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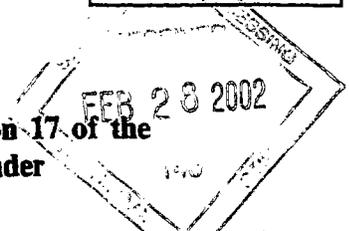
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549



ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

3/4/02

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-053034



FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING January 1, 2001 AND ENDING December 31, 2001
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

Platinum Investment Corp.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

1 HSBC Plaza, Suite 1610

(No. and Street)

Rochester, NY 14604

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Dominic Antonucci

716-697-0220

(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Alperin, Nebbia & Associates, CPA, PA

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

30 Two Bridges Road, Suite 240

Fairfield

NJ

07004

(Address)

(City)

(State)

Zip Code

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

PROCESSED
MAR 08 2002

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THOMAS
FINANCIAL

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

AFFIRMATION

I, Dominic Antonucci, affirm that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statements for the period ended December 31, 2001 and supplemental schedules pertaining to Platinum Investment Corp. as of December 31, 2001 are true and correct. I further affirm that neither the Corporation nor any officer has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer.

Don Antonucci 2/25/02
Signature Date
President
Title

Subscribed and Sworn to before me
on this 25th day of Feb, 2002

Margaret Anton 2/27/02
Notary Public

**PLATINUM INVESTMENT CORP.
(S.E.C. NO. 8-053034)**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
AND
SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE**

This report is filed as a PUBLIC document in accordance with
Rule 17a-5(e)(3) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

PLATINUM INVESTMENT CORP.

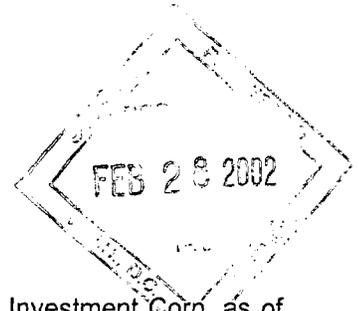
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30 Two Bridges Road
Suite 240
Fairfield, NJ 07004
973/808-8801
Fax 973/808-9897

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of
Platinum Investment Corp.
Rochester, NY



We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Platinum Investment Corp. as of December 31, 2001, that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act 1934.

This financial statement is the responsibility of management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Platinum Investment Corp. at December 31, 2001 in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles of the United States of America.

*Alperin, Nebbia
& Associates, CPA, PA*

ALPERIN, NEBBIA & ASSOCIATES, CPA, PA

Fairfield, New Jersey
February 18, 2002

**PLATINUM INVESTMENT CORP.
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 2001**

ASSETS

Assets:

Receivable from clearing broker	\$	86,534
Securities, at market value		334,736
Other assets		<u>74,449</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	<u>495,719</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Liabilities:

Accrued expenses and other liabilities	\$	361
Securities sold, not yet purchased		35,353
Due to clearing broker		<u>155,566</u>
Total liabilities		191,280

Commitments and Contingencies

Stockholders' Equity		<u>304,439</u>
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	<u>\$</u>	<u>495,719</u>

PLATINUM INVESTMENT CORP.
NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 2001

Note A – Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

Platinum Investment Corp., (the "Company"), is a securities broker-dealer which principally serves institutional investors.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and the disclosure of contingencies in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from the estimates included in the financial statements

Revenue Recognition

The Company generates its revenues principally by providing securities trading and brokerage services to institutional investors. Revenues for these services could vary based on the performance of financial markets around the world.

Securities transactions and related expenses are recorded on a trade date basis. The Company clears all securities transactions through Investec on a fully disclosed basis.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include investments in money market funds. Marketable securities are valued at market value with the resulting difference between cost and market included in income.

Income Taxes

Furniture and equipment are depreciated to the extent permitted by Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code and thereafter on a straight-line basis based on estimated lives of five years. This acceleration of depreciation on a book basis to conform to income tax returns is not considered to have a material effect on either the Company's financial statements or net capital computations. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the economic useful life of the improvement or the term of the lease.

Note B – Commitment and Contingencies

In the normal course of business, the Company executes, as agent, transactions on behalf of customers. If the agency transactions do not settle because of failure to perform by either the customer or the counter party, the Company may be obligated to discharge the obligation of the non-performing party and, as a result, may incur a loss if the market value of the security is different from the contract amount of the transactions. The Company does not anticipate nonperformance by customers or counterparts. The Company has a policy of reviewing, as considered necessary, the credit standing of customers and counter parties with which it conducts business.

PLATINUM INVESTMENT CORP.
NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 2001

Note C – Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 8 to 1. At December 31, 2001 the Company had net capital of \$434,334, which was \$334,334 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000. The Company's net capital ratio was 0.0008 to 1.

Note D – Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 107. "Disclosures About Fair Value of Financial Instruments" requires that all entities disclose the fair value of financial instruments, as defined, for both assets and liabilities recognized and not recognized in the statement of financial condition. The Company's financial instruments, as defined, are carried at approximate fair value.

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Platinum Investment Corp..
Rochester, NY

Dear Sirs:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Platinum Investment Corp. (the "Company"), for the year ended December 31, 2001, we considered its internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(a)(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons
2. Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies, procedures and of the practices referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives.

Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because if changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted the following condition involving the accounting system and internal control structure:

The size of the business and resultant limited number of employees imposes practical limitations on the effectiveness of those control policies and procedures that depend on the segregation of duties. Because this condition is inherent in the size of the Company, the specific weaknesses are not described herein and no corrective action has been taken or proposed by the Company.

The foregoing condition was considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit procedures to be performed in our audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2001, and this report does not affect our report thereon dated February 18, 2001.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph and of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that, except for the effect, if any, of the condition indicated in the preceding paragraph, the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2001 to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the National Association of Securities Dealers and other regulatory agencies which may rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers and should not be used for any other purpose.

*Alperin, Nebbia
& Associates, CPA, PA*

ALPERIN, NEBBIA & ASSOCIATES, CPA. PA

Fairfield, New Jersey
February 18, 2002