

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 2002 AND ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2002 MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: GEORGIA CAPITAL PARTNERS, INC. D/B/A TRADERS ADVANTAGE

OFFICIAL USE ONLY FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

18 PERIMETER PARK DRIVE SUITE 100

(No. and Street)

ATLANTA

GEORGIA

30341

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

STEPHEN GOLDMAN

770-913-3999

(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report\*

GIBISER & GIBISER CPA's P.C.

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

1650 SYCAMORE AVE - SUITE 11

BOHEMIA

NEW YORK

11718

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- [X] Certified Public Accountant [ ] Public Accountant [ ] Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

PROCESSED MAR 11 2003 THOMSON FINANCIAL

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\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, STEPHEN GOLDMAN, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of GEORGIA CAPITAL PARTNERS, INC D/B/A TRADERS ADVANTAGE, as of DECEMBER 31, 192002 are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

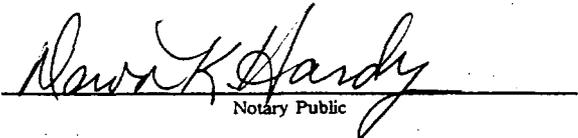
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Signature

Director

Title

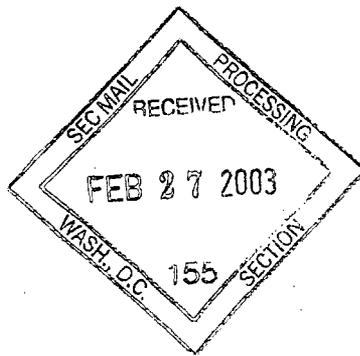
  
Notary Public

DAWN K HARDY  
Notary Public, Cobb County, Georgia  
My Commission Expires November 5, 2005

This report\*\* contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

\*\*For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



**GEORGIA CAPITAL PARTNERS, INC. D/B/A  
TRADERS ADVANTAGE**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2002**

**GEORGIA CAPITAL PARTNERS, INC. D/B/A TRADERS ADVANTAGE**

INDEX

Auditor's Report.....	1
Financial Statements:	
Statement of Financial Condition.....	2
Statement of Income .....	3
Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity .....	4
Statement of Cash Flows.....	5
Notes to Financial Statements.....	6-8
Computation of Net Capital.....	9
Notes to Supplementary Schedules.....	10
Report on Internal Controls.....	11-12

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors  
Georgia Capital Partners, Inc. D/B/A  
Traders Advantage

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Georgia Capital Partners, Inc. D/B/A Traders Advantage as of December 31, 2002, and the related statement of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Georgia Capital Partners, Inc. D/B/A Traders Advantage at December 31, 2002, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedule I is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

  
Bohemia, New York  
February 19, 2003

GEORGIA CAPITAL PARTNERS, INC. D/B/A  
TRADERS ADVANTAGE  
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION  
DECEMBER 31, 2002

ASSETS

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 23,936	
Receivables from Broker-Dealer and Clearing Organizations	24,752	
Deposits with Clearing Organizations and Others	28,717	
Furniture and Equipment at Cost, less Accumulated Depreciation of \$25,425	39,704	
Prepaid Expenses	<u>2,554</u>	
Total Assets		\$ <u>119,663</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

LIABILITIES

Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	31,399	
Taxes Payable	<u>1,163</u>	
Total Liabilities		\$ 32,562

STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Common Stock, \$.01 par value, authorized 1,000 shares, issued 100 shares	1	
Additional Paid In Capital	420,327	
Accumulated Deficit	<u>(333,227)</u>	
Total Stockholders' Equity		<u>87,101</u>
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		\$ <u>119,663</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

GEORGIA CAPITAL PARTNERS, INC. D/B/A  
TRADERS ADVANTAGE  
STATEMENT OF INCOME  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

REVENUES

Commissions – Listed Equities	\$ 61,917
Commissions – OTC Equities	250,484
Commissions – OTC Principals	141,294
Other Revenue	7,855
Interest Income	<u>263</u>

Total Revenues \$ 461,813

EXPENSES

Floor Brokerage, Exchange and Clearance Fees	207,750
Employee Compensation & Benefits	94,930
Communications and Data Processing	74,339
Interest	274
Occupancy	45,565
Other Expenses	<u>84,951</u>

Total Expenses 507,809

(45,996)

Loss on Investment (3,300)

Other Loss – Disposal of Assets (8,123)

Net Loss \$ (57,419)

GEORGIA CAPITAL PARTNERS, INC. D/B/A  
TRADERS ADVANTAGE  
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

	<u>Common Shares</u>	<u>Stock Amount</u>	<u>Additional Paid in Capital</u>	<u>Retained Earnings (Deficit)</u>	<u>Total Stockholders' Equity</u>
Balances at January 1, 2002	100	\$ 1	\$ 392,327	\$ (275,808)	\$ 116,520
Net Loss	--	--	--	(57,419)	(57,419)
Capital Contributions	<u>    --</u>	<u>    --</u>	<u>  28,000</u>	<u>    -0-</u>	<u>  28,000</u>
Balance at December 31, 2002	<u>  100</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 420,327</u>	<u>\$ (333,227)</u>	<u>\$ 87,101</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

GEORGIA CAPITAL PARTNERS, INC. D/B/A  
TRADERS ADVANTAGE  
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

Net Loss		\$ (57,419)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities:		
Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 14,659	
Loss on Disposal of Assets	8,123	
Loss on Investments	3,300	
(Increase) Decrease in Operating Assets:		
Prepaid Expenses	3,106	
Receivable from Broker-Dealer and Clearing Organizations and others	11,214	
Deposits with Clearing Organizations and Others	(1,382)	
Increase (Decrease) in Operating Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	14,018	
Taxes Payable	<u>129</u>	
Total Adjustments		<u>53,167</u>
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities		(4,252)

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:

Purchase of Furniture and Equipment		<u>(6,612)</u>
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities		(6,612)

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

Capital Contribution		<u>28,000</u>
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities		<u>28,000</u>
Increase in Cash		17,136
Cash at Beginning of the Year		<u>6,800</u>
Cash at End of the Year		<u>\$ 23,936</u>

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES AND OTHER DISCLOSURES

Interest Paid		<u>\$ 274</u>
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

GEORGIA CAPITAL PARTNERS, INC. D/B/A  
TRADERS ADVANTAGE  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2002

**1. Organization and Nature of Business**

The Company is an introducing broker-dealer and a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers (NASD). The Company is a Georgia corporation whose primary source of revenue is from commissions generated from day-traders.

**2. Significant Accounting Policies**

Basis of Presentation

The Company elects to clear orders through a clearing broker. The Company receives commissions from the transactions according to its contract with the clearing broker.

Commissions

Commissions and related clearing expenses are recorded on a trade-date basis as securities transactions occur.

Income Tax

The Company, with the consent of its stockholders, has elected under the Internal Revenue Code to be an S corporation. In lieu of corporate income taxes, the stockholders of an S corporation are taxed on their proportionate share of the Company's taxable income. Therefore, no provision or liability for federal or state income taxes has been included in these financial statements.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis using estimated useful lives of five to seven years. Organizational Costs are amortized over a 5-year period. Depreciation and Amortization for the year ended December 31, 2002 was \$14,659.

Advertising Costs

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. Advertising expense totaled \$9,061 for the year ended December 31, 2002.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

GEORGIA CAPITAL PARTNERS, INC. D/B/A  
TRADERS ADVANTAGE  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2002

Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

3. Receivable From and Payable To Broker-Dealer and Clearing Organizations

Amounts receivable from and payables to broker-dealers and clearing organizations at December 31, 2002 consist of the following:

Commissions receivable	<u>\$ 24,752</u>
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4. Operating Leases

The Company has obligations under operating leases with initial noncancelable terms in excess of one year. Aggregate annual rentals for office space and equipment at December 31, 2002 are approximately as listed below. Rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2002 was \$30,852.

2003	\$ 13,732
2004	14,144
2005	<u>11,034</u>
	<u>\$ 38,910</u>

5. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2002 the Company had net capital of \$40,700, which was \$35,700 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000.

6. Employee Benefits

In 1999, the Company initiated a Simple-IRA Profit Sharing Plan. The plan covers all employees with compensation in excess of \$5,000 annually. Participants may make salary contributions up to the lesser of \$7,000 annually or 100% of their compensation. The Company will match up to the lesser of 1% to 3% of each employee's salary or their salary deferral. The Company's matching contributions for 2002 was \$815.

7. Concentrations of Commission Income

The Company receives approximately 65% of the Company's Commission Revenue from its two largest day traders.

GEORGIA CAPITAL PARTNERS, INC. D/B/A  
TRADERS ADVANTAGE  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2002

**8. Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Risk.**

The Company's customer securities activities are transacted on either a cash or margin basis. In margin transactions, the Company, pursuant to its clearing agreement with its clearing broker, extends credit to its customers, subject to various regulatory and internal margin requirements, collateralized by cash and securities in the customer's accounts. In connection with these activities, the Company's clearing broker executes and clears customer transactions involving the sale of securities not yet purchased, substantially all of which are transacted on a margin basis subject to individual exchange regulations. Such transaction may expose the Company to significant off-balance sheet risk in the event margin requirements are not sufficient to fully cover losses that customers may incur. In the event the customer fails to satisfy its obligations, the Company may be required to purchase or sell financial instruments at prevailing market prices to fulfill the customer's obligations. The Company seeks to control the risks associated with its customer activities by requiring customers to maintain margin collateral in compliance with various regulatory and internal guidelines. The Company monitors required margin levels daily and, pursuant to such guidelines, requires the customer to deposit additional collateral or to reduce positions when necessary.

**9. Going Concern Issues arising from Recurring Losses and Cash Flow Problems**

As shown in the accompanying financial statements, the Company has incurred losses from operations at December 31, 2002 of \$57,419 and continues to experience certain decreases in working capital. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. However, management has instituted certain cost reductions that include a reduction in communications and data processing due to a restructuring of how transactions are processed and a reduction in office rent. Additionally, marketing efforts are underway to attract new day traders to increase commission revenues. Finally, ownership has committed to capital contributions up to \$60,000 as needed during 2003 to alleviate projected short-term cash flow shortages. While the Company believes these factors will contribute toward achieving profitability, there can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in achieving its objectives.

**SCHEDULE I**  
**GEORGIA CAPITAL PARTNERS, INC. D/B/A**  
**TRADERS ADVANTAGE**  
**COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
**AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2002**

Net Capital

Total Stockholders' Equity		\$ 87,101
Deductions and/or Charges:		
Nonallowable Assets:		
Furniture and Equipment	\$ 39,704	
Other Assets	<u>6,697</u>	
Total Deductions and/or Charges		<u>46,401</u>
Net Capital		<u>\$ 40,700</u>
Aggregate Indebtedness		
Items included in Statement of Financial Condition:		
Other Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses		
	\$ 32,562	
Total Aggregate Indebtedness		<u>\$ 32,562</u>
Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement		
Minimum Net Capital Required:		<u>\$ 5,000</u>
Excess Net Capital at 1,500 percent		<u>\$ 35,700</u>
Excess Net Capital at 1,000 percent		<u>\$ 37,444</u>
Ratio: Aggregate Indebtedness to Net Capital		<u>.87 to 1</u>
Reconciliation with Company's Computation (Included in Part II of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2000)		
Net Capital, as reported in Company's Part II (unaudited) FOCUS Report		\$ 48,739
Audit adjustments to correct Commissions Receivable	\$ 1,967	
Adjustment to Cash Balances (voids)	10,192	
Audit adjustments to correct Liabilities for Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	<u>(20,198)</u>	
		<u>(8,039)</u>
Net Capital per above		<u>\$ 40,700</u>

See accompanying notes.

GEORGIA CAPITAL PARTNERS, INC. D/B/A  
TRADERS ADVANTAGE  
NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES  
DECEMBER 31, 2002

**NOTE 1 - Exemption From Rule 15c3-3**

The Company claims an exemption from Rule 15c3-3, because all customer transactions are cleared through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis.

Board of Directors  
Georgia Capital Partners, Inc. D/B/A  
Traders Advantage

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedule of Georgia Capital Partners, Inc. D/B/A Traders Advantage, for the year ended December 31, 2002, we considered its internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(a) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
2. Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded

properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2002, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

 GIBER & GIBER CPA's P.C.

Bohemia, New York  
February 19, 2003