

Haverford Trust Securities, Inc.
(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of The Haverford Trust Company)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2015

(1) Business and Organization

Haverford Trust Securities, Inc. (the Company) is registered as a broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company was incorporated in 1987 and generally provides brokerage services as the introducing broker to clients of The Haverford Trust Company (HTC), the parent company.

All of the outstanding stock of the Company is owned by HTC, a state-chartered trust company and commercial bank under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Effective April 1, 2010, the sole stockholder and founder of HTC, George W. Connell, created Drexel Morgan & Co., a Pennsylvania corporation, to become a bank holding company and 100% owner of HTC.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following significant accounting policies are in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for brokers and dealers in securities. These policies are consistently followed by the Company in the preparation of its financial statement.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(a) Related-Party Transactions

A significant percentage of the Company's operating activities are directed by The Haverford Trust Company. Therefore, the Company's operations are almost entirely dependent on decisions made by HTC.

The Company reimburses HTC pursuant to a written agreement for its proportionate share of office space, certain compensation and related benefits, office supplies, and other shared corporate expenses. The founder of the Company who is also sole stockholder of Drexel Morgan & Co. receives payments for business development and other services provided to the Company. As of December 31, 2015, due to affiliates was \$200,943 and represented an amount owed by the Company to HTC for allocated expenses pursuant to the expense sharing agreements described above.

(b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company defines cash and cash equivalents as highly liquid investments with maturities of less than ninety days that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business. The carrying amount of cash equivalents in the statement of financial condition approximates its fair value. Included within cash and cash equivalents is a \$25,000 deposit with the clearing broker. This represents good and free funds to assure compliance with representations, agreements, and indemnifications in the agreement between the Company and the clearing broker.

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(c) Income Taxes

The Company is taxed as an S-corporation for both federal income tax purposes and Pennsylvania state income tax purposes. Therefore, there is no provision for income taxes.

The Company evaluates the S-corporation's tax positions to determine if they meet the minimum thresholds for financial statement recognition of the benefits of uncertain tax positions taken or expected to be taken in filing tax returns. Recognition of tax benefits of an uncertain tax position is required only when the position is "more likely than not" to be sustained assuming examination by taxing authorities. The Company has evaluated the S-corporation's tax positions taken or expected to be taken on income tax returns for all open periods and has concluded that no provision for income tax is required in the S-corporation's financial statements. The S-corporation's federal and state tax returns for tax years for which the applicable statutes of limitations have not expired (years 2012-2015) are subject to examination by the various jurisdictions.

(3) Fair Value Measurement

The Financial Accounting Standards Board's ASC 820-10, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements.

ASC 820-10 describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 – Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that are accessible at the measurement date.

Level 2 – Inputs are other-than-quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 – Valuations are observed from unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The Company did not have any assets or liabilities reported at fair value on a recurring or nonrecurring basis required to be disclosed under ASC 820-10 as of December 31, 2015.

(4) Concentrations

Substantially all of the Company's cash and cash equivalents are deposited at one financial institution.

Brokerage commissions receivable of \$218,348 are due from the Company's clearing broker.

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(5) Agreement with Clearing Broker

The Company has entered into an agreement with a broker (the clearing broker) to execute securities transactions on behalf of its customers. The Company clears all of its securities transactions through this clearing broker, in an arrangement that is fully disclosed to its customers. The clearing broker remits commission revenue to the Company net of fees for clearing and other services. Substantially all revenue reported by the Company for 2015 resulted from this relationship. Full payment of the \$218,348 receivable at December 31, 2015 was received from the clearing broker in January 2016.

Pursuant to the terms of the agreement between the Company and the clearing broker, the clearing broker has the right to charge the Company for losses sustained or incurred by either the Company or the clearing broker that result from an introduced account's failure to fulfill its contractual obligations. The potential loss exposure related to these obligations is not limited. During 2015, the Company did not incur any such expenses, and there was no such liability as of December 31, 2015.

(6) Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through February 25, 2016, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

(7) Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined in Rule 15c3-1, shall not exceed 15 to 1. The Company had net capital of \$2,979,703 at December 31, 2015, which was in excess of its required net capital of \$50,000. The Company's percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 7.65% at December 31, 2015.

The Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions related to customer securities. Therefore, the Company claims exemption from the reserve and possession or control provisions under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 under the exemption allowed by Paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of that rule.