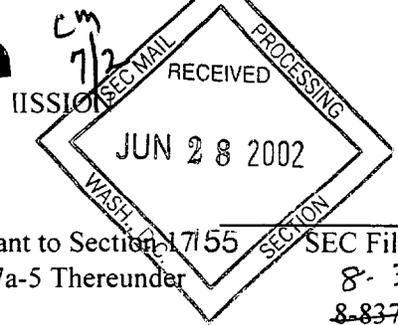


U.S. SECURITIES
WA



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EV 9/5/02

Annual Audited Report
Form X-17A-5
Part III

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17155
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

SEC File No.
8-3710
~~8-83710~~

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 05/01/01 AND ENDING 04/30/02
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

Official Use Only

95-0660510

Firm ID No.

Crowell, Weedon & Co.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS:
(Do not use P.O. Box No.)

624 South Grand Avenue

(No. and Street)

Los Angeles
(City)

California
(State)

PROCESSED

JUL 10 2002

THOMSON
FINANCIAL

90017
(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Antonios Karantonis, Controller

(213) 620-1850

(Area Code--Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT (Whose opinion is contained in this Report*)
(Name -- if individual, state last, first, middle name)

Deloitte & Touche LLP

350 South Grand Avenue
(Address)

Los Angeles
(City)

California
(State)

90071-3462
(Zip)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

* Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Oath or Affirmation

We, James L. Cronk and Antonios Karantonis, affirm that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statements and supplemental schedules pertaining to Crowell, Weedon & Co. (the "Firm") for the year ended April 30, 2002, are true and correct, and such financial statements and supplemental schedules will be made available promptly to all members and allied members of the New York Stock Exchange, Inc. in our organization. We further affirm that neither the Firm nor any officer or partner has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer.

James L. Cronk 6/21/02
Signature Date

General Partner

Title

Antonios Karantonis 6/21/02
Signature Date

General Partner

Title

Linda K. Kuratomi
Notary Public

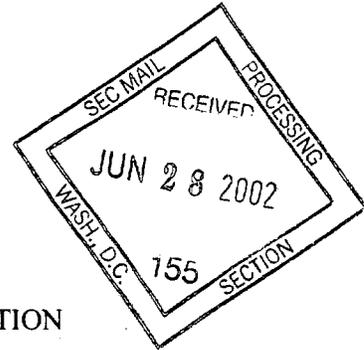
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):



- Independent Auditors' Report
- (x) (a) Facing Page.
 - (x) (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
 - (x) (c) Statement of Income.
 - (x) (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
 - (x) (e) Statement of Changes in Partnership Capital.
 - () (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors. (Not Applicable)
 - (x) (g) Computation of Net Capital for Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
 - (x) (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements for Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
 - (x) (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements for Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
 - () (j) A Reconciliation, including Appropriate Explanations, of the Computation of Net Capital under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements under Rule 15c3-3. (Not Required)
 - () (k) A Reconciliation Between the Audited and Unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with Respect to Methods of Consolidation. (Not Applicable)
 - (x) (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
 - () (m) A Copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. (Not Required)
 - (x) (n) A Report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit. (Supplemental Report on Internal Control)

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see Section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

CROWELL, WEEDON & CO.
A LIMITED PARTNERSHIP
(SEC I.D. No. 8-83710)



STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
AS OF APRIL 30, 2002
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
AND
SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT ON
INTERNAL CONTROL

Filed in accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(3) as a **PUBLIC DOCUMENT**.

Deloitte & Touche LLP
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350 South Grand Avenue
Los Angeles, California 90071-3462

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**Deloitte
& Touche**



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Crowell, Weedon & Co.:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Crowell, Weedon & Co. (the "Firm") as of April 30, 2002 that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Firm's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall statement of financial condition. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such statement of financial condition presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Crowell, Weedon & Co. at April 30, 2002 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Deloitte & Touche LLP

June 21, 2002

**Deloitte
Touche
Tohmatsu**

Pacific Southwest: Carlsbad Costa Mesa Las Vegas Phoenix Reno San Diego

CROWELL, WEEDON & CO. (A LIMITED PARTNERSHIP)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION APRIL 30, 2002

ASSETS

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		\$	97,261
RECEIVABLES FROM BROKERS OR DEALERS AND CLEARING ORGANIZATIONS:			
Clearing organizations	\$	2,622,666	
Securities failed to deliver		1,542,930	
Securities borrowed (Note 1)		750,000	
Omnibus accounts		<u>19,468,350</u>	24,383,946
RECEIVABLE FROM CUSTOMERS (Note 1)			60,156,438
RECEIVABLE FROM PARTNERS, Securities accounts			868,497
SECURITIES OWNED, At market value:			
Trading and investment account securities (Note 2)		7,056,114	
Individual partners' securities included as partnership capital (Note 3 and 5) (Including \$61,784,769 pledged as collateral for Firm Bank Loans and \$6,997,873 of excess collateral pledged for Secured Demand Notes)		<u>77,804,016</u>	84,860,130
SECURED DEMAND NOTES (Market value of collateral, \$20,909,205) (Note 4)			13,758,000
MEMBERSHIPS IN EXCHANGES, At cost (market value, \$3,026,750)			287,150
FURNITURE, EQUIPMENT, SOFTWARE AND LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS, At cost, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$3,491,557			1,342,303
OTHER ASSETS			<u>1,619,088</u>
TOTAL			<u>\$ 187,372,813</u>

See the accompanying notes to statement of financial condition.

LIABILITIES AND PARTNERSHIP CAPITAL

FIRM BANK LOANS (Note 5)		\$ 14,750,000
SECURITIES FAILED TO RECEIVE (Note 1)		327,392
PAYABLE TO CUSTOMERS (Including free credits of \$15,013,442) (Note 1)		17,128,389
SECURITIES SOLD, NOT YET PURCHASED, At market value (Note 2)		2,539,427
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES		<u>5,364,966</u>
Total liabilities		40,110,174
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Note 7)		
PARTNERSHIP CAPITAL (Notes 3 and 4):		
General partners	\$ 146,617,239	
Limited partners	<u>645,400</u>	147,262,639
TOTAL		<u><u>\$ 187,372,813</u></u>

CROWELL, WEEDON & CO. (A LIMITED PARTNERSHIP)

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION APRIL 30, 2002

1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization - Crowell, Weedon & Co. (the "Firm"), a limited partnership, is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and is a member of the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., various other exchanges and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

Securities Transactions - Securities transactions are recorded on a settlement date basis. The financial statement effect of recording these transactions at settlement date rather than on the trade date is not significant.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of the statement of financial condition in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Securities Borrowing Activities - Securities borrowed are recorded at the amount of cash collateral advanced, which requires the Firm to deposit cash. The Firm monitors the market value of securities borrowed, with additional collateral collected or refunded as necessary.

Cash and Cash Equivalents - The Firm considers all highly liquid investments purchased with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At April 30, 2002, no cash was required to be segregated for the benefit of customers under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments - Substantially all of the Firm's financial instruments are carried at fair value. Receivables and payables are carried at cost or cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value.

Receivable from and Payable to Customers - Accounts receivable from and payable to customers include amounts due on cash and margin transactions. Securities owned by customers are held as collateral for margin receivables. Such collateral is not reflected in the financial statement.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements - Effective April 1, 2001, the Firm adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 140, *Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities - a replacement of SFAS No. 125*. The Firm's adoption of SFAS No. 140 did not impact the financial statement. However, under SFAS No. 140, the Firm is required to report the values of securities that it has received as collateral and which can in turn be used (or repledged) by the Firm to generate financing, such as securities lending, or to fulfill either client-originated or propriety short sale transactions. The Firm is also required to disclose the value of such securities that it has actually repledged as of the reporting date. The Firm provides margin loans to its customers and demand loans to its partners, which are collateralized by securities in their brokerage accounts. These parties have agreed to allow the Firm to sell or repledge those securities in accordance with federal regulations. At April 30, 2002, the Company was allowed, under such regulations, to sell or

repledge securities with a market value of \$121,091,098. Of this amount, \$78,924,356 has been pledged or sold as of April 30, 2002 in connection with bank borrowing and deposits with clearing organizations.

2. SECURITIES OWNED AND SOLD, NOT YET PURCHASED

Securities owned and sold, not yet purchased consist of trading and investment securities at market value, as follows:

	Owned	Sold, Not Yet Purchased
State and municipal government obligations	\$ 5,590,634	
Stocks and warrants	1,407,226	\$2,539,427
Other securities	<u>58,254</u>	<u> </u>
	<u>\$7,056,114</u>	<u>\$2,539,427</u>

3. PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT

In accordance with the partnership agreement (the "Agreement"), partnership capital includes marketable securities and cash included in the general partners' individual securities accounts as defined in the Agreement.

4. SECURED DEMAND NOTES

The secured demand notes receivable, which become due at various dates from 2002 to 2005, are collateralized by securities in partners' preference and special preference capital accounts and consist of \$13,324,000 from general partners and \$434,000 from limited partners.

The secured demand notes have been approved by the New York Stock Exchange and are used in computing net capital under the SEC's uniform net capital rule.

5. FIRM BANK LOANS

The Firm has two lines of credit, including a Firm operating line of credit of \$60,000,000 and a customer margin line of credit \$15,000,000. Loans under these lines of credit are payable on demand and bear interest at a rate that varies with the federal funds rate. The effective borrowing rate at April 30, 2002 was 2.82 percent. At April 30, 2002, \$14,750,000 was outstanding on the Firm line of credit, which was fully collateralized with individual partner securities in the amount of \$61,784,769. No balance was outstanding on the customer margin line of credit.

Loan Guarantee - In addition to normal firm bank loans, the Firm guarantees the bank loans made to new partners for the purchase of partnership equity. The guarantees are backed by each partner's interest in the Firm. At April 30, 2002, such guarantees totaled \$625,000.

6. DEFERRED COMPENSATION SAVINGS PLAN

The Firm has a deferred compensation plan under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Contributions to the plan are made by the participants and the Firm pursuant to the Compensation Reduction Agreement with each participant. All investments of assets in the plan are directed by the participants.

7. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Leases - The Firm leases office space under noncancelable operating leases that expire on various dates through 2008. Future minimum rental payments under such leases are due in the fiscal years as follows: \$2,265,931 in 2003, \$2,157,454 in 2004, \$1,692,072 in 2005, \$1,356,922 in 2006, \$1,373,085 in 2007 and \$323,985 thereafter.

Customer Activities - In the normal course of business, the Firm executes, settles and finances customer and proprietary transactions. These transactions expose the Firm to risk arising from the potential that the customer or counterparty may fail to satisfy its obligations and that the collateral will be insufficient. In these situations, the Firm may be required to purchase or sell financial instruments at unfavorable market prices, which may result in a loss.

The Firm's customer securities activities are transacted on either a cash or margin basis. In margin transactions, the Firm extends credit to its customers, subject to various regulatory and internal margin requirements, collateralized by cash and securities in the customers' accounts. In connection with these activities, the Firm executes and clears customer transactions involving the sale of securities not yet purchased, substantially all of which are transacted on a margin basis subject to individual exchange regulations. Such transactions may expose the Firm to significant off-balance-sheet risk in the event margin requirements are not sufficient to fully cover losses that customers may incur. In the event the customer fails to satisfy its obligations, the Firm may be required to purchase or sell financial instruments at prevailing market prices to fulfill the customer's obligations.

The Firm seeks to control the risk associated with its customer activities by requiring customers to maintain margin collateral in compliance with regulatory and internal guidelines. The Firm requires the customer to deposit additional collateral or to reduce positions, when necessary.

The Firm's customer financing and securities settlement activities require the Firm to pledge customer securities as collateral in support of various secured financing sources, such as bank loans and securities loaned. In the event the counterparty is unable to meet its contractual obligation to return customer securities pledged as collateral, the Firm may be exposed to the risk of acquiring the securities at prevailing market prices in order to satisfy its customer obligations. The Firm controls this risk by monitoring the market value of securities pledged on a daily basis and by requiring adjustments of collateral levels in the event of excess market exposure. In addition, the Firm establishes credit limits for such activities and monitors compliance on a daily basis.

Litigation - The Firm has been named in legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. Management is of the opinion that the ultimate liability, if any, from these actions will not have a material effect on its financial condition.

Other Commitments - In the normal course of business, the Firm enters into when-issued transactions and underwriting commitments. Settlement of these transactions as of April 30, 2002 would not have a material effect on the financial condition of the Firm.

8. CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The Firm is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities whose counterparties primarily include broker-dealers, banks and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Firm may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Firm's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty with which it conducts business.

9. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Firm is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1, the "Rule"), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital. The Firm has elected to use the alternative method, permitted by the Rule, which requires that the Firm maintain minimum net capital, as defined, equal to the greater of \$250,000 or 2 percent of aggregate debit balances arising from customer transactions, as defined. At April 30, 2002, the Firm had net capital of \$47,100,904, which was 61.0 percent of aggregate debit balances and \$45,556,004 in excess of required net capital.

Several broker-dealers have chosen to maintain brokerage client accounts with the Firm. To allow these broker-dealers to classify their assets held by the Firm in their computation of net capital, the Firm has agreed to perform a computation of reserve requirement for proprietary accounts of introducing brokers ("PAIB"). At April 30, 2002, the Firm's PAIB reserve computation indicated that the Firm did not have a PAIB reserve requirement.

* * * * *

Deloitte & Touche LLP
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**Deloitte
& Touche**

Crowell, Weedon & Co.
624 South Grand Avenue
Los Angeles, California 90017

Dear Sirs:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Crowell, Weedon & Co. (the "Firm") for the year ended April 30, 2002 (on which we issued our report dated June 21, 2002) we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the Firm's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Firm (including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures) that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g): (1) in making the periodic computations of aggregate debits and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the reserve required by Rule 15c3-3(e) (including the practices and procedures followed by the Firm in making the periodic computations for proprietary accounts of introducing brokers ("PAIB")); (2) in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13; (3) in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; and (4) in obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by Rule 15c3-3.

The management of the Firm is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control and of the practices and procedures, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Securities and Exchange Commission's (the "Commission") above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Firm has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

**Deloitte
Touche
Tohmatsu**

Pacific Southwest: Carlsbad Costa Mesa Las Vegas Phoenix Reno San Diego

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal control or of such practices and procedures to future periods are subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the practices or procedures may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the Firm's internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the Firm's internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the Firm's internal control and its operation, including controls for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Firm's practices and procedures were adequate at April 30, 2002, to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the New York Stock Exchange, Inc. and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Yours truly,

Dubatte / Touche LLP

June 21, 2002