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3/18/2002

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-036187
47077

FACING PAGE

**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

FEB 23 2002

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING January 1, 2001 AND ENDING December 31, 2001
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:
Imperial Investments, Ltd.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

71 East Avenue Suite J

(No. and Street)

Norwalk

CT

06851

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Steven J. Alperin

973-808-8801

(Area Code — Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Alperin, Nebbia & Associates, CPA Steven J. Alperin

(Name — if individual, state last, first, middle name)

30 Two Bridges Road, Suite 240

Fairfield

NJ

07004

(Address)

(City)

(State)

Zip Code

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

PROCESSED

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY
MAR 22 2002
THOMSON FINANCIAL

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

SEC 1410 (3-91)

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3/2/02

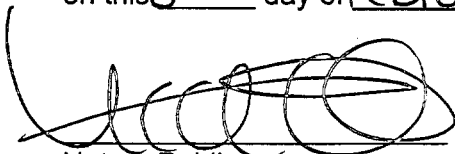
AFFIRMATION

I, James Bernstein, affirm that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2001 and supplemental schedules pertaining to Imperial Investments, Ltd. as of December 31, 2001 are true and correct. I further affirm that neither the partnership nor any partner has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer.

JB 1/31/02
Signature Date

PR / CEO
Title

Subscribed and Sworn to before me
on this 8th day of February, 2002.


Notary Public

NICOLE CHETTA
NOTARY PUBLIC
My Commission Expires Sept. 2005

IMPERIAL INVESTMENTS LTD.

(S.E.C. NO. 8 - 036187)

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2001**

AND

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

AND

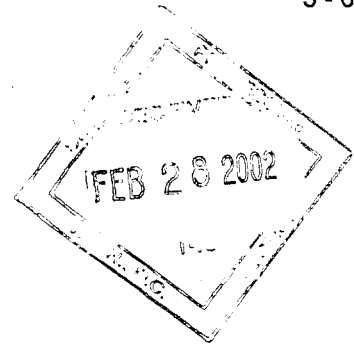
SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE

This report is filed as a PUBLIC document in accordance with
Rule 17a-5(e)(3) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

IMPERIAL INVESTMENTS LTD.

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30 Two Bridges Road
Suite 240
Fairfield, NJ 07004
973/808-8801
Fax 973/808-9897

Steven J. Alperin, CPA
Vincent S. Nebbia, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of
Imperial Investments Ltd.
Norwalk, CT

We have audited the following statement of financial condition of Imperial Investments Ltd. as of December 31, 2001 that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

This financial statement is the responsibility of management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position at December 31, 2001 in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles of the United States of America.

*Alperin, Nebbia
& Associates, CPA, PA*

Alperin, Nebbia & Associates, CPA. PA

Fairfield, New Jersey
February 19, 2002

**IMPERIAL INVESTMENTS LTD.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001**

Note A – Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Business

Imperial Investments Ltd., (the "Company"), is a securities broker-dealer servicing both institutional and retail clients.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and the disclosure of contingencies in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from the estimates included in the financial statements.

Revenue Recognition

The Company generates its revenues principally by providing securities trading and brokerage services. Revenues for these services are transaction based. As a result, the Company's revenues could vary based on the performance of the financial markets.

Securities transactions and related expenses are recorded on a trade date basis. The Company clears all securities transactions through Spear, Leeds & Kellogg, on a fully disclosed basis.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Partnership considers all highly liquid debt instruments with three months or less to maturity at the date of purchase to be cash equivalents.

Income Taxes

Furniture and equipment are depreciated to the extent permitted by Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code and thereafter on a straight-line basis based on estimated lives of five years. This acceleration of depreciation on a book basis to conform to income tax returns is not considered to have a material effect on either the Company's financial statements or net capital computations.

The Company has elected to be taxed as a small business corporation (S corporation) pursuant to Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been included in the financial statements. The stockholder will report any taxable income or loss on his individual income tax return.

Note B – Commitments and Contingencies

The Company uses Spear, Leeds & Kellogg ("Spear") to clear its securities transactions and to provide custodial and other services for which it pays a fee on a per transaction basis and interest on amounts borrowed. In connection with its clearing agreement, the Company must maintain a minimum deposit with Spear of \$50,000.

Pursuant further to its clearing agreement, customers' money balances and security positions are carried on Spear's books. Under certain conditions, the Company has agreed to indemnify Spear for any related losses, if any, that Spear may sustain. Both the Company and Spear monitor collateral on securities transactions to minimize exposure to loss.

**IMPERIAL INVESTMENTS LTD.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001**

Note C – Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2001, the Company had net capital of \$69,579, which was \$44,579 in excess of its required net capital of \$25,000. The Company's net capital ratio was 0.21 to 1.

Note D – Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 107. "Disclosures About Fair Value of Financial Instruments" requires that all entities disclose the fair value of financial instruments, as defined, for both assets and liabilities recognized and not recognized in the statement of financial condition. The Company's financial instruments, as defined, are carried at approximate fair value.

Note E – Employee Benefit Plan

The company maintains a defined contribution money purchase plan covering substantially all employees meeting minimum eligibility requirements.



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Steven J. Alperin, CPA
Vincent S. Nebbia, CPA

Imperial Investments Ltd.
71 East Avenue, Suite J
Norwalk, CT 06851

Dear Sirs:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Imperial Investments Ltd. (the "Company"), for the year ended December 31, 2001, we considered its internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(a)(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons
2. Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies, procedures and of the practices referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives.

Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because if changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted the following condition involving the accounting system and internal control structure:

The size of the business and resultant limited number of employees imposes practical limitations on the effectiveness of those control policies and procedures that depend on the segregation of duties. Because this condition is inherent in the size of the Company, the specific weaknesses are not described herein and no corrective action has been taken or proposed by the Company.

The foregoing condition was considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit procedures to be performed in our audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2001, and this report does not affect our report thereon dated February 19, 2002.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2001, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the National Association of Securities Dealers and other regulatory agencies which may rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers and should not be used for any other purpose.

*Alperin, Nebbia
& Associates, CPA, PA*

Alperin, Nebbia & Associates, CPA. PA

Fairfield, New Jersey
February 19, 2002