

U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-QSB

(Mark One)

X Quarterly Report Under Section 13 or 15(d) of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended December 29, 2001

 Transaction Report Under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 000-04169

SYS

(Exact Name of Small Business Issuer as Specified in Its Charter)

California

(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

95-2467354

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

9620 Chesapeake Drive, Suite 201, San Diego, California 92123

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(858) 715-5500

(Issuer's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, if Changed
Since Last Report)

Check whether the issuer: (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes X No

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common equity, as of the latest practicable date: 4,573,510 shares of common stock, without par value, as of February 6, 2002.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one):

Yes No X

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page Number
PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION		
Item 1.	Financial Statements	
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet (unaudited)	
	December 29, 2001	3
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (unaudited)	
	Three Months and Six Months Ended December 29, 2001 and Three Months and Six Months Ended December 30, 2000 ..	4
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)	
	Six Months Ended December 29, 2001 and Six Months Ended December 30, 2000	5
	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)	6
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operations	
	Description of Business	10
	Results of Operations	13
	Liquidity and Capital Resources	13
Item 2a.	Factors Which May Affect Future Results	14
PART II - OTHER INFORMATION		
Item 1.	Legal Proceedings	17
Item 2.	Changes in Securities	17
Item 3.	Defaults Upon Senior Securities	17
Item 4.	Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders	18
Item 5.	Other Information	18
Item 6.	Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K	18
SIGNATURES		19

PART I
FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

SYS
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

	Dec. 29, 2001
	(Unaudited)
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 982,000
Contract receivables, net	3,889,000
Deferred tax assets	81,000
Other current assets	115,000
Total current assets	5,067,000
Furniture and equipment, net	572,000
Capitalized software, net	381,000
Other assets	146,000
	<u>\$ 6,166,000</u>
LIABILITIES & STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Current liabilities:	
Note payable to bank under line of credit	\$ 1,079,000
Accounts payable	424,000
Accrued payroll and related taxes	665,000
Other accrued liabilities	28,000
Current portion of related party note payable	10,000
Current portion of other notes payable	33,000
Current portion of capital lease obligations	46,000
Total current liabilities	2,285,000
Notes payable, net of current portion	852,000
Related party note payable, net of current portion	38,000
Capital lease obligations, net of current portion	122,000
Total liabilities	3,297,000
Stockholders' equity:	
4% convertible preferred stock; 110,000 shares issued and outstanding	55,000
9% convertible preference stock; 69,781 shares issued and outstanding	70,000
Common stock; 4,411,010 shares issued and outstanding	1,500,000
Unearned ESOP compensation	(53,000)
Loans to Company officers	(64,000)
Retained earnings	1,361,000
Total stockholders' equity	2,869,000
	<u>\$ 6,166,000</u>

SYS
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(Unaudited)

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	December 29, 2001	December 30, 2000	December 29, 2001	December 30, 2000
Contract revenues	\$ 3,481,000	\$ 2,795,000	\$ 7,015,000	\$ 5,490,000
Costs and expenses:				
Contract costs	3,012,000	2,173,000	5,999,000	4,279,000
General and administrative	238,000	425,000	593,000	870,000
Totals	3,250,000	2,598,000	6,592,000	5,149,000
Income from operations	231,000	197,000	423,000	341,000
Other (income) expenses:				
Interest income	(1,000)	(4,000)	(2,000)	(6,000)
Interest expense	33,000	17,000	68,000	39,000
Gain on sale and disposition of equipment	0	0	(5,000)	0
Totals	32,000	13,000	61,000	33,000
Income before income taxes	199,000	184,000	362,000	308,000
Provision for income taxes	82,000	67,000	145,000	109,000
Net income	117,000	117,000	217,000	199,000
Dividends on preferred shares	1,000	1,000	4,000	4,000
Net income applicable to common stock	\$ 116,000	\$ 116,000	\$ 213,000	\$ 195,000
Basic earnings per common share	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.06
Diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.06

SYS
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

	Six months ended	
	December 29, 2001	December 30, 2000
Operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 217,000	\$ 199,000
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	100,000	76,000
Issuance of stock as compensation	15,000	0
Increase in allowance for doubtful accounts	105,000	0
Gain on sale and disposition of equipment	(5,000)	0
Release of ESOP shares for compensation	0	25,000
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Contract receivables	(1,185,000)	(718,000)
Other receivables	57,000	18,000
Other current assets	(85,000)	(3,000)
Other assets	(38,000)	(68,000)
Accounts payable	260,000	(94,000)
Accrued payroll and related taxes	139,000	40,000
Income taxes payable	(148,000)	(91,000)
Other accrued liabilities	15,000	(80,000)
Net cash used in operating activities	(553,000)	(696,000)
Investing activities:		
Acquisition of furniture and equipment	(212,000)	(123,000)
Proceeds from sale of equipment	5,000	0
Capitalization of software costs	(121,000)	0
Net cash used in investing activities	(328,000)	(123,000)
Financing activities:		
Net line of credit borrowings	359,000	552,000
Proceeds from private offering	742,000	0
Payments on other notes payable and capital leases	(21,000)	(13,000)
Payments of preference stock dividends	(4,000)	(4,000)
Proceeds from issuance of common shares	762,000	0
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,838,000	535,000
Net increase (decrease) in cash	957,000	(284,000)
Cash at beginning of period	25,000	311,000
Cash at end of period	\$ 982,000	\$ 27,000
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow data:		
Interest paid	\$ 52,000	\$ 37,000
Income taxes paid	\$ 293,000	\$ 201,000
Supplemental disclosure of noncash investing and financing activities:		
Loans to Company officers	\$ 64,000	
Acquisition of equipment under capital lease obligations	\$ 26,000	

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) In the opinion of the Registrant, the unaudited financial information in this report reflects all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring accruals, which are considered necessary to a fair presentation of its financial position as of December 29, 2001 and its results of operations and cash flows for the periods shown. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to SEC regulations. It is suggested that these financial statements be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements included in the Registrant's Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001.

(2) Basic net earnings per common share is calculated by dividing net income applicable to common stock by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The calculation of diluted earnings per common share is similar to that of basic earnings per common share, except that the denominator is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if all potentially dilutive common shares, principally those issuable upon the conversion of preferred stock and the exercise of stock options, were issued during the period and the numerator is adjusted to eliminate preferred and preference stock dividend requirements.

The following table summarizes the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per common share for each period:

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	Dec. 29 2001	Dec. 30, 2000	Dec. 29, 2001	Dec. 30, 2000
Numerators:				
Net income (A)	\$ 117,000	\$ 117,000	\$ 217,000	\$ 199,000
Deduct - preferred and preference dividend requirements	1,000	1,000	4,000	4,000
Net income applicable to common stock (B)	<u>\$ 116,000</u>	<u>\$ 116,000</u>	<u>\$ 213,000</u>	<u>\$ 195,000</u>
Denominators:				
Weighted average shares for basic net earnings per common share (C)	3,647,163	3,362,732	3,647,163	3,362,732
Add effects of dilutive securities from assumed exercise of stock options	179,617	5,144	185,655	6,669
Weighted average shares for diluted net earnings per common share (D)	<u>3,826,780</u>	<u>3,367,876</u>	<u>3,832,818</u>	<u>3,369,401</u>

Basic net earnings per common share (B/C)	<u>\$ 0.03</u>	<u>\$ 0.03</u>	<u>\$ 0.06</u>	<u>\$ 0.06</u>
Diluted net earnings per common share (B/D)	<u>\$ 0.03</u>	<u>\$ 0.03</u>	<u>\$ 0.06</u>	<u>\$ 0.06</u>

(3) The results of operations for the six months ended December 29, 2001, are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

(4) The Company's fiscal year runs from July 1 through June 30. The Company uses the 5-4-4 weeks per period method for each quarter; periods one (July) and twelve (June) may vary slightly in the actual number of days due to the beginning and end of each fiscal year.

(5) The Company's primary source of liquidity is its \$1,500,000 revolving line of credit facility under a loan agreement with Comerica Bank-California that expires on December 28, 2003. The loan is collateralized by all of the Company's assets including contract receivables. Comerica Bank-California advances funds to the Company of up to 80% of the Company's billed contract receivables which are less than 90 days old. Comerica Bank-California charges an interest rate of 0.750% over prime.

(6) On May 4, 2001, a business combination between Testmasters, Inc. and SYS was completed, whereupon SYS exchanged 200,000 shares of its common stock for all of Testmasters, Inc. outstanding common stock. The transaction was accounted for as a pooling of interests. As a result, Testmasters, Inc. became a wholly-owned subsidiary of SYS. The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the prior year have been restated to give effect to the combination. The following is a reconciliation of the amounts of revenues and net income previously reported for the six months ended 12/30/2000 with restated amounts:

	<u>Revenues</u>	<u>Net Income</u>
As previously reported	<u>\$4,689,000</u>	<u>\$160,000</u>
Testmasters, Inc.	\$ 801,000	\$ 39,000
SYS	<u>4,689,000</u>	<u>160,000</u>
As restated	<u>\$5,490,000</u>	<u>\$199,000</u>

(7) The Company reports segment sales in the same format reviewed by the Company's Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM"). The CODM identifies the Company's segments based on the customer base. These segments offer services to different markets in accordance with their customer base. Accordingly, the Company's two business segments are centered on the operations associated with the SYS Government Services Division ("SYS") and the Testmasters Division ("Testmasters"). All of the Company's operations are conducted in the United States. The Company evaluates the performance of each segment based on income or loss before income taxes. The Company has no significant intersegment sales or transfers.

Net revenues, income (loss) before provision for income taxes and other related segment information for the first six months of fiscal years 2002 and 2001 follows:

	SYS	Testmasters	Total
2002			
Net revenues	\$6,798,000	\$217,000	\$7,015,000
Income (loss) before provision for income taxes	451,000	(89,000)	362,000
Depreciation and amortization	81,000	19,000	100,000
Total assets	5,833,000	333,000	6,166,000
	SYS	Testmasters	Total
2001			
Net revenues	\$4,689,000	\$801,000	\$5,490,000
Income before provision for income taxes	269,000	39,000	308,000
Depreciation and amortization	59,000	17,000	76,000
Total assets	2,789,000	538,000	3,327,000

(8) Changes in Securities

On October 15, 2001, two Company employees each exercised stock options of 5,000 shares of common stock, a total of 10,000 shares. The conversion price was \$1.00 per share.

On November 13, 2001, two officers of the Company exercised stock options totaling 90,000 shares of common stock (Charles E. Vandever, 40,000 and Michael W. Fink, 50,000). The conversion price was \$0.71 per share for both officers. The Company loaned Messrs. Vandever and Fink the funds required to exercise their stock options; the total amount loaned was approximately \$64,000. On the same day, one other Company employee exercised a stock option for 1,000 shares of common stock. The conversion price was \$0.73 per share.

On November 15, 2001, the Company's Chairman and CEO, W. Gerald Newmin, exercised stock options totaling 13,645 shares of common stock. The conversion price for 12,000 of the shares was \$0.75 per share; the conversion price for the remainder was \$0.68 per share.

On October 3, 2001, the Company entered into an agreement with Scripps Ventures, Inc. in which Scripps Ventures acted as a finder while assisting the Company in the raising of capital through a Private Placement offering (the "Offering"), a maximum of \$1,500,000 was authorized by the Board at its September 26, 2001 meeting. The Offering consists of 30 units priced at \$50,000 each. Each buyer of a unit will receive 25,000 shares of Company common stock and a three-year convertible note for \$25,000. The note is convertible into common stock at \$1.00 per share and pays 10% interest. The Company successfully raised \$1,500,000 through November 16, 2001, and the Board of Directors amended the plan at its meeting on November 20 by increasing the maximum amount to \$2,000,000. The Company paid its finder, Scripps Ventures, \$178,750 for its services. The raised capital will be used by the Company to continue its growth. Subsequent to December 29, 2001, the private placement was completely sold out which means that 1,000,000 shares of

common stock was distributed and the Company has \$1,000,000 in three year convertible notes.

During the period from October through December, 2001, the Company issued 831,250 shares of its common stock (no par value) and \$831,250 in three year convertible notes in exchange for cash. Subsequent to the end of the second quarter, the Company issued an additional 168,750 shares of its common stock (no par value) and \$168,750 in three year convertible notes in exchange for cash. Each of the 26 purchasers were sophisticated persons and each had a pre-existing relationship with the Company or the Company's finder, Scripps Ventures. All of the shares were issued pursuant to Section 4(2) and 4(6) of the Securities Act of 1933 and Rule 506 of Regulation D thereunder. The shares were issued without an underwriter.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operations

The following discussion contains forward-looking statements, which describe risks and uncertainties involving the Company. Such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding future events and the Company's plans and expectations. The Company's actual results may differ significantly from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors including, but not limited to, those discussed herein.

Description of Business

The Company provides engineering, management and technical services. The Company was formed and incorporated in the State of California in 1966 as Systems Associates, Inc. It became a public corporation in 1968, and engaged in systems analysis, systems engineering, computer services and software for Government and industry. In addition to providing these services, the Company conducted other business activities in computer network operations and software applications, water resources development and management, and in engineering services for sanitary waste development and construction management, which it subsequently sold (1975) to other companies. The Company changed its name to Systems Associates, Inc. of California on December 4, 1979, and, as of March 18, 1985, it was changed to SYS. The Company corporate offices were moved to San Diego, California in February 19, 1984, from Long Beach, California. On May 4, 2001, the Company purchased all of the stock of Testmasters, Inc. Testmasters is now a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

The Company provides engineering, management and technical consulting services to various agencies of the United States Government and private industry as a prime contractor and as a subcontractor. The specific services provided are primarily in the fields of:

Systems Engineering	Management and Analysis Consulting
Naval Architecture and Marine Engineering	Software Development & Testing
Program Management	Information Management Systems
Environmental Engineering	Logistics Analysis and Engineering
Electronic Record Management	Cost Analysis and Forecasting
Information Operations	Theater Assessment Profiling
Effects Based Planning	Total Ownership Cost

The Company acquired Testmasters, Inc. in May of 2001. Within this document, the Company will be showing consolidated financial information. The term "government services group" means the Company less Testmasters.

The Underway Replenishment (UNREP) Program had its third of three option years exercised on December 1, 2000 and the contract ended on November 30, 2001. The Company is continuing to provide UNREP support during the contract's clean up period. The Company has submitted a bid for the follow on UNREP contract and is awaiting the Government's decision. This program accounted for about 6% of the Company's revenue in the first two quarters of fiscal year 2002 and 6% of its group's revenue. The program provides in-service engineering to the U.S. Navy Fleet. Efforts are also expected to begin in this coming year to design the next generation UNREP Heavy Lift System under this new contract. The program is being funded by the Office of Naval Research to develop a new UNREP system that will facilitate increased ship separation and increased capacity to reduce alongside time; thereby reducing risk significantly. The Company has received outstanding performance marks in the final option year. Work is continuing on the Combatant

Vertical Strikedown system for consideration in the construction of the Navy Surface Combatant DD-X program. The Company has supported this Navy program in various roles since 1982.

The Management, Planning, Analytical and Administrative (MPAA) Program had its second of four option years exercised on February 1, 2002. This program accounted for about 31% of the Company's revenue in the first two quarters of fiscal year 2002 and 32% of its group's revenue. This program supports the U.S. Navy's Port Hueneme Division, Naval Surface Warfare Center. The Statement of Work provides a broad and flexible scope of work allowing a wide range of tasking. The Company has developed work competencies in such areas as Management Consulting, Information Services, Human Resource Services, Business Process Re-engineering, Combat Systems Engineering, Facilities Engineering, and Public Relations. The MPAA program has received customer recognition for its high standards of excellence and professionalism. This fiscal year, the government rated the Company performance as outstanding for both the base and option years of the contract.

The Company is continuing to provide hazardous materials assessment support to the Naval Air Systems Command through its subcontract with Synectic Solutions. This program accounted for about 2% of the Company's revenue in the first two quarters of fiscal year 2002 and 2% of its group's revenue. This support provides environmental engineering and technical services focusing on the identification and reduction of hazardous material when providing maintenance to weapons and associated handling and shipping equipment. Hazardous material reduction support is being expanded to include support for Foreign Military Sales.

The Company has three contracts from the General Services Administration (GSA). These three contracts are for Information Technology, Financial Management Services and Professional Engineering Services. The Company is utilizing GSA contract vehicles to provide Oracle programming services and logistics engineering services at the Naval Construction Battalion Center in support of the Naval Construction Forces. These contracts have proven to be successful as a means to develop new customers and they are registered in the GSA Advantage System. The GSA contracts accounted for about 33% of the Company's revenue in the first two quarters of fiscal year 2002.

The Company's Information Technology GSA contract was modified to sell our Electronic Records Management services on a Time and Material and Piece Part count to the government. The contract has proved successful as a means to develop new customers. The Company's Financial Management Services GSA contract is presently utilized in the support of the Seabee Logistics Center. In January of 2001, the Company was awarded a Professional Engineering Services contract with GSA; which is now being utilized by the Company to develop new work in other government agencies as well as our current customer base.

The Company continues to support the Bureau of Reclamation (BOR) and provides Electronic Records Management (ERM) services to the BOR, Minerals Management Service. The Company is also providing ERM support to the NAVFAC Information and Technology Center for data warehousing and retrieval services. In addition to the above, the Company is providing ERM services to the Port Hueneme Division of the Naval Surface Warfare Center. The SYS e-see data trademark utilizes commercial software that is currently being incorporated into the Navy Marine Corps Internet approved software.

The Company's Command, Control, Communication, Computer and Intelligence (C4I) group is primarily based in San Diego. This group is providing top-level C4I system engineering services; system architecture design; advanced concept development; test and evaluation; effects-based operation planning, execution and assessment; program management and business development support; organizational management analysis; and information technology and information

operations (IO) support. The customer base includes SPAWAR Systems Center San Diego and U. S. Commander in Chief, Pacific. The C4I personnel work closely with Office of Naval Research, Defense Advanced Research Programs Agency, Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Research, Development and Acquisition, Chief of Naval Operations, Naval Warfare Development Command, Joint Forces Command, and other services and Joint Agencies.

The Company is continuing to provide support services for information technology services to Electronics Data Systems Corp. (EDS) of Herndon, Virginia in support of the Navy Marine Corps Intranet (NMCI). This program accounted for about 8% of the Company's revenue in the first two quarters of fiscal year 2002.

On September 28, 2001, the Company signed their Prime contract that was awarded as the result of full and open competition for highly classified technical support to SPAWAR Systems Center's Joint and National Systems Division. The subcontractors on the Company's winning team were BAE and TRW. Work on the contract is largely Intelligence and Surveillance oriented in support of numerous efforts by significant Agencies in that arena.

The Company teamed with Gryphon Technologies in competing for the Naval Sea Systems Command's Professional Support Services contract. The team won the contract and the Company received a subcontract from Gryphon. This contract has a base year and four option years. Most of the work for this contract will be performed out of the Company's Chesapeake office.

The Company's subsidiary, Testmasters, Inc., specializes in establishing and deploying effective software testing methodologies and disciplines. Testmasters' Testing and Quality Assurance focus is to provide their clients early warnings to issues or processes that will inhibit the success of the project. Testmasters' consultants offer an experienced perspective in evaluating potential risks and in deriving meaningful solutions. Testmasters' personnel have the tools, techniques, methodologies, training, and experience to make their clients' software development efforts successful. Testmasters' consultants rely on proven disciplines and practices that stem from a long history of successful engagements wherein Testmasters provided the primary test support and Quality Assurance services to their clients. These services have included: Independent Verification and Validation (IV&V), test planning; test procedures development; test life cycle development and practices assessment (policies and procedures); creation of test permutation definitions and scripts; test execution and test management; test tool selection and integration; and testing and quality assurance training. Since Testmasters' entire business focus is quality assurance and testing, the completion of each assignment adds to its wealth of expertise, experience and understanding of real world project dynamics and potential impediments to their success. Testmasters' IV&V services reflect a robust combination of pragmatic processes and personnel experienced in their application and review. Testmasters accounted for about 3% of the Company's revenue in the six months of fiscal year 2002.

Testmasters serves medium to large businesses that require testing of complex systems that are essential to their success. These businesses' have mission-critical applications which are event-driven, spanning multiple processing cycles and accommodating numerous cross-impacts due to interfacing applications and varying software/hardware platforms. Testmasters' experience covers many industries, including financial, insurance, entertainment, electric power deregulation, software development and county/state/federal government. Testmasters' consultants bring significant experience in many technologies: hardware platforms (mainframe, mini-computer, client/server, and PC); software platforms; automated test tools; communications networks; etc. Some current and past clients include: Bank of America, California Federal, Sanwa Bank, Ameriquest Mortgage, Sony Pictures Entertainment, California Power Exchange, and Thomson Corporation.

The Company is currently bidding for several new contracts including as a subcontractor to Northrup Grumman in support of Navy Air Dominance, AMSEC in support of Ship Test and Evaluation and Veridian for the Navy STARS program. The above named contracts are presently under evaluation pending award.

Results of Operations

The Company's revenue for this quarter is about 25% more than revenue in the same quarter in FY 2001. The primary reasons for the increase in revenue are new work with EDS and substantial additional tasking on the Company's three GSA contracts.

Total contract and general and administrative expenses were 94% as a percentage of contract revenue for the first six months of FY 2002 and 94% for FY 2001. Interest expense is higher due to the increased use of the Company's credit facility. The primary reason for the increased use of the credit facility is due to the cash flow demands associated with the growth of the Company.

Income from operations, as a percentage of revenue, is 6% in FY 2002 and FY 2001. Net income is \$217,000 as compared to \$199,000 for the prior year. The negotiated contract backlog was approximately \$12,100,000 at the end of the second quarter.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company had contract receivables (net) of \$3,889,000 at the end of the second quarter of FY 2002. For the same quarter in FY 2001, the contract receivables (net) were \$2,211,000. The reason for the increase in contract receivables is due to the Company's increased revenue and slower payments from some of the Company's prime contractors. The Company increased its allowance for doubtful accounts to \$131,000 from \$26,000. Management believes it was prudent to increase the allowance for doubtful accounts given the revenue growth the Company has experienced.

The Company had accounts payable of \$424,000 at the end of the second quarter of FY 2002. For the same quarter in FY 2001 the accounts payable were \$116,000. The increased revenue has been generated through additional hires; these additional hires generally require new office and computer equipment which increases accounts payable. The Company's payment policy to subcontractors provides for payment to the subcontractors within a week of the Company's receipt of payment from the government. The Company had several subcontractors awaiting payment at period end.

The outstanding balance on the Company's revolving line of credit with U.S. Bank was \$1,079,000 at the end of the second quarter of FY 2002. At the end of the same period in FY 2001, the line of credit balance was \$676,000. The primary reason for the increased usage of the credit facility has been the Company's growth.

The Company's primary source of liquidity is its \$1,500,000 revolving line of credit facility under a loan agreement with Comerica Bank-California that expires on December 28, 2003. The loan is collateralized by all of the Company's assets including contract receivables. Comerica Bank-California advances funds to the Company of up to 80% of the Company's billed contract receivables which are less than 90 days old. Comerica Bank-California charges an interest rate of

0.750% over prime.

Management believes that the Company will have sufficient cash flow from operations, funds available under the revolving credit agreement with Comerica Bank-California and funds raised under the Company's Private Placement offering to finance its operating and capital requirements through at least the current fiscal year. Long-term liquidity depends on the Company's ability to maintain and expand its current business base.

Several key factors indicating the Company's financial condition include:

	<u>December 29, 2001</u>	<u>June 30, 2001</u>
Current ratio	2.22	1.82
Maximum debt to net worth	1.15	0.99
Net worth	\$2,869,000	\$1,879,000
Net working capital	\$2,782,000	\$1,366,000
Debt to total assets	53%	50%
Book value per common share	\$0.75	\$0.56

Certain factors that may effect the Company's financial performance are beyond the Company's control. The current ratio is derived by dividing total current assets by total current liabilities. Maximum debt to net worth is calculated by dividing total liabilities (total current liabilities plus other liabilities) by net worth. Net worth is total stockholders' equity. Net working capital is total current assets less total current liabilities. Debt to total assets is total liabilities divided by total assets. Book value per common share is stockholders' equity related to common shares divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding.

Item 2a. Factors Which May Affect Future Results

Information contained in this Form 10-QSB should be studied carefully by any potential investor while considering the following risk factors to the Company.

1. Lack of Business Diversification Essentially all the Company's business at the present time is with the U.S. Navy. The Company has successfully grown and diversified its U.S. Navy business to several contracts and subcontracts. Even with this growth and diversification, there is no certainty that budget changes in Congress or the Defense Department will not seriously affect the Company.

2. Dependence on Key Personnel The Company has a few key management, project and technical personnel that are intimately involved in their functions and have day to day relationships with critical customers. The Company is not able to afford extra standby staff. As a result, at its current size, it would be affected in an uncertain way if any of these personnel were to be lost to the Company.

3. Competition The Company has many competitors who vie for the same customers as the Company. They are competent, experienced and continuously working to take work projects away from the Company.

4. Limited Assets of the Company The Company has very limited assets upon which to rely

on for adjusting to business variations and for growing new businesses. While the Company is likely to look for new funding to assist in the acquisition of other profitable businesses, it is uncertain whether such funds will be available. While the Company's management believes that its financial policies have been prudent, the Company's substantial reliance on a bank loan with Comerica Bank and other short-term accruals impose certain limitations on the Company. If the Company is to grow and expand its operations, the Company will need to raise significant amounts of additional capital. There can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in raising a sufficient amount of additional capital, or if it is successful, that the Company will be able to raise capital on reasonable terms in light of the Company's current circumstances. In the event that the Company raises additional capital, the Company's existing stockholders may incur substantial and immediate dilution.

5. Limited Market for Common Stock. The Company's stock is traded (OTC) on the Electronic Bulletin Board. Trading for the stock is sporadic and at present there is a limited market for the Company's Common Stock. There can be no assurance that a market will in fact develop. Even if a market does develop, it may not be sustained.

6. Possible Rule 144 Stock Sales. As of December 29, 2001, a total of 2,591,119 shares of the Company's outstanding Common Stock are "restricted securities" and may be sold only in compliance with Rule 144 adopted under the Securities Act of 1933 or other applicable exemptions from registration. Rule 144 provides that a person holding restricted securities for a period of one year may thereafter sell, in brokerage transactions, an amount not exceeding in any three-month period the greater of either (i) 1% of the Company's outstanding Common Stock, or (ii) the average weekly trading volume during a period of four calendar weeks immediately preceding any sale. Persons who are not affiliated with the Company and who have held their restricted securities for at least two years are not subject to the volume limitation. Possible or actual sales of the Company's Common Stock by present shareholders under Rule 144 may have a depressive effect on the price of the Company's Common Stock in any market which may develop.

7. Risks of Low Priced Stocks. Trading in the Company's stock is limited. Consequently, a shareholder may find it more difficult to dispose of, or to obtain, accurate quotations as to the price of, the Company's securities. In the absence of a security being quoted on NASDAQ, trading in the Common Stock is covered by Rule 3a51-1 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for non-NASDAQ and non-exchange listed securities.

Under such rules, broker/dealers who recommend such securities to persons other than established customers and accredited investors (generally institutions with assets in excess of \$5,000,000 or individuals with net worth in excess of \$1,000,000 or an annual income exceeding \$200,000 or \$300,000 jointly with their spouse) must make a special written suitability determination for the purchaser and receive the purchaser's written agreement to a transaction prior to sale. Securities are also exempt from this rule if the market price is at least \$5.00 per share, or, for warrants, if the warrants have an exercise price of at least \$5.00 per share. The Securities Enforcement and Penny Stock Reform Act of 1990 requires additional disclosure related to the market for penny stocks and for trades in any penny stock defined as a penny stock.

The Commission has recently adopted regulations under such Act which define a penny stock to be any NASDAQ or non-NASDAQ equity security that has a market price or exercise price of less than \$5.00 per share and allow for the enforcement against violators of the proposed rules.

In addition, unless exempt, the rules require the delivery, prior to any transaction involving a penny stock, of a disclosure schedule prepared by the Commission explaining important concepts involving a penny stock market, the nature of such market, terms used in such market, the broker/dealer's duties to the customer, a toll-free telephone number for inquiries about the

broker/dealer's disciplinary history, and the customer's rights and remedies in case of fraud or abuse in the sale.

Disclosure also must be made about commissions payable to both the broker/dealer and the registered representative, current quotations for the securities and, if the broker/dealer is the sole market maker, the broker/dealer must disclose this fact and its control over the market.

Monthly statements must be sent disclosing recent price information for the penny stock held in the account and information on the limited market in penny stocks. While many NASDAQ stocks are covered by the proposed definition of penny stock, transactions in NASDAQ stocks are exempt from all but the sole market-maker provision for (i) issuers with \$2,000,000 in tangible assets (\$5,000,000 if the issuer has not been in continuous operation for three years), (ii) transactions in which the customer is an institutional accredited investor and (iii) transactions that are not recommended by the broker/dealer. In addition, transactions in a NASDAQ security directly with the NASDAQ market maker for such securities, are subject only to the sole market-maker disclosure, and the disclosure with regard to commissions to be paid to the broker/dealer and the registered representatives.

Finally, all NASDAQ securities are exempt if NASDAQ raised its requirements for continued listing so that any issuer with less than \$2,000,000 in net tangible assets or stockholders' equity would be subject to delisting. These criteria are more stringent than the proposed increase in NASDAQ'S maintenance requirements. The Company's securities are subject to the above rules on penny stocks and the market liquidity for the Company's securities could be severely affected by limiting the ability of broker/dealers to sell the Company's securities.

8. Control by Officers and Directors. As of December 29, 2001, Officers and Directors of the Company own 49.1% or 2,167,174 shares of the Company's common stock (before including any shares acquired upon exercise of any stock options) and thereby control the Company's affairs.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

None

Item 2. Changes in Securities

On October 15, 2001, two Company employees each exercised stock options of 5,000 shares of common stock, a total of 10,000 shares. The conversion price was \$1.00 per share.

On November 13, 2001, two officers of the Company exercised stock options totaling 90,000 shares of common stock (Charles E. Vandever, 40,000 and Michael W. Fink, 50,000). The conversion prices was \$0.71 per share for both officers. The Company loaned Messrs. Vandever and Fink the funds required to exercise their stock options; the total amount loaned was approximately \$64,000. On the same day, one other Company employee exercised a stock option for 1,000 shares of common stock. The conversion price was \$0.73 per share.

On November 15, 2001, the Company's Chairman and CEO, W. Gerald Newmin, exercised stock options totaling 13,645 shares of common stock. The conversion price for 12,000 of the shares was \$0.75 per share; the conversion price for the remainder was \$0.68 per share.

On October 3, 2001, the Company entered into an agreement with Scripps Ventures, Inc. in which Scripps Ventures acted as a finder while assisting the Company in the raising of capital through a Private Placement offering (the "Offering"), a maximum of \$1,500,000 was authorized by the Board at their September 26, 2001 meeting. The Offering consists of 30 units priced at \$50,000 each. Each buyer of a unit will receive 25,000 shares of Company common stock and a three year convertible note for \$25,000. The note is convertible into common stock at \$1.00 per share and pays 10% interest. The Company successfully raised \$1,500,000 through November 16, 2001, and the Board of Directors amended the plan at their meeting on November 20 by increasing the maximum amount to \$2,000,000. The Company paid its finder, Scripps Ventures, \$178,750 for its services. The raised capital will be used by the Company to continue its growth. Subsequent to December 29, 2001, the private placement was completely sold out which means that 1,000,000 shares of common stock was distributed and the Company has \$1,000,000 in three year convertible notes.

During the period from October through December, 2001, the Company issued 831,250 shares of its common stock (no par value) and \$831,250 in three year convertible notes in exchange for cash. Subsequent to the end of the second quarter, the Company issued an additional 168,750 shares of its common stock (no par value) and \$168,750 in three year convertible notes in exchange for cash. Each of the 26 purchasers were sophisticated persons and each had a pre-existing relationship with the Company or the Company's finder, Scripps Ventures. All of the shares were issued pursuant to Section 4(2) and 4(6) of the Securities Act of 1933 and Rule 506 of Regulation D thereunder. The shares were issued without an underwriter.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Securities Holders

On January 16, 2002, the Company held its 2001 Annual Meeting of Shareholders. There were 4,323,510 shares eligible as of the record date and 3,560,207 shares were represented either in person or by proxy at the meeting. The following matters were voted on at the meeting:

(a.) Proposal to elect the Directors pursuant to management's nominations. This proposal was approved with 3,550,291 shares voting in favor, 9,916 shares voting against, and 0 shares abstaining.

(b.) Proposal to approve the appointment of J. H. Cohn LLP as the independent public accountants for the corporation for its 2002 fiscal year. This proposal was approved with 3,559,807 shares voting in favor, 200 shares voting against, and 200 shares abstaining.

Item 5. Other Information

Effective July 1, 2000, the Board of Directors approved a new compensation plan for the outside directors of the Company. Under the new compensation plan, each outside director will receive \$1,000 per Board of Directors meeting, in cash or common stock at the discretion of the Company. In addition, each outside director will receive stock options for 1,000 shares of common stock for each Board of Directors meeting attended by the director. For the Company's second quarter (October through December) the stock option price is \$1.20 per share. The stock option price will be reviewed quarterly.

At the Annual Board of Directors meeting held on January 16, 2002 the following were elected as Chairman and Officers of the Company:

W. Gerald Newmin	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
Clifton L. Cooke, Jr.	President and Chief Operating Officer
Michael W. Fink	Sr. Vice President, Finance and Administration, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary
Linda E. Gagnon	Sr. Vice President, East Coast Operations
Kenneth D. Regan	Sr. Vice President, San Diego Operations
Charles E. Vandever	Sr. Vice President, Oxnard Operations

At the Annual Board of Directors meeting held on January 16, 2002 the following were elected as Chairman and Members of the Board of Directors' Committees:

<u>Audit Committee:</u>	<u>Nominating and Organization Committee:</u>
John M. Burns, Chairman	Kameron W. Maxwell, Chairman
Zoltan "Walt" A. Harasty	Zoltan "Walt" A. Harasty
Kameron W. Maxwell	David A. Derby
David A. Derby	

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

None

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

SYS
(Registrant)

Date: February 12, 2002

/s/ W. Gerald Newmin
W. Gerald Newmin
Chief Executive Officer