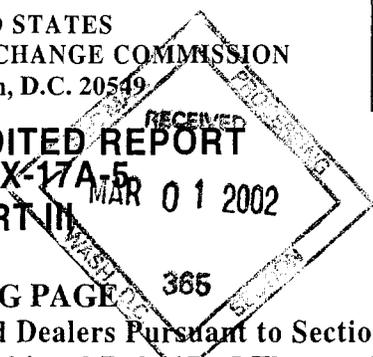




UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

BB 3/5
OMB APPROVAL
OMB Number 3235-0123
Expires: September 30, 1998
Estimated average burden
hours per response ... 12.00

**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**



SEC FILE NUMBER
8-50832

FACING PAGE 365

**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING January 1, 2001 AND ENDING December 31, 2001
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

Lombardi & Company, Inc.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

61 Broadway - 28th Floor

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM ID. NO.

(No. and Street)

New York

New York

10006

(City)

(State)

(Zip code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Gennaro Fulvio

(212) 490-3113

(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Halpern & Associates, LLC

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

143 Weston Road

Weston

CT

06883

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE.

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

PROCESSED
MAR 15 2002
THOMSON
FINANCIAL

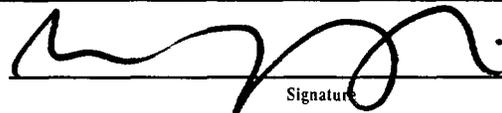
FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

UF 3-14-02

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Gennaro Fulvio, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Lombardi & Company, Inc. as of December 31, 2001, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:



Signature
CFO

Title

Joanne C. Bartmess

Notary Public

JOANNE C. BARTMESS
NOTARY PUBLIC
MY COMMISSION EXPIRES 2/28/05

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claim of creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

"For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

LOMBARDI & COMPANY, INC.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2001

Halpern & Associates, LLC

143 Weston Road • Weston, Connecticut 06883 • (203) 227-0313 • FAX (203) 226-6909 • Info@Halpernassoc.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of
Lombardi & Company, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Lombardi & Company, Inc. as of December 31, 2001. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether this financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Lombardi & Company, Inc. as of December 31, 2001, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Halpern & Associates, LLC

Weston, Connecticut
February 5, 2002

LOMBARDI & COMPANY, INC.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2001

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 622,825
Receivable from brokers and dealers	909,792
Memberships in exchanges: Contributed for the use of the Company, at market value	4,400,000
Other assets	<u>68,221</u>
 TOTAL ASSETS	 <u>\$6,000,838</u>

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY

LIABILITIES	
Exchange memberships - contributed for the use of the Company, at market value	\$4,400,000
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	<u>633,140</u>
 TOTAL LIABILITIES	 <u>5,033,140</u>
 SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY	
Common stock, no par value, authorized 200 shares; issued and outstanding 100 shares	250,000
Retained earnings	<u>717,698</u>
 TOTAL SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY	 <u>967,698</u>
 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY	 <u>\$6,000,838</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

LOMBARDI & COMPANY, INC.

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2001

1. NOTES ON SIGNIFICANT BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

Lombardi & Company, Inc. (the Company) is registered as a broker with the Securities and Exchange Commission. In this capacity, it conducts business as a broker on the floor of the New York Stock Exchange. Execution of transactions for non-member organizations by means of a direct phone access system can also be conducted by the Company.

In the normal course of its business, the Company enters into financial transactions where the risk of potential loss due to changes in market (market risk) or failure of the other party to the transaction to perform (credit risk) exceeds the amounts recorded for the transaction.

The Company's policy is to continuously monitor its exposure to market and counterparty risk through the use of a variety of financial, position and credit exposure reporting and control procedures. In addition, the Company has a policy of reviewing the credit standing of each broker-dealer, clearing organization, customer and/or other counterparty with which it conducts business.

The clearing and depository operations for the Company's transactions are performed by its clearing broker pursuant to the clearance agreement. At December 31, 2001, the receivable from brokers and dealers reflected on the statement of financial condition included \$259,791 due from this clearing broker which was substantially in cash.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company records securities transactions and related revenues and expenses on a trade date basis.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers money market funds to be cash equivalents.

The Company maintains its books and records on the accrual basis for financial statement reporting purposes while using the cash basis for income tax purposes.

LOMBARDI & COMPANY, INC.

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION (Continued)

DECEMBER 31, 2001

3. SEAT LEASE EXPENSE

The Company leases three seats on the floor of the New York Stock Exchange. The lease agreements expire at various points in 2002. Future minimum lease payments pertaining to these agreements amount to \$373,000 for the year ending December 31, 2002.

In addition, the Company leases two seats from the shareholder. The financial statements contain charges of \$609,000 relating to this arrangement.

4. PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES

The Company is recognized as an S-Corporation by the Internal Revenue Service. As an S-Corporation, the Company is subject to New York City General Corporation Tax and a New York State surcharge, while the shareholder is liable for federal and state income taxes on the Company's taxable income.

Deferred taxes result from the recognition of certain items in different periods for financial and tax reporting.

5. PENSION EXPENSE

The Company has an employee non-contributory pension plan with a December 31 year end. The Board of Directors has elected to contribute an amount equal to 15 percent of employee compensation subject to statutory limitations. The expense included in the financial statements is for the plan year ending December 31, 2001.

6. COMMITMENT

Subsequent to year end, the Company entered into a lease for office space under a non-cancellable lease expiring December 31, 2003. The lease contains provisions for escalations based on increases in certain costs incurred by the lessor. Future minimum lease payments on this lease are as follows:

<u>Year ending</u> <u>December 31,</u>	
2002	27,939
2003	<u>27,939</u>
Total	\$55,878

LOMBARDI & COMPANY, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001

7. RULE 15C3-3

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under paragraph (k)(2)(A) in that the Company carries no margin accounts, promptly transmits all customer funds and delivers all securities received, does not otherwise hold funds or securities for or owe money or securities to customers and effectuates all financial transactions on behalf of customers on a fully disclosed basis.

8. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Net Capital Rule 15c3-1, which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2001, the Company had net capital of \$849,477 which exceeded the minimum requirement of \$42,209 by \$795,311. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was .76 to 1.

LOMBARDI & COMPANY, INC.

ACCOUNTANTS' SUPPLEMENTARY
REPORT ON
INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001

Halpern & Associates, LLC

143 Weston Road • Weston, Connecticut 06883 • (203) 227-0313 • FAX (203) 226-6909 • Info@Halpernassoc.com

ACCOUNTANTS' SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL

To the Shareholder of
Lombardi & Company, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Lombardi & Company, Inc. (the Company), for the year ended December 31, 2001, we considered its internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5 (g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgements by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with

reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2001 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report recognizes that it is not practicable in an organization the size of Lombardi & Company, Inc. to achieve all the divisions and duties and cross-checks generally included in a system of internal accounting control and that alternatively greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management.

This report is intended solely for the use of Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the New York Stock Exchange and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and should not be used for any other purpose.

Halpern & Associates, LLC

Weston, Connecticut
February 5, 2002