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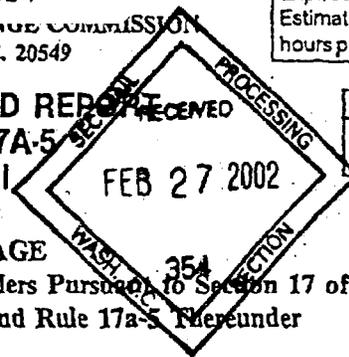
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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III



SEC FILE NUMBER
8-48054

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 1/1/01 AND ENDING 12/31/01
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:
Baystate Capital Services Inc.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

One Monarch Place

(No. and Street)

Springfield
(City)

Massachusetts
(State)

01133
(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Atila Aritan

(413) 784-6196
(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

(Name - If individual, state last, first, middle name)

160 Federal Street
(Address)

Boston
(City)

Massachusetts
(State)

02110
(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

PROCESSED
MAR 20 2002

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY
THOMSON FINANCIAL

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

SEC 1410 (10-99)

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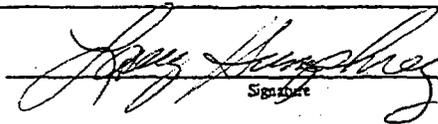
THOMSON FINANCIAL P.01

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Larry Humphrey, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Baystate Capital Services, Inc., as of

December 31, 2001, 19 , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

NONE



Signature
Treasurer and Director

Title



Notary Public

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES
MAY 10, 2002

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

BAYSTATE CAPITAL SERVICES, INC.

**(A Wholly-owned Subsidiary
of Monarch Life Insurance Company)**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

December 31, 2001 and 2000

BAYSTATE CAPITAL SERVICES, INC.
(A Wholly-owned Subsidiary of Monarch Life Insurance Company)
TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page(s)</u>
Report of Independent Accountants	1
Statements of Financial Condition	2
Statements of Operations	3
Statements of Changes in Stockholder's Equity	4
Statements of Cash Flows	5
Notes to Financial Statements	6-8
Additional Information:	
Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1	9
Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5 for a broker dealer claiming an exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3	10-11

Report of Independent Accountants

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder
of Baystate Capital Services, Inc.

In our opinion, the accompanying statements of financial condition and the related statements of operations, of changes in stockholder's equity and of cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Baystate Capital Services, Inc. (a wholly-owned subsidiary of Monarch Life Insurance Company) at December 31, 2001 and 2000, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 are the responsibility of Baystate Capital Services, Inc.'s management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Notes 3 and 5, Baystate Capital Services, Inc. has significant transactions with its parent, Monarch Life Insurance Company. It is possible that the terms of these transactions are not the same as those that would result from transactions among wholly unrelated parties.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on page 9 (Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 at December 31, 2001) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.



February 21, 2002

BAYSTATE CAPITAL SERVICES, INC.
(A Wholly-owned Subsidiary of Monarch Life Insurance Company)
STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

	December 31,	
	2001	2000
Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 11,411	\$ 11,411
Total Assets	<u>\$ 11,411</u>	<u>\$ 11,411</u>
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity:		
Total Liabilities	\$ --	\$ --
Stockholder's Equity:		
Common stock, par value \$.01 per share 200,000 shares authorized, and 1,000 shares issued and outstanding	10	10
Additional paid-in capital	9,990	9,990
Retained earnings	<u>1,411</u>	<u>1,411</u>
Total Stockholder's Equity	<u>11,411</u>	<u>11,411</u>
Total Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity	<u>\$ 11,411</u>	<u>\$ 11,411</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BAYSTATE CAPITAL SERVICES, INC.
(A Wholly-owned Subsidiary of Monarch Life Insurance Company)
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001 AND 2000

	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>
Revenue:		
Commissions (Note 3)	\$ 35,506	\$ 43,539
Interest on Invested Cash	--	264
	<u>35,506</u>	<u>43,803</u>
Expenses:		
Commissions	<u>35,506</u>	<u>43,539</u>
	<u>35,506</u>	<u>43,539</u>
Net Income	<u>\$ --</u>	<u>\$ 264</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BAYSTATE CAPITAL SERVICES, INC.
(A Wholly-owned Subsidiary of Monarch Life Insurance Company)
STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001 AND 2000

	<u>Common Stock</u>	<u>Additional Paid-in Capital</u>	<u>Retained Earnings</u>	<u>Total Stockholder's Equity</u>
Balance at January 1, 2000	\$ 10	\$ 9,990	\$ 1,147	\$ 11,147
Net Income	--	--	264	264
Balance at December 31, 2000	10	9,990	1,411	11,411
Net Income	--	--	--	--
Balance at December 31, 2001	<u>\$ 10</u>	<u>\$ 9,990</u>	<u>\$ 1,411</u>	<u>\$ 11,411</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BAYSTATE CAPITAL SERVICES, INC.
(A Wholly-owned Subsidiary of Monarch Life Insurance Company)
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001 AND 2000

	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		
Net Income	\$ --	\$ 264
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u>--</u>	<u>264</u>
Net Increase in Cash	--	264
Cash - Beginning of Period	<u>11,411</u>	<u>11,147</u>
Cash - End of Period	<u>\$ 11,411</u>	<u>\$ 11,411</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BAYSTATE CAPITAL SERVICES, INC.
(A Wholly-owned Subsidiary of Monarch Life Insurance Company)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1-ORGANIZATION

Baystate Capital Services, Inc. (the Company), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Monarch Life Insurance Company (Monarch Life), was incorporated November 18, 1994, was capitalized April 14, 1995, and became a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers and commenced business on June 13, 1995. The Company serves as a broker-dealer for Monarch Life in order for Monarch Life to continue to accept premiums on and meet contractual obligations under existing variable life insurance policies and variable annuity contracts previously issued by Monarch Life.

Monarch Life is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Regal Reinsurance Company (Regal Re). On June 9, 1994, the Insurance Commissioner of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts (the Commissioner) was appointed receiver (the Receiver) of Monarch Life in a rehabilitation proceeding pending before the Supreme Judicial Court for Suffolk County, Massachusetts (the Court). A term sheet dated July 19, 1994 (the Term Sheet) among the Commissioner (in her capacity as Commissioner and Receiver) and certain Regal Re shareholders and noteholders and holders of Monarch Life's surplus notes (representing approximately 85% of both the total outstanding Regal Re notes and common stock) (the Holders) was approved by the Court on September 1, 1994. Pursuant to the Term Sheet, the Holders transferred their notes and stock into voting trusts for which the Commissioner is the sole trustee, which effectively vests control of Regal Re and Monarch Life in the Commissioner.

Some Insurance Departments have either suspended Monarch Life's certificate of authority, ordered Monarch Life to cease writing new business, or have requested a voluntary suspension of sales. In addition, Monarch Life's certificate of authority has been revoked by the insurance departments of the states of Idaho (1998), Kentucky (1995), Louisiana (1994), Michigan (1995), Missouri (1994), Nevada (1997), Washington (2000), and Wyoming (1992).

Monarch Life currently limits its business to maintaining its existing blocks of disability income insurance, variable life, and annuity businesses. Monarch Life ceased issuing new variable life insurance policies and new annuity contracts effective May 1, 1992, and new disability income insurance policies effective June 15, 1993.

NOTE 2-ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are presented in conformity with the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission pertaining to the Financial and Operational Combined Uniform Single Report (FOCUS). Such presentation is not at variance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents comprise funds on deposit.

BAYSTATE CAPITAL SERVICES, INC.
(A Wholly-owned Subsidiary of Monarch Life Insurance Company)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 2-ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

Income Taxes: The Company's operations are included in the consolidated life/non-life federal income tax return of Regal Re; however, pursuant to the terms of various agreements between Monarch Life and the Company, all operating expenses, including federal and state income taxes, are treated as a liability of Monarch Life and are paid by Monarch Life.

Recognition of Commission Income and Expense: Commission income and expense are recognized when the sales of financial products are settled. Recognition on a settlement date basis is materially the same as on a trade date basis.

Statement of Changes in Subordinated Liabilities: The financial statements do not include a statement of changes in liabilities subordinated to the claims of general creditors as required under Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, since no such liabilities existed at December 31, 2001 and 2000, or during the periods then ended.

NOTE 3-COMMISSION INCOME

During 2001 and 2000, the Company earned all of its commissions from Monarch Life.

NOTE 4-NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Pursuant to the Uniform Net Capital requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission under Rule 15c3-1, the Company is subject to certain rules regarding minimum net capital and is required to maintain a ratio of "aggregate indebtedness" to "net capital" (as those items are defined) which may not exceed 15 to 1. Minimum Net Capital required equals the greater of 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness or \$5,000. Aggregate indebtedness, net capital and the resultant ratio for the Company at December 31, 2001 and 2000, were as follows:

	2001	2000
Aggregate indebtedness	\$ <u> </u> --	\$ <u> </u> --
Net capital	\$ <u> 11,411</u>	\$ <u> 11,411</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u> </u> --	<u> </u> --

BAYSTATE CAPITAL SERVICES, INC.
(A Wholly-owned Subsidiary of Monarch Life Insurance Company)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 4-NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS (Cont.)

The Company's excess of net capital over minimum net capital required at December 31, 2001 and 2000, based on its aggregate indebtedness, was \$6,411.

The operations of the Company do not include the physical handling of securities or the maintenance of customer accounts. Accordingly, the reserve provisions of Rule 15c3-3 of the *Securities Exchange Act of 1934* do not apply under the exemptions allowed by paragraphs (d)(1)(I) and (k)(2)(1) of that Rule.

NOTE 5-RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In accordance with various agreements between Monarch Life and the Company, the Company receives various services from Monarch Life, without charge, including accounting and data processing. All other operating expenses of the Company are also borne by Monarch Life.

BAYSTATE CAPITAL SERVICES, INC.
(A Wholly-owned Subsidiary of Monarch Life Insurance Company)
COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1

	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2001</u>
Total stockholder's equity	\$ 11,411
Haircut on nonexempt securities	<u> --</u>
Net capital	<u>\$ 11,411</u>
Aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ --</u>
Minimum net capital required (greater of 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness or \$5,000)	<u>\$ 5,000</u>
Excess net capital	<u>\$ 6,411</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u> --</u>

The above calculation does not differ from the Company's calculation as reported in Part IIA of the FOCUS report.

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder
of Baystate Capital Services, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedule of Baystate Capital Services, Inc. (the "Company"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Monarch Life Insurance Company, for the year ended December 31, 2001, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures, that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in the following:

1. Making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11); and
2. Determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3.

Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13;
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; and
3. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by Rule 15c3-3.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of control and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial

statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of internal control to future periods is subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including procedures for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2001 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

February 21, 2002