



Structured  
Investments

HSBC USA Inc.

\$  
**Callable Yield Notes Linked to the S&P 500<sup>®</sup> Index and Russell 2000<sup>®</sup> Index due December 30, 2011**

**General**

- Terms used in this free writing prospectus are described or defined herein, in the accompanying product supplement, prospectus supplement and prospectus. The Notes offered will have the terms described in the product supplement, prospectus supplement or prospectus. **The Notes are not principal protected, and you may lose up to 100.00% of your initial investment.**
- All references to "Enhanced Market Participation Notes" in the product supplement shall refer to these Callable Yield Notes.
- This free writing prospectus relates to a single note offering. The purchaser of a note will acquire a security linked to the a Reference Asset described below.
- Although the offering relates to a Reference Asset, you should not construe that fact as a recommendation as to the merits of acquiring an investment linked to the Reference Asset or any component security included in the Reference Asset or as to the suitability of an investment in the related Notes.
- Senior unsecured obligations of HSBC USA Inc. maturing December 30, 2011.
- Minimum denominations of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof.
- **If the terms of the Notes set forth below are inconsistent with those described in the accompanying product supplement, the terms set forth below will supersede.**

**Key Terms**

Issuer: HSBC USA Inc.  
 Issuer Rating: AA- (S&P), A1 (Moody's), AA (Fitch)\*  
 Reference Asset: The S&P 500<sup>®</sup> Index ("SPX") and the Russell 2000<sup>®</sup> Index ("RTY") (each an "Underlying" and together the "Underlyings")  
 Trigger Event: A Trigger Event occurs if the Final Level of either Underlying included in the Reference Asset is below its Trigger Level.  
 Trigger Level: For each Underlying, 65% of the Initial Level of the relevant Underlying.  
 Least Performing Underlying: The Underlying with the lowest Reference Return.  
 Coupon Rate: 10.00% per annum (paid quarterly)  
 Principal Amount: \$1,000 per note.  
 Trade Date: September 27, 2010  
 Pricing Date: September 27, 2010  
 Original Issue Date: September 30, 2010  
 Final Valuation Date: December 27, 2011, subject to adjustment as described in the accompanying product supplement.  
 Maturity Date: 3 business days after the Final Valuation Date and is expected to be December 30, 2011. The Maturity Date is subject to further adjustment as described under "Specific Terms of the Notes — Market Disruption Events" in the accompanying product supplement.  
 Payment at Maturity: If the Notes are not called, on the Maturity Date, for each Note, we will pay you the Final Settlement Value plus any coupon payment.  
 Final Settlement Value:

- **If a Trigger Event with respect to the Reference Asset does not occur, 100% of the Principal Amount.**
- **If a Trigger Event occurs, an amount equal to 100% of the Principal Amount multiplied by the sum of one plus the Reference Return of the Least Performing Underlying. In such a case, you may lose up to 100% of your investment regardless of the performance of the other Underlying.**

Coupon Payment Dates: December 30, 2010; March 30, 2011; June 30, 2011; November 30, 2011; and December 30, 2011 (the Maturity Date). The Coupon Payment Dates are subject to postponement as described under "Selected Purchase Considerations – Coupons" below.  
 Early Redemption: The issuer may redeem the Notes in whole, but not in part, on any Coupon Payment Date at 100% of their Principal Amount together with any Coupon Payment. See "Selected Purchase Considerations – Early Redemption" below.  
 Early Redemption Dates: The Early Redemption Date is the Coupon Payment Date, if any, for which the Issuer has given notice, on or before the third business day prior to such Coupon Payment Date, that it elects to redeem the Notes.  
 Reference Return: For each Underlying:  
Final Level – Initial Level  
Initial Level  
 Initial Level: For each Underlying, an intra-day level of the Underlying on the Pricing Date, as determined by the calculation agent. The Initial Level is not the Official Closing Level of an Underlying on the Pricing Date.  
 Final Level: The Official Closing Level of the relevant Underlying on the Final Valuation Date, as determined by the calculation agent.  
 Official Closing Level: The Official Closing Level of the relevant Underlying on any scheduled trading day as determined by the calculation agent based upon, for the SPX the level displayed on the Bloomberg Professional<sup>®</sup> service page "SPX <Index>" or any successor page on Bloomberg Professional<sup>®</sup> service or any successor service, as applicable, and for the RTY the level displayed on the Bloomberg Professional<sup>®</sup> service page "RTY <Index>" or any successor page on Bloomberg Professional<sup>®</sup> service or any successor service, as applicable.  
 CUSIP/ISIN: 4042K05Y7 /  
 Form of Notes: Book-Entry  
 Listing: The Notes will not be listed on any U.S. securities exchange or quotation system.

\* A credit rating reflects the creditworthiness of HSBC USA Inc. and is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities, and it may be subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating organization. The Notes themselves have not been independently rated. Each rating should be evaluated independently of any other rating. **Investment in the Notes involves certain risks. You should refer to "Selected Risk Considerations" beginning on page 5 of this document and "Risk Factors" on page PS-4 of the product supplement and page S-3 of the prospectus supplement.**

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the Notes or determined that this free writing prospectus, or the accompanying product supplement, prospectus supplement or prospectus, is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The Notes are not deposit liabilities or other obligations of a bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency of the United States or any other jurisdiction, and involve investment risks including possible loss of the Principal Amount invested due to the credit risk of HSBC. HSBC Securities (USA) Inc. or another of our affiliates or agents may use the pricing supplement to which this free writing prospectus relates in market-making transactions in any Notes after their initial sale. **Unless we or our agent informs you otherwise in the confirmation of sale, the pricing supplement to which this free writing prospectus relates is being used in a market-making transaction.** HSBC Securities (USA) Inc., an affiliate of ours, will purchase the Notes from us for distribution to the placement agent. See "Supplemental Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)" on page 14 of this free writing prospectus.

We have appointed J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. as placement agent for the sale of the Notes. J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. will offer the Notes to investors directly or through other registered broker-dealers.

	Price to Public <sup>(1)</sup>	Fees and Commissions	Proceeds to Issuer
Per Note	\$1,000	\$11.50	\$988.50
Total	\$	\$	\$

<sup>(1)</sup> Certain fiduciary accounts will pay a purchase price of \$988.50 per note, and the placement agents with respect to sales made to such accounts will forgo any fees.

**JPMorgan**  
**Placement Agent**  
 September 27, 2010

### **Additional Terms Specific to the Notes**

This free writing prospectus relates to a single note offering linked to the Reference Asset identified on the cover page. The purchaser of a Note will acquire a senior unsecured debt security linked to the Reference Asset. We reserve the right to withdraw, cancel or modify any offering and to reject orders in whole or in part. Although the Note offering relates only to the Reference Asset identified on the cover page, you should not construe that fact as a recommendation as to the merits of acquiring an investment linked to the Reference Asset or any securities held by Reference Asset or as to the suitability of an investment in the Notes.

You should read this document together with the prospectus dated April 2, 2009, the prospectus supplement dated April 9, 2009 and the product supplement dated April 9, 2009. If the terms of the Notes offered hereby are inconsistent with those described in the accompanying product supplement, prospectus supplement or prospectus, the terms described in this free writing prospectus shall control. You should carefully consider, among other things, the matters set forth in "Selected Risk Considerations" beginning on page 5 of this free writing prospectus and "Risk Factors" on page PS-4 of the product supplement and page S-3 of the prospectus supplement, as the Notes involve risks not associated with conventional debt securities. All references to "Enhanced Market Participation Notes" in the product supplement shall refer to these Knock-Out Buffer Notes. We urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisers before you invest in the Notes. As used herein, references to the "Issuer", "HSBC", "we", "us" and "our" are to HSBC USA Inc.

HSBC has filed a registration statement (including a prospectus, a prospectus supplement and a product supplement) with the SEC for the offering to which this free writing prospectus relates. Before you invest, you should read the prospectus, prospectus supplement and product supplement in that registration statement and other documents HSBC has filed with the SEC for more complete information about HSBC and this offering. You may get these documents for free by visiting EDGAR on the SEC's web site at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). Alternatively, HSBC Securities (USA) Inc. or any dealer participating in this offering will arrange to send you the prospectus, prospectus supplement and product supplement if you request them by calling toll-free 1 866 811 8049.

You may also obtain:

- the product supplement at [www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/83246/000114420409019791/v145840\\_424b2.htm](http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/83246/000114420409019791/v145840_424b2.htm)
- the prospectus supplement at [www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/83246/000114420409019785/v145824\\_424b2.htm](http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/83246/000114420409019785/v145824_424b2.htm)
- the prospectus at [www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/83246/000104746909003736/a2192100zs-3asr.htm](http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/83246/000104746909003736/a2192100zs-3asr.htm)

We are using this free writing prospectus to solicit from you an offer to purchase the Notes. You may revoke your offer to purchase the Notes at any time prior to the time at which we accept your offer by notifying HSBC Securities (USA) Inc. We reserve the right to change the terms of, or reject any offer to purchase, the Notes prior to their issuance. In the event of any material changes to the terms of the Notes, we will notify you.

### **Supplemental Information Relating to the Terms of the Notes**

Notwithstanding anything contained in the accompanying prospectus supplement or product supplement to the contrary, the Notes will be issued under the senior indenture dated March 31, 2009, between HSBC USA Inc., as Issuer, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee. Such indenture has substantially the same terms as the indenture described in the accompanying prospectus supplement and product supplement. HSBC Bank USA, N.A. will act as paying agent with respect to the Notes pursuant to a Paying Agent and Securities Registrar Agreement dated June 1, 2009, between HSBC USA Inc. and HSBC Bank USA, N.A.

## What Is the Total Return on the Notes at Maturity Assuming a Range of Performance for the Least Performing Underlying?

The following table and graph assume the Notes are not subject to an Early Redemption by the Issuer and illustrate the hypothetical total return at maturity on the Notes based on a hypothetical range of performance for the Least Performing Underlying. The “total return” as used in this free writing prospectus is the number, expressed as a percentage, that results from comparing the Payment at Maturity per \$1,000 Principal Amount of Notes to \$1,000. The hypothetical total returns set forth below reflect the Principal Amount of \$1,000, the Trigger Level of 65% and the Coupon Rate of 10.00% per annum. The hypothetical total returns set forth below are for illustrative purposes only and may not be the actual total returns applicable to a purchaser of the Notes. The numbers appearing in the following table and examples have been rounded for ease of analysis.

Least Performing Underlying's Reference Return	Trigger Event Does Not Occur <sup>1</sup>				Trigger Event Occurs <sup>2</sup>			
	Hypothetical Total Coupon Paid Over the Term of the Notes <sup>3</sup>	Hypothetical Final Settlement Value	Hypothetical Total Payment on the Notes	Hypothetical Total Return on the Notes	Hypothetical Total Coupon Paid Over the term of the Notes <sup>3</sup>	Hypothetical Final Settlement Value	Hypothetical Total Payment on the Notes	Hypothetical Total Return on Notes
100.00%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%
90.00%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%
80.00%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%
70.00%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%
60.00%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%
50.00%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%
40.00%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%
30.00%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%
20.00%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%
10.00%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%
0.00%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%
-10.00%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%	\$125	\$900	\$1,025	2.50%
-20.00%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%	\$125	\$800	\$925	-7.50%
-30.00%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%	\$125	\$700	\$825	-17.50%
-35.00%	\$125	\$1,000	\$1,125	12.50%	\$125	\$650	\$775	-22.50%
-40.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$125	\$600	\$725	-27.50%
-50.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$125	\$500	\$625	-37.50%
-60.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$125	\$400	\$525	-47.50%
-70.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$125	\$300	\$425	-57.50%
-80.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$125	\$200	\$325	-67.50%
-90.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$125	\$100	\$225	-77.50%
-100.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$125	\$0	\$125	-87.50%

<sup>1</sup> The Final Level of each Underlying is not below its respective Trigger Level.

<sup>2</sup> The Final Level of at least one of the Underlyings is below its respective Trigger Level.

<sup>3</sup> Assuming the Notes have been held to maturity, the hypothetical total amount of the coupons paid on the Notes as of the Maturity Date will equal \$125, with hypothetical coupon payments of \$25 made on each Coupon Payment Date.

### Hypothetical Examples of Amounts Payable at Maturity

The following examples illustrate a sampling of hypothetical Final Settlement Values, assume an Initial Level of 1,124.83 for the SPX and an Initial Level of 648.84 for the RTY and reflect the Principal Amount of \$1,000, the Trigger level of 65% of the Initial Level of each Underlying and a Coupon Rate of 10.00% per annum. The actual Initial Level for each Underlying will be set on the Pricing Date. In addition to the Final Settlement Value, you will be entitled to receive coupon payments quarterly on each Coupon Payment Date, up to and including the Maturity Date (or the Early Redemption Date, as applicable).

The examples provided herein are for illustration purposes only. The actual Final Settlement Value, if any, will depend on whether a Trigger Event occurs and, if so, the Reference Return of the Least Performing Underlying. You should not take these examples as an indication of potential payments. It is not possible to predict whether a Trigger Event will occur and, if so, whether the Reference Return of the Least Performing Underlying will be less than zero, or to what extent the Reference Return will be less than zero.

**Example 1: The Issuer does not exercise its Early Redemption Right and a Trigger Event occurs. Additionally, the Reference Return of the Least Performing Underlying is zero or negative.**

<u>Underlying</u>	<u>Initial Level</u>	<u>Final Level on Final Valuation Date</u>
SPX	1,124.83	697.39 (62% of Initial Level)
RTY	648.84	616.40 (95% of Initial Level)

Since the Final Level of SPX is below its Trigger Level, a **Trigger Event occurs**. SPX is also the Least Performing Underlying.

Therefore, the Final Return of the Least Performing Underlying =

$$\frac{\text{Final Level of SPX} - \text{Initial Level of SPX}}{\text{Initial Level of SPX}}$$

$$= (697.39 - 1,124.83) / 1,124.83 = \mathbf{-38.00\%}$$

Final Settlement Value = Principal Amount of the notes  $\times$  (1 + Final Return of the Least Performing Underlying)

$$= \$1,000 \times (1 - 38\%) = \mathbf{\$620.00}$$

Therefore, with the total coupon payment of \$125 over the term of the Notes, the total payment on the Notes is \$745.00.

**Example 2: The Issuer does not exercise its Early Redemption Right and a Trigger Event does not occur. However, the Reference Return of the Least Performing Underlying is less than zero.**

<u>Underlying</u>	<u>Initial Level</u>	<u>Final Level on Final Valuation Date</u>
SPX	1,124.83	1,237.31 (110% of Initial Level)
RTY	648.84	616.40 (95% of Initial Level)

Since the Final Level of each Underlying is not below its respective Trigger Level, a **Trigger Event does not occur**.

Therefore, the Final Settlement Value equals **\$1,000**.

Additionally, with the total coupon payment of \$125 over the term of the Notes, the total payment on the Notes is \$1,125.00.

**Example 3: The Issuer does not exercise its Early Redemption Right and a Trigger Event does not occur. The Reference Return of the Least Performing Underlying is greater than zero.**

<u>Underlying</u>	<u>Initial Level</u>	<u>Final Level on Final Valuation Date</u>
SPX	1,124.83	1,237.31 (110% of Initial Level)
RTY	648.84	681.28 (105% of Initial Level)

Since the Final Level of each Underlying is not below its respective Trigger Level, a **Trigger Event does not occur**.

Therefore, the Final Settlement Value equals **\$1,000**.

Additionally, with the total coupon payment of \$125 over the term of the Notes, the total payment on the Notes is \$1,125.00.

**Example 3: The Issuer exercises its Early Redemption Right and the Early Redemption Date is June 30, 2011.**

Since the Issuer exercised its Early Redemption Right, there is an early redemption and you are no longer entitled to receive any Final Settlement Value. Therefore, on the Early Redemption Date you would receive your \$1,000 principal amount of Notes plus the coupon payment of \$25 owed to you on such date. As a result, on the Early Redemption Date, you would be entitled to receive a total payment of \$1,025. Once we exercise our Early Redemption Right, the Underlyings have no relevance in determining the payment owed to you on the Early Redemption Date.

## Selected Purchase Considerations

- **COUPON PAYMENTS** —On each Coupon Payment Date, for each \$1,000 principal amount of Notes, you will be paid an amount equal to the product of (a) \$1,000 multiplied by (b) the Coupon Rate divided by four. The expected Coupon Payment Dates are December 30, 2010, March 30, 2011, June 30, 2011, September 30, 2011 and December 30, 2011 (which is also the expected Maturity Date). If any Coupon Payment Date falls on a day that is not a business day (including a Coupon Payment Date that is also the Maturity Date or the Early Redemption Date), such Coupon Payment Date will be postponed to the immediately succeeding business day. In the case of the final Coupon Payment Date that is also the Maturity Date, in the event the Maturity Date is postponed as described under "Final Valuation Date and Maturity Date" below, such final Coupon Payment Date will also be postponed until the postponed Maturity Date. In no event, however, will any additional interest accrue on the Notes as a result of any the foregoing postponements. For information regarding the record dates applicable to the Coupons paid on the Notes, please see the section entitled "Recipients of Interest Payments" on page S-18 in the accompanying prospectus supplement. The Coupon Rate will be 10.00% per annum.
- **LIMITED PROTECTION AGAINST LOSS** —If a Trigger Event Occurs, you will lose 1.00% of the Principal Amount for every 1.00% decline of the level of the Least Performing Underlying from its Initial Level. If a Trigger Event has occurred and the Reference Return of the Least Performing Underlying is -100.00%, you will lose your entire investment.
- **DIVERSIFICATION OF THE S&P 500<sup>®</sup> INDEX** — The return on the notes is linked to the S&P 500<sup>®</sup> Index. The S&P 500<sup>®</sup> Index consists of 500 component stocks selected to provide a performance benchmark for the U.S. equity markets. For additional information about the reference asset, see the information set forth under "Description of the Reference Asset" herein.
- **LINKED TO THE RUSSELL 2000<sup>®</sup> INDEX** — The return on the Notes is linked to the Russell 2000<sup>®</sup> Index. The Russell 2000<sup>®</sup> Index consists of the smallest 2,000 companies included in the Russell 3000<sup>®</sup> Index and is designed to track the performance of the small capitalization segment of the United States equity market. For additional information about the Reference Asset, see the information set forth under "Description of the Reference Asset" herein.
- **EARLY REDEMPTION RIGHT** — The Notes are redeemable the Issuer's option in whole, but not in part, on any Coupon Payment Date upon giving notice three business days prior to such Coupon Payment Date. The Early Redemption Date is the Coupon Payment Date, if any, for which we have given notice, on or before the third business day prior to such Coupon Payment Date, that we elect to redeem the Notes. If the Notes are redeemed prior to the Maturity Date, you will be entitled to receive only the principal amount of the Notes and any coupon payment in respect of Coupon Payment Dates ended on or before the Early Redemption Date. In this case, you will lose the opportunity to continue to be paid Coupons in respect of Coupon Payment Dates ending after the Early Redemption Date.
- **TAX TREATMENT** — You should review carefully the section entitled "Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the prospectus supplement. Notwithstanding any disclosure in the accompanying prospectus supplement to the contrary, our special U.S. tax counsel in this transaction is Sidley Austin LLP. We and you agree (in the absence of an administrative determination or judicial ruling to the contrary) to treat the Notes as units comprising a Put Option and a Deposit for U.S. federal income tax purposes. We currently estimate that we will treat 6.1% of each coupon payment as interest on the Deposit and the remainder as Put Premium. However, the actual allocation of the interest payment between interest on the Deposit and Put Premium for U.S. federal income tax purposes will be determined on the date that the Notes are issued, will depend upon market conditions at that time and, therefore, may be different than the allocation described above. By purchasing the Notes, you agree to treat the Notes for U.S. federal income tax purposes consistently with our treatment and allocation as described above. However, there are other reasonable treatments that the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") or a court may adopt, in which case the timing and character of any income or loss on the Notes could be significantly and adversely affected. In addition, in 2007 Treasury and the IRS released a notice requesting comments on the U.S. federal income tax treatment of "prepaid forward contracts" and similar instruments. While it is not clear whether the Notes would be viewed as similar to the typical prepaid forward contract described in the notice, it is possible that any Treasury regulations or other guidance promulgated after consideration of these issues could materially and adversely affect the tax consequences of an investment in the Notes, possibly with retroactive effect. The notice focuses on a number of issues, the most relevant of which for holders of the Notes are the character of income or loss and the degree, if any, to which income realized by Non-U.S. Holders should be subject to withholding tax. Both U.S. and Non-U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisers regarding all aspects of the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the Notes, including possible alternative treatments and the issues presented by this notice. Non-U.S. Holders should also Note that they may be withheld upon at a rate of up to 30% unless they have submitted a properly completed IRS Form W-8BEN or otherwise satisfied the applicable documentation requirements. Purchasers who are

not initial purchasers of Notes at the issue price should also consult their tax advisers with respect to the tax consequences of an investment in the Notes, including possible alternative characterizations, as well as the allocation of the interest payment between the Deposit and the Put Option. We will not attempt to ascertain whether the issuer of any stock included in one or more of the Underlyings would be treated as a passive foreign investment company ("PFIC") or United States real property holding corporation ("USRPHC"), both as defined for U.S. federal income tax purpose. In the event that the issuer of any stock included in one or more of the Underlyings were treated as a PFIC or USRPHC, certain adverse U.S. federal income tax consequences might apply. You should refer to information filed with the SEC and other authorities by the issuers of stock included in the Underlyings and consult your tax advisor regarding the possible consequences to you in the event that one or more issuers of stock included in one or more of the Underlyings is or becomes a PFIC or USRPHC.

### Selected Risk Considerations

An investment in the Notes involves significant risks. Investing in the Notes is not equivalent to investing directly in the Reference Asset or any of the component securities of the Reference Asset. These risks are explained in more detail in the "Risk Factors" sections of the accompanying product supplement and prospectus supplement.

- **YOUR INVESTMENT IN THE NOTES MAY RESULT IN A LOSS** — The Notes are not principal protected. The Notes differ from ordinary debt securities in that we will not pay you 100% of the Principal Amount of your Notes if a Trigger Event occurs. In this case, the Payment at Maturity you will be entitled to receive will be less than the Principal Amount of the Notes and you could lose your entire initial investment if the value of the Least Performing Underlying falls to zero. An investment in the Notes is not principal protected and you may receive less at maturity than you originally invested in the Notes, or you may receive nothing at maturity, excluding any coupon payment.
- **THE NOTES ARE SUBJECT TO THE CREDIT RISK OF HSBC USA INC.** — The Notes are senior unsecured debt obligations of the issuer, HSBC, and are not, either directly or indirectly, an obligation of any third party. As further described in the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus, the Notes will rank on par with all of the other unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations of HSBC, except such obligations as may be preferred by operation of law. Any payment to be made on the Notes, including any principal protection at maturity, depends on the ability of HSBC to satisfy its obligations as they come due. As a result, the actual and perceived creditworthiness of HSBC may affect the market value of the Notes and, in the event HSBC were to default on its obligations, you may not receive the amounts owed to you under the terms of the Notes.
- **IF A TRIGGER EVENT OCCURS WITH RESPECT TO ANY UNDERLYING, YOUR RETURN WILL BE BASED ON THE FINAL RETURN OF THE LEAST PERFORMING UNDERLYING**—The performance of any of the Underlyings may cause a Trigger Event to occur. If a Trigger Event does occur, your return will be based on the Final Return of the Least Performing Underlying without regard to the performance of the other Underlying. As a result, you could lose all or some of your initial investment if the Final Return of Least Performing Underlying is negative, even if there is an increase in the value of the other Underlying. This could be the case even if the other Underlyings increased by an amount that was enough to offset the decrease in the Least Performing Underlying.
- **THE NOTES ARE SUBJECT TO OUR EARLY REDEMPTION RIGHT, WHICH LIMITS YOUR ABILITY TO ACCRUE INTEREST OVER THE FULL TERM OF THE NOTES**—The Notes are subject our Early Redemption Right and therefore may be redeemed by us on any Coupon Payment Date upon at least three business days notice. If the Notes are redeemed prior to the Maturity Date, you will be entitled to receive only the principal amount of your Notes and any coupon payment in respect of Coupon Payment Dates originally scheduled to occur on or before the Early Redemption Date. In this case, you will lose the opportunity to continue to accrue and be paid coupons in respect of Coupon Payment Dates following the Early Redemption Date. If the Notes are redeemed prior to the Maturity Date, you may be unable to invest in other securities with a similar price of risk that yield as much interest as the Notes.
- **THERE ARE RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH SMALL CAPITALIZATION STOCKS** — The stocks that constitute the Russell 2000<sup>®</sup> Index are issued by companies with relatively small market capitalization. The stock prices of smaller companies may be more volatile than stock prices of large capitalization companies. Small capitalization companies may be less able to withstand adverse economic, market, trade and competitive conditions relative to larger companies. These companies tend to be less well-established than large market capitalization companies. Small capitalization companies are less likely to pay dividends on their stocks, and the presence of a dividend payment could be a factor that limits downward stock price pressure under adverse market conditions.
- **SINCE THE NOTES ARE LINKED TO THE PERFORMANCE OF MORE THAN ONE UNDERLYING, YOU WILL BE FULLY EXPOSED TO THE RISK OF FLUCTUATIONS IN THE VALUES OF EACH UNDERLYING** — Since the Notes are linked to the performance of more than one Underlying, the Notes will be

linked to the individual performance of each Underlying. Because the Notes are not linked to a weighted basket, in which the risk is mitigated and diversified among all of the components of a basket, you will be exposed to the risk of fluctuations in the prices of the Underlyings to the same degree for each Underlying. For example, in the case of Notes linked to a weighted basket, the return would depend on the weighted aggregate performance of the basket components as reflected by the basket return. Thus, the depreciation of any basket component could be mitigated by the appreciation of another basket component, to the extent of the weightings of such components in the basket. However, in the case of these Notes, the individual performances of each of the Underlyings would not be combined to calculate your return and the depreciation of any Underlying would not be mitigated by the appreciation of the other Underlyings. Instead, your return would depend on the Least Performing Underlying of the Underlyings to which the Notes are linked.

- **CHANGES THAT AFFECT AN INDEX MAY AFFECT THE MARKET VALUE OF THE NOTES AND THE AMOUNT YOU WILL RECEIVE AT MATURITY**—The policies of the reference sponsor of an index concerning additions, deletions and substitutions of the constituents comprising such index and the manner in which the reference sponsor takes account of certain changes affecting those constituents included in such index may affect the value of such index. The policies of the reference sponsor with respect to the calculation of the relevant index could also affect the value of such index. The reference sponsor may discontinue or suspend calculation or dissemination of its relevant index. Any such actions could affect the value of the Notes.
- **YOUR MAXIMUM GAIN ON THE NOTES IS LIMITED TO THE MAXIMUM RETURN** — If the Final Level is greater than the Initial Level, for each \$1,000 Principal Amount of Notes you hold, you will receive at maturity \$1,000 plus an additional amount that will not exceed the Maximum Return of 10.00% of the Principal Amount, regardless of the appreciation in the Reference Asset, which may be significantly greater than the Maximum Return. **You will not receive a return on the Notes greater than the Maximum Return.**
- **SUITABILITY OF NOTES FOR INVESTMENT** – A person should reach a decision to invest in the Notes after carefully considering, with his or her advisors, the suitability of the Notes in light of his or her investment objectives and the information set out in this free writing prospectus. Neither the Issuer nor any dealer participating in the offering makes any recommendation as to the suitability of the Notes for investment.
- **CERTAIN BUILT-IN COSTS ARE LIKELY TO ADVERSELY AFFECT THE VALUE OF THE NOTES PRIOR TO MATURITY** — While the Payment at Maturity described in this free writing prospectus is based on the full Principal Amount of your Notes, the original issue price of the Notes includes the placement agent's commission and the estimated cost of hedging our obligations under the Notes through one or more of our affiliates. As a result, the price, if any, at which HSBC Securities (USA) Inc. will be willing to purchase Notes from you in secondary market transactions, if at all, will likely be lower than the original issue price, and any sale of Notes by you prior to the Maturity Date could result in a substantial loss to you. The Notes are not designed to be short-term trading instruments. Accordingly, you should be able and willing to hold your Notes to maturity.
- **NO INTEREST OR DIVIDEND PAYMENTS OR VOTING RIGHTS** — As a holder of the Notes, you will not receive interest payments, and you will not have voting rights or rights to receive cash dividends or other distributions or other rights that holders of securities composing the Underlyings would have.
- **THE NOTES LACK LIQUIDITY** — The Notes will not be listed on any securities exchange. HSBC Securities (USA) Inc. intends to offer to purchase the Notes in the secondary market but is not required to do so and may cease making such offers at any time. Because other dealers are not likely to make a secondary market for the Notes, the price at which you may be able to trade your Notes is likely to depend on the price, if any, at which HSBC Securities (USA) Inc. is willing to buy the Notes. Even if there is a secondary market, it may not provide enough liquidity to allow you to trade or sell the Notes easily.
- **POTENTIAL CONFLICTS** — We and our affiliates play a variety of roles in connection with the issuance of the Notes, including acting as calculation agent and hedging our obligations under the Notes. In performing these duties, the economic interests of the calculation agent and other affiliates of ours are potentially adverse to your interests as an investor in the Notes. We will not have any obligation to consider your interests as a holder of the Notes in taking any corporate action that might affect the level of the Reference Asset and the value of the Notes. The Initial Level for each Underlying is an intra-day level of such Underlying on the Pricing Date that was determined by the calculation agent. Although the calculation agent made all determinations and took all action in relation to the establishment of the respective Initial Levels in good faith, it should be noted that such discretion could have had an impact (positive or negative) on the value of your notes. The calculation agent is under no obligation to consider your interests as a holder of the Notes in taking any actions, including the determination of the Initial Levels, that might affect the value of your Notes.

- **THE NOTES ARE NOT INSURED OR GUARANTEED BY ANY GOVERNMENTAL AGENCY OF THE UNITED STATES OR ANY OTHER JURISDICTION** — The Notes are not deposit liabilities or other obligations of a bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency or program of the United States or any other jurisdiction. An investment in the Notes is subject to the credit risk of the Issuer, and in the event that we are unable to pay our obligations as they become due, you may not receive the full payment at maturity of the Notes.
- **MANY ECONOMIC AND MARKET FACTORS WILL IMPACT THE VALUE OF THE NOTES** — In addition to the level of the Underlyings on any day, the value of the Notes will be affected by a number of economic and market factors that may either offset or magnify each other, including:
  - that the Notes are subject to an Early Redemption;
  - the expected volatility of the Underlyings;
  - the time to maturity of the Notes;
  - the dividend rate on the equity securities underlying the Underlyings;
  - interest and yield rates in the market generally;
  - a variety of economic, financial, political, regulatory or judicial events; and
  - our creditworthiness, including actual or anticipated downgrades in our credit ratings.

## Description of the Reference Asset

### General

*This free writing prospectus is not an offer to sell and it is not an offer to buy interests in the Underlyings or any of the securities comprising the Underlyings. All disclosures contained in this free writing prospectus regarding the Reference Asset, including its make-up, performance, method of calculation and changes in its components, where applicable, are derived from publicly available information. Neither HSBC nor any of its affiliates assumes any responsibilities for the adequacy or accuracy of information about the Underlyings or any constituent included in the Underlyings contained in this free writing prospectus. You should make your own investigation into the Underlyings.*

We urge you to read the section “Sponsors or Issuers and Reference Asset” on page S-37 in the accompanying prospectus supplement.

### The S&P 500<sup>®</sup> Index

HSBC has derived all information relating to the SPX, including, without limitation, its make-up, performance, method of calculation and changes in its components, from publicly available sources. That information reflects the policies of and is subject to change by, Standard & Poor’s Financial Services LLC (“S&P”). S&P is under no obligation to continue to publish, and may discontinue or suspend the publication of the SPX at any time.

### *S&P publishes the SPX*

The SPX is intended to provide an indication of the pattern of common stock price movement. The calculation of the level of the SPX, discussed below in further detail, is based on the relative value of the aggregate Market Value (as defined below) of the common stocks of 500 companies as of a particular time compared to the aggregate average Market Value of the common stocks of 500 similar companies during the base period of the years 1941 through 1943. S&P chooses companies for inclusion in the SPX with the aim of achieving a distribution by broad industry groupings that approximates the distribution of these groupings in the common stock population of the Standard & Poor’s Stock Guide Database, which S&P uses as an assumed model for the composition of the total market. S&P may from time to time in its sole discretion, add companies to or delete companies from, the SPX to achieve these objectives.

Relevant criteria employed by S&P include the viability of the particular company, the extent to which that company represents the industry group to which it is assigned, the extent to which the market price of that company’s common stock is generally responsive to changes in the affairs of the respective industry and the market value and trading activity of the common stock of that company. Ten main industry groups comprise the SPX: Information Technology, Financials, Consumer Staples, Health Care, Energy, Industrials, Consumer Discretionary, Utilities, Materials and Telecommunication Services. Changes in the SPX are reported daily in the financial pages of many major newspapers, on Bloomberg Professional<sup>®</sup> service under the symbol “SPX” and on the S&P website. Information contained in the S&P website is not incorporated by reference in, and should not be considered a part of, this document.

The SPX does not reflect the payment of dividends on the stocks included in the SPX and therefore the payment on the Notes will not produce the same return you would receive if you were able to purchase such underlying stocks and hold them until the Maturity Date.

## *Computation of the SPX*

Prior to March 2005, the Market Value of a component stock was calculated as the product of the market price per share and the total number of outstanding shares of the component stock. In March 2004, S&P announced that it would transition the SPX to float-adjusted market capitalization weights. The transition began in March 2005 and was completed in September 2005. S&P's criteria for selecting stock for the SPX was not changed by the shift to float adjustment. However, the adjustment affects each company's weight in the SPX (i.e., its Market Value). Currently, S&P calculates the SPX based on the total float-adjusted market capitalization of each component stock, where each stock's weight in the SPX is proportional to its float-adjusted Market Value.

Under float adjustment, the share counts used in calculating the SPX reflect only those shares that are available to investors, not all of a company's outstanding shares. S&P defines three groups of shareholders whose holdings are subject to float adjustment:

- holdings by other publicly traded corporations, venture capital firms, private equity firms, strategic partners, or leveraged buyout groups;
- holdings by government entities, including all levels of government in the U.S. or foreign countries; and
- holdings by current or former officers and directors of the company, founders of the company, or family trusts of officers, directors, or founders, as well as holdings of trusts, foundations, pension funds, employee stock ownership plans or other investment vehicles associated with and controlled by the company.

However, treasury stock, stock options, restricted shares, equity participation units, warrants, preferred stock, convertible stock, and rights are not part of the float. In cases where holdings in a group exceed 10% of the outstanding shares of a company, the holdings of that group are excluded from the float-adjusted count of shares to be used in the index calculation. Mutual funds, investment advisory firms, pension funds, or foundations not associated with the company and investment funds in insurance companies, shares of a U.S. company traded in Canada as "exchangeable shares," shares that trust beneficiaries may buy or sell without difficulty or significant additional expense beyond typical brokerage fees, and, if a company has multiple classes of stock outstanding, shares in an unlisted or non-traded class if such shares are convertible by shareholders without undue delay and cost, are also part of the float.

For each stock, an investable weight factor ("IWF") is calculated by dividing the available float shares, defined as the total shares outstanding less shares held in one or more of the three groups listed above where the group holdings exceed 10% of the outstanding shares, by the total shares outstanding. The float-adjusted index is then calculated by dividing the sum of the IWF multiplied by both the price and the total shares outstanding for each stock by an Index divisor (the "Divisor"). For companies with multiple classes of stock, S&P calculates the weighted average IWF for each stock using the proportion of the total company market capitalization of each share class as weights.

As of the date of these Terms and Conditions, the SPX is also calculated using a base-weighted aggregate methodology: the level of the SPX reflects the total Market Value of all the component stocks relative to the SPX base period of 1941-43. The daily calculation of the SPX is computed by dividing the Market Value of the SPX component stocks by a Divisor, which is adjusted from time to time as discussed below.

The simplest capitalization weighted index can be thought of as a portfolio consisting of all available shares of the stocks in the index. While this might track this portfolio's value in dollar terms, it would probably yield an unwieldy number in the trillions. Therefore, the actual number used in the SPX is scaled to a more easily handled number, currently in the thousands, by dividing the portfolio Market Value by the Divisor.

Ongoing maintenance of the SPX includes monitoring and completing the adjustments for additions and deletions of the constituent companies, share changes, stock splits, stock dividends and stock price adjustments due to company restructurings or spin-offs. Continuity in the level of the SPX is maintained by adjusting the Divisor for all changes in the SPX constituents' share capital after the base period of 1941-43 with the level of the SPX as of the base period set at 10. Some corporate actions, such as stock splits and stock dividends do not require Divisor adjustments because following a stock split or stock dividend, both the stock price and number of shares outstanding are adjusted by S&P so that there is no change in the Market Value of the component stock. All stock split and dividend adjustments are made after the close of trading on the day before the ex-date.

To prevent the level of the SPX from changing due to corporate actions, all corporate actions which affect the total Market Value of the SPX also require a Divisor adjustment. By adjusting the Divisor for the change in total Market Value, the level of the SPX remains constant. This helps maintain the level of the SPX as an accurate barometer of stock market performance and ensures that the movement of the SPX does not reflect the corporate actions of individual companies in the SPX. All Divisor adjustments are made after the close of trading and after the calculation of the closing levels of the SPX. As noted in the preceding paragraph, some corporate actions, such as stock splits and stock dividends, require simple changes in the common shares outstanding and the stock prices of the companies in the SPX and do not require Divisor adjustments. The table below summarizes the types of SPX maintenance adjustments and indicates whether or not a Divisor adjustment is required.

Type of Corporate Action	Comments	Divisor Adjustment
• Company added/deleted	• Net change in market value determines Divisor adjustment.	• Yes
Change in shares outstanding	Any combination of secondary issuance, share repurchase or buy back—share counts revised to reflect change.	Yes
Stock split	Share count revised to reflect new count. Divisor adjustment is not required since the share count and price changes are offsetting.	No
Spin-off	If spun-off company is not being added to the index, the divisor adjustment reflects the decline in Index Market Value (i.e., the value of the spun-off unit).	Yes
Spin-off	Spun-off company added to the SPX, no company removed from the SPX.	No
Spin-off	Spun-off company added to the SPX, another company removed to keep number of names fixed. Divisor adjustment reflects deletion.	Yes
Change in IWF	Increasing (decreasing) the IWF increases (decreases) the total market value of the SPX. The Divisor change reflects the change in market value caused by the change to an IWF.	Yes
Special dividend	When a company pays a special dividend the share price is assumed to drop by the amount of the dividend; the divisor adjustment reflects this drop in Index Market Value.	Yes
Rights offering	Each shareholder receives the right to buy a proportional number of additional shares at a set (often discounted) price. The calculation assumes that the offering is fully subscribed. Divisor adjustment reflects increase in market cap measured as the shares issued multiplied by the price paid.	Yes

Each of the corporate events exemplified in the table requiring an adjustment to the Divisor has the effect of altering the Market Value of the component stock and consequently of altering the aggregate Market Value of the SPX component stocks (the “Post-Event Aggregate Market Value”). In order that the level of the SPX (the “Pre-Event Index Value”) not be affected by the altered Market Value (whether increase or decrease) of the affected component stock, a new Divisor (“New Divisor”) is derived as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} & \bullet \quad \text{Post-Event Aggregate Market Value} & = & \text{Pre-Event Index Value} \\ & \bullet \quad \text{New Divisor} & = & \frac{\text{Post-Event Aggregate Market Value}}{\text{Pre-Event Index Value}} \end{aligned}$$

Another large part of the SPX maintenance process involves tracking the changes in the number of shares outstanding of each of the companies whose stocks are included in the SPX. Four times a year, on a Friday close to the end of each calendar quarter, the share totals of companies in the SPX are updated as required by any changes in the number of shares outstanding and then the Index Divisor is adjusted accordingly. In addition, changes in a company’s shares outstanding of 5% or more due to mergers, acquisitions, public offerings, private placements, tender offers, Dutch auctions or exchange offers are made as soon as reasonably possible. Other changes of 5% or more (due to, for example, company stock repurchases, redemptions, exercise of options, warrants, conversion of preferred stock, notes, debt, equity participations or other recapitalizations) are made weekly, and are announced on Wednesdays for implementation after the close of trading on the following Wednesday. If a 5% or more change causes a company’s IWF to change by 5 percentage points or more (for example from 0.80 to 0.85), the IWF will be updated at the same time as the share change, except IWF changes resulting from partial tender offers will be considered on a case-by-case basis. Changes to an IWF of less than 5 percentage points are implemented at the next IWF review, which occurs annually. In the case of certain rights issuances, in which the number of rights issued and/or terms of their exercise are deemed substantial, a price adjustment and share increase may be implemented immediately.

*License Agreement with S&P*

HSBC has entered into a nonexclusive license agreement providing for the license to it, in exchange for a fee, of the right to use indices owned and published by S&P in connection with some products, including the Notes.

The Notes are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by S&P or its third party licensors. Neither S&P nor its third party licensors makes any representation or warranty, express or implied, to the owners of the Notes or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in securities generally or in the Notes particularly or the ability of the SPX to track general stock market performance. S&P's and its third party licensor's only relationship to HSBC USA Inc. is the licensing of certain trademarks and trade names of S&P and the third party licensors and of the SPX which is determined, composed and calculated by S&P or its third party licensors without regard to HSBC USA Inc. or the Notes. S&P and its third party licensors have no obligation to take the needs of HSBC USA Inc. or the owners of the Notes into consideration in determining, composing or calculating the SPX. Neither S&P nor its third party licensors is responsible for and has not participated in the determination of the prices and amount of the Notes or the timing of the issuance or sale of the Notes or in the determination or calculation of the equation by which the Notes are to be converted into cash. S&P has no obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of the Notes.

NEITHER STANDARD & POOR'S, ITS AFFILIATES NOR THEIR THIRD PARTY LICENSORS GUARANTEE THE ADEQUACY, ACCURACY, TIMELINESS OR COMPLETENESS OF THE SPX OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN OR ANY COMMUNICATIONS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ORAL OR WRITTEN COMMUNICATIONS (INCLUDING ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS) WITH RESPECT THERETO. STANDARD & POOR'S, ITS AFFILIATES AND THEIR THIRD PARTY LICENSORS SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO ANY DAMAGES OR LIABILITY FOR ANY ERRORS, OMISSIONS OR DELAYS THEREIN. STANDARD & POOR'S MAKES NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE WITH RESPECT TO THE MARKS, THE SPX OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. WITHOUT LIMITING ANY OF THE FOREGOING, IN NO EVENT WHATSOEVER SHALL STANDARD & POOR'S, ITS AFFILIATES OR THEIR THIRD PARTY LICENSORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, PUNITIVE OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, LOSS OF PROFITS, TRADING LOSSES, LOST TIME OR GOODWILL, EVEN IF THEY HAVE BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE.

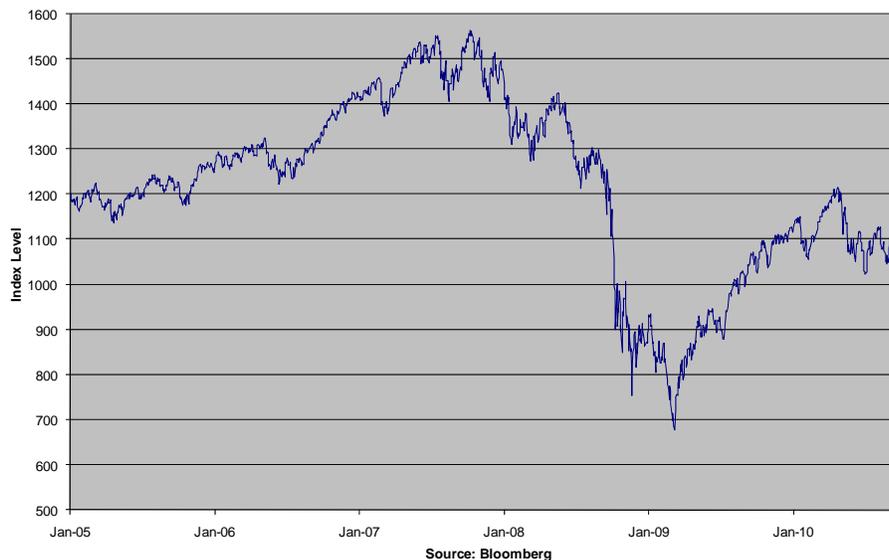
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**Historical Performance of the SPX**

The following graph sets forth the historical performance of the SPX based on the daily historical Official Closing Levels from January 3, 2005 through September 24, 2010. The Official Closing Level for the SPX on September 24, 2010 was 1,148.67. We obtained the Official Closing Levels below from Bloomberg Professional® service. We make no representation or warranty as to the accuracy or completeness of the information obtained from Bloomberg Professional® service.

The historical levels of the SPX should not be taken as an indication of future performance, and no assurance can be given as to the Official Closing Level on the Final Valuation Date. We cannot give you assurance that the performance of the SPX will result in the return of any of your initial investment.

Historical Performance of the S&P 500® Index



## The Russell 2000<sup>®</sup> Index

*We have derived all information relating to the RTY, including, without limitation, its make-up, performance, method of calculation and changes in its components, from publicly available sources. That information reflects the policies of and is subject to change by, Russell Investment Group. Russell Investment Group is under no obligation to continue to publish, and may discontinue or suspend the publication of the RTY at any time.*

*Russell Investment Group publishes the RTY.*

The Russell 2000<sup>®</sup> Index ("RTY") is an index calculated, published, and disseminated by the Russell Investment Group, and measures the composite price performance of stocks of 2,000 companies incorporated and domiciled in the United States and its territories. All 2,000 stocks are traded on the New York Stock Exchange or NASDAQ, and form a part of the Russell 3000<sup>®</sup> Index. The Russell 3000<sup>®</sup> Index is composed of the 3,000 largest United States companies as determined by market capitalization and represents approximately 98.00% of the United States equity market.

RTY consists of the smallest 2,000 companies included in the Russell 3000<sup>®</sup> Index. RTY is designed to track the performance of the small capitalization segment of the United States equity market.

Only stocks belonging to companies domiciled in the U.S. are allowed into RTY. Preferred and convertible preferred stock, paired shares, redeemable shares, warrants, participating preferred stock, trust receipts, rights, royalty trusts, limited liability companies, pink sheets, limited partnership, OTC Bulletin Board companies and closed-end mutual funds are excluded from RTY. Real Estate Investment Trusts and Beneficial Trusts however, are eligible for inclusion.

In general, only one class of securities of a company is allowed in RTY, although exceptions to this general rule have been made where the Russell Investment Group has determined that each class of securities acts independently of the other. Stocks must trade at or above \$1.00 on May 31 of each year to be eligible for inclusion in RTY. However, if a stock falls below \$1.00 intra-year, it will not be removed until the next reconstitution if it is still trading below \$1.00.

The primary criterion used to determine the initial list of securities eligible for the Russell 3000<sup>®</sup> Index is total market capitalization, which is defined as the price of a company's shares times the total number of available shares, as described below. Based on closing values on May 31 of each year, the Russell Investment Group reconstitutes the composition of the Russell 3000<sup>®</sup> Index using the then existing market capitalizations of eligible companies. As of the last Friday in June of each year, the Russell Index is adjusted to reflect the reconstitution of the Russell 3000<sup>®</sup> Index for that year. Real-time dissemination of RTY began on January 1, 1987.

### *Computation of RTY*

RTY is a capitalization-weighted index. RTY reflects changes in the market value (i.e. capitalization) of the component stocks relevant to their market value on a base date. RTY is determined by adding the market values of the component stocks, which are gotten by multiplying the price of each stock by the number of available shares, to get the total market capitalization of the 2,000 stocks. The total market capitalization is then divided by a divisor, which gives the adjusted capitalization of RTY on the base date of December 31, 1986. The most recently traded price for a security will be used in determining RTY. If a component security is not open for trading, the most recently traded price for that stock will be used. The divisor is adjusted to reflect certain events in order to provide consistency for RTY. The events include changes in the number of common shares outstanding for component stocks, company additions or deletions, corporate restructurings, and other changes. Available shares are considered to be available for trading. Exclusion of market value held by other listed companies and large holdings by private investors (10% or more) is based on information recorded in Securities and Exchange Commission filings.

Annual reconstitution is the process by which RTY is completely rebuilt. Reconstitution is a vital part of the creation of a benchmark which accurately represents a particular market segment. Companies may get bigger or smaller over time, or change in style characteristics. Reconstitution ensures that the correct companies are represented in RTY.

Available shares are assumed to be shares available for trading. Exclusion of capitalization held by other listed companies and large holdings of private investors (10.00% or more) is based on information recorded in Securities and Exchange Commission filings. Other sources are used in cases of missing or questionable data.

The following types of shares considered unavailable for the purposes of capitalization determinations:

ESOP or LESOP shares – shares of corporations that have Employee Stock Ownership Plans ("ESOP") or Leveraged Employee Stock Ownership Plans ("LESOP") that comprise 10.00% or more of the shares outstanding are adjusted;

Corporate cross-owned shares – when shares of a company in RTY are held by another company also in RTY, this is considered corporate cross-ownership. Any percentage held in this class will be adjusted;

Large private and corporate shares – when an individual, a group of individuals acting together, or a corporation

not in the index owns 10.00% or more of the shares outstanding. However, institutional holdings (investment companies, partnerships, insurance companies, mutual funds, banks, or venture capital companies) are not included in this class; and

Unlisted share classes – classes of common stock that are not traded on a United States securities exchange or NASDAQ.

The following summarizes the types of RTY maintenance adjustments and indicates whether or not an index adjustment is required.

“No Replacement” Rule – Securities that leave RTY for any reason (e.g. mergers, acquisitions, or other similar corporate activity) are not replaced. Therefore, the number of securities in RTY will fluctuate according to corporate activity.

Rule for Corporate Action-Driven Changes – When a stock is acquired, delisted, or moves to the pink sheets or bulletin boards on the floor of a United States securities exchange, the stock is deleted from RTY at the open of trading on the ex-date using the previous day's closing prices.

When acquisitions or mergers take place within RTY, the stock's capitalization moves to the acquiring stock; as a result, mergers have no effect on the total capitalization of RTY. Shares are updated for the acquiring stock at the time the transaction is final. Prior to April 1, 2000, if the acquiring stock was a member of a different index (i.e. the Russell 3000<sup>®</sup> Index or the Russell 1000<sup>®</sup> Index), the shares for the acquiring stock were not adjusted until month end.

Deleted Stocks – When deleting stocks from RTY as a result of exchange delisting or reconstitution, the price used is the market price on the day of deletion, including potentially the over-the-counter (“OTC”) Bulletin Board price. Previously, prices used to reflect delisted stocks were the last traded price on the Primary Exchange. There may be corporate events, like mergers or acquisitions that result in the lack of a current market price for the deleted security and in such an instance the latest Primary Exchange closing price available will be used.

Additions for Spin-Offs – Spin-off companies are added to the parent company's index and capitalization tier of membership, if the spin-off is large enough. To be eligible, the spun-off company's total market capitalization must be greater than the market-adjusted total market capitalization of the smallest security in RTY at the latest reconstitution.

Quarterly IPO Additions – Eligible companies that have recently completed an initial public offering (“IPO”) are added to RTY at the end of each calendar quarter based on total market capitalization ranking within the market-adjusted capitalization breaks established during the most recent reconstitution. Market adjustments will be made using the returns of the Russell 3000<sup>®</sup> Index. Eligible companies will be added to RTY using their industry's average style probability established at the latest constitution.

In order for a company to be added to RTY in a quarter (outside of reconstitution), the IPO company must meet all Russell U.S. Index eligibility requirements. Also, the IPO company must meet the following criteria on the final trading day of the month prior to quarter-end : (i) price/trade; (ii) rank larger in total market capitalization than the market-adjusted smallest company in RTY as of the latest June reconstitution; and (iii) meet criteria (i) and (ii) during an initial offering period.

Each month, RTY is updated for changes to shares outstanding as companies report changes in share capital to the Securities and Exchange Commission. Only cumulative changes to shares outstanding greater than 5.00% are reflected in RTY. This does not affect treatment of major corporate events, which are effective on the ex-date.

#### *License Agreement with Russell Investment Group*

We have entered, or are exploring entering, into a non-exclusive license agreement with Russell Investment Group, whereby we and our affiliates and subsidiary companies, in exchange for a fee, will be permitted to use RTY, which is owned and published by Russell Investment Group, in connection with certain products, including the securities.

*The securities are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by the Russell Investment Group (including its affiliates). Russell Investment Group has not passed on the legality or appropriateness of, or the accuracy or adequacy of descriptions and disclosures relating to the securities. Russell Investment Group makes no representation or warranty, express or implied to the owners of the securities or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in securities generally or in the securities particularly, or the ability of RTY to track general stock market performance. Russell Investment Group has no relationship to HSBC other than the licensing of RTY and the related trademarks for use in connection with the securities, which index is determined, composed and calculated by Russell Investment Group without regard to HSBC or the securities. Russell Investment Group has no obligation to take the needs of HSBC or the owners of the securities into consideration in determining, composing or calculating RTY. Russell Investment Group is not responsible for and has not participated in the determination of the timing of, prices at, or quantities of the securities to be issued or in the determination or calculation of the equation by which the securities are to be converted into cash. Russell Investment Group has no liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of the securities.*

Russell Investment Group is under no obligation to continue the calculation and dissemination of RTY and the method by which RTY is calculated and the name "Russell 2000<sup>®</sup>" or "RTY" may be changed at the discretion of Russell Investment Group. No inference should be drawn from the information contained in this free writing prospectus that Russell Investment Group makes any representation or warranty, implied or express, to you or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in securities generally or in the securities in particular or the ability of RTY to track general stock market performance. Russell Investment Group has no obligation to take into account your interest, or that of anyone else having an interest in determining, composing or calculating RTY. Russell Investment Group is not responsible for, and has not participated in the determination of the timing of, prices for or quantities of, the securities or in the determination or calculation of the equation by which the securities are to be settled in cash. Russell Investment Group has no obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of the securities. The use of and reference to RTY in connection with the securities have been consented to by Russell Investment Group.

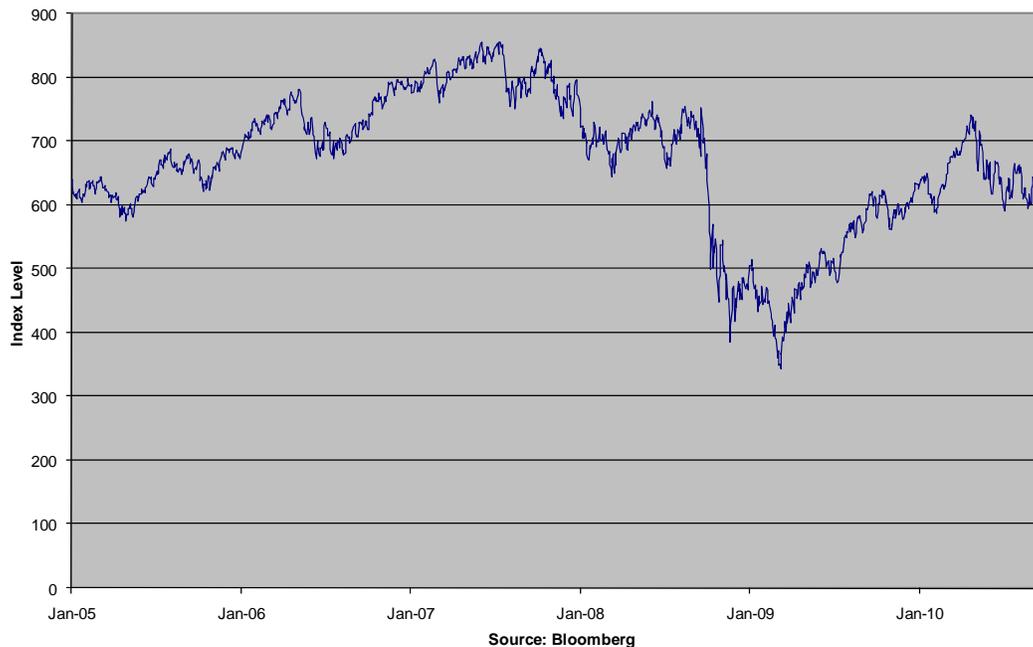
Russell Investment Group disclaims all responsibility for any inaccuracies in the data on which RTY is based, or any mistakes or errors or omissions in the calculation or dissemination of RTY.

### Historical Performance of the RTY

The following graph sets forth the historical performance of the RTY based on the daily historical Official Closing Levels from January 3, 2005 through September 24, 2010. The Official Closing Level for the RTY on September 24, 2010 was 671.01. We obtained the Official Closing Levels below from Bloomberg Professional<sup>®</sup> service. We make no representation or warranty as to the accuracy or completeness of the information obtained from Bloomberg Professional<sup>®</sup> service.

The historical levels of the RTY should not be taken as an indication of future performance, and no assurance can be given as to the Official Closing Level on the Final Valuation Date. We cannot give you assurance that the performance of the RTY will result in the return of any of your initial investment.

Historical Performance of the Russell 2000<sup>®</sup> Index



### Supplemental Plan of Distribution

Pursuant to the terms of a distribution agreement, HSBC Securities (USA) Inc., an affiliate of HSBC, will purchase the Notes from HSBC for distribution to J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. will act as placement agent for the Notes and will receive a fee that will not exceed \$11.50 per \$1,000 face amount of Notes.

In addition, HSBC Securities (USA) Inc. or another of its affiliates or agents may use the pricing supplement to which this free writing prospectus relates in market-making transactions after the initial sale of the securities, but is under no obligation to do so and may discontinue any market-making activities at any time without notice.

See "Supplemental Plan of Distribution" on page S-52 in the prospectus supplement.