

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

American Enterprise Investment Services, Inc.

SEC File Number: 8-42582

December 31, 2020

With Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

OMB APPROVAL
OMB Number: 3235-0123
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SEC FILE NUMBER
8-42582

FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/2020 AND ENDING 12/31/2020
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: American Enterprise Investment Services, Inc.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

FIRM I.D. NO.

802 Ameriprise Financial Center, 707 2nd Avenue South

(No. and Street)

Minneapolis

MN

55474

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Michael S. Mattox

612-678-0262

(Area Code – Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP

(Name – if individual, state last, first, middle name)

One North Wacker Dr.

Chicago

IL

60606

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:



Certified Public Accountant



Public Accountant



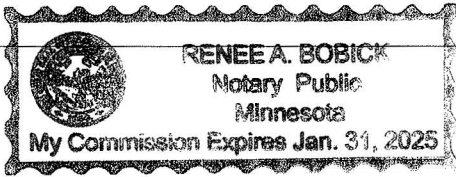
Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

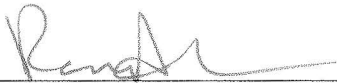
I, Michael S. Mattox, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of American Enterprise Investment Services, Inc., as of December 31, 2020, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:




Signature

Chief Financial Officer

Title



Notary Public

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- ☒ (a) Facing Page.
- ☒ (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- ☐ (c) Statement of Income (Loss) or, if there is other comprehensive income in the period(s) presented, a Statement of Comprehensive Income (as defined in §210.1-02 of Regulation S-X).
- ☐ (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- ☐ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- ☐ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- ☐ (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- ☐ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- ☒ (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- ☐ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- ☐ (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

***For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).*

American Enterprise Investment Services, Inc.
Statement of Financial Condition
Year ended December 31, 2020

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Shareholder of American Enterprise Investment Services, Inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statement – Statement of Financial Condition

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Financial Condition of American Enterprise Investment Services, Inc. (the “Company”) as of December 31, 2020, including the related notes (collectively referred to as the “financial statement”). In our opinion, the financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2020 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

The financial statement is the responsibility of the Company’s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s financial statement based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit of this financial statement in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

February 24, 2021

We have served as the Company’s auditor since 2010.

American Enterprise Investment Services, Inc.
Notes to Statement of Financial Condition
(in thousands)

Assets:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 62,815
Cash and cash equivalents segregated under federal and other regulations	2,047,395
Investments segregated under federal and other regulations	499,816
Receivables:	
Customers	1,112,117
Brokers, dealers and clearing organizations	41,010
Affiliates	19,809
Other (net of allowance of \$335)	103,556
Securities borrowed	147,486
Goodwill	41,831
Securities owned, at fair value	84,879
Deposits with clearing organizations	24,531
Accrued interest and dividends receivable	698
Other assets	11,789
Total assets	<u>\$ 4,197,732</u>

Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity

Liabilities:

Payables:	
Customers	\$ 3,507,292
Brokers, dealers and clearing organizations	104,743
Affiliates	31,325
Other	23,050
Securities loaned	205,384
Accrued expenses	19,656
Securities sold, not yet purchased, at fair value	5,467
Unearned revenues	1,586
Accrued interest and dividends payable	122
Total liabilities	<u>3,898,625</u>
Liabilities subordinated to the claims of general creditors	60,000
Commitments and contingencies (see note 16)	

Stockholder's equity:

Common stock, \$1 par value:	
Authorized, issued and outstanding shares - 100	—
Additional paid-in capital	195,700
Retained earnings	43,407
Total stockholder's equity	<u>239,107</u>
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	<u>\$ 4,197,732</u>

American Enterprise Investment Services, Inc.
Notes to Statement of Financial Condition
(in thousands)

1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

American Enterprise Investment Services, Inc. (the Company) is incorporated under the laws of the State of Minnesota. The company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of AMPF Holding Corp. AMPF Holding Corp. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ameriprise Financial, Inc. (the Parent). The Company executes and clears trades for accounts introduced by Ameriprise Financial Services, LLC. (AFS), an affiliated company. The Company also performs services on behalf of mutual fund companies, including affiliated, related to the management of customer books and records. The Company is a dealer in corporate and municipal bonds, U.S. Government and Agency securities and certificates of deposit. The Company is a clearing broker dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and the various states in which the Company conducts business and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. (FINRA), the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotations system (NASDAQ) and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC).

Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of financial statement preparation

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (U.S. GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses. These estimates reflect the best judgment of management and actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash equivalents can include commercial paper, money market funds, time deposits and other highly liquid investments with original or remaining maturities at the time of purchase of 90 days or less. The Company has evaluated the cash equivalents for credit risk and has determined it is negligible due to the short term nature of the investment.

Receivable from/Payable to customers

Receivables from customers primarily consist of margin loans to brokerage clients and are carried at the estimated net realizable value. The Company is indemnified by AFS for losses incurred by the Company in connection with clients introduced by AFS. Payables to customers primarily consist of cash held in brokerage accounts and are carried at the amount of cash on deposit.

Securities borrowed and loaned

Securities borrowed and loaned result from transactions with other brokers and dealers or financial institutions. These are accounted for as collateralized financing transactions and are recorded at the amount of cash collateral advanced or received. Securities borrowed transactions require the Company to deposit cash or other collateral with the lender. As of December 31, 2020, the Company advanced \$147,486 of cash collateral with security lenders and received securities with a market value of \$144,239 related to those transactions. Securities loaned transactions require the borrower to deposit cash or other collateral with the Company. As of December 31, 2020, the Company received \$205,384 of cash collateral from security borrowers and loaned securities with a market value of \$198,926 related to those transactions. The Company monitors the market value of securities borrowed and loaned on a daily basis, with additional collateral obtained or refunded as necessary. Interest is accrued on securities borrowed and loaned and the related amounts are included in accrued interest and dividends receivable or payable in the statement of financial condition.

American Enterprise Investment Services, Inc.
Notes to Statement of Financial Condition
(in thousands)

Deposits with clearing organizations

Deposits with clearing organizations consist of cash collateral deposited with clearing organizations to allow the Company to clear trades. These are included in deposits with clearing organizations in the statement of financial condition.

Securities transactions

Proprietary securities transactions (securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased) in regular-way trades are recorded on the trade date, with the pre-settlement balance reflected as part of receivable from/payable to brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations in the statement of financial condition. Customer securities transactions are recorded on a settlement date basis. Securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased are carried at fair value on a trade date basis. Securities owned by customers, including those that collateralize margin or other similar transactions, are not reflected on the statement of financial condition.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the amount of an acquired company's acquisition cost in excess of the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The Company evaluates goodwill for impairment annually on the measurement date of July 1 and whenever events and circumstances indicate that impairment may have occurred. In determining whether impairment has occurred, the Company uses the discounted cash flow method.

Accrued expenses

Accrued expenses primarily represent amounts due to employees for compensation-related items. These expenses are recognized when incurred.

Income taxes

The Company's provision for income taxes represents the net amount of income taxes that the Company expects to pay or to receive from various taxing jurisdictions in connection with its operations. The Company provides for income taxes based on amounts that the Company believes it will ultimately owe taking into account the recognition and measurement for uncertain tax positions. Inherent in the provision for income taxes are estimates and judgments regarding the tax treatment of certain items. The Company's taxable income is included in the consolidated federal and state income tax returns of the Parent. The Company provides for income taxes on a separate return basis, except that, under an agreement between the Parent and the Company, tax benefits are recognized for losses to the extent they can be used in the consolidated return. It is the policy of the Parent to reimburse its subsidiaries for any tax benefits recorded.

In connection with the provision for income taxes, the statement of financial condition reflects certain amounts related to deferred tax assets and liabilities, which result from temporary differences between the assets and liabilities measured for financial statement purposes versus the assets and liabilities measured for tax return purposes.

2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

Financial Instruments – Credit Losses – Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments

In June 2016, the FASB updated the accounting standards related to accounting for credit losses on certain types of financial instruments. The update replaces the current incurred loss model for estimating credit losses with a new model that requires an entity to estimate the credit losses expected over the life of the asset. Generally, the initial estimate of the expected credit losses and subsequent changes in the estimate will be reported in current period earnings and recorded

American Enterprise Investment Services, Inc.
Notes to Statement of Financial Condition
(in thousands)

through an allowance for credit losses on the balance sheet. The standard is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. A modified retrospective cumulative adjustment to retained earnings should be recorded as of the first reporting period in which the guidance is effective for loans, receivables, and other financial instruments subject to the new expected credit loss model. The Company adopted the standard on January 1, 2020. There was no material financial impact of adoption.

Fair Value Measurement – Disclosure Framework – Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement

In August 2018, the FASB updated the accounting standards related to disclosures for fair value measurements. The update eliminates the following disclosures: 1) the amount of and reasons for transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, 2) the policy of timing of transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy, and 3) the valuation processes for Level 3 fair value measurements. The new disclosures include changes in unrealized gains and losses for the period included in other comprehensive income (“OCI”) for recurring Level 3 fair value measurements of instruments held at the end of the reporting period and the range and weighted average used to develop significant unobservable inputs and how the weighted average was calculated. The new disclosures are required on a prospective basis; all other provisions should be applied retrospectively. The update is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2020. Early adoption is permitted for the entire standard or only the provisions to eliminate or modify disclosure requirements. The Company early adopted the provisions of the standard to eliminate or modify disclosure requirements in the fourth quarter of 2018. The Company adopted the provisions of the standard to include new disclosures on January 1, 2020.

Intangibles – Goodwill and Other – Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment

In January 2017, the FASB updated the accounting standards to simplify the accounting for goodwill impairment. The update removes the hypothetical purchase price allocation (Step 2) of the goodwill impairment test. Goodwill impairment will now be the amount by which a reporting unit’s carrying value exceeds its fair value. The standard is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019, and should be applied prospectively with early adoption permitted for any impairment tests performed after January 1, 2017. The Company adopted the standard on January 1, 2020.

3. Cash, cash equivalents and securities segregated under federal and other regulations

The Company is required to segregate cash and qualified securities in a special reserve account for the exclusive benefit of customers under SEC Rule 15c3-3 (Customer Protection Rule). The Company also performs the computation for assets in the proprietary accounts of brokers (PAB) in accordance with the customer reserve computation set forth in the Customer Protection Rule and segregates cash in a special reserve account for the benefit of the PAB.

American Enterprise Investment Services, Inc.
Notes to Statement of Financial Condition
(in thousands)

As of December 31, 2020, cash and securities segregated under federal and other regulations consisted of the following:

Cash and cash equivalents segregated under federal and other regulations for benefit of :	
Customers	\$ 2,039,253
PAB	8,142
Total cash and cash equivalents segregated under federal and other regulations	<u>2,047,395</u>
Securities segregated under federal and other regulations for customers	499,816
Total cash, cash equivalents and securities segregated under federal and other regulations	<u>\$ 2,547,211</u>

4. Cash sweeps

The Company offers clients three options as an automatic investment or sweep of excess cash in their brokerage accounts. Clients can choose from an FDIC Insured interest bearing product, a Dreyfus money market fund or Ameriprise Cash.

The FDIC insured product is either Ameriprise Insured Money Market Account (AIMMA), a multibank program or Ameriprise Bank Insured Sweep Account (ABISA), a single bank model. AIMMA is a multi-bank program with 22 non-affiliated banks and one affiliated bank, Ameriprise Bank, FSB, participating in the program. As of December 31, 2020, \$31,050,880 was invested in the FDIC insured programs, of which Ameriprise Bank, FSB held \$7,403,133.

The Dreyfus money market option consist of two money market funds, the Dreyfus General Government Securities Money Market Fund and the Dreyfus Government Cash Fund. As of December 31, 2020, there was \$240,863 invested in the Dreyfus funds.

The amount of excess cash swept into AIMMA and Dreyfus Funds products is not reported in the statement of financial condition and is not included in the computation for determination of reserve requirement pursuant to rule 15c3-3 as client dollars in AIMMA are the obligations of the respective institutions and the Dreyfus Funds is an investment option that represents customer owned securities.

Ameriprise cash is an interest bearing product and is covered by the SIPC. Clients' assets are subject to coverage thresholds of a maximum of \$500 per client, including a \$250 limit on claims for cash held in Ameriprise client accounts. As of December 31, 2020, there was \$3,442,039 of clients' free credit balances invested in this product. This amount is held on deposit with the Company and is included as payable to customers in the statement of financial condition and is included in the computation for determination of reserve requirement pursuant to rule 15c3-3.

5. Customer receivables and payables

Customer receivables include amounts due on margin and cash transactions. Customer receivables are primarily collateralized by securities with market values in excess of the amounts due. At December 31, 2020, less than 1% of receivables from customers are unsecured per the FINRA definition. In accordance with the intercompany clearing agreement, the introducing broker dealer, AFS, has agreed to indemnify the Company and therefore the Company has not established an allowance for any potential losses based upon an evaluation of customer accounts. In addition, appropriate deductions are made in the Company's net capital computation, as AFS is an affiliated company. It is the policy of the Company to monitor the market value of the collateral and to request additional collateral when necessary. Such collateral is not reflected on the accompanying statement of financial condition.

Customer payables represent free credit balances, funds deposited by customers and funds accruing to customers as a result of settled trades.

American Enterprise Investment Services, Inc.
Notes to Statement of Financial Condition
(in thousands)

The components of receivables from and payables to customers as of December 31, 2020 are as follows:

Receivables:	
Margin loans	\$ 1,034,173
Other customer receivables	77,944
Total receivables	<u>\$ 1,112,117</u>
Payables:	
Free credit balance	\$ 3,442,039
Other customer payables	65,253
Total payables	<u>\$ 3,507,292</u>

6. Receivables from and payables to brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations

Broker receivables and payables arise primarily from securities transactions executed by the Company for customers and non-customers introduced by AFS. Broker receivables are generally collected within 30 days and are collateralized by securities in physical possession or control, on deposit, or receivable from customers or other brokers.

Broker payables represent amounts related to the unsettled purchase of securities. The value of such securities at December 31, 2020 approximates the amounts owed.

The components of receivables from and payables to brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations as of December 31, 2020 are as follows:

Receivables:	
Securities failed to deliver	\$ 9,992
Funds due from clearing organizations and financial institutions, net	31,018
Total receivables	<u>\$ 41,010</u>
Payables:	
Securities failed to receive	\$ 16,168
Funds due to clearing organizations and financial institutions, net	88,575
Total payables	<u>\$ 104,743</u>

The Company has the ability to hypothecate and rehypothecate customer securities. In addition, the Company monitors the market value of collateral held. It is the policy of the Company to request and receive additional collateral when required.

7. Other receivables

Other receivables include \$43,716 for third party marketing support, \$24,499 for networking and sub-accounting fees, \$10,991 for receivables related to customers investment in affiliated companies' products, \$4,836 for distribution fees from cash sweep products, \$10,056 for customer account maintenance fee and \$9,458 for other miscellaneous receivables.

8. Securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased

As of December 31, 2020, securities owned by the Company and securities sold, not yet purchased by the Company were \$84,879, and \$5,467, respectively. Of the securities owned by the Company, \$8,000 is held at the Option Clearing Corporation (OCC) as part of required clearing deposit. Securities sold, not yet purchased represent obligations of the

American Enterprise Investment Services, Inc.
Notes to Statement of Financial Condition
(in thousands)

Company to deliver the specified security at the contracted price and, thereby, create a liability to purchase the security in the market at prevailing prices. Accordingly, these transactions result in off-balance sheet risk, as the Company's ultimate obligation to satisfy the sale of securities sold, not yet purchased may exceed the amount reflected in the statement of financial condition. Holdings are primarily debt securities including corporate, government and agencies, and municipal debts.

9. Goodwill

Goodwill is not amortized but is instead subject to impairment tests. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the tests did not indicate impairment.

10. Fair values of assets and liabilities

U.S. GAAP defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date; that is, an exit price. The exit price assumes the asset or liability is not exchanged subject to a forced liquidation or distressed sale.

Valuation Hierarchy

The Company categorizes its fair value measurements according to a three-level hierarchy. The hierarchy prioritizes the inputs used by the Company's valuation techniques. A level is assigned to each fair value measurement based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are defined as follows:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date.

Level 2 – Prices or valuation based on observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 3 – Prices or valuations that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable.

Determination of Fair Value

The Company uses valuation techniques consistent with the market and income approaches to measure the fair value of its assets and liabilities. The Company's market approach uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities. The Company's income approach uses valuation techniques to convert future projected cash flows to a single discounted present value amount. When applying either approach, the Company maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs.

The following is a description of the valuation techniques used to measure fair value and the general classification of these instruments pursuant to the fair value hierarchy.

American Enterprise Investment Services, Inc.
Notes to Statement of Financial Condition
(in thousands)

Assets

Segregated securities under federal and other regulations

When available, the fair value of securities is based on quoted prices in active markets. If quoted prices are not available, fair values are obtained from nationally-recognized pricing services, or other model-based valuation techniques such as the present value of cash flows. All segregated securities are treasury notes, and are classified as Level 1 as the fair values of the securities are obtained from nationally-recognized pricing services.

Customer receivables

Customer receivables are measured at outstanding balances, which are a reasonable estimate of fair value because of the sufficiency of the collateral and short term nature of these receivables. Margin loans that are sufficiently collateralized are classified as Level 2. This balance is not included in the following table.

Securities borrowed

Securities borrowed require the Company to deposit cash or collateral with the lender. As the market value of the securities borrowed is monitored daily and the transactions are short term, the carrying value is a reasonable estimate of fair value. The fair value of securities borrowed is classified as Level 1 as the value of the underlying securities is based on unadjusted prices for identical assets. This balance is not included in the following table.

Securities owned

When available, the fair value of securities is based on quoted prices in active markets. If quoted prices are not available, fair values are obtained from nationally-recognized pricing services, or other model-based valuation techniques such as the present value of cash flows. Level 1 securities primarily include U.S. treasury notes, equity securities and mutual funds traded in active markets. Level 2 securities primarily include corporate bonds, residential mortgage backed securities, commercial mortgage backed securities, asset backed securities, state and municipal obligations and U.S. agency and foreign government securities. The fair value of these Level 2 securities is based on a market approach with prices obtained from third party pricing services. Observable inputs used to value these securities can include, but are not limited to, reported trades, benchmark yields, issuer spreads and non-binding broker quotes. Other Level 2 securities include primarily unit investment trusts.

Liabilities

Customer payables

Customer deposits are liabilities with no defined maturities and fair value is the amount payable on demand at the reporting date. The fair value of these deposits is classified as Level 1. This balance is not included in the following table.

Securities loaned

Securities loaned require the borrower to deposit cash or collateral with the Company. As the market value of the securities loaned is monitored daily and the transactions are short term, the carrying value is a reasonable estimate of fair value. Securities loaned are classified as Level 1 as the fair value of the underlying securities is based on unadjusted prices for identical assets. This balance is not included in the following table.

American Enterprise Investment Services, Inc.
Notes to Statement of Financial Condition
(in thousands)

Securities sold, not yet purchased

When available, the fair value of securities is based on quoted prices in active markets. If quoted prices are not available, fair values are obtained from nationally-recognized pricing services, or other model-based valuation techniques such as the present value of cash flows. Level 1 securities primarily include U.S. treasury notes, and equity securities traded in active markets. Level 2 securities primarily include corporate bonds, residential mortgage backed securities, commercial mortgage backed securities and asset backed securities. Level 2 other securities include primarily unit investment trusts.

The following table presents the balances of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Segregated cash equivalents	\$ 599,805	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 599,805
Government and agency obligation	57,990	125	—	58,115
Corporate bonds	—	8,591	—	8,591
Municipal bonds	—	17,333	—	17,333
Equities	246	—	—	246
Other securities	—	594	—	594
Total assets at fair value	<u>\$ 658,041</u>	<u>\$ 26,643</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 684,684</u>
Liabilities				
Securities sold, not yet purchased				
Corporate bonds	\$ —	\$ (3,456)	\$ —	\$ (3,456)
Government and agency obligation	(1,824)	—	—	(1,824)
Municipal bonds	—	(11)	—	(11)
Other securities	(168)	(8)	—	(176)
Total liabilities at fair value	<u>\$ (1,992)</u>	<u>\$ (3,475)</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ (5,467)</u>

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Other financial instruments are recorded by the Company at fair value or at contract amounts, which approximate fair value and include receivables from and payables to brokers, dealers and clearing organizations; deposits with clearing organizations; and amounts receivable from and payable to affiliates. These financial instruments have short-term maturities (one year or less), are repriced frequently or bear market interest rates and, accordingly, are carried at amounts which are a reasonable estimate of fair value.

11. Financing activities and off-balance sheet risk

The Company's customer activities involve the execution, settlement and financing of various securities transactions. These activities are transacted on either a cash or margin basis. In margin transactions, the Company extends credit to the customer, subject to various regulatory and internal margin requirements, collateralized by cash and securities in the customer's account. Such transactions may expose the Company to off-balance sheet risk in the event that margin requirements are not sufficient to cover losses that customers incur, or contra brokers are unable to meet the terms of the contracted obligations.

In the event a customer or broker fails to satisfy its obligations, the Company may be required to purchase or sell financial instruments at prevailing market prices in order to fulfill the customer's obligations. The Company seeks to control the risk associated with its customer activities by requiring customers to maintain collateral in compliance with various regulatory and internal guidelines. The Company monitors required margin levels daily and, pursuant to such guidelines, require customers to deposit additional collateral, or reduce positions, when necessary.

American Enterprise Investment Services, Inc.
Notes to Statement of Financial Condition
(in thousands)

In August 2020, the Company entered into agreements for uncommitted lines of credit with three third party banks, having a combined limit of \$500,000. There were no draws on the lines of credit during the period ending December 31, 2020.

The Company enters into securities borrowing transactions that may result in credit exposure in the event the counterparty to the transaction is unable to fulfill its contractual obligations. The Company minimizes credit risk associated with these activities by monitoring counterparty credit exposure and collateral values on a daily basis and requires that additional collateral be deposited with or returned by the Company when deemed necessary.

In the normal course of business, the Company obtains securities under securities borrowed and custody agreements on terms which permit it to pledge the securities to others. At December 31, 2020, the Company obtained securities with a fair value of approximately \$1,438,199 on such terms, for which \$459,329 have been either pledged or otherwise transferred to others in connection with the Company's financing activities. Of the securities pledged, the market value of securities pledged at the OCC was \$260,404.

12. Related-party transactions

The Company maintains two revolving lines of credit with the Parent aggregating up to \$750,000 to fund short term operational needs: \$300,000 committed and \$450,000 with lender discretion. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company utilized the line of credit 114 days and during this period had an average overnight borrowing of \$69,250. There was no outstanding balance on the line of credit at December 31, 2020.

The Company entered into an agreement with an affiliate, Ameriprise Holdings, Inc. (AHI) related to the use of property, equipment and similar items. Under this agreement the Company compensates AHI for use of property, equipment and similar items that AHI owns or maintains.

Receivables due from affiliates on the statement of financial condition as of December 31, 2020, primarily include \$10,373 clearing fees and other related receivables from AFS, marketing support of \$4,074 from CMID and \$2,413 networking sub-accounting fees from CMIS.

Payables due to affiliates on the statement of financial condition as of December 31, 2020, primarily include \$20,084 for administrative and service costs to the Parent, and \$8,572 for trading concessions to AFS.

The Company participates in the Parent's Retirement Plan (the Plan), which covers all permanent employees age 21 and over who have met certain employment requirements. Contributions to the Plan are based on participants' age, years of service and total compensation for the year. Funding of retirement costs for the Plan complies with the applicable minimum funding requirements specified by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA).

The Company also participates in defined contribution pension plans of the Parent that cover all employees who have met certain employment requirements. The Company's contributions to the plans are a percentage of either each employee's eligible compensation or basic contributions.

The Company participates in defined benefit health care plans of the Parent that provide health care and life insurance benefits to retired employees. The plans include participant contributions and service related eligibility requirements.

The Company also participates in the Parent's Incentive Compensation Plan. Under the Incentive Compensation Plan, employees are eligible to receive incentive awards including stock options, RSAs, non-qualified options, RSUs, performance shares and similar awards designed to comply with the applicable federal regulations and laws of jurisdiction. The Company pays various employee benefit plan expenses to the Parent including expenses associated with RSAs, RSUs, stock options and deferred compensation plans, based on the value of the awards issued to the Company's employees.

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For the year ending December 31st, 2020, the Company paid dividends to the Parent of \$248,500.

In the normal course of business, the Company's or its affiliates' executive officers and directors may have brokerage accounts or other financial products offered by the Company or its affiliates.

13. Subordinated Liabilities

The Company entered in a subordinated loan agreement with the Parent on January 25, 2017. Under this agreement the Parent lent the Company \$60,000 with an initial term of 5 years to be repaid no later than January 22, 2022. The Company has the option to renew the current agreement in one-year increments in perpetuity. The loan bears interest to be paid monthly at a rate of one month LIBOR plus 0.90% per annum. The loan agreement has been approved by FINRA to be added as allowable liabilities in computing net capital under the SEC's SEA Rule 15c3-1(d). Pursuant to the agreement, the Parent must notify the Company on or before the day thirteen months preceding the maturity if they do not intend to extend the maturity date of the agreement.

14. Net capital provisions

As a registered broker dealer, the Company is subject to the SEC's uniform net capital rule (Rule 15c3-1).

The Company computes its net capital requirements under the alternative method provided for in Rule 15c3-1, which requires the Company to maintain net capital equal to 2% of combined aggregate customer-related debit items, as defined (or \$250, if greater).

At December 31, 2020, the Company's net capital was \$122,495 or 9.5% of aggregate debit balances, and \$96,739 in excess of required net capital. Advances to affiliates, dividend payments and other equity withdrawals are subject to certain notification and other provisions of the net capital rule of the SEC and other regulatory bodies.

15. Income taxes

The Company had a payable to the Parent for federal income taxes of \$1,152, and a payable to the Parent for state income taxes of \$1,389 at December 31, 2020. In the statement of financial condition, the receivable is included in the receivable from affiliates line and the payable is included in the payable to affiliates line.

Significant components of the Company's deferred income tax assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2020 are as follows:

	2020
Deferred income tax assets:	
Deferred compensation	\$ 5,338
State income tax	456
Other	197
Total deferred income tax assets	<u>\$ 5,991</u>

The Company is required to establish a valuation allowance for any portion of the deferred income tax assets that management believes will not be realized. In the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that the Company will realize the benefit of the deferred income tax assets, and therefore, no such valuation allowance has been established.

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A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of unrecognized tax benefits is as follows:

	2020
Balance at January 1	\$ 6,861
Additions based on tax positions related to the current year	1,043
Additions for tax positions of prior years	173
Reductions for tax positions of prior prior years	(1,026)
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 7,051</u>

If recognized, approximately \$5,570, net of federal tax benefits, of unrecognized tax benefits as of December 31, 2020, would affect the effective tax rate.

Based on the current audit position of the Company, it is estimated that the total amount of gross unrecognized tax benefits may increase from \$1,000 to \$2,000 in the next 12 months, primarily due to state exams.

The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as a component of the income tax provision. The Company has recognized a decrease of \$285 of interest or penalties. At December 31, 2020 the Company had a payable of \$744 related to accrued interest and penalties.

The Company files income tax returns, as part of its inclusion in the consolidated federal income tax return of Ameriprise Financial (the Parent), in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various state jurisdictions. The federal statute of limitations are closed on years through 2015, except for one issue for 2014 and 2015 which was claimed on amended returns. The IRS is currently auditing the Parent's U.S. income tax returns for 2016, 2017 and 2018. Ameriprise Financial's or its subsidiaries', including the Company's, state income tax returns are currently under examination by various jurisdictions for years ranging from 2010 through 2019.

16. Commitments, contingencies and other legal and regulatory matters

In the normal course of its business, the Company indemnifies and guarantees certain service providers, such as clearing and custody agents, against specified potential losses in connection with their acting as an agent of, or providing services to, the Company. The Company also indemnifies some clients against potential losses incurred in the event specified third-party service providers, including sub-custodians and third-party brokers, improperly executed transactions. The maximum potential amount of future payments that the Company could be required to make under these indemnifications cannot be estimated. However, the Company believes that it is unlikely it will have to make material payments under these arrangements and has not recorded any contingent liability in the financial statements for these indemnifications.

The Company provides representations and warranties to counterparties in connection with a variety of commercial transactions and may indemnify them against potential losses caused by the breach of those representations and warranties. The Company may also provide standard indemnifications to some counterparties to protect them in the event additional taxes are owed or payments are withheld, due either to a change in or adverse application of certain tax laws. These indemnifications generally are standard contractual terms and are entered into in the normal course of business. The maximum potential amount of future payments that the Company could be required to make under these indemnifications cannot be estimated, however, the Company believes that it is unlikely.

The Company may be involved, in the normal course of business, in legal, regulatory and arbitration proceedings concerning matters arising in connection with the conduct of its operations. These include proceedings specific to the Company, as well as proceedings generally applicable to business practices in the industries in which it operates. Uncertain economic conditions, volatility in the financial markets, and significant recently enacted financial reform legislation may increase the likelihood that clients and other persons or regulators may present or threaten legal claims or that regulators increase the scope or frequency of examinations of the Company or the financial services industry generally.

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As with other financial services firms, the level of regulatory activity and inquiry concerning the Company's businesses remains elevated. From time to time, the Company receives requests for information from, and/or has been subject to examination or claims by, the SEC, the FINRA, and other governmental and quasi-governmental authorities concerning the Company's business activities and practices. These legal and regulatory inquiries, proceedings and potential disputes are subject to uncertainties and, as such, the Company is unable to predict the ultimate resolution or range of loss that may result. In accordance with applicable accounting standards, the Company establishes an accrued liability for contingent litigation and regulatory matters when those matters present loss contingencies that are both probable and can be reasonably estimated. In such cases, there still may be an exposure to loss in excess of any amounts reasonably estimated and accrued. When a loss contingency is not both probable and estimable, the Company does not establish an accrued liability, but continues to monitor, in conjunction with any outside counsel handling a matter, further developments that would make such loss contingency both probable and reasonably estimable. Once the Company establishes an accrued liability with respect to a loss contingency, the Company continues to monitor the matter for further developments that could affect the amount of the accrued liability that has been previously established, and any appropriate adjustments are made each quarter.

17. Offsetting assets and liabilities

Certain financial instruments and derivative instruments are eligible for offset in the Balance Sheet under U.S. GAAP. The Company's securities borrowing and lending agreements are subject to master netting arrangements and collateral arrangements and meet the U.S. GAAP guidance to qualify for offset. A master netting arrangement with counterparty creates a right of offset for amounts due to and from that same counterparty that is enforceable in the event of a default or bankruptcy. Securities borrowed and loaned result from transactions between the Company and other financial institutions and are recorded at the amount of cash collateral advanced or received.

All securities borrow and loan transactions have an open contractual term and, upon notice by either party, may be terminated within three business days. As of December 31, 2020, all securities loan open contracts are equity securities.

The Company's policy is to recognize amounts subject to master netting arrangements on a gross basis on the Statement of Financial Condition.

The Company's assets subject to master netting arrangements as of December 31, 2020, are as follows:

	Gross amounts of recognized assets	Gross amount offsets in the statement of financial condition	Amounts of assets presented in the statement of financial condition	Gross amount not offset in the statement of financial condition		Net amount
				Financial instruments ⁽¹⁾	Security collateral	
Securities borrowed	\$ 147,486	\$ —	\$ 147,486	\$ (43,166)	\$ (102,559)	\$1,761
Total	<u>\$ 147,486</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 147,486</u>	<u>\$ (43,166)</u>	<u>\$ (102,559)</u>	<u>\$1,761</u>

- 1) Represents the amount of assets that could be offset by liabilities with the same counterparty under master netting arrangements that management elects not to offset on the Statement of Financial Condition.

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The Company's liabilities subject to master netting arrangements as of December 31, 2020, are as follows:

	Gross amounts of recognized assets	Gross amount offsets in the statement of financial condition	Amounts of assets presented in the statement of financial condition	Gross amount not offset in the statement of financial condition		Net amount
				Financial instruments ⁽¹⁾	Security collateral	
Securities loaned	\$ 205,384	\$ —	\$ 205,384	\$ (43,166)	\$ (157,246)	\$ 4,972
Total	<u>\$ 205,384</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 205,384</u>	<u>\$ (43,166)</u>	<u>\$ (157,246)</u>	<u>\$ 4,972</u>

1) Represents the amount of liabilities that could be offset by assets with the same counterparty under master netting arrangements that management elects not to offset on the Statement of Financial Condition.

18. Subsequent events

As of February 24, 2021, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, the Company has evaluated events or transactions that may have occurred after the financial condition date for potential recognition or disclosure.