Accounting Policies and Basis of Preparation

The unaudited interim condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 - Interim Financial Reporting.

There have been no changes to the accounting policies described in the 2002 annual financial statements. As in 2002, the Group is required to account for leasehold land in respect of investment and other properties at amortized cost in order to comply with IFRS. This treatment does not reflect the generally accepted accounting practice in the territories in which the Group has significant leasehold interests, nor how management measures the performance of the Group. Accordingly, the Group has presented supplementary financial information on pages 10 to 14 and pages 17 to 18 prepared in accordance with IFRS as modified by the revaluation of leasehold properties.

The Directors continue to review the appropriateness of the Group's accounting policies and disclosures in the light of developments in IFRS.

The Group's reportable segments are set out in note 2 and are described on pages 5 to 9.

2. Revenue

Prepared in accordance with IFRS
Six months ended 30th June

	2003	2002
	US\$m	US\$m
<i>By business:</i>		
Jardine Pacific	580	774
Jardine Motors Group	954	1,047
Dairy Farm	1,660	1,802
Mandarin Oriental	90	112
Cycle & Carriage	916	-
Other activities	1	-
	4,201	3,735

3. Operating Profit

Prepared in accordance with IFRS
Six months ended 30th June

	2003	2002
	US\$m	US\$m
<i>By business:</i>		
Jardine Pacific	13	15
Jardine Motors Group	28	13
Dairy Farm	46	24
Mandarin Oriental	7	23
Cycle & Carriage	32	-
	126	75
Discontinued operation - Woolworths in Dairy Farm	-	16
Net profit on disposal of Woolworths in Dairy Farm	-	225
Corporate and other interests	(21)	(3)
	105	313

4. Share of Results of Associates and Joint Ventures

Prepared in accordance with IFRS
Six months ended 30th June

	2003	2002
	US\$m	US\$m
<i>By business:</i>		
Jardine Pacific	30	38
Jardine Motors Group	7	6
Jardine Lloyd Thompson	26	24
Hongkong Land	22	21
Dairy Farm	7	15
Mandarin Oriental	2	7
Cycle & Carriage	128	42
	222	153
Decrease in fair value of investment properties	-	(3)
	222	150

5. Tax

Prepared in accordance with IFRS
Six months ended 30th June

	2003	2002
	US\$m	US\$m
Company and subsidiary undertakings	24	24
Associates and joint ventures	59	44
	83	68

Tax on profits has been calculated at rates of taxation prevailing in the territories in which the Group operates and includes United Kingdom tax of US\$8 million (2002: US\$6 million).

6. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated on net profit of US\$88 million (2002: US\$195 million) and on the weighted average number of 367 million (2002: 378 million) shares in issue during the period. The weighted average number excludes the Company's share of the shares held by subsidiary undertakings and the shares held by the Trustee under the Senior Executive Share Incentive Schemes.

Diluted earnings per share are calculated on the weighted average number of 369 million (2002: 379 million) shares after adjusting for the number of shares which are deemed to be issued for no consideration under the Senior Executive Share Incentive Schemes based on the average share price during the period.

Additional basic and diluted earnings per share reflecting the revaluation of leasehold properties are calculated on net loss of US\$200 million (2002: net profit of US\$32 million) as shown in the supplementary financial information.

6. Earnings Per Share (continued)

Additional basic and diluted earnings per share are also calculated based on underlying earnings. The difference between underlying net profit and net profit/(loss) is reconciled as follows:

Prepared in accordance with IFRS			Prepared in accordance with IFRS as modified by revaluation of leasehold properties	
Six months ended 30th June			Six months ended 30th June	
2002 US\$m	2003 US\$m		2003 US\$m	2002 US\$m
101	113	Underlying net profit	122	109
		Decrease in fair value of investment properties		
		- Hongkong Land	(310)	(189)
		- other	(2)	(1)
(1)	(2)		(312)	(190)
(1)	(2)	Discontinued operation		
		- net profit of Woolworths in Dairy Farm	-	5
5	-	- net profit on disposal of Woolworths in Dairy Farm	-	119
119	-		-	124
124	-	Sale and closure of businesses		
		- Cica	-	(14)
		- other	1	3
(14)	-		1	(11)
3	1	Asset impairment		
(11)	1	- Hongkong Land	-	-
		- other	(7)	(2)
(18)	(13)		(7)	(2)
(2)	(7)	Fair value (loss)/gain on conversion option component of 4.75%		
(20)	(20)	Guaranteed Bonds due 2007	(7)	3
		Gain on restructuring of debt	3	-
3	(7)	Realization of exchange losses*	-	(1)
-	3			
(1)	-	Net profit/(loss)	(200)	32
195	88			

* Arising on repatriation of capital from foreign subsidiary undertakings, associates and joint ventures.

7. Dividends

Prepared in accordance with IFRS
Six months ended 30th June

	2003	2002
	US\$m	US\$m
Final dividend in respect of 2002 of US¢22.20 (2001: US¢18.70) per share	136	115
Less Company's share of dividends paid on the shares held by subsidiary undertakings	(54)	(44)
	82	71

An interim dividend in respect of 2003 of US¢7.80 (2002: US¢7.80) per share amounting to a total of US\$48 million (2002: US\$48 million) is declared by the Board. The net amount after deducting the Company's share of the dividends payable on the shares held by subsidiary undertakings of US\$19 million (2002: US\$19 million) will be accounted for as an appropriation of revenue reserves in the year ending 31st December 2003.

8. Notes to Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

Prepared in accordance with IFRS
Six months ended 30th June

	2003	2002
	US\$m	US\$m
(a) Purchase of subsidiary undertakings		
Purchase of shares in Jardine Strategic	-	37
Purchase of shares in Mandarin Oriental	7	17
Repurchase of own shares in Dairy Farm	178	130
Store acquisitions in Dairy Farm	27	-
Other	5	10
	217	194

(b) Purchase of associates and joint ventures in the six months ended 30th June 2003 included Cycle & Carriage's increased interest in Astra of US\$87 million. Purchase of associates and joint ventures in the six months ended 30th June 2002 included investment in Mandarin Oriental, New York of US\$15 million.

8. Notes to Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (continued)

Prepared in accordance with IFRS
Six months ended 30th June

(c) Sale of subsidiary undertakings	2003 US\$m	2002 US\$m
Goodwill	2	2
Tangible assets	9	143
Associates and joint ventures	1	2
Other investments	-	1
Deferred tax assets	-	8
Pension assets	3	-
Current assets	65	192
Current liabilities	(46)	(151)
Long-term borrowings	-	(65)
Deferred tax liabilities	(1)	(4)
Other non-current liabilities	-	(7)
Outside interests	-	(1)
Net assets disposed of	33	120
Cumulative exchange translation differences	-	14
(Loss)/profit on disposal	(2)	212
Sale proceeds	31	346
Adjustment for accrual of disposal costs and deferred consideration	-	4
Adjustment for carrying value in other investments	(20)	-
Cash and cash equivalents of subsidiary undertakings disposed of	(1)	3
Net cash inflow	10	353

Net cash inflow in 2003 of US\$10 million included Jardine Motors Group's sale of dealerships in the United Kingdom of US\$8 million. Net cash inflow in 2002 of US\$353 million included Jardine Motors Group's sale of Cica of US\$72 million and Dairy Farm's sale of Woolworths, New Zealand of US\$274 million.

- (d) Sale of other investments in the six months ended 30th June 2003 included a distribution from Edaran Otomobil Nasional of US\$36 million following its asset divestment in 2002.

9. Capital Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

	At 30th June	At 31st December
	2003 US\$m	2002 US\$m
(a) Capital commitments	<u>229</u>	<u>198</u>
(b) Contingent liabilities		
- guarantees in respect of facilities made available to associates and joint ventures	115	116
- other guarantees	<u>-</u>	<u>5</u>

Various Group companies are involved in litigation arising in the ordinary course of their respective businesses. Having reviewed outstanding claims and taking into account legal advice received, the Directors are of the opinion that adequate provisions have been made in the financial statements.

The interim dividend of US\$7.80 per share will be payable on 15th October 2003 to shareholders on the register of members at the close of business on 22nd August 2003, and will be available in cash with a scrip alternative. The ex-dividend date will be on 20th August 2003, and the share registers will be closed from 25th to 29th August 2003, inclusive. Shareholders will receive their cash dividends in United States Dollars, unless they are registered on the Jersey branch register where they will have the option to elect for Sterling. These shareholders may make new currency elections by notifying the United Kingdom transfer agent in writing by 25th September 2003. The Sterling equivalent of dividends declared in United States Dollars will be calculated by reference to a rate prevailing on 2nd October 2003. Shareholders holding their shares through The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ('CDP') in Singapore will receive United States Dollars unless they elect, through CDP, to receive Singapore Dollars or the scrip alternative.

- end -

For further information, please contact:

Jardine Matheson Limited
Norman Lyle

(852) 2843 8216

Golin/Harris Forrest
Katherine Wang

(852) 2501 7984

This and other Group announcements can be accessed through the Internet at 'www.jardines.com'.

With reference to the rights issue of ordinary shares announced by Cycle & Carriage Limited on 29th July 2003, these materials are not an offer of securities for sale into the United States. The securities may not be offered or sold in the United States unless they are registered or exempt from registration and any public offering of securities to be made in the United States will be made by means of a prospectus that may be obtained from the issuer and that will contain detailed

Note to Editors

The Jardine Matheson Group

With its broad portfolio of market-leading businesses, the Jardine Matheson Group is an Asian-based conglomerate with extensive experience in the region. Its business interests include Jardine Pacific, Jardine Motors Group, Hongkong Land, Dairy Farm, Mandarin Oriental, Cycle & Carriage and Jardine Lloyd Thompson. These companies are leaders in the fields of engineering and construction, consumer marketing, motor trading, property, retailing, hotels and insurance broking.

The Group's strategy is to build its operations into market leaders across Asia Pacific, each with the support of Jardine Matheson's extensive knowledge of the region and its long-standing relationships. Through a balance of cash producing activities and investment in new businesses, the Group aims to produce sustained growth in shareholder value.

Incorporated in Bermuda, Jardine Matheson has its primary share listing in London, with secondary listings in Singapore and Bermuda. It has a sponsored American Depositary Receipt programme. Jardine Matheson Limited operates from Hong Kong and provides management services to Group companies, making available senior management and providing financial, legal, human resources and treasury support services throughout the Group.