



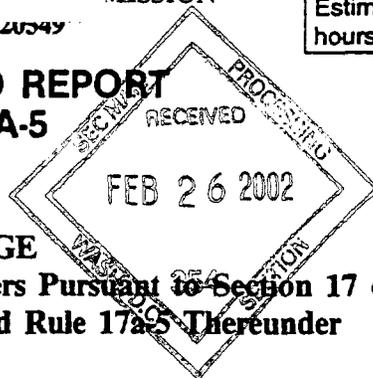
19 2/28

SO
Buller

SECURIT 02006417 MISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

OMB APPROVAL
OMB Number: 3235-0123
Expires: September 30, 1998
Estimated average burden
hours per response . . . 12.00

**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**



SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 44816

FACING PAGE

**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 2001 AND ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2001
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

BROWN, GIBBONS, LANG & COMPANY SECURITIES, INC.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

1111 SUPERIOR AVENUE, SUITE 900

(No. and Street)

CLEVELAND

OHIO

44114

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

MICHAEL E. GIBBONS

(216) 241-2800

(Area Code — Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

HAUSSER + TAYLOR LLP

(Name — if individual, state last, first, middle name)

1001 LAKESIDE AVENUE E., SUITE 1400

CLEVELAND

OHIO

44114

(Address)

(City)

(State)

Zip Code

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

PROCESSED

MAR 22 2002

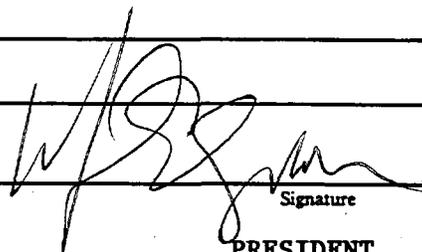
FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY
THOMSON FINANCIAL

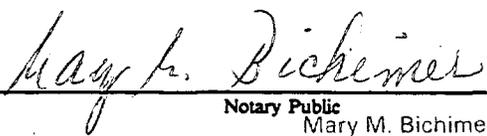
*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

3/22/02
SS

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, MICHAEL E. GIBBONS, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of BROWN, GIBBONS, LANG & COMPANY SECURITIES, INC., as of DECEMBER 31, 2001, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:


Signature
PRESIDENT
Title


Notary Public
Mary M. Bichimer, Notary Public
State of Ohio, Commission Expires
March 28, 2003
27

Thomas M West
Chief Financial Officer

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

**BROWN, GIBBONS, LANG & COMPANY
SECURITIES, INC.**

FORM X-17A-5

PART III

DECEMBER 31, 2001

BROWN, GIBBONS, LANG & COMPANY SECURITIES, INC.

CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
FACING PAGE	1
OATH OR AFFIRMATION	2
AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	3
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of financial condition	4
Statement of income	5
Statement of stockholders' equity	6
Statement of cash flows	7
Notes to financial statements	8-9
AUDITORS' REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	10
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Computation of net capital	11
Reconciliation of net capital pursuant to rule 17a-5(d)(4)	11
Computation of basic net capital requirements	12
Computation of aggregate indebtedness	12
Claim for exemption provision under rule 15c3-3	12
AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL	13-14



HAUSSER + TAYLOR LLP

Business advisors and certified public accountants

1400 North Point Tower • 1001 Lakeside Avenue • Cleveland, Ohio 44114-1152 216/523-1905 • FAX: 216/522-1490 • www.hausser.com

To the Stockholders
Brown, Gibbons, Lang & Company Securities, Inc.
Cleveland, Ohio

Independent Auditors' Report

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Brown, Gibbons, Lang & Company Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2001, and the related statements of income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial condition of Brown, Gibbons, Lang & Company Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2001, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Hausser + Taylor LLP

Cleveland, Ohio
January 31, 2002

BROWN, GIBBONS, LANG & COMPANY SECURITIES, INC.

FORM X-17A-5

PART III

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

December 31, 2001

<u>ASSETS</u>	<u>Allowable</u>	<u>Non-Allowable</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$876,884	\$ -	\$ 876,884
Other assets:			
Accounts receivable	<u>-</u>	<u>170,000</u>	<u>170,000</u>
Total assets	<u>\$876,884</u>	<u>\$170,000</u>	<u>\$1,046,884</u>
<u>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</u>	<u>A.I. Liabilities</u>	<u>Non-A.I. Liabilities</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Accounts payable	\$ 2,960	\$ -	\$ 2,960
Accrued expenses	21,479	-	21,479
Deferred revenue	<u>190,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>190,000</u>
Total liabilities	<u>\$214,439</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	214,439
<u>STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</u>			
Common stock, without par value			
Authorized – 1,500 shares			
Issued and outstanding – 800 shares			15,000
Additional paid-in-capital			23,248
Retained earnings			<u>794,197</u>
Total stockholders' equity			<u>832,445</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity			<u>\$1,046,884</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BROWN, GIBBONS, LANG & COMPANY SECURITIES, INC.

FORM X-17A-5

PART III

STATEMENT OF INCOME

Year Ended December 31, 2001

REVENUE		
Fee income	\$3,530,041	
Interest income	<u>7,702</u>	\$3,537,743
EXPENSES		
Management fees	3,476,000	
Professional service fees	26,475	
Memberships and licenses	9,955	
Dues	6,491	
Finders' fees	5,323	
Insurance	2,350	
Education and training	1,891	
Miscellaneous expenses	99	
Interest expense	<u>77</u>	
Total expenses		<u>3,528,661</u>
NET INCOME BEFORE PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES		9,082
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES		<u>5,208</u>
NET INCOME		<u>\$ 3,874</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BROWN, GIBBONS, LANG & COMPANY SECURITIES, INC.

FORM X-17A-5

PART III

STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Year Ended December 31, 2001

BALANCE – BEGINNING	\$829,031
ADDITION	
Net income	3,874
DEDUCTION	
Stock redemption	<u>(460)</u>
BALANCE – ENDING	<u>\$832,445</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BROWN, GIBBONS, LANG & COMPANY SECURITIES, INC.

FORM X-17A-5

PART III

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year Ended December 31, 2001

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Net income	\$ 3,874
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Decrease in accounts receivable	\$557,500
Decrease in accounts payable	(3,526)
Increase in accrued expenses	6,517
Increase in deferred revenue	<u>190,000</u>
Total adjustments	<u>750,491</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>754,365</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Stock redemption	<u>(460)</u>
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	753,905
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>122,979</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	<u><u>\$876,884</u></u>
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:	
Cash paid during the year for:	
Local income taxes	\$ 5,131
Interest	77

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BROWN, GIBBONS, LANG & COMPANY SECURITIES, INC.

FORM X-17A-5

PART III

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- A. Organization and Operation – Brown, Gibbons, Lang & Company Securities, Inc. was incorporated on July 29, 1991 under the name of BG Securities, Inc. The name was later changed to Brown, Gibbons, Lang & Company Securities, Inc. The Company conducts an investment banking business and acts as agent in securities transactions with qualified institutional investors. Brown, Gibbons, Lang & Company Securities, Inc. is a registered broker dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission, the NASD and the State of Ohio Division of Securities.
- B. Use of Estimates – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- C. Cash and Cash Equivalents – The Company considers short-term mutual funds to be cash equivalents. The Company places its temporary cash investments with high credit quality financial institutions, which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits.
- D. Fee Income – Fee income is contingent upon the realization of predetermined contractual results; consequently, fees are recognized when the earning process is complete and income is realized.
- E. Income Taxes – Effective April 1, 1996, the Company has elected to be taxed under the provisions of subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. Under these provisions, the Company does not pay federal or state corporate income taxes on its taxable income. Instead, the stockholders are liable for individual federal and state income taxes on their respective shares of the Company's taxable income. The Company is responsible for city income taxes.

Note 2. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

At December 31, 2001, the Company has accounts receivable of \$5,000 due from a stockholder and accounts payable totaling \$2,960 due to two former stockholders. The Company also incurred management fees of \$3,476,000 in 2001 from Brown Gibbons, Lang & Company, L.P., an affiliate related through common ownership.

BROWN, GIBBONS, LANG & COMPANY SECURITIES, INC.

FORM X-17A-5

PART III

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 3. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and the rule of the "applicable" exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). Net capital and the related net capital ratio may fluctuate on a daily basis. At December 31, 2001, the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of \$649,594 and \$14,295, respectively. The Company's net capital ratio was .33 to 1.

Note 4. REPORT DISCLOSURE

Part IIA of the Brown, Gibbons, Lang & Company Securities, Inc. Focus Report (Form X-17A-5), dated December 31, 2001, to the Securities and Exchange Commission is available for examination and copying at the office of the Company in Cleveland, Ohio, and at the Chicago, Illinois, regional office of the Commission.

Note 5. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

There is currently a legal action pending against the Company. In the opinion of management, liabilities, if any, arising from such claims will not have a material effect upon the financial condition of the Company.



HAUSSER & TAYLOR LLP

Business advisors and certified public accountants

1400 North Point Tower • 1001 Lakeside Avenue • Cleveland, Ohio 44114-1152 216/523-1905 • FAX: 216/522-1490 • www.hausser.com

To the Stockholders
Brown, Gibbons, Lang & Company Securities, Inc.
Cleveland, Ohio

We have audited the financial statements of Brown, Gibbons, Lang & Company Securities, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2001, and have issued our report thereon dated January 31, 2002. Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on pages 11 through 12 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Hausser & Taylor LLP

Cleveland, Ohio
January 31, 2002

BROWN, GIBBONS, LANG & COMPANY SECURITIES, INC.

FORM X-17A-5

PART III

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

December 31, 2001

Total stockholders' equity from statement of financial condition		\$832,445
Deductions and/or charges:		
Total non-allowable assets from statement of financial condition	\$170,000	
Haircuts on securities	<u>12,851</u>	<u>182,851</u>
Net capital		<u>\$649,594</u>

RECONCILIATION OF NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5(d)(4)

December 31, 2001

Net capital per unaudited broker-dealer computation		\$649,594
Adjustments		<u>-</u>
Net capital per audited computation above		<u>\$649,594</u>

BROWN, GIBBONS, LANG & COMPANY SECURITIES, INC.

FORM X-17A-5

PART III

COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

December 31, 2001

Minimum net capital requirement	<u>\$ 14,295</u>
Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer	<u>\$ 5,000</u>
Net capital requirement	<u>\$ 14,295</u>
Excess net capital	<u>\$635,299</u>
Excess net capital at 1000%	<u>\$628,150</u>

COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS

December 31, 2001

Total A.I. Liabilities from Statement of Financial Condition	<u>\$214,439</u>
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>33%</u>

CLAIM FOR EXEMPTION PROVISION UNDER RULE 15c3-3

December 31, 2001

(k)(2)(A) – Broker deals primarily in arranging private placements of debt and equity for corporate issuers, principally with institutional purchasers, carries no margin accounts, and does not hold funds or securities for customers.



To the Stockholders
Brown, Gibbons, Lang & Company Securities, Inc.
Cleveland, Ohio

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Brown, Gibbons, Lang & Company Securities, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2001 we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons.
2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2001 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission and other regulatory agencies which rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Hausser + Taylor LLP

Cleveland, Ohio
January 31, 2002