

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-QSB

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED APRIL 29, 2006.

TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM \_\_\_\_\_ TO \_\_\_\_\_.

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER: 0-1455

OPT-SCIENCES CORPORATION  
(Exact name of small business issuer in its charter)

NEW JERSEY  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

21-0681502  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

1912 BANNARD STREET, CINNAMINSON, NEW JERSEY  
(Address of principal executive offices)

08077  
(Zip Code)

(856) 829-2800  
Issuer's telephone number

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES  NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company(as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES  NO

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common equity, as of the latest practical date:

Class, Common Stock, par value of \$.25 per share: 775,585 Shares outstanding as of April 29, 2006

Transitional Small Business Format (Check one) YES  NO

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OPT-SCIENCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opt-Sciences Corporation  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	ASSETS	
	April 29, 2006 (unaudited)	October 29, 2005
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,862,769	\$ 5,356,228
Trade accounts receivable	642,460	587,028
Inventories	428,630	398,063
Prepaid expenses	35,044	28,715
Loans and exchanges	3,573	4,628
Deferred taxes	12,390	36,174
Marketable securities	<u>681,784</u>	<u>1,273,121</u>
Total current assets	<u>7,666,650</u>	<u>7,683,957</u>
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT		
Land	114,006	114,006
Building and improvements	449,987	448,342
Machinery and equipment	1,387,814	1,381,376
Small tools	53,580	53,580
Furniture and fixtures	8,624	8,624
Office equipment	70,270	61,124
Automobiles	<u>85,605</u>	<u>85,605</u>
Total property and equipment	2,169,886	2,152,657
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>1,509,162</u>	<u>1,450,054</u>
Net property and equipment	<u>660,724</u>	<u>702,603</u>
OTHER ASSETS		
Deposits	<u>4,355</u>	<u>2,837</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 8,331,729</u>	<u>\$ 8,389,397</u>

Opt-Sciences Corporation  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	April 29, 2006 (unaudited)	October 29, 2005
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		
Accounts payable - trade	\$ 87,999	\$ 62,451
Accrued income taxes	707	231,141
Other current liabilities	136,435	219,108
Total current liabilities	225,141	512,700
 <b>STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Common capital stock - par value \$.025 per share - authorized and issued 1,000,000 shares	250,000	250,000
Additional paid in capital	272,695	272,695
Retained earnings	7,771,786	7,573,422
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(675)	(32,202)
Less treasury stock at cost - 224,415 shares and 224,415 shares	(187,218)	(187,218)
Total stockholders' equity	8,106,588	7,876,697
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 8,331,729	\$ 8,389,397

Opt-Sciences Corporation  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS

	Thirteen Weeks Ended April 29, 2006 <u>(unaudited)</u>	Thirteen Weeks Ended April 30, 2005 <u>(unaudited)</u>	Twenty-Six Weeks Ended April 29, 2006 <u>(unaudited)</u>	Twenty-Six Weeks Ended April 30, 2005 <u>(unaudited)</u>
NET SALES	\$ 990,403	\$ 1,287,058	\$ 2,005,228	\$ 2,390,473
COST OF SALES	<u>690,314</u>	<u>857,752</u>	<u>1,366,442</u>	<u>1,634,962</u>
Gross profit on sales	<u>300,089</u>	<u>429,306</u>	<u>638,786</u>	<u>755,511</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Sales & delivery	9,793	6,603	19,800	13,700
General and administrative	<u>162,342</u>	<u>135,798</u>	<u>359,385</u>	<u>354,822</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>172,135</u>	<u>142,401</u>	<u>379,185</u>	<u>368,522</u>
Operating income	127,954	286,905	259,601	386,989
OTHER INCOME	<u>35,272</u>	<u>35,560</u>	<u>88,463</u>	<u>66,682</u>
Net income before taxes	163,226	322,465	348,064	453,671
FEDERAL AND STATE INCOME TAXES	<u>70,200</u>	<u>138,600</u>	<u>149,700</u>	<u>195,000</u>
NET INCOME	93,026	183,865	198,364	258,671
RETAINED EARNINGS - beginning of period	<u>7,678,760</u>	<u>7,299,214</u>	<u>7,573,422</u>	<u>7,224,408</u>
RETAINED EARNINGS - end of period	<u>\$ 7,771,786</u>	<u>\$ 7,483,079</u>	<u>\$ 7,771,786</u>	<u>\$ 7,483,079</u>
EARNINGS PER SHARE OF COMMON STOCK	<u>\$ 0.12</u>	<u>\$ 0.24</u>	<u>\$ 0.25</u>	<u>\$ 0.33</u>
Average shares of common stock outstanding	<u>775,585</u>	<u>775,585</u>	<u>775,585</u>	<u>775,585</u>

Opt-Sciences Corporation  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW

	Twenty-six Weeks Ended April 29, 2006 <u>(unaudited)</u>	Twenty-six Weeks Ended April 30, 2005 <u>(unaudited)</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net income	\$ 198,364	\$ 258,671
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by(used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation	59,108	76,972
Loss (gain) on sale of securities	22,496	(6,027)
Decrease (increase) in:		
Accounts receivable	(55,432)	(234,680)
Inventories	(30,567)	24,404
Prepaid expenses	(6,329)	(8,329)
Loans and exchanges	1,055	1,336
Increase(Decrease) in:		
Accounts payable	25,548	(40,256)
Accrued income taxes	(230,434)	89,950
Other current liabilities	<u>(82,673)</u>	<u>(48,049)</u>
Net cash (used) provided by operating activities	<u>(98,864)</u>	<u>113,992</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Additions to property and equipment	(17,229)	(970)
Deposits	(1,518)	-0-
Purchases of securities	(26,676)	(174,017)
Sales of securities	<u>650,828</u>	<u>55,469</u>
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	<u>605,405</u>	<u>(119,518)</u>
Increase (decrease) in cash	506,541	(5,526)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	<u>5,356,228</u>	<u>4,770,451</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$ 5,862,769</u>	<u>\$ 4,764,925</u>
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES:</b>		
Income taxes paid	<u>\$ 380,912</u>	<u>\$ 105,050</u>

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Opt-Sciences Corporation, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiary, O&S Research, Inc. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company, without audit, and reflect normal recurring adjustments which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair statement of the results of the first two quarters of the Company's fiscal year 2006. These consolidated financial statements do not include all disclosures associated with annual consolidated financial statements and, accordingly, should be read in conjunction with footnotes contained in the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended October 29, 2005 together with the auditors' report filed as part of the Company's 2005 Annual Report on Form 10-KSB.

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires the Company to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

2. INVENTORIES

Inventories consisted of the following:

	April 29, 2006 (Unaudited)	October 29, 2005
Finished goods	\$ 67,266	\$ 62,470
Raw materials and supplies	131,470	122,165
Work in progress	<u>229,894</u>	<u>213,428</u>
Total Inventory	<u>\$428,630</u>	<u>\$398,063</u>

End of quarter inventories are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market and are based on estimates rather than a physical inventory. A physical inventory is conducted at the end of the fiscal year. The Company provides for estimated obsolescence on unmarketable inventory based upon assumptions about future demand and market conditions. If actual demand and market conditions are less favorable than those projected by management, additional inventory write downs may be required. Inventory, once written down, is not subsequently written back up, as these adjustments are considered permanent adjustments to the carrying value of the inventory. Historically, the Company conducts a physical inventory annually in connection with its audited financial statements and preparation of its Form 10-KSB. The inventory appearing on unaudited quarterly financial statements and in Form 10-QSB is based on estimates derived from the last physical inventory and subsequent verifiable purchases of raw materials, sales of finished products, and product orders in process of completion.

### 3. REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with U.S. GAAP and SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") No. 104, Revenue Recognition. SAB No. 104 requires that four basic criteria must be met before revenue can be recognized: (1) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists; (2) delivery has occurred or services have been rendered; (3) the price to the buyer is fixed and determinable; and (4) collectibility is reasonably assured. Determination of criteria (3) and (4) are based on management's judgments regarding the fixed nature of the price to the buyer charged for products delivered or services rendered and collectibility of the sales price. The Company assesses credit worthiness of customers based upon prior history with the customer and assessment of financial condition. The Company's shipping terms are customarily FOB shipping point.

### 4. RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In November 2004, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 151, Inventory Costs, an amendment of ARB No. 43, which amends the guidance in ARB No. 43, Chapter 4, "Inventory Pricing," to clarify the accounting for abnormal amounts of idle facility expense, freight, handling costs, and wasted material (spoilage). The provisions of this Statement were adopted June 15, 2005. The adoption of this statement is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION

### CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

We make statements in this Report, and we may from time to time make other statements, regarding our outlook or expectations for earnings, revenues, expenses and/or other matters regarding or affecting the Company that are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words such as "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "outlook," "estimate," "forecast," "project" and other similar words and expressions. Forward-looking statements are subject to numerous assumptions, risks and uncertainties, which change over time. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made. We do not assume any duty and do not undertake to update our forward-looking statements. Actual results or future events could differ, possibly materially, from those that we anticipated in our forward-looking statements, and future results could differ materially from our historical performance. Our forward-looking statements are subject to the following principal risks and uncertainties. We provide greater detail regarding these factors in our 2005 Form 10-K, including in the Company Risk Factors section. Our forward-looking statements may also be subject to other risks and uncertainties including those discussed in the Risks and Uncertainties section of this Quarterly Report or in our other filings with the SEC.

- Uncertainties about the future demand for the Company's products;
- Risks associated with dependence on a few major customers;
- The timing and completion of significant orders; and
- The performance and reliability of the Company's vendors.

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Opt-Sciences Corporation, through its wholly owned subsidiary, O & S Research, Inc., both New Jersey corporations, manufactures anti-glare and transparent conductive optical coatings which are deposited on glass used primarily to cover instrument panels in aircraft cockpits. The Company's business is highly dependent on a robust commercial, business, regional aircraft market and to a lesser degree the military aircraft market. We recorded second quarter sales of \$990,403 and net income of \$93,026. Sales are down 2.4% and net income is down 11.0% from the first quarter of 2006 due to a decline in our customers' glass requirements. Sales and net income are down 23.0% and 49.4.0% respectively from the second quarter of 2005. This relatively large decline was not wholly unexpected because we had experienced an unusual increase in orders during the second quarter of 2005. Our backlog of unshipped orders at the end of the second quarter of 2006 increased to \$1,376,000, a 6% increase over the end of the first quarter. This is also a 7% increase over unshipped orders at the end of the second quarter of 2005. We generally have a four to twelve week delivery cycle depending on product complexity, available plant capacity and required lead time for specialty raw materials such as polarizers or filter glass. Our sales tend to fluctuate from quarter to quarter because all orders are custom manufactured and customer orders are generally scheduled for delivery based on our customer's need date and not based on our need to make shipments. Since the Company has two customers that together represent over 50% of sales, any significant change in the requirements of either of those customers has a direct impact on our revenue for the quarter. When one of these customers defers a sizable order, sales for the following quarter often rebound as the customer replenishes its inventory. Based on our understanding of the industry and the needs of our customers, we fully expect to complete and ship 90% of our current backlog of unshipped orders before the end of fiscal 2006. If we do so, we expect third quarter sales to reach \$1,100,000. In addition, we project revenues this fiscal year at over \$4,000,000, unless there is an unanticipated downturn in demand for the Company's products, or there is a critical problem with the Company's suppliers of such specialty components, such as polarizers, adhesives or etched glass, each of which is currently sole sourced.

## CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations are based upon the Company's consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). The preparation of these financial statements requires the Company to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. Specifically, inventory is estimated quarterly and reconciled at the end of the fiscal year when a detailed audit is conducted (also see Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Note 2. Inventories).

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### NET SALES

Net sales of \$990,403 for the second quarter of 2006 decreased 23.0% from 2005 second quarter sales of \$1,287,058, and decreased 2.4% from \$1,014,825 in the first quarter of fiscal 2006. This decrease in sales from the first quarter is due in large part to an unexpected temporary reduction in demand by one of our largest customers. The decline from the same period last year was to some extent anticipated because during that period last year a major customer substantially increased orders in connection with the nonrecurring consolidation of two of its manufacturing sites which use our products.

### COST OF SALES

Cost of sales for the second quarter of 2006 of \$690,314 decreased \$167,438 from \$857,752 for the second quarter of 2005. This decrease is in a large part due to the decrease in sales from the same quarter last year. Cost of sales increased \$14,186 or 2.1% from the first quarter. The gross profit margin of 30% for the second quarter of 2006 has dropped from the 33% for the first quarter primarily because of a reduction in economies of scale in manufacturing resulting from the lower sales. This margin may not be sustainable as the Company plans on hiring additional technical personnel. Cost of sales is comprised of raw material, manufacturing direct labor and overhead expenses. The overhead portion of cost of sales is primarily comprised of salaries, benefits, building expenses, production supplies, and maintenance costs related to our production, inventory control and quality departments.

### GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE

Total operating expenses, including selling, general and administrative expenses, were \$172,135 for the second quarter of 2006 compared to \$142,401 for the first quarter of 2005 and \$207,050 for the first quarter of 2006. This decrease from the second quarter of 2005 was in a large part due to a decrease in sales and a decrease in costs associated with going private. Our general, and administrative expenses consist of marketing and business development expenses, professional expenses, salaries and benefits for executive and administrative personnel, hiring, legal, accounting, and other general corporate expenses.

### OPERATING INCOME

Operating income for the second quarter of \$127,954 decreased about 55% from 2005 second quarter operating income of \$286,905 and decreased 3% from \$131,647 in the first quarter of 2006. Reasons for the decrease over the second quarter of 2005 are due to lower sales and the associated lower economies of scale.

### OTHER INCOME

Other income of \$35,272 for the second quarter of 2006 decreased compared to \$35,560 from first quarter of 2005.

### NET INCOME

Net income of \$93,026 for the second quarter of 2006 compared to \$183,865 for the second quarter of 2005 and \$105,338 in the first quarter of 2006 as result of the factors described above.

### BACKLOG OF ORDERS

During the first quarter, the Company booked \$1,234,100 in new orders compared to \$1,157,000 in new orders booked for the second quarter of 2005 and \$1,143,800 in the first quarter of 2006. Our backlog of unshipped orders stood at \$1,376,000 at the end of the second quarter. This backlog is up

approximately \$77,100 from the end of the 2005 second quarter and up approximately \$90,300 from the end of the first quarter of 2006.

#### FINANCIAL CONDITION

The Company utilizes its working capital to finance current operations and capital improvements. Cash and cash equivalents have increased \$751,366 from the first quarter of 2006 and increased \$1,097,844 from the end of the second quarter of 2005. This increase from the first quarter of 2006 was in a large part due primarily because of the sale of marketable securities. The increase from the same period last year was also due to the same reasons. The Company maintains a strong liquidity in its current position in order to improve its ability to deal with the risks and uncertainties identified below.

#### RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The future of our Company will depend, largely, on our ability to successfully develop or acquire new products. There is no assurance, however, that we will be successful in achieving market acceptance of the new products that we develop or acquire. Failure to diversify our existing product offerings could be harmful to our overall business, and could negatively affect results of operations and financial condition.

The future market for the Company's aircraft instrument glass is shrinking due to technological obsolescence and the use of larger displays in the cockpit and the new display technologies. Of the new display technologies, rear projection displays cause the most concern to the Company because they do not use components which the Company manufactures. These display types are currently used in many military aircraft applications and utilize a patented cover glass that acts as a rear projection screen. The time frame for this technology migrating to commercial/business avionic displays is currently unpredictable. Larger primary instrument displays are eliminating the need for smaller, specialized and otherwise redundant instruments. As unit volume for displays declines, competition among vendors to maintain market share will become more intense. We expect this competition will take the form of lower prices and shorter delivery times. The opportunities to expand the existing product lines are limited. New electro-mechanical displays which require glass wedges manufactured by the Company are being purchased less frequently than LCD displays which require a simpler, less expensive cover glass. The simpler design opens the market to prospective competitors who do not otherwise have the ability to manufacture glass wedges.

We face increasing competition from established companies that have significantly greater resources. Certain of our competitors enjoy substantial competitive advantages, such as:

- Greater corporate name recognition, larger marketing budgets and greater resources,
- Established marketing relationships and access to larger customer bases, and
- Substantially greater financial, technical and other resources.

Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, requiring each company and its public accounting firm to report on the effectiveness of the company's internal controls over financial reporting, will first apply to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the Fiscal Year 2007. The Company expects its operating expenses will increase further as a result of the costs associated with implementation of and maintaining compliance with Section 404 and other provisions of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

### ITEM 3. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

a. Evaluation Of Disclosure Controls And Procedures. Based on his evaluation as of the end of the periods covered by this report, the Company's chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures referred to in paragraph 4(c) of his Certification included as an exhibit to this report were effective.

b. Changes In Internal Controls. During the period covered by this report, the Company has not made any change to its internal controls over financial reporting as referred to in paragraph 4(d) of the Certification of the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer included as an exhibit to this report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are subject to certain claims and litigation in the ordinary course of business. It is the opinion of management that the outcome of such matters will not have a material adverse effect on our combined financial position or results of operations.

### ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None

### ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

Not applicable

### ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None

### ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Status of the Company's Reverse Stock Split. On September 1, 2004 the Board of Directors of the Company made a determination to amend the Articles of Incorporation and implement a reverse stock split on the basis of 1:2,000 shares. The purpose of this decision was to take the Company private and avoid ongoing and increasing costs related to the public reporting status of the Company and compliance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. The principal stockholders representing over 2/3 of the outstanding shares consented to such action. Under New Jersey law, consent by 2/3 of the stockholders is sufficient without the need of conducting a stockholders meeting. On November 3, 2004, the Company made preliminary filings of a Schedule 14C and a Schedule 13(e)3 with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The SEC responded to such filings on December 3, 2004. On January 20, 2005 the Company filed an amended Schedule 14C and an amended Schedule 13(e)3. On February 9, 2005 the SEC provided the Company a second letter of comments. The Company continues to review the going private action it has initiated.

From Management's perspective the Company revenues generated from the sale of its products have become less predictable because of lack of firm order commitments and reliable forecasts from its customers. This makes it difficult to predict significant changes in future revenue and profitability. The Company enjoyed unexpected profitability in fiscal 2005 due to higher than expected sales coupled with a significant reduction in operating expenses.

However, in 2006 the Company plans to add more engineering support and to spend more capital on research and development of new product offerings.

The Company is continuing to review its plans for operational reorganization, capital expenditure and product diversification.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) EXHIBITS

31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Office and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

(b) REPORTS ON FORM 8-K:

None

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunder duly authorized.

OPT-SCIENCES CORORATION

By: /s/Anderson L. McCabe

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Anderson L. McCabe  
Chief Executive Officer  
Dated: June 15, 2006

EXHIBIT 31.1

Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

I, Anderson L. McCabe, as CEO and CFO of Opt-Sciences Corporation, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report of Opt-Sciences Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of Opt-Sciences Corporation as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for Opt-Sciences Corporation and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under my supervision, to ensure that material information relating to Opt-Sciences Corporation, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to me by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under my supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of Opt-Sciences Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report my conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in Opt-Sciences Corporation's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during Opt-Sciences Corporation's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, Opt-Sciences Corporation's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. I have disclosed, based on my most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to Opt-Sciences Corporation's auditors and the audit committee of Opt-Sciences Corporation's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions): (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect Opt-Sciences Corporation's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in Opt-Sciences Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/Anderson L. McCabe

-----  
Name: Anderson L. McCabe  
Title: Chief Executive Officer/  
Chief Financial Officer  
Dated: June 15, 2006

EXHIBIT 32.1

Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

I, Anderson L. McCabe as CEO and CFO of Opt-Sciences Corporation (the "Company"), certify to my knowledge, pursuant to section 906 of the Sabanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that: (1) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB of the Company for the quarterly period ended April 29, 2006 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d)); and (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/Anderson L. McCabe

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Name: Anderson L. McCabe  
Title: Chief Executive Officer/  
Chief Financial Officer  
Dated: June 15, 2006