JOSEPH GUNNAR & CO., L.L.C. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION December 31, 2017

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

OMB APPROVAL

OMB Number: 3235-0123

Expires: August 31, 2020

Estimated average burden
hours per response.....12.00

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-41386

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/17	AND ENDING	12/31/17	
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY	
A. REG	ISTRANT IDENTIF	CATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Joseph Gunnar & Co., L.L.C.) .	OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)		Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.	
30 E	Broad Street, 11th	Floor		
	(No. and Street)			
New York	NY		10004	
(City)	(State)	((Zip Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PE	RSON TO CONTACT IN	REGARD TO THIS RE	PORT	
Stephan Stein			212-440-9600	
			(Area Code - Telephone Number)	
B. ACCO	DUNTANT IDENTIF	ICATION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT w	hose opinion is contained	in this Report*		
	Cooperman & Com	(WAN WEEL		
	Name – if individual, state last,			
529 5th Avenue	New York	NY	10017	
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)	
CHECK ONE:				
Certified Public Accountant				
Public Accountant				
	10			
Accountant not resident in Unite	ed States or any of its pos	sessions.		
	FOR OFFICIAL USE	DNLY		
I .				

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Stephan A. Stein			, swea	r (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belie Joseph Gunnar & Co., L.L	f the accompanying financialC.	statement and su	pporting schedules	pertaining to the firm of , as
of	December 31	, 20 17 , a	re true and correct.	I further swear (or affirm) that
	any partner, proprietor, prin of a customer, except as follo	•	rector has any prop	prietary interest in any account
			A.	
Lowille a box of	10	_	Signatu Preside Title	nt
Notary Pu This report ** contains ((a) Facing Page. (b) Statement of Fire	check all applicable boxes):	Qu	TONI ANN ROMANO ry Public - State of Net NO. 01R06190385, alified in Richmond to nmission Expires 7-6	unty
(c) Statement of Ind (d) Statement of Ch (e) Statement of Ch (f) Statement of Ch (g) Computation of (h) Computation Rel (i) Information Rel	come (Loss). anges in Financial Condition anges in Stockholders' Equit anges in Liabilities Subordin Net Capital. Determination of Reserve R ating to the Possession or Co a, including appropriate explain	equirements Purs strol Requirement station of the Com	Creditors. uant to Rule 15c3-3 ts Under Rule 15c3 putation of Net Cap	3. i-3. oital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
 (k) A Reconciliation consolidation. ✓ (l) An Oath or Affi (m) A copy of the Si 	rmation. PC Supplemental Report.	udited Statemen	ts of Financial Con	Rule 15c3-3. dition with respect to methods of disince the date of the previous audit.

 $^{**}For \ conditions \ of \ confidential \ treatment \ of \ certain \ portions \ of \ this \ filing, \ see \ section \ 240.17a-5(e)(3).$

JOSEPH GUNNAR & CO., L.L.C.

CONTENTS

December 31, 2017

	Page
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM	1
FINANCIAL STATEMENT	
Statement of Financial Condition	2
Notes to Statement of Financial Condition	3-10



REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Member Joseph Gunnar & Co., L.L.C.

Opinion on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Joseph Gunnar & Co., L.L.C. as of December 31, 2017, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the financial statement). In our opinion, the statement of financial condition presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Joseph Gunnar & Co., L.L.C. as of December 31, 2017, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

This financial statement is the responsibility of Joseph Gunnar & Co., L.L.C.'s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Joseph Gunnar & Co., L.L.C.'s financial statement based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to Joseph Gunnar & Co., L.L.C. in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement, whether due to error of fraud. Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We have served as Joseph Gunnar & Co., L.L.C.'s auditor since 2009. New York, New York March 1, 2018

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

December 31, 2017

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 341,528
Receivables:	
Due from clearing broker	4,304,865
Due from registered representatives	891,953
Clearing deposit	600,000
Prepaid expenses and other assets	387,019
Property and equipment, net	114,491
Security deposits	20,350
Total assets	\$ 6,660,206
Liabilities and Member's Equity	
Liabilities:	
Commissions payable	\$ 2,470,280
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,252,301
Deferred revenue	460,975
Deferred rent payable	231,535
Subordinated loan	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Interest payable	5,562
Total liabilities	4,420,653
Commitments and contingencies (Note 6)	
Member's equity	2,239,553
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$ 6,660,206

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

December 31, 2017

1. Organization

Joseph Gunnar & Co., L.L.C. (the "Company") is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA"). As of October 22, 2012, the Company became a registered investment adviser with the SEC. The Company is wholly-owned by Joseph Gunnar Holding Co., LLC ("JGH").

The Company executes principal and agency transactions in listed and over-the-counter securities and engages in investment banking activity. All customer transactions are cleared on a fully disclosed basis through an independent clearing firm. The Company claims exemption from the requirements of SEC Rule 15c3-3 under Section (k)(2)(ii) of the rule, and consequently does not carry securities accounts for customers nor does it perform custodial functions related to their securities.

Since the Company is a limited liability company, the member is not liable for the debts, obligations, or liabilities of the Company, whether arising in contract, tort or otherwise, unless the member has signed a specific guarantee.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statement has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP").

Use of Estimates

The preparation of a financial statement in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement. Although these estimates are based on management's knowledge of current events and actions it may undertake in the future, they may ultimately differ from actual results.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to significant concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents. The Company places its cash with major financial institutions, which at times may be in excess of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") limits of \$250,000 per depositor per insured bank. At December 31, 2017, deposits in excess of the insured limit were approximately \$195,000.

December 31, 2017

Income Recognition/Business Activities

The Company records securities transactions, including gains from securities trading and commission revenue and expense, on a trade-date basis. Investment banking revenues include advisory fees and underwriting revenues as well as cash and non-cash (warrants) earned on securities offerings in which the Company acts as an underwriter or agent. Revenue earned from private placements is based on the percentage of money raised and is recognized according to contractual arrangements. The Company also earns procurement fees on certain private placements. Investment banking service revenue is earned, typically when funds are raised, and in accordance with contractual arrangements with each of the Company's customers. Underwriting revenues are presented net of related expenses. Revenue and related expenses from deal-related retainers are deferred until the related costs have been incurred or the assignment is otherwise concluded, at which point revenue and related expenses are recognizable and realized. For managed accounts, the Company earns revenue based on a percentage of assets under management. Clients are charged on a quarterly basis and the income is recognized ratably over the period.

Property and Equipment

Depreciation of equipment is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Deferred Rent

Deferred rent represents the excess of rent expense on a straight-line basis over the annual rent payable.

Advertising Costs

Advertising costs are charged to operations as incurred.

Income Taxes

The Company's parent, JGH, has elected to be treated as a partnership for federal, state, and local tax purposes and is responsible for New York City Unincorporated Business Taxes.

Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification ("FASB ASC") 740-10, *Income Taxes*, clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in a company's financial statement, by prescribing a minimum recognition threshold in which the company may recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position, before being recognized in the financial statement. As of December 31, 2017, the Company has no uncertain tax positions that qualify for either recognition or disclosure in the financial statement.

December 31, 2017

3. <u>Due From Clearing Broker</u>

The Company has a clearing agreement with a brokerage firm to carry its accounts. The clearing broker has custody of the Company's securities and cash balances. These securities and/or cash positions serve as collateral for any amounts due to the clearing broker and as collateral for potential defaults of the Company's customers which are carried on the books and records of the clearing broker. The Company is also subject to credit risk if the clearing broker is unable to repay balances due or deliver securities in its custody.

The clearing agreement requires the Company to maintain a \$250,000 deposit with the clearing broker, as reflected on the accompanying statement of financial condition.

4. Due From Registered Representatives

Due from registered representatives represents amounts advanced to registered representatives as incentives. The unsecured loans are non interest-bearing and have no specific repayment terms. The loans are amortized over the lives of the loans and included as compensation to the respective registered representatives. The loans are completely forgiven once the registered representatives have met their length of service obligations. If a registered representative fails to meet the requirement and is terminated, the balance will be evaluated by management to determine collectability. The balance of the loans receivable at December 31, 2017, was \$891,953, which was partially secured by a cash reimbursement in the amount of \$153,124 provided by a member of JGH, which is included in the liabilities of the Company. The Company has not taken a reserve for possible write-downs of the unsecured balance (see Note 8).

5. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following:

Equipment, furniture and fixtures	\$	1,563,702
Leasehold improvements		787,966
	-1	2,351,668
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	y 	(2,237,177)
Property and equipment, net	\$	114,491

December 31, 2017

6. Commitments and Contingencies

Operating Leases

The Company leases its office space under an operating lease that was due to expire in September 2010. In 2010, the Company signed an amendment to the lease extending its term until January 2021. Per the amended agreement, the Company incurs rent escalations on a yearly basis. The agreement also stipulates that the Company is allowed a base-month credit to fixed rent over the lease term, which it used in 2010 through 2013. The Company accounts for rent on a straight-line basis. As a result, the Company amortized approximately \$49,000 of its deferred rent balance for the year ended December 31, 2017. Deferred rent payable as of December 31, 2017, is \$231,535. Pursuant to the office lease, the Company is responsible for its annual share of real property taxes and other operating expenses. The Company's CEO/managing member of JGH has issued a limited personal guarantee of certain office lease obligations.

The Company has entered into several equipment leases with expiration dates through January 2021.

Following is a summary of future minimum lease payments for the office and equipment leases:

Year Ending	
December 31,	
2018	\$ 530,955
2019	543,922
2020	557,213
2021	47,281
	\$ 1,679,371

In October 2017, the Company entered into an agreement with JP Derivatives LLC ("JPD") and the Company's clearing firm, for JPD to introduce its securities business to the Company's clearing firm through a sub-clearing arrangement with the Company. The Company was required to deposit an additional \$350,000 with its clearing firm, which is included in clearing deposit on the accompanying statement of financial condition. JPD has a deposit with the Company for the same amount which is reflected as accounts payable and accrued expenses on the accompanying statement of financial condition.

Legal Matters

From time to time, the Company may be a respondent in legal actions incidental to its securities business. These cases may allege violations of various securities rules, and claim damages plus the recovery of legal fees and other costs. As of December 31, 2017, the Company was not party to any legal actions.

December 31, 2017

7. Fair Value Measurements

FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement, establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under FASB ASC 820 are described as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:
 - quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
 - quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
 - inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
 - inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value.

Investments in equity securities including warrants: Investments in equity securities that are classified as trading securities are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. When quoted market prices are unobservable, management uses quotes from independent pricing vendors based on independent pricing models or other model-based valuation techniques such as the present value of future cash flows, adjusted for the security's credit rating and other factors such as credit loss assumptions. The pricing vendors may provide the Company with valuations that are based on significant unobservable

December 31, 2017

inputs, and in those circumstances, the Company classifies the fair value measurements of the investment securities as Level 3. Management conducted a review of its pricing vendor to validate that the inputs used in that vendor's pricing process are deemed to be market observable or unobservable as defined in the standard. Based on the review performed, management believes that the valuations used in its financial statement are reasonable and are appropriately classified in the fair value hierarchy.

The preceding methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the Company believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with those of other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date. At December 31, 2017, there were no material investments owned.

Significant increases (decreases) in any of the above unobservable inputs would result in significantly lower (higher) fair value measurements. Due to the nature of these investments, current economic conditions, including the volatility of the financial markets, the general level of interest rates, and the general business climate affecting operations of the investees, will impact the fair values of these investments.

Level 3 investments

The following table presents a summary of changes in the fair value of the Company's Level 3 assets for the year ended December 31, 2017:

Balance - January 1, 2017	\$	-
Value of warrants received as compensation	9,412,651	
Less: compensation cost awarded	(9,412,651)	
Balance - December 31, 2017	\$.

The significant unobservable input used in the fair value measurement of the Company's warrant revenue and compensation is the volatility factor in the binomial lattice model, and was based on the average monthly volatility of selected peer companies. Increases (decreases) of this input in isolation could result in a lower (higher) fair value measurement.

December 31, 2017

8. Related Party Transactions

During 2017, the Company acted as placement agent to the Buttonwood Alpha, Buttonwood Horizon, and Buttonwood Select Opportunities Funds (the "Funds"). Certain principals of the Company own Buttonwood Select Opportunities Management Associates, LLC ("BSOMA"), the manager of the Funds.

During 2017, the Company provided Buttonwood Group Advisors ("BGA") with certain facilities and administrative services under an expense-sharing agreement. Certain principals of the Company own BGA, the investment subadvisor to BSOMA.

In December 2016, the Company entered into a temporary subordinated loan with a member of JGH, which was paid back to the member in April 2017. At December 31, 2017, there were no outstanding subordinated loans.

In addition, this member also advanced the Company \$350,000 in order to fund forgivable loans (see Note 4) to certain registered representatives. This amount is only due back to the member to the extent that the advances are repaid to the Company, in the event of termination or separation by one or more of the registered representatives. As of December 31, 2017, the remaining liability was \$153,124, which is included in accounts payable and accrued expenses on the accompanying statement of financial condition.

9. Financial Instruments With Off-Balance-Sheet Risk

The Company executes, as principal and agent, securities transactions on behalf of its customers. If either the customer or a counterparty fails to perform, the Company may be required to discharge the obligations of the non-performing party. In such circumstances, the Company may sustain a loss if the market value of the security is different from the contract value of the transaction. The Company is engaged in trading and brokerage activities with customers, broker-dealers and other counterparties. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each of its counterparties.

10. 401(k) Plan

The Company offers a 401(k) retirement plan which allows eligible employees to allocate up to 15% of their pre-tax earnings to the plan. The Company, under its safe harbor plan, contributes 3% of gross earnings to the plan for eligible non-highly compensated employees.

December 31, 2017

11. Net Capital Requirement

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum regulatory net capital, and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to regulatory net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2017, the Company had regulatory net capital of \$1,091,589 which exceeded its requirement of \$294,710 by \$796,879. The ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 4.05 to 1.

12. Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated its subsequent events through the date that the accompanying financial statement was available to be issued. There were no subsequent events requiring disclosure.