#### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

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### ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5** PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER 52646

FINANCIAL

FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 Of the 2002 Securities Exhange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINN	ING January 1 MM/DD/YY	, 2001 AND ENDIN	N	mber 31, 200 MM/DD/YY
A	REGISTRANT ID	ENTIFICATION	~	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: PJ	BC Securities	LLC	OF	FICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE O	F BUSINESS: (Do not	use P.O. Box No.)		FIRM I.D. NO.
640 Fifth Av	venue - 13th F (No. and			
New_York_		NY	100	19
(City)	. (	State)	(Zip Cod	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER  John Marc		FACT IN REGARD TO TH	212	– 399 – 6555 Code – Telephone Number)
В.	ACCOUNTANT ID	ENTIFICATION	<del></del>	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNT Rosenblatt, Ba	_	ontained in this Report* & Katzen, LLP		
	(Name – if individua	l, state last, first, middle name)	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
121 Summerhill	L Road Eas	t Brunswick, NJ	08816	
(Address)	(City)	<del></del>	State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:				
🖾 Certified Public Accoun	tant			
☐ Public Accountant				
☐ Accountant not resident	in United States or any	of its possessions.		PRÓCESSED
	FOR OFFICIA	L USE ONLY		MAR Z 7 2002
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\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual perfort be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

### OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, John Marcus	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and
• • •	ement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
PIBC Securities LLC	, as of
	, 2001, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither
the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal	officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely
as that of a customer, except as follows:	
N/A	
	<u> </u>
	/ // Varanz
	Signature
	(140,180,190)
SAMDRA	MORGAN Title
. \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	MONGAN  State of New York  4713771
Qualified in	Kings Country
Notary Public Commission E	(ANGS 7-3/20)
This report ** contains (Sheck all applicable box	es):
(a) Facing Page.	
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.  (c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
(d) Statement of Changer in Francisk Caux	XXXXX Cash Flows
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' I	Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Sub-	ordinated to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	D 1 15 2 2
☐ (h) Computation for Determination of Reser ☐ (i) Information Relating to the Possession of	
	explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the
07	eserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	nd unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation.	
(l) An Oath or Affirmation.  (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report	
	rt. acies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
(o) Independent auditors'	report on internal accounting control.
**For conditions of confidential treatment of con	rtain partians of this filing see section 240 17a-5(e)(3)

PIBC SECURITIES LLC
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2001

# Rosenblatt, Bass, Margulies & Katzen, LLP Certified Public Accountants

To the Member PIBC Securities LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of PIBC Securities LLC (the Company) as of December 31, 2001, and the related statements of income, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of PIBC Securities LLC at December 31, 2001, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedule I, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Rosenblatt, Bass, Margulies, & Katzen, LLP

East Brunswick, New Jersey

March 4, 2002

# PIBC SECURITIES LLC STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2001

#### **ASSETS**

Cash in bank

\$ 18,093

**Total Assets** 

\$ 18,093

#### LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY

Liabilities

Accrued expenses

\$ 3,550

**Total Liabilities** 

\$ 3,550

Member's Equity

14,543

Total Liabilities and Member's Equity

\$ 18,093

## PIBC SECURITIES LLC STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001

Revenues	
Consulting fees	\$ 31,474
Francisco	
Expenses	
Consulting fees	1,323
Insurance	350
Reimbursed expenses	20,000
Accounting fees	2,000
Bank charges	34
Regulatory expenses and assessments	886
Expense refund	(200)
	(237)
Total Expenses	24,393
	<del></del>
Net Income before other income	7,081
Other Income	
Interest	2
Net Income	\$ 7,083

## PIBC SECURITES LLC STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001

 Member's equity - January 1, 2001
 \$ 7,460

 Net income
 7,083

Member's equity - December 31, 2001 \$ 14,543

## PIBC SECURITIES LLC STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net income	\$ 7,083
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:	
Decrease in operating liabilities:	
Accrued expenses	(1,050)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 6,033
Cash at beginning of year	12,060
Cash at end of year	\$ 18,093
Supplemental cash flows disclosures:	
Income tax payments	\$ -0-
Interest payments	\$ -0-

#### PIBC SECURITIES LLC

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

#### 1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

The Company is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers (NASD). PIBC Securities LLC (the Company) is a New York Limited Liability Company.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company is engaged in the business of providing investment banking and advisory services. The Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, and therefore claims an exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3.

#### 3. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and the rule of the "applicable" exchange also provides that the equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). At December 31, 2001, the Company had net capital of \$ 14,543 which was \$9,543 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company's net capital ratio was .25 to 1.

#### 4. INCOME TAXES

The Company is a one member Limited Liability Company and, therefore is considered a disregarded entity for income tax purposes. The Company's revenues and expenses are included on its member's (owner's) income tax return. Therefore, these financial statements do not include any provision for income taxes.

#### 5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company is wholly owned by The Private Investment Banking Company LLC (PIBC). During the year ended December 31, 2001, the Company paid to PIBC \$20,000 as reimbursed expenses.

# PIBC SECURITIES LLC COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2001

#### **SCHEDULE I**

Allowable assets from Statement of Financial Condition: Cash	\$ 18,093
Liabilities from Statement of Financial Condition: Accrued expenses	(3,550)
Net Capital	\$ 14,543
Aggregate Indebtedness Items included in Statement of Financial Condition: Accrued expenses	\$ 3,550
Total Aggregate Indebtedness	\$ 3,550
Computation of basic net capital requirement Minimum dollar net capital required	\$ 5,000
Excess net capital	\$ 9,543
Excess net capital at 1,000 percent	\$ 14,188
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital	.25 to 1
Reconciliation with company's computation (included in Part II of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2001)  Net capital, as reported in Company's Part II (unaudited) FOCUS report	\$ 14,043
Audit adjustment to decrease accrued expenses	500
Net Capital Per Above	\$ 14,543

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17A - 5

# Rosenblatt, Bass, Margulies & Katzen, LLP Certified Public Accountants

To the Member PIBC Securities LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of PIBC Securities LLC (the Company), for the year ended December 31, 2001, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors and the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

#### Page two

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2001, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the member, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Rosenblatt, Bass, Margulies, & Katzen, LLP

East Brunswick, New Jersey

March 4, 2002