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OMB APPROVAL
 OMB Number: 3235-0123
 Expires: September 30, 1998
 Estimated average burden
 hours per response . . . 12.00

**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
 FORM X-17A-5
 PART III**

RECEIVED
 MAR - 3 2003
 WASH. D.C. 181 SECTION

SEC FILE NUMBER
 8 34706

FACING PAGE

**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
 Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01-01-02 AND ENDING 12-31-02
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

Texakoma Financial, Inc.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
 FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

5400 LBJ Freeway , Suite 500

(No. and Street)

Dallas

TX

75240

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Kris D. Hinckley

972-556-1190

(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Dance, Hinckley & Co., LLP

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

433 E. Las Colinas Blvd. Suite 1290

Irving, TX 75039

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

PROCESSED

MAR 20 2003

**THOMSON
FINANCIAL**

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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Dean R. Kennedy, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Texakoma Financial, Inc., as of

December 31, 2002, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

Dean R. Kennedy
Signature
President
Title

Catherine J. Colvin
Notary Public

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of ~~Operations~~ Cash Flow.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

TEXAKOMA FINANCIAL, INC.
AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
REQUIRED BY RULE 17A-5
DECEMBER 31, 2002 AND 2001

Prepared By Dance, Hinckley, and Company, LLP
2300 Highland Village Rd., Suite 650
Highland Village, TX 75077
972-317-9575



Dance, Hinckley & Co., LLP
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder
of Texakoma Financial, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of Texakoma Financial, Inc. (a Texas corporation) as of December 31, 2002 and 2001, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors, and cash flows for the years then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audit in accordance with US generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Texakoma Financial, Inc. as of December 31, 2002 and 2001 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with US generally accepted accounting principles.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information as required by rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Dance, Hinckley & Co LLP

Highland Village, Texas
February 18, 2003

TEXAKOMA FINANCIAL, INC.
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2002 AND 2001

ASSETS

	2002	2001
ASSETS:		
Cash	\$ 429,436	\$ 385,976
Accounts receivable-draw	29,782	1,840
Accounts receivable-affiliate (Note 3)	58,414	88,347
Accounts receivable-other	-	1,445
Prepaid expense	18,233	16,295
Deferred tax asset (Note 4)	13,527	18,137
 TOTAL ASSETS	 \$ 549,392	 \$ 512,040

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER EQUITY

LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable-trade	\$ 2,161	\$ 12,722
Accrued commissions	124,374	31,640
Accrued expenses and other	23,734	146,677
 Total liabilities	 150,269	 191,039
 STOCKHOLDER EQUITY :		
Common stock, \$1 par value, 10,000 shares authorized, 6,000 shares issued and outstanding	6,000	6,000
Additional paid-in capital	399,807	347,807
Retained deficit	(6,684)	(32,806)
 Total stockholder equity	 399,123	 321,001
 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER EQUITY	 \$ 549,392	 \$ 512,040

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

TEXAKOMA FINANCIAL, INC.
STATEMENT OF INCOME
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002 AND 2001

	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
REVENUES (Note 3):		
Commission income	\$ 1,790,015	\$ 2,007,917
Interest income	<u>1,518</u>	<u>4,836</u>
Total revenues	<u>1,791,533</u>	<u>2,012,753</u>
EXPENSES:		
Commissions	996,904	1,212,273
Salaries and wages	797,685	798,209
Bad debts	2,229	48,449
Other operating expenses	166,507	182,645
Reimbursed expenses	<u>(202,524)</u>	<u>(198,470)</u>
Total expenses	<u>1,760,801</u>	<u>2,043,106</u>
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES	30,732	(30,353)
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES (Note 4)		
Current	-	-
Deferred tax benefit (expense)	<u>(4,610)</u>	<u>4,648</u>
NET (LOSS)/INCOME	<u>\$ 26,122</u>	<u>\$ (25,705)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

TEXAKOMA FINANCIAL, INC.
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2002 AND 2001

	<u>Common Stock</u>	<u>Additional Paid-In Capital</u>	<u>Retained Deficit</u>	<u>Totals</u>
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2000	\$ 6,000	\$ 296,807	\$ (7,101)	\$ 295,706
Capital contributions		51,000		51,000
Net income			<u>(25,705)</u>	<u>(25,705)</u>
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2001	6,000	347,807	(32,806)	321,001
Capital contributions		52,000		52,000
Net income (loss)			<u>26,122</u>	<u>26,122</u>
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2002	<u>\$ 6,000</u>	<u>\$ 399,807</u>	<u>\$ (6,684)</u>	<u>\$ 399,123</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

TEXAKOMA FINANCIAL, INC.
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002 AND 2001

	2002	2001
Cash flows from operating activities -		
Net income (loss)	\$ 26,122	\$ (25,705)
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided (used) by operating activities -		
Net Change:		
Accounts receivable	3,436	5,140
Prepaid expenses	(1,938)	(1,590)
Deferred tax asset	4,610	(4,648)
Accounts payable-trade	(10,561)	10,384
Accrued commissions	92,734	(3,105)
Accrued expenses and other	(122,943)	52,096
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(8,540)	32,572
Investing activities:		
Capital contributions	52,000	51,000
Increase in cash	43,460	83,572
Cash at the beginning of the year	385,976	302,404
Cash at end of year	\$ 429,436	\$ 385,976
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:		
Cash paid during the year for:		
Interest	\$ -	\$ -
Income taxes	\$ -	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

TEXAKOMA FINANCIAL, INC.
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN LIABILITIES TO CREDITORS
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2002 AND 2001

The Company had no liabilities subordinated to creditors at December 31, 2002, nor at December 31, 2001.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

TEXAKOMA FINANCIAL, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2002 AND 2001

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization -

Texakoma Financial, Inc. (the Company), a Texas Corporation, was incorporated in March 1985. The Company operates as a securities broker-dealer firm, registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and securities regulatory commissions in several different states. It is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers (NASD) and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation.

Method of accounting -

The accounts of the Company are maintained on the accrual method of accounting with security transactions recorded on a trade date basis.

Cash and cash equivalents -

For the purpose of cash flow, the Company considers financial instruments with the original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Basis of presentation -

Certain financial statement items in prior years have been reclassified to conform to the current year's format.

Accounting estimates -

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period.

Income taxes -

The Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109 (SFAS No. 109), "Accounting for Income Taxes". Under SFAS No. 109, an asset and liability approach is required. Such approach results in the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the book carrying amounts and the tax basis of assets and liabilities.

Adoption of SFSA No. 130 -

The Company adopted SFSA No. 130, Reporting Comprehensive Income. Certain prior year balances have been reclassified in order to conform to the current year presentation.

2. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2002 the Company had net capital of \$324,161, which was \$314,138 in excess of its required net capital of \$10,023. At December 31, 2001 the Company had net capital of \$252,068, which was \$239,326 in excess of its required net capital \$12,742.

TEXAKOMA FINANCIAL, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2002 AND 2001

3. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All of the Company's revenues were generated from an affiliated company: Texakoma Oil and Gas Corporation. These companies have common ownership. Accounts receivable at December 31, 2002 and 2001 were due from this affiliated company as follows:

	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
Accounts receivable - commissions	\$ 24,300	\$ 46,672
Accounts receivable - other	<u>34,114</u>	<u>41,675</u>
Total	<u>\$ 58,414</u>	<u>\$ 88,347</u>

The sole shareholder and president of the Company has a management agreement with the Company to provide management services. The agreement calls for a management fee equal to \$12,000 annually. However, the shareholder has elected not to receive the fee for 2002 and 2001. The shareholder received no compensation for the year ended December 31, 2002 and none for the year ended December 31, 2001.

4. INCOME TAXES

Income taxes are accounted for in accordance with SFAS 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes". The statement requires that deferred income taxes reflect the tax effects of timing differences in reporting the results of operations for financial statement and income tax purposes. Income reported for financial statement purposes is the same as taxable income, as defined by the Internal Revenue Code for the year ended December 31, 2002 and 2001.

The Company's deferred tax assets of \$13,527 at December 31, 2002 and \$18,137 at December 31, 2001 consist of the tax benefits of net operating loss ("NOL") carry forwards of \$90,180 and \$120,912 at December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The Company believes that the \$90,180 of NOL carry forwards will be utilized prior to expiration through future taxable earnings. The remaining NOL at December 31, 2002, along with the expiration dates are listed below.

<u>Year generated</u>	<u>NOL Remaining</u>	<u>Year of Expiration</u>
1996	\$ 41,972	2011
1999	17,855	2019
2001	<u>30,353</u>	2019
Total	<u>\$ 90,180</u>	

TEXAKOMA FINANCIAL, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2002 AND 2001

5. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

All of the Company's business is dependent upon an affiliated company. This affiliated company originates all of the oil and gas working interests marketed by the Company. The loss of these originations could have a material adverse effect on the Company.

6. TEXAKOMA FINANCIAL, INC. 401(k) PLAN

The Company established a 401 (k) Plan for its employees on June 16, 1998. Under the Plan, employees may contribute up to \$11,000 in 2002 and \$10,500 in 2001. The Company matches 25% of the employees' contributions up to a maximum of 4% of compensation. The Company's contributions for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 were \$9,425 and \$8,335, respectively. The Plan is subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). Participants have the right to instruct how their accounts are invested within several investment options offered by the Plan.

7. CONTINGENT LIABILITY

In 1992 a suit was brought against the Company, and others, seeking an award of \$222,340. In May of 1999 the Company filed for and received a dismissal of the case from the Court. Plaintiff appealed the dismissal to the Court of Appeals and received a reversal of the dismissal. On February 1, 2002 the court denied a new motion by the Company seeking a dismissal and directed the parties to comply with the Court's 1993 Order referring the case to arbitration. Plaintiffs have not filed any claims in arbitration since the ruling. The Company is in discussions with the Plaintiff's counsel in an attempt to settle the dispute. If the case goes to arbitration the outcome is uncertain and undeterminable but the Company's management believes that any settlement will be for less than the original amount of the suit. Because the Company has net worth and cash in excess of the original amount of the suit, no reserve has been set up or proposed.

8. SIGNIFICANT CONCENTRATIONS OF CASH

The Company has deposits in a financial institution. This institution insures deposits up to a specified limit. Deposits at December 31, 2002 and 2001 at this institution were \$296,618 and \$254,676, of which \$100,000 was insured.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TEXAKOMA FINANCIAL, INC.
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
DECEMBER 31, 2002

1. Computation of net capital and aggregate indebtedness under Rule 15c3-1

Excess net capital	
Total stockholder equity	\$ 399,123
Less non-allowable assets:	
Accounts receivable - draw	29,782
Accounts receivable - affiliate	10,764
Prepaid expenses	18,233
Deferred tax asset	13,527
2% of money market account	2,656
Net capital	324,161
Minimum net capital required	10,023
Excess (deficit) net capital	\$ 314,138
Aggregate indebtedness to net capital:	
Accounts payable	\$ 150,269
Aggregate indebtedness	\$ 150,269
Ratio: aggregate indebtedness to net capital:	.46 TO 1

The difference between the above computation of net capital rule 15c3-1 and that filed with the Company's unaudited December 31, 2002 FOCUS report is as follows:

FOCUS Report:	\$ 324,161
Decrease in income	(4,610)
Decrease in non-allowable assets	4,610
Net Capital	\$ 324,161

2. Computation for determination of reserve requirements under Rule 15c3-3

The Company operates under the exemptive provisions of paragraph k,(2),I of SEC Rule 15c3-3.

3. Information relating to the possession or control requirements under Rule 15c3-3

The Company has complied with the exemptive requirements of Rule 15c3-3 and did not maintain possession or control of any customer funds or securities as of December 31, 2002.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



Dance, Hinckley & Co., LLP
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Board of Directors
Texakoma Financial, Inc.
Dallas, Texas

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Texakoma Financial, Inc. (the Company), for the year ended December 31, 2002, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g), in the following:

1. Making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the reserve required by rule 15c3-3(e)
2. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate. Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation

to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2000, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dancer, Hinkley + Co LLP

Highland Village, Texas
February 18, 2003