PRICING SUPPLEMENT
Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(2)
Registration Statement No. 333-158385
Dated December 28, 2009

Performance

HSBC USA Inc. Performance Securities with Contingent Protection Linked to the S&P 500® Index due December 31, 2014

Strategic Alternatives to Indexing

HSBC USA Inc. $2,977,500 Securities linked to the S&P 500® Index due December 31, 2014

Investment Description

These HSBC USA Inc. Performance Securities with Contingent Protection linked to the S&P 500® Index are senior unsecured notes issued by HSBC USA Inc. ("HSBC"), which we refer to as the "securities". The securities are designed to provide enhanced exposure to potential appreciation in the performance of the S&P 500® Index (the "index"). The amount you receive at maturity is based on the return of the index and on whether the index ending level is below the specified trigger level on the final valuation date. If the index return is greater than zero, at maturity, for each security, you will receive an amount in cash per security that is equal to the sum of (a) the principal amount plus (b) the product of (i) the principal amount multiplied by (ii) the index return multiplied by the participation rate of 109.50%. If the index return is equal to zero, at maturity, for each security, you will receive the principal amount. If the index return is less than zero and the index ending level is greater than or equal to the trigger level, which is equal to 50% of the index starting level, at maturity, for each security, you will receive the principal amount. If the index return is less than zero and the index ending level is below the trigger level on the final valuation date, your securities will be fully exposed to any decline in the index, and you will lose some or all of your investment in the securities. Investors will not receive interest or dividend payments during the term of the securities. **Investing in the securities involves significant risks. The contingent principal protection feature applies only if you hold the securities to maturity. Any payment on the securities, including the contingent principal protection feature, is subject to the creditworthiness of HSBC.**

Features

- **Core Investment Opportunity:** If you are seeking market exposure to the underlying index, the securities may provide an alternative to traditional investments. At maturity, the securities allow you to participate in any positive index return while providing an initial cushion from negative index return.
- **Contingent Protection Feature:** If you hold the securities to maturity and the underlying index does not close below the trigger level on the final valuation date, you will receive at least 100% of your principal, subject to the creditworthiness of the issuer. If the underlying index closes below the trigger level on the final valuation date, your investment will be fully exposed to any negative index return.

Key Dates

Trade Date	December 28, 2009
Settlement Date	December 31, 2009
Final Valuation Date[1]	December 24, 2014
Maturity Date[1]	December 31, 2014

[1] Subject to postponement in the event of a market disruption event.

Security Offerings

HSBC USA Inc. is offering Performance Securities with Contingent Protection Linked to the S&P 500® Index. The return on the securities is not subject to a predetermined maximum gain. The trigger level will be 50% of the index starting level. The participation rate will be 109.50%. The securities are offered at a minimum investment of $1,000 in denominations of $10 and integral multiples thereof.

See "Additional Information about HSBC USA Inc. and the Securities" on page 2 of this pricing supplement. The securities offered will have the terms specified in the accompanying base prospectus dated April 2, 2009, the accompanying prospectus supplement dated April 9, 2009 and the terms set forth herein. See "Key Risks" on page 6 of this pricing supplement and the more detailed "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-3 of the accompanying prospectus supplement for risks related to the securities and the index.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the securities or passed upon the accuracy or the adequacy of this document, the accompanying base prospectus or prospectus supplement. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense. The securities are not deposit liabilities or other obligations of a bank and are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency of the United States or any other jurisdiction.

The securities will not be listed on any U.S. securities exchange or quotation system. HSBC Securities (USA) Inc., an affiliate of ours, will purchase the securities from HSBC for distribution to UBS Financial Services Inc, acting as agent. See "Supplemental Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)" on page 10 for the distribution arrangement.

	Price to Public	Underwriting Discount	Proceeds to Issuer
Per Security	$10.00	$0.35	$9.65
Total	$2,977,500.00	$104,212.50	$2,873,287.50

UBS Financial Services Inc. **HSBC USA Inc.**

Additional Information about HSBC USA Inc. and the Securities

This pricing supplement relates to one security offering linked to the index identified on the cover page. The index described in this pricing supplement is a reference asset as defined in the prospectus supplement, and these securities being offered are notes for purposes of the prospectus supplement. The purchaser of a security will acquire senior unsecured debt instrument linked to the index. Although the security offering relates to the index identified on the cover page, you should not construe that fact as a recommendation of the merits of acquiring an investment linked to the index, or as to the suitability of an investment in the securities.

You should read this document together with the prospectus dated April 2, 2009 and the prospectus supplement dated April 9, 2009. If the terms of the securities offered hereby are inconsistent with those described in the accompanying prospectus supplement or prospectus, the terms described in this pricing supplement shall control. You should carefully consider, among other things, the matters set forth in "Key Risks" beginning on page 6 of this pricing supplement and in "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-3 of the prospectus supplement, as the securities involve risks not associated with conventional debt securities. You are urged to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisers before you invest in the securities.

HSBC USA Inc. has filed a registration statement (including a prospectus and prospectus supplement) with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (or the SEC) for the offering to which this pricing supplement relates. Before you invest, you should read the prospectus and prospectus supplement in that registration statement and other documents HSBC USA Inc. has filed with the SEC for more complete information about HSBC USA Inc. and this offering. You may get these documents for free by visiting EDGAR on the SEC web site at www.sec.gov. Alternatively, HSBC USA Inc. or any dealer participating in this offering will arrange to send you the prospectus and prospectus supplement if you request them by calling toll-free 1 888 800 4722.

You may access these documents on the SEC web site at www.sec.gov as follows:

- Prospectus supplement dated April 9, 2009:
  http://sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/83246/000114420409019785/v145824_424b2.htm
- Prospectus dated April 2, 2009:
  http://sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/83246/000104746909003736/a2192100zs-3asr.htm

As used herein, references to "HSBC", "we," "us" and "our" are to HSBC USA Inc. References to the "prospectus supplement" mean the prospectus supplement dated April 9, 2009 and references to "accompanying prospectus" mean the HSBC USA Inc. prospectus, dated April 2, 2009.

Investor Suitability

The securities may be suitable for you if:

- You believe the index will appreciate over the term of the securities.
- You seek an investment with a potentially enhanced return linked to the positive performance of the index.
- You are willing to hold the securities to maturity, a term of 5 years.
- You are willing to expose your principal amount to the full downside performance of the index if the index ending level is below the trigger level, which is equal to 50% of the index starting level, on the final valuation date and, therefore, are willing lose some or all of your initial investment.
- You are willing to forgo dividends or other distributions paid on the stocks included in the index in exchange for (i) potentially enhanced returns if the index appreciates and (ii) contingent protection if the index depreciates but the index ending level is not below the trigger level.
- You do not seek current income from this investment.
- You do not seek an investment for which there is an active secondary market.
- You are willing to invest in the securities based on the participation rate of 109.50%.
- You are comfortable with the creditworthiness of HSBC, as issuer of the securities.

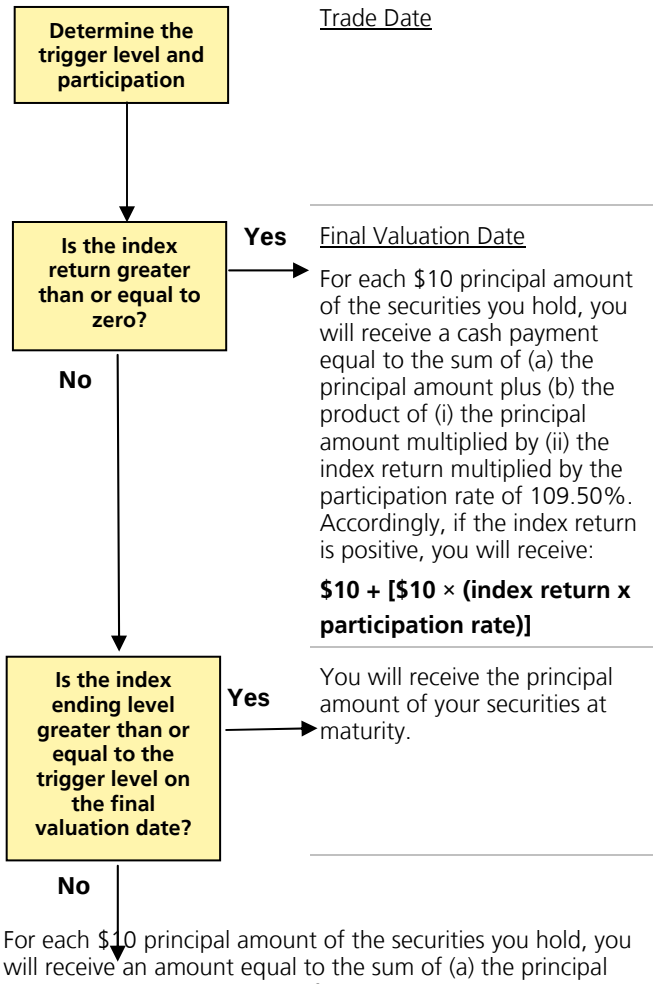
The securities may not be suitable for you if:

- You do not believe the index will appreciate over the term of the securities.
- You do not seek an investment with exposure to the index.
- You are not willing to make an investment that is conditionally exposed to the full downside performance of the index.
- You are unable or unwilling to hold the securities to maturity.
- You seek an investment that is 100% principal protected.
- You prefer the lower risk, and therefore accept the potentially lower returns, of fixed income investments with comparable maturities issued by HSBC or another issuer with a similar credit rating.
- You prefer to receive dividends or other distributions paid on the stocks included in the index.
- You seek current income from this investment.
- You seek an investment for which there will be an active secondary market.
- You are not willing or are unable to assume the credit risk associated with HSBC, as issuer of the securities.

The suitability considerations identified above are not exhaustive. Whether or not the securities are a suitable investment for you will depend on your individual circumstances, and you should reach an investment decision only after you and your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisors have carefully considered the suitability of an investment in the securities in light of your particular circumstances. You should also review "Key Risks" on page 7 and "Risk Factors" on page S-3 of the prospectus supplement.

Terms	
Issuer	HSBC USA Inc. (A1/AA-/AA)[1]
Principal Amount	$10 per security
Term	5 years
Index:	S&P 500® Index (Ticker: SPX)
Participation Rate	109.50%
Payment at Maturity (per $10 security)	You will receive a cash payment at maturity linked to the performance of the index during the term of the securities. **If the index return is greater than zero**, you will receive the sum of (a) your principal amount plus (b) the product of (i) your principal amount multiplied by (ii) the index return multiplied by the participation rate: $10 + [$10 × (index return × participation rate)] **If the index return is zero,** you will receive your principal amount of: $10 **If the index return is less than zero and the index ending level is greater than or equal to the trigger level on the final valuation date,** you will receive your principal amount of: $10 **If the index return is less than zero and the index ending level is below the trigger level on the final valuation date,** you will receive the sum of (a) your principal amount plus (b) the product of (i) your principal amount multiplied by (ii) the index return: $10 + [$10 × (index return)] ***In this case the contingent protection is lost and you will lose some or all of your principal amount.***
Index Return	$\frac{\text{index ending level} - \text{index starting level}}{\text{index starting level}}$
Index Starting Level	1,127.78, which was the official closing level of the index on the trade date.
Index Ending Level	The official closing level of the index on the final valuation date, as determined by the calculation agent.
Official Closing Level	The official closing level on any scheduled trading day will be the closing level of the index on such date as determined by the calculation agent and displayed on Bloomberg Professional® service page "SPX <INDEX>", or on any successor page on Bloomberg Professional® service or any successor service, as applicable.
Trigger Level	563.89, which is 50% of the index starting level.
Calculation Agent	HSBC USA, Inc.
CUSIP / ISIN	4042EP230 / US4042EP2302
Trustee	Notwithstanding anything contained in the accompanying prospectus supplement to the contrary, the securities will be issued under the senior indenture dated March 31, 2009, between HSBC USA Inc., as Issuer, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee. Such indenture will have substantially the same terms as the indenture described in the accompanying prospectus supplement.
Paying Agent	HSBC Bank USA, N.A. will act as paying agent with respect to the securities pursuant to a Paying Agent and Securities Registrar Agreement dated June 1, 2009, between HSBC USA Inc. and HSBC Bank USA, N.A.

Determining Payment at Maturity



For each $10 principal amount of the securities you hold, you will receive an amount equal to the sum of (a) the principal amount plus (b) the product of (i) the principal amount multiplied by (ii) the index return. Accordingly, for each $10 principal amount of the securities you hold, your payment at maturity will be calculated as follows:

$10 + [$10 × (index return)]

The principal protection on your securities is contingent. If the index return is less than zero and the index ending level is below the trigger level on the final valuation date, the contingent protection is lost and your principal amount will be fully exposed to any decline in the index. As a result, you will lose some or all of your principal amount at maturity.

[1] HSBC USA Inc. is rated A1 by Moody's, AA- by Standard & Poor's and AA by Fitch Ratings. A credit rating reflects the creditworthiness of HSBC USA Inc. and is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities, and it may be subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating organization. The securities themselves have not been independently rated. Each rating should be evaluated independently of any other rating. However, because the return on the securities is dependent upon factors in addition to HSBC's ability to pay its obligations under the securities, such as the trading level of the index, an improvement in HSBC's credit ratings, financial condition or results of operations is not expected to have a positive effect on the trading value of the securities.

What are the tax consequences of the securities?

You should carefully consider, among other things, the matters set forth in the section "Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the prospectus supplement. The following discussion summarizes certain of the material U.S. federal income tax consequences of the purchase, beneficial ownership, and disposition of each of the securities. This summary supplements the section "Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the prospectus supplement and supersedes it to the extent inconsistent therewith. This summary does not address the tax consequences that may be relevant to persons that own in the aggregate, directly or indirectly (including by reason of investing in the securities), more than 5% of any entity included in the index. Notwithstanding any disclosure in the accompanying prospectus supplement to the contrary, HSBC's special U.S. tax counsel in this transaction is Sidley Austin LLP.

There are no statutory provisions, regulations, published rulings or judicial decisions addressing the characterization for U.S. federal income tax purposes of securities with terms that are substantially the same as those of the securities. Under one reasonable approach, the securities should be treated as pre-paid forward or other executory contracts with respect to the index. HSBC intends to treat the securities consistent with this approach and pursuant to the terms of the securities, you agree to treat the securities under this approach for all U.S. federal income tax purposes. Subject to certain limitations described in the prospectus supplement, and based on certain factual representations received from HSBC, in the opinion of HSBC's special U.S. tax counsel, Sidley Austin LLP, it is reasonable to treat the securities in accordance with this approach. Pursuant to this approach, HSBC does not intend to report any income or gain with respect to the securities prior to their maturity or an earlier sale or exchange and HSBC intends to treat any gain or loss upon maturity or an earlier sale or exchange as long-term capital gain or loss, provided that you have held the security for more than one year at such time for U.S. federal income tax purposes. See "Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations — Certain Equity Linked Notes — Certain Notes Treated as Forward Contracts or Executory Contracts" in the prospectus supplement for certain U.S. federal income tax considerations applicable to securities that are treated as pre-paid cash-settled forward or other executory contracts.

Because there are no statutory provisions, regulations, published rulings or judicial decisions addressing the characterization for U.S. federal income tax purposes of securities with terms that are substantially the same as those of the securities, other characterizations and treatments are possible and the timing and character of income in respect of the securities might differ from the treatment described above. For example, the securities could be treated as debt instruments that are "contingent payment debt instruments" for U.S. federal income tax purposes, subject to the treatment described under the heading "Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations — U.S. Federal Income Tax Treatment of Notes as Indebtedness for U.S. Federal Income Tax Purposes — Contingent Payment Debt Instruments" in the prospectus supplement.

If one or more of the entities included in the index are treated as a real estate investment trust ("REIT"), partnership or trust, or passive foreign investment company ("PFIC") for U.S. federal income tax purposes, or otherwise as a "pass-thru entity" for purposes of section 1260 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), it is possible that the securities will be subject to the "constructive ownership" rules of section 1260 of the Code. If so, the portion of any gain that relates to a pass-thru entity that would otherwise be treated as long-term capital gain recognized on the sale, exchange, maturity, or other taxable disposition of the securities could be treated as ordinary income and subject to an interest charge. Prospective investors in the securities should consult the offering documents with respect to the entities included in the index and their tax advisors regarding the possibility that one or more of the entities included in the index is treated as a REIT, a partnership or trust, or a PFIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes, or otherwise as a "pass-thru entity" for purposes of section 1260 of the Code, and regarding whether section 1260 applies to their securities.

In Notice 2008-2, the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") and the Treasury Department requested comments as to whether the purchaser of an exchange traded note or prepaid forward contract (which may include the securities) should be required to accrue income during its term under a mark-to-market, accrual or other methodology, whether income and gain on such a note or contract should be ordinary or capital, and whether foreign holders should be subject to withholding tax on any deemed income accrual. Accordingly, it is possible that regulations or other guidance could provide that a U.S. holder (as defined in the prospectus supplement) of the securities is required to accrue income in respect of the securities prior to the receipt of payments with respect to the securities or their earlier sale. Moreover, it is possible that any such regulations or other guidance could treat all income and gain of a U.S. holder in respect of the securities as ordinary income (including gain on a sale). Finally, it is possible that a non-U.S. holder (as defined in the prospectus supplement) of the securities could be subject to U.S. withholding tax in respect of the securities. It is unclear whether any regulations or other guidance would apply to the securities (possibly on a retroactive basis). Prospective investors are urged to consult with their tax advisors regarding Notice 2008-2 and the possible effect to them of the issuance of regulations or other guidance that affects the U.S. federal income tax treatment of the securities.

PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS OF SECURITIES SHOULD CONSULT THEIR TAX ADVISORS AS TO THE U.S. FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, AND OTHER TAX CONSEQUENCES TO THEM OF THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP AND DISPOSITION OF SECURITIES.

Scenario Analysis and Examples at Maturity

The below scenario analysis and examples are provided for illustrative purposes only and are hypothetical. They do not purport to be representative of every possible scenario concerning increases or decreases in the level of the index relative to the index starting level. We cannot predict the index ending level on the final valuation date. You should not take the scenario analysis and these examples as an indication or assurance of the expected performance of the index. The numbers appearing in the examples below have been rounded for ease of analysis. The following scenario analysis and examples illustrate the payment at maturity for a $10.00 security on a hypothetical offering of the securities, reflecting the following:

Investment term:	5 years
Index starting level:	1,127.78
Trigger level:	563.89 (50% of the hypothetical index starting level)
Participation rate:	109.50%

Example 1— The level of the index *increases* from an index starting level of 1,127.78 to an index ending level of 1,240.56. The index return is positive and expressed as a formula:

index return = (1,240.56 - 1,127.78)/1,127.78 = 10.00%

payment at maturity = $10 + ($10 × (10.00% × 109.50%)) = $11.10

Because the index return is equal to 10%, the payment at maturity is equal to $11.10 per $10.00 principal amount of securities, and the return on the securities is 11.00%.

Example 2— The index ending level is equal to the index starting level of 1,127.78. The index return is zero and the payment at maturity per security is equal to the original $10.00 principal amount per security (a zero return):

index return = 0.00%

payment at maturity = $10.00

Example 3— The level of the index *decreases* from an index starting level of 1,127.78 to an index ending level of 789.45. The index return is negative and expressed as a formula:

index return = (789.45 - 1,127.78)/1,127.78 = -30.00%

payment at maturity = $10.00

Because the index ending level is greater than or equal to the trigger level on the final valuation date, you will receive the benefit of the contingent principal protection. Therefore, the payment at maturity is equal to $10.00 per $10.00 principal amount of securities (a zero return).

Example 4— The level of the index *decreases* from an index starting level of 1,127.78 to an index ending level of 451.11. The index return is negative and expressed as a formula:

index return = (451.11 - 1,127.78)/1,127.78 = -60.00%

payment at maturity = $10 + ($10 × -60.00%) = $4.00

Because the index ending level is below the trigger level on the final valuation date, you will lose the benefit of the contingent principal protection and the securities will be fully exposed to any decline in the index level on the final valuation date. Therefore, the return on the securities is -60.00%. In this case, you would incur a loss of 60% on your securities.

If the index ending level is below the trigger level on the final valuation date, the securities will be fully exposed to any decline in the index, and you will lose some or all of your principal amount at maturity.

Scenario Analysis – hypothetical payment at maturity for each $10.00 principal amount of securities.

Performance of the Index		Performance of the Securities		
Index Ending Level	Index Return*	Participation Rate	Return on Securities at Maturity	Payment at Maturity
2,255.56	100.00%	109.50%	109.50%	$20.95
2,142.78	90.00%	109.50%	98.55%	$19.86
2,030.00	80.00%	109.50%	87.60%	$18.76
1,917.23	70.00%	109.50%	76.65%	$17.67
1,804.45	60.00%	109.50%	65.70%	$16.57
1,691.67	50.00%	109.50%	54.75%	$15.48
1,578.89	40.00%	109.50%	43.80%	$14.38
1,466.11	30.00%	109.50%	32.85%	$13.29
1,353.34	20.00%	109.50%	21.90%	$12.19
1,240.56	10.00%	109.50%	10.95%	$11.10
1,127.78	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	$10.00
1,015.00	-10.00%	N/A	0.00%	$10.00
902.22	-20.00%	N/A	0.00%	$10.00
789.45	-30.00%	N/A	0.00%	$10.00
676.67	-40.00%	N/A	0.00%	$10.00
563.89	-50.00%	N/A	0.00%	$10.00
451.11	-60.00%	N/A	-60.00%	$4.00
338.33	-70.00%	N/A	-70.00%	$3.00
225.56	-80.00%	N/A	-80.00%	$2.00
112.78	-90.00%	N/A	-90.00%	$1.00
0.00	-100.00%	N/A	-100.00%	$0.00

*. The index return excludes any cash dividend payments.

Key Risks

An investment in the securities involves significant risks. Some of the risks that apply to the securities are summarized here, but you are urged to read the more detailed explanation of risks relating to the securities generally in the "Risk Factors" section of the accompanying prospectus supplement. You are also urged you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisers before you invest in the securities.

- **Contingent Protection Applies Only in Limited Circumstances and Otherwise You May Lose Up to 100% of Your Initial Investment** – Your principal amount will be protected only if the index ending level is greater than or equal to the trigger level on the final valuation date. The securities differ from ordinary debt securities in that we may not pay you 100% of the principal amount of your securities if the index ending level is below the trigger level on the final valuation date. In that event, the contingent protection will be eliminated and, at maturity, you will be fully exposed to any decline in the index. Accordingly, you may lose up to 100% of your principal amount.
- **Certain Built-in Costs are Likely to Adversely Affect the Value of the Securities Prior to Maturity** – You should be willing to hold your securities to maturity. The securities are not designed to be short-term trading instruments. The price at which you will be able to sell your Securities to HSBC, its affiliates or any party in the secondary market prior to maturity, if at all, may be at a substantial discount from the principal amount of the securities, even in cases where the index has appreciated since the trade date.
- **Contingent Principal Protection Only Applies if You Hold the Securities to Maturity** – You should be willing to hold your securities to maturity. The securities are not designed to be short-term trading instruments. The price at which you will be able to sell your securities to us, our affiliates or any party in the secondary market prior to maturity, if at all, may be at a substantial discount from the principal amount of the securities, even in cases where the index has appreciated since the trade date.
- **Credit of Issuer** – The securities are senior unsecured debt obligations of the issuer, HSBC, and are not, either directly or indirectly, an obligation of any third party. Any payment to be made on the securities, including any principal protection at maturity, depends on the ability of HSBC to satisfy its obligations as they come due. As a result, the actual and perceived creditworthiness of HSBC may affect the market value of the securities and, in the event HSBC were to default on its obligations, you may not receive the amounts owed to you under the terms of the securities.
- **No Periodic Interest or Dividend Payments or Voting Rights** – The return on your securities, if any, may not reflect the return you would realize if you actually owned the stocks included in the index. As a holder of the securities, you will not receive periodic interest payments, and you will not have voting rights or rights to receive dividends or other distributions or other rights that holders of stocks included in the index would have.
- **The Securities are Not Insured by any Governmental Agency of the United States or any Other Jurisdiction** – The securities are not deposit liabilities or other obligations of a bank and are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency or program of the United States or any other jurisdiction. An investment in the securities is subject to the credit risk of the issuer, HSBC, and in the event that HSBC is unable to pay its obligations as they become due, you may not receive the full payment at maturity of the securities.
- **Lack of Liquidity** – The securities will not be listed on any securities exchange or quotation system. An affiliate of HSBC intends to offer to repurchase the securities in the secondary market but is not required to do so and may cease any such market-making activities at any time without notice. Because other dealers are not likely to make a secondary market for the securities, the price at which you may be able to trade your securities is likely to depend on the price, if any, at which an affiliate of HSBC is willing to buy the securities, which will exclude any fees or commissions you paid when you purchased the securities and therefore will generally be lower than the price you paid when you purchased the securities.
- **Impact of Fees on Secondary Market Prices** – Generally, the price of the securities in the secondary market is likely to be lower than the initial offering price since the issue price includes, and the secondary market prices are likely to exclude, commissions, hedging costs or other compensation paid with respect to the securities.
- **Uncertain Tax Treatment** – There is no direct legal authority as to the proper tax treatment of the securities, and therefore significant aspects of the tax treatment of the securities are uncertain, as to both the timing and character of any inclusion in income in respect of the securities. Under one approach, the securities should be treated as pre-paid forward or other executory contracts with respect to the index. HSBC intends to treat the securities consistent with this approach and pursuant to the terms of the securities, you agree to treat the securities under this approach for all U.S. federal income tax purposes. See "Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations — Certain Equity-Linked Notes — Certain Notes Treated as Forward Contracts or Executory Contracts" in the prospectus supplement for certain U.S. federal income tax considerations applicable to securities that are treated as pre-paid cash-settled forward or other executory contracts. Certain of the entities included in the index could be treated as a "real estate investment trust" ("REIT"), partnership, trust, or "passive foreign investment company" ("PFIC") for U.S. federal income tax purposes, or otherwise as a "pass-thru entity" for purposes of section 1260 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, (the "Code") in which case it is possible that the securities will be subject to the "constructive ownership" rules of section 1260 of the Code. If so, the portion of any gain that relates to a pass-thru entity that would otherwise be treated as long-term capital gain recognized on the sale, exchange, maturity, or other taxable disposition of the securities could be treated as ordinary income and subject to an interest charge. Because of the uncertainty regarding the tax treatment of the securities, we urge you to consult your tax advisor as to the tax consequences of your investment in a security.

  In Notice 2008-2, the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") and the Treasury Department requested comments as to whether the purchaser of an exchange traded note or prepaid forward contract (which may include the securities) should be required to accrue income during its term under a mark-to-market, accrual or other methodology, whether income and gain on such a note or contract should be ordinary or capital, and whether foreign holders should be subject to withholding tax on any deemed income accrual. Accordingly, it is possible that regulations or other guidance could provide that a U.S. holder (as defined in the prospectus supplement) of the securities is required to accrue income in respect of the securities prior to the receipt of payments with respect to the securities or their earlier sale. Moreover, it is possible that any such regulations or other guidance could treat all income and gain of a U.S. holder in respect of the securities as ordinary income (including gain on a sale). Finally, it is possible that a non-U.S. holder (as defined in the prospectus supplement) of the securities could be subject to U.S. withholding tax in respect of the securities. It is unclear whether any regulations or other guidance would apply to the securities (possibly on a retroactive basis). Prospective investors are urged to consult with their tax advisors regarding Notice 2008-2 and the possible effect to them of the issuance of regulations or other guidance that affects the U.S. federal income tax treatment of the securities.

For a more complete discussion of the U.S. federal income tax consequences of your investment in a security, please see the discussion under "Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the prospectus supplement.

- **Owning the Securities is Not the Same as Owning the Stocks Comprising the Index** – The return on your securities may not reflect the return you would realize if you actually owned the stocks included in the index. As a holder of the securities, you will not receive interest payments, and you will not have voting rights or rights to receive dividends or other distributions or other rights that holders of stocks included in the index would have.
- **Changes Affecting the Index** – The policies of the reference sponsor (as defined below) concerning additions, deletions and substitutions of the stocks included in the index and the manner in which the reference sponsor takes account of certain changes affecting those stocks included in the index may adversely affect the level of the index. The policies of the reference sponsor with respect to the calculation of the index could also adversely affect the level of the index. The reference sponsor may discontinue or suspend calculation or dissemination of the index. Any such actions could have an adverse effect the value of the securities.
- **Market Price Prior to Maturity** – The market price of the securities will be influenced by many unpredictable and interrelated factors, including the level of the index; the volatility of the index; dividends; the time remaining to the maturity of the securities; interest rates in the markets in general; geopolitical conditions and economic, financial, political, regulatory, judicial or other events; and the credit worthiness of HSBC.
- **Potential Conflict of Interest** – HSBC and its affiliates may engage in business with the issuers of the stocks comprising the index, which could affect the price of such stocks or the level of the index and thus, may present a conflict between the obligations of HSBC and you, as a holder of the securities. Additionally, potential conflicts of interest may exist between the calculation agent, who is the issuer of the securities, and you with respect to certain determinations and judgments that the calculation agent must make, which include determining the payment at maturity based on the observed index ending level as well as whether to postpone the determination of the index ending level and the maturity date if a market disruption event occurs and is continuing on the final valuation date.
- **Potential HSBC Impact on Price** – Trading or transactions by HSBC or any of its affiliates in the stocks comprising the index or in futures, options, exchange-traded funds or other derivative products on stocks comprising the index, may adversely affect the market value of the stocks comprising the index, the level of the index, and, therefore, the market value of your securities.
- **Potentially Inconsistent Research, Opinions or Recommendations by HSBC** – HSBC, UBS Financial Services Inc., and their respective affiliates may publish research, express opinions or provide recommendations that are inconsistent with investing in or holding any offering of the securities. Any such research, opinions or recommendations could affect the level of the index or the price of the stocks included in the index, and therefore, the market value of the securities.

Market Disruption Event

If the final valuation date is not a scheduled trading day, then the final valuation date will be the next scheduled trading day. If a market disruption event (as defined below) exists on the final valuation date, then the final valuation date will be the next scheduled trading day for which there is no market disruption event. If the market disruption event continues for five consecutive scheduled trading days, then the fifth of such consecutive scheduled trading days will nonetheless be the final valuation date, and the calculation agent will determine, in its discretion, the index ending level on that date by means of the formula for, and method of calculating of, the index which applied just prior to the market disruption event, using the relevant exchange's traded or quoted price of each stock in the index (or if an event giving rise to a market disruption event has occurred with respect to a stock in the index and is continuing on that fifth scheduled trading day, the calculation agent's good faith estimate of the value for that stock). If the final valuation date is postponed, then the maturity date will also be postponed until the fourth business day following the postponed final valuation date.

"Market disruption event" means any scheduled trading day on which any relevant exchange or related exchange fails to open for trading during its regular trading session or on which any of the following events has occurred and is continuing which the calculation agent determines is material:

(i) any suspension of or limitation imposed on trading by any relevant exchange or related exchanges or otherwise, (A) relating to any stocks included in the index then constituting 20% or more of the level of the index; or (B) in futures or options contracts relating to the index on any related exchange; or

(ii) any event (other than any event described in (iii) below) that disrupts or impairs the ability of market participants in general (A) to effect transactions in, or obtain market values for, any stocks included in the index then constituting 20% or more of the level of the index; or (B) to effect transactions in, or obtain market values for, futures or options contracts relating to the index on any applicable related exchange; or

(iii) the closure, on any scheduled trading day, of any relevant exchange or any related exchange relating to any stocks included in the index then constituting 20% or more of the level of the index prior to its scheduled closing time (unless the earlier closing time is announced by the relevant exchange or related exchange at least one hour prior to the earlier of (A) the actual closing time for the regular trading session on such exchange; or (B) the submission deadline for orders to be entered into the relevant exchange or related exchange for execution at the close of trading on that day).

"Related exchange" means each exchange or quotation system or any successor or temporary substitute for such exchange or quotation system (provided HSBC has determined, for a substitute exchange or quotation system, that liquidity on such substitute is comparable to liquidity on the original related exchange) and where trading has a material effect (as determined by the calculation agent) on the overall market for futures or options contracts relating to the index.

"Relevant exchange" means the primary exchange or quotation system for any stock then included in the index.

"Scheduled closing time" means the scheduled weekday closing time of the relevant exchange or related exchange, without regard to after hours or any other trading outside of the regular trading session hours.

"Scheduled trading day" means any day on which all of the relevant exchanges and related exchanges are scheduled to be open for their respective regular trading sessions.

INDEX INFORMATION

This pricing supplement is not an offer to sell and it is not an offer to buy stocks comprising the index. All disclosures contained in this pricing supplement regarding the index, including its make-up, performance, method of calculation, and changes in its components, are derived from publicly available information. Neither HSBC nor any of its affiliates assumes any responsibilities for the adequacy or accuracy of information about the index or stocks comprising the index contained in this pricing supplement. You should make your own investigation into the index as well as stocks included in the index. The reference sponsor has no obligation to continue to publish, and may discontinue publication of, the index. The reference sponsor may discontinue or suspend the publication of the index at any time.

Neither we nor any affiliate makes any representation that any publicly available information regarding the reference sponsor is accurate or complete. For more information, we urge you to read the section "Sponsors or Issuers and Reference Asset" on page S-37 in the accompanying prospectus supplement.

The S&P 500® Index (the "index")

This pricing supplement is not an offer to sell and it is not an offer to buy stocks comprising the index. All disclosures contained in this pricing supplement regarding the index, including its make-up, performance, method of calculation, and changes in its components, are derived from publicly available information. Neither HSBC nor any of its affiliates assumes any responsibilities for the adequacy or accuracy of information about the index or stocks comprising the index contained in this pricing supplement. You should make your own investigation into the index as well as stocks included in the index. The reference sponsor has no obligation to continue to publish, and may discontinue publication of, the index. The reference sponsor may discontinue or suspend the publication of the index at any time.

Neither we nor any affiliate makes any representation that any publicly available information regarding the reference sponsor is accurate or complete. For more information, we urge you to read the section "Sponsors or Issuers and Reference Asset" on page S-37 in the accompanying prospectus supplement.

Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC ("S&P") Publishes the Index.

The index is a capitalization weighted index and is intended to provide an indication of the pattern of common stock price movement. The calculation of the level of the index, discussed below in further detail, is based on the relative value of the aggregate market value of the common stocks of 500 companies as of a particular time compared to the aggregate average market value of the common stocks of 500 similar companies during the base period of the years 1941 through 1943. S&P chooses companies for inclusion in the index with the aim of achieving a distribution by broad industry groupings that approximates the distribution of these groupings in the common stock population of the NYSE, which S&P uses as an assumed model for the composition of the total market.

Relevant criteria employed by S&P include the viability of the particular company, the extent to which that company represents the industry group to which it is assigned, the extent to which the market price of that company's common stock is generally responsive to changes in the affairs of the respective industry and the market value and trading activity of the common stock of that company. Ten main groups of companies comprise the index with the approximate percentage of the market capitalization of the index included in each group as of December 28, 2009 indicated in parentheses: Consumer Staples (11.36%), Consumer Discretionary (9.58%), Energy (11.52%), Financials (14.32%), Health Care (12.67%), Industrials (10.27%), Information Technology (19.78%), Materials (3.60%), Telecommunication Services (3.16%), and Utilities (3.72%). Changes in the index are reported daily in the financial pages of many major newspapers, on Bloomberg Professional® service under the symbol "SPX" and on the S&P website. Information contained in the S&P website is not incorporated by reference in, and should not be considered a part of, this document. The index does not reflect the payment of dividends on the stocks included in the index.

Computation of the Index

S&P currently computes the index as of a particular time as follows:

i. the product of the market price per share and the number of then outstanding shares of each component stock as determined as of that time (referred to as the "market value" of that stock);

ii. the market values of all component stocks as of that time are aggregated;

iii. the average of the market values as of each week in the base period of the years 1941 through 1943 of the common stock of each company in a group of 500 substantially similar companies is determined;

iv. the mean average market values of all these common stocks over the base period are aggregated (the aggregate amount being referred to as the "base value");

v. the current aggregate market value of all component stocks is divided by the base value; and

vi. the resulting quotient, expressed in decimals, is multiplied by ten.

While S&P currently employs the above methodology to calculate the index, no assurance can be given that S&P will not modify or change this methodology in a manner that may affect the performance of the index.

S&P adjusts the foregoing formula to offset the effects of changes in the market value of a component stock that are determined by S&P to be arbitrary or not due to true market fluctuations.

These changes may result from causes such as:

- the issuance of stock dividends,
- the granting to shareholders of rights to purchase additional shares of stock,
- the purchase of shares by employees pursuant to employee benefit plans,
- consolidations and acquisitions,

- the granting to shareholders of rights to purchase other securities of the company,
- the substitution by S&P of particular component stocks in the index, and
- other reasons.

In these cases, S&P first recalculates the aggregate market value of all component stocks, after taking account of the new market price per share of the particular component stock or the new number of outstanding shares of that stock or both, as the case may be, and then determines the new base value in accordance with the following formula:

$$\text{Old Base Value} \times \frac{\text{New Market Value}}{\text{Old Market Value}} = \text{New Base Value}$$

The result is that the base value is adjusted in proportion to any change in the aggregate market value of all component stocks resulting from the causes referred to above to the extent necessary to negate the effects of these causes upon the index.

In addition, S&P standard practice is to remove all closely held shares and shares held between corporations who are both in the calculations of the index and an index component's market value.

License Agreement with S&P:

HSBC has entered into a nonexclusive license agreement providing for the license to HSBC, in exchange for a fee, of the right to use indices owned and published by S&P's in connection with some products, including the securities.

The securities are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by S&P, a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. S&P makes no representation or warranty, express or implied, to the holders of the securities or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in financial products generally or in the securities particularly or the ability of the S&P 500® to track general stock market performance. S&P's only relationship to HSBC USA Inc. (other than transactions entered into in the ordinary course of business) is the licensing of certain service marks and trade names of S&P and of the S&P 500® which is determined, composed and calculated by S&P without regard to HSBC or the securities. S&P has no obligation to take the needs of HSBC or the holders of the securities into consideration in determining, composing or calculating the S&P 500®. S&P is not responsible for and has not participated in the determination of the timing of the sale of the securities, prices at which the securities are to initially be sold, or quantities of the securities to be issued or in the determination or calculation of the equation by which the securities are to be converted into cash. S&P has no obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of the securities.

The graph below illustrates the daily performance of the index from 1/4/1999 to 12/28/2009 as reported on the Bloomberg Professional® service along with the 50% trigger level that is based on the index starting level of 1,127.78, the closing level of the index on the trade date. The historical levels of the index should not be taken as an indication of future performance.

The closing level of the index on December 28, 2009 was 1,127.78.

Certain ERISA Considerations

We urge you to read and consult "Certain ERISA Considerations" section in the Prospectus Supplement.

Discontinuance or Modification of the Index

If the reference sponsor discontinues publication of or otherwise fails to publish the index on any day on which the index is scheduled to be published and the reference sponsor or another entity publishes a successor or substitute index that the calculation agent determines to be comparable to the discontinued index (the comparable index, the "successor index"), then that successor index will be deemed to be the index for all purposes relating to the securities, including for purposes of determining whether a market disruption event exists. Upon any selection by the calculation agent of a successor index, the calculation agent will furnish written notice to us and the holders of the securities.

If the index is discontinued or if the reference sponsor fails to publish the index and the calculation agent determines that no successor index is available at that time, then the calculation agent will determine the applicable official closing level using the same general methodology previously used by such reference sponsor. The calculation agent will continue to make that determination until the earlier of (i) the final valuation date or (ii) a determination by the calculation agent that the index or a successor index is available. In that case, the calculation agent will furnish written notice to us and the holders of the securities.

If at any time the method of calculating the index or a successor index, or the level thereof, is changed in a material respect, or if the index or a successor index is in any other way modified so that, in the determination of the calculation agent, the level of that index does not fairly represent the level of the index or successor index that would have prevailed had those changes or modifications not been made, then the calculation agent will make the calculations and adjustments as may be necessary in order to determine a level comparable to the level that would have prevailed had those changes or modifications not been made. In that case, the calculation agent will furnish written notice to us and the holders of the securities.

Notwithstanding these alternative arrangements, if the publication of the index is discontinued, it may adversely affect the value of, and trading in, the securities.

"Reference sponsor" means Standard and Poor's Financial Services LLC, a subsidiary of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc.

Events of Default and Acceleration

If the securities have become immediately due and payable following an event of default (as defined in the accompanying prospectus) with respect to the securities, the calculation agent will determine the accelerated payment due and payable at maturity in the same manner as described in "Terms" in this pricing supplement. In that case, the scheduled trading day preceding the date of acceleration will be used as the final valuation date for purposes of determining the index return. If a market disruption event exists with respect to the index on that scheduled trading day, then the accelerated final valuation date for the index will be postponed for up to five scheduled trading days (in the same manner used for postponing the originally scheduled final valuation date). The accelerated maturity date will then be the fourth business day following the accelerated final valuation date.

If the securities have become immediately due and payable following an event of default, you will not be entitled to any additional payments with respect to the securities. For more information, see "Description of Debt Securities — Events of Default" and "—Events of Default; Defaults" in the accompanying prospectus.

Supplemental Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)

Pursuant to the terms of a distribution agreement, HSBC Securities (USA) Inc., an affiliate of HSBC, will purchase the securities from HSBC for distribution to UBS Financial Services Inc. (the "Agent"), and the Agent will agree to purchase, all of the securities at the price indicated on the cover of the pricing supplement, the document that will be filed pursuant to Rule 424(b)(2) containing the final pricing terms of the securities. HSBC will agree to indemnify the Agent against liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or to contribute to payments that the Agent may be required to make relating to these liabilities as described in the accompanying prospectus supplement and the prospectus. The Agent may allow a concession not in excess of the underwriting discount to its affiliates.

Subject to regulatory constraints, HSBC USA Inc. (or an affiliate thereof) intends to offer to purchase the securities in the secondary market, but is not required to do so and may cease making such offers at any time. HSBC or its affiliate will enter into swap agreements or related hedge transactions with one of its other affiliates or unaffiliated counterparties, which may include the Agent, in connection with the sale of the securities and the Agent and/or an affiliate may earn additional income as a result of payments pursuant to the swap or related hedge transactions.

In addition, HSBC Securities (USA) Inc. or another of its affiliates or agent may use the pricing supplement related to this pricing supplement in market-making transactions after the initial sale of the securities, but is under no obligation to do so and may discontinue any market-making activities at any time without notice.

See Supplemental Plan of Distribution on page S-52 of the accompanying prospectus supplement.