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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

OMB APPROVAL OMB Number: 3235-0123 Expires: September 30, 1998 Estimated average burden hours per response . . . 12.00

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

SEC. FILE RECEIVED MAR 31 2003 WASH. D.C. 181 SECTION

SEC FILE NUMBER 46299

FACING PAGE Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING January 1, 2002 AND ENDING December 31, 2002

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Streamline Capital Corporation

OFFICIAL USE ONLY FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.) 901 Olive Street

Santa Barbara California 93101

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT Theodore Thomas (805) 963-2090

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report* Kevin G. Breard, CPA An Accountancy Corporation

9010 Corbin Avenue, Suite 7 Northridge California 91324

- CHECK ONE: [X] Certified Public Accountant [] Public Accountant [] Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

PROCESSED APR 04 2003

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY THOMSON FINANCIAL

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Steven L. Gevitz, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Streamline Capital Corporation, as of December 31, 2002, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

State of CALIFORNIA
County of SANTA BARBARA
Subscribed and sworn (or affirmed) to before me this 24 day of MARCH 2003

[Handwritten Signature]

Signature

PRINCIPAL

Title

[Handwritten Signature]
Notary Public



This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition: Cash Flows
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
(l) An Oath or Affirmation.
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

KEVIN G. BREARD, C.P.A.
AN ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Streamline Capital Corporation

I have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Streamline Capital Corporation as of December 31, 2002 and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Streamline Capital Corporation as of December 31, 2002 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

My examination was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on Schedules I-III are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not required as part of the basic financial statements, but as supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subject to the auditing procedures applied in the examination of the basic financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly stated in all material respect in relating to the basic financial statements taken as a whole and in conformity with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission.



Kevin G. Breard
Certified Public Accountant

Northridge, California
January 27, 2003

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Streamline Capital Corporation
Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2002

Assets

Deposit with clearing organization	\$ 34
Accounts receivable - other	14,939
Securities, not readily marketable	<u>20,100</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 35,073</u>

Liabilities & Stockholder's Equity

Liabilities

Bank overdraft	<u>\$ 375</u>
Total liabilities	375

Stockholder's equity

Common stock, no par value, 10,000 shares authorized 100 shares issued and outstanding	12,000
Additional paid-in capital	16,800
Retained earnings	<u>5,898</u>
Total stockholder's equity	<u>34,698</u>
Total liabilities & stockholder's equity	<u>\$ 35,073</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Streamline Capital Corporation
Statement of Operations
For the year ended December 31, 2002

Revenues

Commissions	\$ 87,142
Consulting fees	137,950
Interest income	238
Reimbursement of payroll expenses & costs	84,729
Other income	<u>72</u>
Total revenues	310,131

Expenses

Employee compensation and benefits	77,265
Commissions and consulting fees	214,633
Tax and license fees, other than income	11,173
Other operating expenses	<u>6,857</u>
Total expenses	<u>309,928</u>
Income (loss) before income taxes	203

Income tax provision

Income tax provision	<u>800</u>
Total income tax provision	<u>800</u>
Net income (loss)	<u>\$ (597)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Streamline Capital Corporation
Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity
For the year ended December 31, 2002

	<u>Common Stock</u>	<u>Additional Paid - In Capital</u>	<u>Retained Earnings</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance at December 31, 2001	\$ 12,000	\$ 16,800	\$ 15,495	\$ 44,295
Shareholder draws	-	-	(9,000)	(9,000)
Net income (loss)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(597)</u>	<u>(597)</u>
Balance at December 31, 2002	<u>\$ 12,000</u>	<u>\$ 16,800</u>	<u>\$ 5,898</u>	<u>\$ 34,698</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Streamline Capital Corporation
Statement of Cash Flow
For the year ended December 31, 2002

Cash flows from operating activities:

Net income (loss)		\$ (597)
Adjustments to reconcile to net income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities (Decrease) increase:		
Accounts receivable - other	\$ (8,175)	
Clearing deposit	<u>84</u>	
Total adjustments		<u>(8,091)</u>
Net cash used in operating activities		(8,688)

Cash flows from investing activities:

-

Cash flows from financing activities:

Bank overdraft	375	
Shareholder draws	<u>(9,000)</u>	
Net cash used in financing activities		<u>(8,625)</u>
Net decrease in cash		(17,313)
Cash at beginning of year		<u>17,313</u>
Cash at end of year		<u>\$ -</u>

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:

Income taxes paid	\$ 800
Interest paid	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Streamline Capital Corporation
Notes to Financial Statements
For the year ended December 31, 2002

Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

Streamline Capital Corporation (The "Company") was incorporated in California in June of 1993, under the name of Protective Brokerage Corporation. In January of 1997, the Company changed its name to Streamline Capital Corporation. The Company first began receiving revenue in 1997.

The Company operates under a fully-disclosed basis whereby it does not hold customer accounts or securities. The Company is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers (NASD).

The consulting fee incomes are for retainers that are paid after letters of agreement are signed for merger and investment banking business. Additionally, transaction fees are earned in the form of commission income, based on the completion of corporate finance transactions. To date, clients have participated in a broad array of industries, including telecommunications, healthcare, apparel packaging, utility outsourcing and defense.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The Company, with the consent of its stockholders, has elected to be an S Corporation and accordingly has its income taxed under Section 1372 of the Internal Revenue Code, which provides that in lieu of corporate income taxes, the stockholders are taxed on the Company's taxable income. Therefore, no provision or liability for Federal income taxes is included in these financial statements. The State of California has similar regulations, although there exists a provision for a minimum Franchise tax and a tax rate of 1.5% over the minimum Franchise fee of \$800.

Marketable securities are valued at market value. Mark to market accounting is used for purposes of determining unrealized gain/loss on security positions in proprietary trading and investment accounts. The securities are sold on a first in first out basis; however, certain securities are inventoried on a specific identification basis.

Streamline Capital Corporation
Notes to Financial Statements
For the year ended December 31, 2002

Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Continued)

The Company recognizes its retainer fee income when earned. The retainer fees are received from clients typically on a monthly basis as outlines in the Investment Banking Agreement at inception and are not contingent on the completion of at transaction. In the case of valuation work, 50% of the fee is usually paid up-front, with the remaining 50% payable upon the delivery of the final product.

The Company has included in revenues "Reimbursement of payroll expenses & costs." The NASD has requested the Company show the reimbursements and expenses on a gross basis, rather than on a net basis.

For the year ended December 31, 2002, the Company enjoyed the benefits of facilities, personnel and utilities provided by the majority stockholder's other business. No amount has been imputed to these financial statements for these benefits.

Note 2: SECURITIES, NOT READILY MARKETABLE

Securities, not readily marketable consist of 1,500 warrants in the NASDAQ Stock Market, Inc., these securities were offered primarily to NASD members and purchased through a Private Placement Memorandum. The warrants are exercisable in four tranches over four years. The first tranche became exercisable on June 28, 2002 at \$13. The Company has the remaining options to exercise in the following tranches;

		<u>Exercisable on</u>	<u>Expires on</u>	<u>Exercise Price</u>
Tranche 1	1,500 shares	June 28, 2002	June 27, 2003	\$ 13.00
Tranche 2	1,500 shares	June 30, 2003	June 25, 2004	\$ 14.00
Tranche 3	1,500 shares	June 28, 2004	June 27, 2005	\$ 15.00
Tranche 4	1,500 shares	June 28, 2005	June 27, 2006	\$ 16.00

The Company is carrying these warrants at their cost of \$20,100.

Streamline Capital Corporation
Notes to Financial Statements
For the year ended December 31, 2002

Note 3: INCOME TAX PROVISION

As discussed in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Note 1), the Company has elected the S Corporate tax status, therefore no federal income tax provision is provided.

The tax provision for \$800 represents the California minimum tax provision on income. Similar to the Federal Rules, the net income passes through to the stockholder so that both federal & state taxes are primarily paid on the individual level.

Note 4: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

On December 31, 2002, the Company's 25% shareholder purchased all the remaining outstanding shares of stock from the Company's 75% shareholder. This was a personal stock purchase agreement, however, included in the stock purchase agreement was a paragraph attached to the warrants in the NASDAQ Stock Market, Inc. (see note 2). According to the paragraph, the Company agrees to share the future economic benefit from the warrants with its former majority shareholder.

Upon the sale or other disposition of the warrants, their proceeds will be divided between the Company and the former shareholder 25% and 75% respectively.

No adjustments to these financial statements have been made for this commitment.

Note 5: NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the uniform net capital rule (Rule 15c3-1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, which requires both the maintenance of minimum net capital and the maintenance of a maximum ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change day to day, but on December 31, 2002, the Company's net capital of \$10,773 exceeded the minimum net capital requirement by \$5,773; and the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness (\$375) to net capital was 0.03 to 1, which is less than the 15 to 1 maximum ratio required of a Broker/Dealer.

Streamline Capital Corporation
Schedule I - Computation of Net Capital Requirements
Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1
As of December 31, 2002

Computation of net capital

Stockholder's equity

Common stock	\$ 12,000
Additional paid-in capital	16,800
Retained earnings	<u>5,898</u>

Total stockholder's equity \$ 34,698

Less: Non-allowable assets

Accounts receivable greater than 30 days	(3,825)
Securities, not readily marketable	<u>(20,100)</u>

Net adjustments to stockholder's equity (23,925)

Net capital 10,773

Computation of net capital requirements

Minimum net capital requirements

6 2/3 percent of net aggregate indebtedness	\$ 25
Minimum dollar net capital required	<u>5,000</u>

Net capital required (greater of above) (5,000)

Excess net capital \$ 5,773

Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital 0.03:1

There was no difference between net capital shown here and net capital as reported on the Company's unaudited Form X-17A-5 report dated December 31, 2002.

See independent auditor's report.

Streamline Capital Corporation
Schedule II - Computation for Determination of Reserve
Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3
As of December 31, 2002

A computation of reserve requirements is not applicable to Streamline Capital Corporation as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3 (k)(2)(i).

See independent auditor's report.

Streamline Capital Corporation
Schedule III - Information Relating to Possession or Control
Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3
As of December 31, 2002

Information relating to possession or control requirements is not applicable to Streamline Capital Corporation as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3 (k)(2)(i).

See independent auditor's report.

Streamline Capital Corporation
Supplementary Accountant's Report
on Internal Accounting Control
Report Pursuant to 17a-5
For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

KEVIN G. BREARD, C.P.A.
AN ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Board of Directors
Streamline Capital Corporation

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements of Streamline Capital Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2002, I considered its internal control structure, for the purpose for safeguarding securities, in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, I have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by Streamline Capital Corporation including tests of such practices and procedures that I considered relevant to objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, I did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons
2. Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control structure and the practice and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgements by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Commission's above mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

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Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

My consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, I noted no matters involving the internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, that I considered to be material weakness as defined above.

I understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purpose in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding on my study, I believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2002 to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and should not be used for any other purpose.



Kevin G. Breard
Certified Public Accountant

Northridge, California
January 27, 2003