FINANCIAL GOAL SECURITIES, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2015

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Business

The Company is a registered broker-dealer incorporated under the laws of the State of California maintaining its main office in Rancho Mirage, California, with a branch office in San Diego, California. The Company is subject to a minimum net capital requirement of $5,000 pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-1. The Company operates pursuant to the (k)(2)(i) exemptive provision of SEC Rule 15c3-3 and does not hold customer funds or securities. Therefore, the Company is exempt from the computation for the determination of reserve requirements pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 as well as the disclosure of information relating to possession and control requirements pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. The Company's business consists of private placements of equity securities, debt securities, mortgage debt, secured notes, lease participations, and deeds of trust.

Method of Accounting

The Company maintains its books and records on the accrual basis of accounting.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of management's estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates and such differences could be material.

SIPC

The SIPC assessment has been determined fairly in accordance with applicable instructions and was remitted timely.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

(2) PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes consists of the following:

	Federal	California	Total
Current	$ 2,239	$ 1,334	$ 3,573
Deferred	-	-	-
Total	$ 2,239	$ 1,334	$ 3,573

(2) PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES, Continued

Deferred taxes are accounted for according to current standards which use an asset and liability approach in recognizing timing differences. This approach requires the recognition of deferred tax liabilities and assets for the expected future tax consequences of such timing differences. Timing differences include the use of the cash basis for tax purposes and accrual basis for accounting purposes and the recognition of net operating loss carry-forwards. There were no material deferred tax items as of December 31, 2015. The Company's Federal and California tax returns are subject to examination for three and four years, respectively, subsequent to their being filed.

(3) RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has entered into an expense-sharing agreement with a related corporation, whereby the Company secures necessary office space, support staff, equipment, telephone and utilities from the affiliated corporation for a monthly payment of $2,415. This agreement is for one year beginning August 1, 2015, and may be renewed annually.

The Company also pays commissions to two independent contractors, for services performed, who are the parents of one of the two shareholders of the Corporation. Amounts included in expenses in the current year applicable to such related parties amounted to $17,690.

(4) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events and transactions occurring after year-end through the date that the financial statements were available for issuance which was January 6, 2016. No transactions or events were found that were material enough to require recognition in the financial statements.

(5) NET CAPITAL

The Company is subject to a $5,000 minimum capital requirement pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-1, which requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital shall not exceed 15 to 1. Net capital and the related net capital ratio fluctuate on a daily basis; however, as of December 31, 2015, the net capital was $15,215 which exceeded the required minimum capital by $10,215. The aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was 1.88 to 1.