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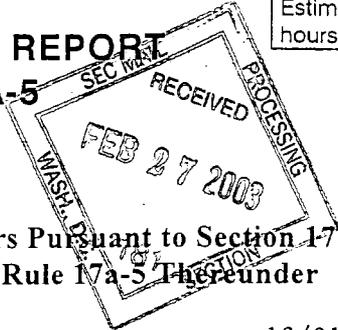
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III



SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 46451

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/02 AND ENDING 12/31/02
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:
ING Financial Advisers, LLC
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

151 Farmington Avenue

(No. and Street)

Hartford

CT

06156

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT
Susan J. Stamm 860-723-3955

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Ernst & Young LLP

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

Goodwin Square, 225 Asylum Avenue, Hartford

CT

06103

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

PROCESSED

MAR 13 2003

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**THOMSON
FINANCIAL**

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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TBB
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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Susan J. Stamm, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of ING Financial Advisers, LLC, as of December 31, 20 02, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

[Handwritten Signature]
Signature
Chief Financial Officer
Title

[Handwritten Signature]
Notary Public

My Commission Expires 7/31/06

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
(l) An Oath or Affirmation.
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Directors
ING Financial Advisers, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of ING Financial Advisers, LLC as of December 31, 2002, and the related statement of operations, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of ING Financial Advisers, LLC at December 31, 2002, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplemental information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Ernst + Young LLP

February 7, 2003

ING Financial Advisers, LLC

**Financial Statements and Schedules
(with Report of Independent Auditors thereon)**

December 31, 2002

ING Financial Advisers, LLC
(A wholly owned subsidiary of ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company)

Statement of Financial Condition
as of December 31, 2002

Assets

Cash	\$ 11,812,050
Other receivables	363,208
Receivable from affiliate	2,569,327
Other assets	<u>518,553</u>
 Total assets	 <u><u>\$ 15,263,138</u></u>

Liabilities and Member's Equity

Liabilities:

Accounts payable	\$ 1,000
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	<u>5,256,865</u>
Total liabilities	<u>5,257,865</u>

Member's Equity:

Member's capital	1,000
Paid-in capital	767,106
Retained earnings	<u>9,237,167</u>
 Total member's equity	 <u>10,005,273</u>
 Total liabilities and member's equity	 <u><u>\$ 15,263,138</u></u>

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

ING Financial Advisers, LLC
(A wholly owned subsidiary of ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company)

Statement of Operations
For the year ended December 31, 2002

<u>Revenue</u>	
Commissions	\$ 113,921,482
Fee income	73,608,337
Total revenue	<u>187,529,819</u>
 <u>Expenses</u>	
Commissions	111,770,046
Operating expenses	79,479,514
Licenses and fees	79,482
Total expenses	<u>191,329,042</u>
 Loss before income taxes	 (3,799,223)
 Income taxes	 <u>-</u>
 Net loss	 <u>\$ (3,799,223)</u>

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

ING Financial Advisers, LLC
(A wholly owned subsidiary of ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company)

Statement of Changes in Member's Equity

	<u>Member's Capital</u>	<u>Paid-In Capital</u>	<u>Retained Earnings</u>	<u>Total Member's Equity</u>
Balance January 1, 2002	\$ 1,000	\$ ---	\$ 13,036,390	\$ 13,037,390
Net loss	---	---	(3,799,223)	(3,799,223)
Capital Contribution (1)	---	<u>767,106</u>	---	<u>767,106</u>
Balance at December 31, 2002	<u>\$ 1,000</u>	<u>\$ 767,106</u>	<u>\$ 9,237,167</u>	<u>\$ 10,005,273</u>

(1) Refer to note 4

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

ING Financial Advisers, LLC
(A wholly owned subsidiary of ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company)

Statement of Cash Flows
For the year ended December 31, 2002

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net loss	\$ (3,799,223)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used for operating activities:	
Increase in receivable from affiliate	(582,206)
Decrease in other receivables	305,281
Net change in other liabilities and other assets	<u>3,491,530</u>
Net cash used for operating activities	(584,618)
Cash flows from financing activities:	
Capital contribution	<u>767,106</u>
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>767,106</u>
Increase in cash	182,488
Cash at beginning of year	<u>11,629,562</u>
Cash at end of year	<u><u>\$ 11,812,050</u></u>

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

ING Financial Advisers, LLC
(A wholly owned subsidiary of ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company)

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2002

1. Organization and Nature of Business

ING Financial Advisers, LLC, formerly known as Aetna Investment Services, LLC, herein after referred to as (the "Company"), is a single member limited liability company of which ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company ("ILIAC") is the sole member. ILIAC is a wholly owned subsidiary of ING Retirement Holdings, Inc., which is a wholly owned subsidiary of ING Retirement Services, Inc., and is ultimately owned by ING Groep N.V. (ING).

The Company is registered with the Securities Exchange Commission ("SEC") as a broker/dealer and as an investment advisor. It is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. ("NASD") and is also registered with the appropriate state securities authorities as a broker/dealer. The principal operation of the Company is acting as underwriter for ILIAC's manufactured products, as well as the sale of fixed and variable annuities and mutual funds through its registered representatives. In 2002, the Company began marketing investment advisory plans through its registered employees.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financials statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from reported results using those estimates.

Revenue and Expense Recognition

Commission revenues, which reflect gross commissions on products sold, and fee income are recorded as revenue when earned. Commission expenses, which reflect compensation to agents/brokers for products sold, operating expenses and licenses and fees are recorded when incurred.

Cash

Cash represents cash on deposit.

ING Financial Advisers, LLC
(A wholly owned subsidiary of ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company)

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2002

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Related Party Transactions

The Company received commissions and fee income of approximately \$180 million from ILIAC and its affiliates for sales of fixed and variable annuities, mutual funds, and other manufactured products.

Substantially all of the administrative and support functions of the Company are provided by ILIAC and its affiliates. The financial statements reflect allocated charges for these services based upon measures appropriate for the type and nature of service provided. The Company is directly responsible for certain expenses, including certain regulatory fees.

Receivables and payables with ILIAC and its affiliates are settled in cash on a regular basis.

3. Income Taxes

The Company is a single member limited liability company. The Company's income is taxed at its member's level (i.e. ILIAC). As such, no income taxes are reflected for the year ended December 31, 2002.

For income tax purposes, the Company is not treated as a separate taxable entity. Member income, gains, losses, deductions and credits are includable in the federal income tax return of the member (ILIAC), whether or not an actual cash distribution is made to such member during its taxable years. Certain items will be deducted in different periods for tax purposes from those used for financial reporting purposes.

4. Benefit Plans

The Company utilizes the employees of ING and its affiliates, primarily ILIAC. ING provides a full compliment of benefit plans for its employees, including, but not limited to, a qualified pension plan, an incentive savings plan and post retirement benefits. Benefit plan charges allocated to the Company for the year ended December 31, 2002 was \$800,609.

As of December 31, 2002, certain employee benefit plan liabilities previously reported by the Company aggregating \$767,106 were assumed by ILIAC and reported by the Company as a capital contribution.

ING Financial Advisers, LLC
(A wholly owned subsidiary of ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company)

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2002

5. Net Capital

The Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2002, the Company had a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital of .76 to 1 and net capital of \$6,942,393, which was \$6,591,869 in excess of its required net capital of \$350,524.

6. Litigation

The Company is involved in lawsuits arising, for the most part, in the ordinary course of its business operations. While the outcome of these lawsuits cannot be determined at this time, after consideration of the defenses available to the Company and applicable insurance coverage these lawsuits are not currently expected to result in liability for amounts material to the financial condition of the Company, although they may adversely affect results of operations in future periods.

Schedule 1

ING Financial Advisers, LLC

**Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1
of the Securities and Exchange Commission**

As of December 31, 2002

NET CAPITAL:

Total member's equity	\$10,005,273
Less: non-allowable assets	<u>3,062,880</u>
Net capital	<u>\$ 6,942,393</u>
Aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 5,257,865</u>
Net capital requirement (greater of 6 2/3 % of aggregate indebtedness or \$100,000)	<u>\$ 350,524</u>
Excess of net capital over minimum required	<u>\$ 6,591,869</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>.76 to 1</u>

Note: Net capital and aggregate indebtedness as reported on Form X-17A-5 Part II are not different from the amounts reported above.

Schedule 2

ING Financial Advisers, LLC

**Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements
and Information Relating to Possession or Control
Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3**

December 31, 2002

The Company is an introducing broker/dealer who clears all funds through a clearing broker/dealer on a fully disclosed basis and is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 under section (k)(2)(ii).

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Required by Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) Rule 17a-5

The Board of Directors and Shareholder of
ING Financial Advisers, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of ING Financial Advisers, LLC (the Company), for the year ended December 31, 2002, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons
2. Recordation of the differences required by rule 17a-13
3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of internal control to future periods is subject to the risk that internal control may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of its design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2002, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Ernst + Young LLP

February 7, 2003