

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

(X) COMBINED QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended **September 30, 2001**

or

() TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: **1-8847**

TNP ENTERPRISES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Texas
(State of incorporation)

75-1907501
(I.R.S. employer identification number)

4100 International Plaza, P. O. Box 2943, Fort Worth, Texas 76113

(Address and zip code of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code **817-731-0099**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \X\ No \ \

TNP Enterprises, Inc. has no publicly traded shares of common stock outstanding.

Commission File Number: **2-97230**

TEXAS-NEW MEXICO POWER COMPANY

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Texas
(State of incorporation)

75-0204070
(I.R.S. employer identification number)

4100 International Plaza, P. O. Box 2943, Fort Worth, Texas 76113

(Address and zip code of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code **817-731-0099**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \X\ No \ \

TNP Enterprises, Inc. holds all 10,705 outstanding common shares of Texas-New Mexico Power Company.

TNP Enterprises, Inc. And Subsidiaries
Texas New-Mexico Power Company And Subsidiaries
Combined Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2001

This Combined Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is filed separately by TNP Enterprises, Inc., and Texas-New Mexico Power Company. Texas-New Mexico Power Company makes no representation as to information relating to TNP Enterprises, Inc., except as it may relate to Texas-New Mexico Power Company, or to any other affiliate or subsidiary of TNP Enterprises, Inc.

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TNP ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(Unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|---|-------------------|
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | <i>(In thousands)</i> | |
| OPERATING REVENUES | \$ 186,309 | \$ 203,666 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES: | | |
| Purchased power and fuel | 98,472 | 107,318 |
| Other operating and maintenance | 28,310 | 25,008 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 13,540 | 13,261 |
| Charge for recovery of stranded plant | (2,188) | 10,521 |
| Taxes other than income taxes | 10,296 | 10,514 |
| Income taxes | 8,688 | 5,958 |
| Total operating expenses | 157,118 | 172,580 |
| NET OPERATING INCOME | 29,191 | 31,086 |
| OTHER INCOME: | | |
| Other income and deductions, net | 242 | 768 |
| Income taxes | (135) | (220) |
| Other income, net of taxes | 107 | 548 |
| INCOME BEFORE INTEREST CHARGES | 29,298 | 31,634 |
| INTEREST CHARGES: | | |
| Interest on long-term debt | 15,370 | 19,341 |
| Other interest and amortization of debt-related costs | 1,434 | 1,726 |
| Total interest charges | 16,804 | 21,067 |
| NET INCOME | 12,494 | 10,567 |
| Dividends on preferred stock and other | 4,195 | 3,754 |
| INCOME APPLICABLE TO COMMON STOCK | \$ 8,299 | \$ 6,813 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TNP ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS)
(Unaudited)

| | <u>Nine Months Ended September 30, 2001</u> | <u>Six Months Ended September 30, 2000</u> | <u>Three Months Ended March 31, 2000</u> <u>Predecessor</u> |
|---|---|--|--|
| | <i>(In thousands)</i> | | |
| OPERATING REVENUES | <u>\$ 515,998</u> | <u>\$ 359,597</u> | <u>\$ 124,526</u> |
| OPERATING EXPENSES: | | | |
| Purchased power and fuel | 293,783 | 188,633 | 59,550 |
| Other operating and maintenance | 80,856 | 50,711 | 29,398 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 40,468 | 26,236 | 10,230 |
| Charge for recovery of stranded plant | 3,581 | 13,917 | 1,629 |
| Taxes other than income taxes | 27,337 | 19,655 | 7,941 |
| Income taxes | <u>7,651</u> | <u>7,353</u> | <u>1,745</u> |
| Total operating expenses | <u>453,676</u> | <u>306,505</u> | <u>110,493</u> |
| NET OPERATING INCOME | <u>62,322</u> | <u>53,092</u> | <u>14,033</u> |
| OTHER INCOME: | | | |
| Other income and deductions, net | 1,302 | 1,096 | 465 |
| Income taxes | <u>(506)</u> | <u>(296)</u> | <u>(131)</u> |
| Other income, net of taxes | <u>796</u> | <u>800</u> | <u>334</u> |
| INCOME BEFORE INTEREST CHARGES | <u>63,118</u> | <u>53,892</u> | <u>14,367</u> |
| INTEREST CHARGES: | | | |
| Interest on long-term debt | 49,936 | 38,958 | 9,626 |
| Other interest and amortization of debt-related costs | <u>3,716</u> | <u>3,835</u> | <u>888</u> |
| Total interest charges | <u>53,652</u> | <u>42,793</u> | <u>10,514</u> |
| INCOME BEFORE THE CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING | <u>9,466</u> | <u>11,099</u> | <u>3,853</u> |
| Cumulative effect of change in accounting for major maintenance costs, net of taxes (Note 3) | <u>(1,170)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| NET INCOME | <u>8,296</u> | <u>11,099</u> | <u>3,853</u> |
| Dividends on preferred stock and other | <u>12,308</u> | <u>7,068</u> | <u>5</u> |
| INCOME (LOSS) APPLICABLE TO COMMON STOCK | <u>\$ (4,012)</u> | <u>\$ 4,031</u> | <u>\$ 3,848</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TNP ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2001 | Six Months Ended September 30, 2000 | Three Months Ended March 31, 2000 Predecessor |
|---|---|--|---|
| | <i>(In thousands)</i> | | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | | |
| Cash received from sales to customers | \$ 552,548 | \$ 324,404 | \$ 102,091 |
| Purchased power and fuel costs paid | (293,522) | (170,318) | (63,613) |
| Cash paid for payroll and to other suppliers | (70,897) | (46,568) | (24,234) |
| Interest paid, net of amounts capitalized | (45,862) | (24,401) | (14,690) |
| Income taxes (paid) refunded | (4,402) | (1,819) | 5,500 |
| Other taxes paid | (27,296) | (10,721) | (17,089) |
| Other operating cash receipts and payments, net | 92 | 41 | 147 |
| NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES | 110,661 | 70,618 | (11,888) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | | |
| Merger costs, net of cash acquired | - | (605,145) | - |
| Additions to utility plant | (26,719) | (20,954) | (9,200) |
| Other investing activities | (912) | 702 | - |
| NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES | (27,631) | (625,397) | (9,200) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | | |
| Dividends paid on preferred and common stocks | (7,618) | (1,844) | (3,926) |
| Borrowings from (repayments to) revolving credit facilities - net | | | |
| TNMP \$325 million facility | (72,000) | - | - |
| TNMP 1996 facility | - | 8,000 | 21,000 |
| Issuances: | | | |
| TNP senior subordinated notes | - | 275,000 | - |
| TNP term loan | - | 160,000 | - |
| TNMP backstop facility | - | 203,000 | - |
| TNP preferred stock, net of discount | 7,618 | 99,000 | - |
| TNP common stock | - | 100,000 | 1,202 |
| Financing costs | (109) | (21,721) | - |
| Redemptions: | | | |
| TNMP secured debentures | - | (140,000) | - |
| TNMP first mortgage bonds | - | (100,000) | - |
| TNP term loan | (1,200) | (800) | - |
| TNMP preferred stock, net of gain | - | (1,534) | (117) |
| NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES | (73,309) | 579,101 | 18,159 |
| NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | 9,721 | 24,322 | (2,929) |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD | 8,110 | - | 14,456 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD | \$ 17,831 | \$ 24,322 | \$ 11,527 |
| RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME TO NET | | | |
| CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | | |
| Net income | \$ 8,296 | \$ 11,099 | \$ 3,853 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: | | | |
| Cumulative effect of change in accounting for major maintenance costs, net of taxes | 1,170 | - | - |
| Depreciation and amortization | 40,468 | 26,236 | 10,230 |
| Charge for recovery of stranded plant | 3,581 | 13,917 | 1,629 |
| Purchased power settlement adjustment | - | - | (2,425) |
| Amortization of debt-related costs and other deferred charges | 3,131 | 3,877 | 957 |
| Allowance for funds used during construction | (197) | (241) | (82) |
| Deferred income taxes | (6,657) | 1,554 | 2,541 |
| Investment tax credits | (374) | (1,522) | (401) |
| Deferred purchased power and fuel costs | 39,201 | (16,622) | (2,233) |
| Cash flows impacted by changes in current assets and liabilities: | | | |
| Accounts receivable | 11,795 | (5,885) | (1,021) |
| Accounts payable | (3,007) | 16,913 | (2,740) |
| Accrued interest | 4,800 | 14,834 | (4,990) |
| Accrued taxes | 12,280 | 15,180 | (3,825) |
| Changes in other current assets and liabilities | 708 | (5,512) | (13,763) |
| Other, net | (4,534) | (3,210) | 382 |
| NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES | \$ 110,661 | \$ 70,618 | \$ (11,888) |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TNP ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

| | September 30, 2001 (Unaudited) | December 31, 2000 |
|---|---|------------------------------------|
| | <i>(In thousands)</i> | |
| <u>ASSETS</u> | | |
| UTILITY PLANT: | | |
| Electric plant | \$ 841,520 | \$ 818,247 |
| Construction work in progress | 4,905 | 1,508 |
| Total | 846,425 | 819,755 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | 55,763 | 27,566 |
| Net utility plant | <u>790,662</u> | <u>792,189</u> |
| OTHER PROPERTY AND INVESTMENTS, at cost | <u>3,763</u> | <u>3,636</u> |
| CURRENT ASSETS: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 17,831 | 8,110 |
| Accounts receivable | 9,863 | 21,658 |
| Inventories, at lower of average cost or market: | | |
| Fuel | 175 | 406 |
| Materials and supplies | 3,797 | 3,990 |
| Deferred purchased power and fuel costs | 137 | 1,977 |
| Other current assets | 1,942 | 695 |
| Total current assets | <u>33,745</u> | <u>36,836</u> |
| LONG-TERM AND OTHER ASSETS: | | |
| Goodwill | 273,160 | 281,870 |
| Recoverable stranded costs | 116,296 | 119,857 |
| Deferred purchased power and fuel costs | - | 37,251 |
| Deferred charges | 53,646 | 57,092 |
| Total long-term and other assets | <u>443,102</u> | <u>496,070</u> |
| | <u><u>\$ 1,271,272</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 1,328,731</u></u> |
| <u>CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES</u> | | |
| CAPITALIZATION: | | |
| Common shareholders' equity: | | |
| Common stock, no par value per share - Authorized 1,000,000 shares, issued 100 shares | \$ 100,000 | \$ 100,000 |
| Retained earnings (deficit) | (17,392) | (13,380) |
| Total common shareholders' equity | 82,608 | 86,620 |
| Redeemable cumulative preferred stock | 116,700 | 104,393 |
| Long-term debt, less current maturities | 785,390 | 858,527 |
| Total capitalization | <u>984,698</u> | <u>1,049,540</u> |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES: | | |
| Current maturities of long-term debt | 1,600 | 1,600 |
| Accounts payable | 35,665 | 38,672 |
| Accrued interest | 19,352 | 14,552 |
| Accrued taxes | 30,289 | 18,009 |
| Customers' deposits | 5,529 | 3,945 |
| Accumulated deferred income taxes | - | 13,427 |
| Other current liabilities | 17,202 | 18,417 |
| Total current liabilities | <u>109,637</u> | <u>108,622</u> |
| LONG-TERM AND OTHER LIABILITIES: | | |
| Regulatory tax liabilities | - | 6,371 |
| Accumulated deferred income taxes | 111,404 | 98,353 |
| Accumulated deferred investment tax credits | 21,187 | 22,377 |
| Deferred credits | 44,346 | 43,468 |
| Total long-term and other liabilities | <u>176,937</u> | <u>170,569</u> |
| COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 4) | | |
| | <u><u>\$ 1,271,272</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 1,328,731</u></u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TEXAS-NEW MEXICO POWER COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES
(a wholly owned subsidiary of TNP Enterprises, Inc.)
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(Unaudited)

| | <u>Three Months Ended September 30,</u> | | <u>Nine Months Ended September 30,</u> | |
|--|---|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| | <u>2001</u> | <u>2000</u> | <u>2001</u> | <u>2000</u> |
| | <i>(In thousands)</i> | | | |
| OPERATING REVENUES | \$ 185,834 | \$ 203,694 | \$ 515,523 | \$ 484,123 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES: | | | | |
| Purchased power and fuel | 98,104 | 107,318 | 293,414 | 248,182 |
| Other operating and maintenance | 25,653 | 23,857 | 73,970 | 71,557 |
| Depreciation of utility plant | 10,609 | 10,378 | 31,691 | 30,889 |
| Charge for recovery of stranded plant | (2,188) | 10,521 | 3,581 | 15,546 |
| Taxes other than income taxes | 10,206 | 10,188 | 26,969 | 26,916 |
| Income taxes | 13,293 | 10,582 | 21,778 | 19,996 |
| Total operating expenses | 155,677 | 172,844 | 451,403 | 413,086 |
| NET OPERATING INCOME | 30,157 | 30,850 | 64,120 | 71,037 |
| OTHER INCOME: | | | | |
| Other income and deductions, net | 209 | 599 | 1,145 | 1,127 |
| Income taxes | (77) | (213) | (449) | (420) |
| Other income, net of taxes | 132 | 386 | 696 | 707 |
| INCOME BEFORE INTEREST CHARGES | 30,289 | 31,236 | 64,816 | 71,744 |
| INTEREST CHARGES: | | | | |
| Interest on long-term debt | 5,558 | 8,413 | 19,482 | 27,340 |
| Other interest and amortization of debt-related costs | 1,025 | 1,314 | 2,476 | 3,929 |
| Total interest charges | 6,583 | 9,727 | 21,958 | 31,269 |
| INCOME BEFORE THE CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING | 23,706 | 21,509 | 42,858 | 40,475 |
| Cumulative effect of change in accounting for major maintenance costs, net of taxes (Note 3) | - | - | (1,170) | - |
| NET INCOME | 23,706 | 21,509 | 41,688 | 40,475 |
| Dividends on preferred stock and other | - | 15 | - | 38 |
| INCOME APPLICABLE TO COMMON STOCK | \$ 23,706 | \$ 21,494 | \$ 41,688 | \$ 40,437 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TEXAS-NEW MEXICO POWER COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES
(a wholly owned subsidiary of TNP Enterprises, Inc.)
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|--|------------------|
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | <i>(In thousands)</i> | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Cash received from sales to customers | \$ 552,531 | \$ 425,717 |
| Purchased power and fuel costs paid | (293,522) | (233,931) |
| Cash paid for payroll and to other suppliers | (63,840) | (60,858) |
| Interest paid, net of amounts capitalized | (22,735) | (32,145) |
| Income taxes paid | (15,116) | (3,343) |
| Other taxes paid | (26,921) | (26,934) |
| Other operating cash receipts and payments, net | (56) | (247) |
| NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES | 130,341 | 68,259 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Additions to utility plant | (25,918) | (30,115) |
| Other investing activities | (127) | 102 |
| NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES | (26,045) | (30,013) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Dividends paid on preferred and common stocks | (19,000) | (24,554) |
| Borrowings from (repayments to) revolving credit facilities - net | | |
| \$325 million facility | (76,000) | - |
| 1996 facility | - | 29,000 |
| Issuances: | | |
| Backstop facility | - | 203,000 |
| Deferred expenses associated with financings | 1,923 | (3,048) |
| Redemptions: | | |
| Secured debentures | - | (140,000) |
| First mortgage bonds | - | (100,000) |
| Preferred stock, net of gain | - | (1,651) |
| NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES | (93,077) | (37,253) |
| NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | 11,219 | 993 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD | 2,613 | 4,002 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD | \$ 13,832 | \$ 4,995 |
| RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME TO NET | | |
| CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Net income | \$ 41,688 | \$ 40,475 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Cumulative effect of change in accounting for major maintenance costs, net of taxes | 1,170 | - |
| Depreciation of utility plant | 31,691 | 30,889 |
| Charge for recovery of stranded plant | 3,581 | 15,546 |
| Purchased power settlement adjustment | - | (2,425) |
| Amortization of debt-related costs and other deferred charges | 1,881 | 4,039 |
| Allowance for funds used during construction | (175) | (323) |
| Deferred income taxes | 473 | 8,395 |
| Investment tax credits | (1,191) | (1,202) |
| Deferred purchased power and fuel costs | 39,201 | (18,855) |
| Cash flows impacted by changes in current assets and liabilities: | | |
| Accounts receivable | 12,255 | (7,684) |
| Accounts payable | (3,151) | 14,222 |
| Accrued interest | (2,527) | (4,453) |
| Accrued taxes | 7,594 | 10,488 |
| Changes in other current assets and liabilities | 861 | (18,434) |
| Other, net | (3,010) | (2,419) |
| NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES | \$ 130,341 | \$ 68,259 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TEXAS-NEW MEXICO POWER COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES
(a wholly owned subsidiary of TNP Enterprises, Inc.)
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

| | September 30, 2001 (Unaudited) | December 31, 2000 |
|--|---|------------------------------------|
| | <i>(In thousands)</i> | |
| <i>ASSETS</i> | | |
| UTILITY PLANT: | | |
| Electric plant | \$ 1,334,351 | \$ 1,326,296 |
| Construction work in progress | 4,092 | 1,508 |
| Total | 1,338,443 | 1,327,804 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | 432,294 | 415,816 |
| Net utility plant | 906,149 | 911,988 |
| OTHER PROPERTY AND INVESTMENTS, at cost | 334 | 206 |
| CURRENT ASSETS: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 13,832 | 2,613 |
| Accounts receivable | 9,113 | 21,368 |
| Inventories, at lower of average cost or market: | | |
| Fuel | 175 | 406 |
| Materials and supplies | 3,797 | 3,990 |
| Deferred purchased power and fuel costs | 137 | 1,977 |
| Other current assets | 1,768 | 641 |
| Total current assets | 28,822 | 30,995 |
| LONG-TERM AND OTHER ASSETS: | | |
| Deferred purchased power and fuel costs | - | 37,251 |
| Deferred charges | 13,682 | 18,057 |
| Total long-term and other assets | 13,682 | 55,308 |
| | \$ 948,987 | \$ 998,497 |
| <i>CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES</i> | | |
| CAPITALIZATION: | | |
| Common shareholder's equity: | | |
| Common stock, \$10 par value per share | | |
| Authorized 12,000,000 shares; issued 10,705 shares | \$ 107 | \$ 107 |
| Capital in excess of par value | 222,149 | 222,149 |
| Retained earnings | 111,409 | 100,721 |
| Total common shareholder's equity | 333,665 | 322,977 |
| Long-term debt | 350,390 | 426,327 |
| Total capitalization | 684,055 | 749,304 |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES: | | |
| Accounts payable | 35,175 | 38,326 |
| Accrued interest | 4,393 | 6,920 |
| Accrued taxes | 28,777 | 21,183 |
| Customers' deposits | 5,527 | 3,945 |
| Accumulated deferred income taxes | - | 13,767 |
| Other current liabilities | 32,758 | 21,599 |
| Total current liabilities | 106,630 | 105,740 |
| LONG-TERM AND OTHER LIABILITIES: | | |
| Regulatory tax liabilities | - | 6,371 |
| Accumulated deferred income taxes | 121,521 | 100,177 |
| Accumulated deferred investment tax credits | 21,187 | 22,377 |
| Deferred credits | 15,594 | 14,528 |
| Total long-term and other liabilities | 158,302 | 143,453 |
| COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 4) | \$ 948,987 | \$ 998,497 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TNP Enterprises Inc. and Subsidiaries
Texas-New Mexico Power Company and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1. Interim Financial Statements

The interim consolidated financial statements of TNP and subsidiaries, and TNMP and subsidiaries, are unaudited, and contain all adjustments (consisting primarily of normal recurring accruals) necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods presented. Results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for a full year or for previously reported periods due in part to seasonal revenue fluctuations. It is suggested that these consolidated financial statements be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in TNP's and TNMP's 2000 *Combined Annual Report on Form 10-K*.

Prior period statements have been reclassified in order to be consistent with current period presentation. The reclassification had no effect on net income or common shareholder's equity.

Note 2. Regulatory Matters

Texas

Unbundled Cost of Service Filing (UCOS). The legislation (Senate Bill 7) that established retail competition in Texas required TNMP to file a rate case in order to set rates for the transmission and distribution company that will provide regulated services once competition begins in 2002. On March 31, 2000, TNMP filed its UCOS with the Public Utility Commission of Texas (PUCT). The filing proposed the rates at which TNMP's customers would purchase transmission and distribution services after December 31, 2001. The filing also included a proposed Competition Transition Charge (CTC), as required by Senate Bill 7. The CTC is designed to recover estimated stranded costs or Excess Cost over Market (ECOM) related to TNMP's generation assets and purchased power contracts, as determined by a PUCT-established model.

In March 2001, the PUCT issued an interim order in the ECOM phase of the UCOS that directed TNMP to recalculate ECOM based on inputs provided by the PUCT. In an April 2001 filing with the PUCT, TNMP's recalculation as directed by the PUCT indicated that it would not have any ECOM after taking into account the amount of stranded cost TNMP will have mitigated by January 1, 2002.

In April 2001, the PUCT ratified a settlement regarding the transmission and distribution cost of service that the parties reached in March 2001. The settlement provides for transmission and distribution service tariffs effective January 1, 2002, that will provide \$125.6 million of annual revenue to TNMP. In addition, the PUCT made its initial ECOM estimate, accepting the amounts filed by TNMP as discussed above, and confirming that TNMP estimated it would not have any ECOM after taking into account the amount of stranded cost TNMP will have mitigated by January 1, 2002.

In October 2001, the PUCT issued its final order in the UCOS. The final order consolidated and made permanent the PUCT's interim orders regarding ECOM, transmission and distribution cost of service, and the Business Separation Plan (BSP).

Although the PUCT has determined its initial estimate of ECOM, the actual amount of stranded costs will be determined through one of the four market-based mechanisms required by Senate Bill 7 by 2004. The actual determination of stranded costs may differ from the PUCT's initial estimation.

Recovery of Purchased Power and Fuel Costs. In April 2001, TNMP filed a request with the PUCT to increase its fuel factor by approximately 40 percent. TNMP filed the request due to projected increases in the cost of fuel and energy-related purchased power.

In June 2001, TNMP and the other parties to the fuel factor proceeding agreed to a settlement that increased TNMP's fuel factor by approximately 30 percent over the previous factor. The PUCT approved the settlement in August 2001.

TNMP will carry any over-recovered or under-recovered fuel balance to the 2003 final fuel reconciliation. This proceeding will reconcile fuel and energy-related purchased power costs incurred between January 1, 2000, and December 31, 2001, in accordance with the provisions of Senate Bill 7. The fuel balance from the final fuel reconciliation will be included in the true-up of stranded costs that will occur in 2004.

Fuel Reconciliation. In June 2000, TNMP filed a fuel reconciliation to allow the PUCT to review the reasonableness of its eligible fuel and energy-related purchased power costs for the three-year period ended December 31, 1999. In June 2001, the PUCT approved TNMP's fuel reconciliation with no adjustments.

2000 Excess Earnings. In March 2001, TNMP filed its Annual Report pursuant to §39.257 of the Public Utility Regulatory Act. The Annual Report detailed TNMP's calculation of excess earnings under the provisions of Senate Bill 7. The Annual Report showed that TNMP had excess earnings of \$19.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2000. In September 2001, the PUCT approved TNMP's Annual Report with no adjustments.

New Mexico

Restructuring. In March 2001, the New Mexico legislature passed legislation that delays the effective dates of retail electric competition established in the Electric Utility Industry Restructuring Act of 1999 (the Act). The Act had originally provided for the phase-in of retail choice beginning January 1, 2001, and the New Mexico Public Regulation Commission (NMPRC) had previously delayed the start of retail electric competition by one year to January 1, 2002. Under the new legislation, retail electric competition for residential, school, and small commercial customers will begin on January 1, 2007. Open access for large commercial and industrial customers will begin on January 1, 2008.

During the first quarter of 2001, TNMP eliminated its \$0.9 million reserve for stranded costs associated with purchased power contracts as a result of the legislation's delay of the start of competition.

2001 Rate Case. In July 2001, TNMP filed a request with the NMPRC to increase its New Mexico revenues by \$6.4 million, or 8 percent. TNMP's request is based on a cost of service for the test year ended December 31, 2000, of \$82.4 million. The test year cost of service includes reasonable and necessary expenses and return on TNMP's rate base at a 9.05 percent weighted average cost of capital. The weighted average cost of capital includes an 11.50 percent return on equity. TNMP expects the NMPRC to render a decision on its request by May 2002. If the NMPRC has not made a decision by that time, TNMP can implement its proposed rates under bond. The NMPRC has scheduled hearings on TNMP's request to begin in February 2002.

Note 3. Accounting Developments

Accounting for Derivatives

As reported in the 2000 *Combined Annual Report on Form 10-K*, TNP and TNMP adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," as extended and amended, effective January 1, 2001. The initial adoption of SFAS 133 had no impact on the financial position, results of operations or cash flows of TNP and TNMP.

Ongoing implementation issues being addressed by the Derivatives Implementation Group (DIG) may affect the application of SFAS 133. In the normal course of business, TNMP enters into commodity contracts, which include "swing" components for additional purchases or sales of electricity, in order to meet customer requirements. In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) defined criteria by which option-type and forward contracts for electricity could qualify for the normal purchase and sales exception provided by SFAS 133. Based on the FASB's guidance, TNMP's management has determined that its contracts for electricity qualify for the normal purchases and normal sales exception. Accordingly, TNMP does not account for its electricity contracts as derivatives.

In October 2001, FASB revised the criteria by which option-type and forward contracts for electricity could qualify for the normal purchase and sales exception provided by SFAS 133. Members of the utility industry and FASB are continuing to review FASB's revised criteria. The revision is scheduled to take effect on January 1, 2002, but it is unclear whether the revision will go into effect in its present form. TNMP is unable to predict what effect, if any, this revision will have on the accounting for its electricity contracts.

In February 2001, TNMP entered into an interest rate collar designed to hedge the cash flows related to borrowings under its variable rate \$325 million credit facility. To the extent that the interest rate collar hedges those cash flows effectively, changes in the market value of the interest rate collar are recorded in other comprehensive income. The interest rate collar was settled in August 2001, and the unrealized loss of \$0.1 million previously recorded in other comprehensive income has been recognized as interest expense.

Change in Accounting for Major Maintenance Costs

Effective January 1, 2001, TNP and TNMP began charging the costs of major maintenance projects to expense as incurred, and wrote-off the balance of previously deferred major maintenance costs. Prior to January 1, 2001, TNP and TNMP had deferred the costs of major maintenance projects and amortized those costs to expense over periods ranging from three to seven years. TNP and TNMP believe that expensing major maintenance costs is preferable to deferring those costs because those costs do not result in the acquisition of or the replacement of units of property.

The change in accounting for major maintenance costs reduced pre-tax net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2001, by \$1.9 million (\$1.2 million after tax). Had this new accounting method been in effect during prior periods, income before the cumulative effect of the change in accounting would not have been materially different from that shown in the accompanying consolidated statements of income.

Accounting for Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

In July 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," which will be effective for TNP on January 1, 2002. SFAS 142 requires that goodwill no longer be amortized to earnings, but instead be reviewed for impairment. TNP will stop amortizing goodwill recorded as a result of its acquisition by SW Acquisition, L.P. (the Merger) as of the effective date. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2001, goodwill amortization was \$2.9 million and \$8.7 million, respectively. In conjunction with the adoption of SFAS 142, TNP will test the goodwill related to the Merger for impairment. TNP is evaluating the impact of the adoption of SFAS 142, except as it relates to the goodwill amortization described above, and has not yet determined the effect of adoption on its financial position or results of operations. As of September 30, 2001, the balance of goodwill resulting from the Merger was \$273.2 million, net of accumulated amortization of \$17.2 million.

Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations

In August 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations," which will be effective for TNP and TNMP on January 1, 2003. SFAS 143 requires entities to record the fair value of a liability for an asset retirement obligation in the period in which it is incurred, and capitalize a cost by increasing the carrying amount of the related long-lived asset. Over time, the liability is accreted to its present value each period, and the capitalized cost is depreciated over the useful life of the related asset. As discussed in Part II, TNMP has decided to sell TNP One, its lone generating facility. Following the proposed sale, neither TNP nor TNMP expect to have significant asset retirement obligations that would be subject to the provisions of SFAS 143.

Note 4. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Actions

Phillips Petroleum. In September 2001, TNMP and Phillips Petroleum Company settled the suit styled *Phillips Petroleum Company vs. Texas-New Mexico Power Company*, which was pending in the 149th State District Court of Brazoria County, Texas. Under the settlement, Phillips received \$1.4 million. Of that amount, TNMP paid \$0.5 million, the deductible amount of its insurance coverage, which TNMP had previously charged to earnings. TNMP's insurance carriers and other parties funded the remainder of the settlement.

Liquidation of Insurance Carrier

In October 2001, the Pennsylvania Insurance Department announced that it would liquidate Reliance Insurance Company (Reliance), TNMP's primary general liability insurance carrier from 1997 through 1999. Reliance is TNMP's primary insurance provider for several outstanding injury and damage claims, including the Phillips' case discussed above. TNMP estimates that it has claims with Reliance ranging from \$0 to \$2 million. Management does not believe that the liquidation of Reliance will have a material adverse effect on its consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

Other. TNP and TNMP are involved in various claims and other legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate dispositions of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on TNMP's and TNP's consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

Energy Supply.

Texas. On June 1, 2001, Constellation Power Source (Constellation) assumed management of the Texas energy supply portfolio of TNMP and First Choice Power (First Choice), TNMP's affiliated retail electric provider. During the final seven months of 2001, Constellation, acting as TNMP's agent, is managing TNMP's generation resources and purchased power contracts, with the exception of one full requirements contract between TNMP and another party, and providing energy requirements for TNMP's existing load in Texas. Beginning in January 2002, TNMP's power contracts will be assigned to First Choice, and Constellation will manage those contracts on behalf of First Choice and serve the Texas load obligation for the majority of First Choice's customers until 2004, when the agreements between First Choice and Constellation expire. The alliance with Constellation gives TNMP and First Choice the opportunity to reduce their energy supply costs because Constellation can achieve economies of scale in purchasing and generating electricity that TNMP and First Choice cannot achieve on their own. In addition, the alliance with Constellation will give First Choice the flexibility to tailor pricing proposals for large customers to meet those customers' specific requirements.

New Mexico. In June 2001, TNMP and Public Service Company of New Mexico (PNM) signed a long-term wholesale power contract that will provide improved price stability and ensure adequate power supply for TNMP's firm retail customers in New Mexico. The contract, which runs from June 2001 until December 2006, calls for PNM to supply varying amounts of power through 2002 to complement existing contracts TNMP has in place. Beginning on January 1, 2003, PNM will become the sole supplier of power to serve TNMP's New Mexico load. In addition to providing power supply, PNM will act as TNMP's agent to procure, schedule and dispatch wholesale power on TNMP's behalf throughout the term of the contract.

Note 5. Subsequent Events

Sale of Non-Utility Property. In November 2001, TNP agreed to sell non-utility property to a third party. Upon closing, which is expected to occur prior to December 31, 2001, TNP will receive \$4.0 million in cash. The sale will result in a pre-tax gain of \$4.0 million (\$2.5 million after tax).

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (MD&A).

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the related interim consolidated financial statements and notes.

Results of Operations

Overall Results

TNP

TNP had consolidated income applicable to common stock of \$8.3 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2001, as compared to consolidated income of \$6.8 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2000. The increase is attributable to increased earnings at TNMP, as discussed below, partially offset by increased preferred dividends resulting from the Merger and the start of operations of First Choice.

TNP had a consolidated loss applicable to common stock of \$4.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2001, as compared to consolidated earnings of \$7.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2000. The decrease in earnings was caused primarily by goodwill amortization, interest expense, and preferred dividends resulting from the Merger.

TNMP

TNMP's earnings applicable to common stock were \$23.7 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2001 as compared to \$21.5 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2000. For the nine months ended September 30, TNMP's earnings applicable to common stock were \$41.7 million in 2001 as compared to \$40.4 million in 2000.

Under Senate Bill 7, TNMP's earnings on its Texas operations are capped at a 10.53 percent return on rate base adjusted for discounted rates to industrial customers. The adjustment for the discounted rates is expected to be approximately \$2.0 million in 2001. TNMP will apply Texas earnings in excess of the cap to recover its stranded costs. For the three months ended September 30, 2001, TNMP reduced its accrual for excess earnings by \$2.2 million pre-tax (\$1.4 million after tax). For the nine months ended September 30, 2001, TNMP recorded pre-tax excess earnings of \$3.6 million (\$2.2 million after tax).

The changes in TNP's and TNMP's earnings for the quarter and year to date are attributable to the factors listed below (in millions):

| | Earnings Increase (Decrease) | |
|--|---|--|
| | Three Months Ended September 30, 2001 v. 2000 | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2001 v. 2000 |
| Factors affecting TNMP | | |
| Changes in base revenues | \$ (6.9) | \$ (7.1) |
| Texas non-pass-through purchased power expenses | (1.8) | (7.0) |
| Transmission expense | (1.5) | (1.1) |
| Interest charges | 3.1 | 9.3 |
| All other (including income tax effects on the items above) | 1.4 | 1.0 |
| Cumulative effect of change in accounting for major maintenance costs (net of tax) | - | (1.2) |
| TNMP earnings decrease before charge for recovery of stranded plant | (5.7) | (6.1) |
| Charge for recovery of stranded plant (net of tax) | 7.9 | 7.4 |
| TNMP earnings increase | 2.2 | 1.3 |
| Factors affecting TNP | | |
| Other operating expenses | (1.5) | 1.7 |
| Depreciation and goodwill amortization | - | (3.2) |
| Interest charges | 1.1 | (9.7) |
| Dividends on preferred stock | (0.5) | (5.3) |
| All other (including income tax effects on the items above) | 0.2 | 3.3 |
| TNP earnings decrease | (0.7) | (13.2) |
| Consolidated earnings increase (decrease) | \$ 1.5 | \$ (11.9) |

TNMP Operating Revenues

The following table summarizes the components of base revenues (in thousands).

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | |
|-----------------------|---|-------------------|--------------------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| | 2001 | 2000 | Increase (Decrease) | 2001 | 2000 | Increase (Decrease) |
| Operating revenues | \$ 185,834 | \$ 203,694 | \$ (17,860) | \$ 515,523 | \$ 484,123 | \$ 31,400 |
| Pass-through expenses | 74,391 | 85,373 | (10,982) | 231,898 | 193,444 | 38,454 |
| Base revenues | <u>\$ 111,443</u> | <u>\$ 118,321</u> | <u>\$ (6,878)</u> | <u>\$ 283,625</u> | <u>\$ 290,679</u> | <u>\$ (7,054)</u> |

Pass-through expenses in Texas include fuel and the energy-related portion of purchased power. In New Mexico, pass-through expenses include all purchased power costs. Details of pass-through expenses are discussed under “Results of Operations -- Operating Expenses.”

The following table summarizes the components of the change in base revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2001, compared to the same periods in 2000 (in thousands).

| | Three Months Ended September 30, 2001 v. 2000 | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2001 v. 2000 |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| Weather-related | \$ (5,179) | \$ (4,337) |
| Customer growth | 798 | 2,957 |
| Transmission revenue | 1,250 | 1,092 |
| Base rate reductions | (2,053) | (3,740) |
| Industrial sales | (2,363) | (6,227) |
| Price/sales mix and other | 669 | 3,201 |
| Base revenues decrease | <u>\$ (6,878)</u> | <u>\$ (7,054)</u> |

Current quarter base revenues decreased \$6.9 million, or 5.8 percent, compared to the corresponding 2000 period. The decrease resulted from lower weather-related sales in the residential class, reduced sales to a significant industrial customer under an economy sales arrangement and the effects of renegotiated contracts with large industrial customers in New Mexico and Texas. Base rate reductions, discussed below, also contributed to the decrease. These decreases were offset in part by growth in the number of residential customers and increased transmission revenues.

Effective January 1, 2001, TNMP implemented base rate reductions of 3 percent and 1 percent for Texas residential and commercial customers, respectively, under the terms of a Declaratory Order issued by the PUCT on December 6, 1999. The effects of those reductions were partially offset by provisions for rate refunds in Texas and New Mexico of \$0.4 million and \$1.9 million that were recorded during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2000, respectively.

Transmission revenues increased by \$1.3 million and \$1.1 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2001, as compared to the corresponding 2000 periods. The increases reflect the use of an updated allocation of transmission costs within the Electric Reliability Council of Texas (ERCOT).

Base revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 decreased \$7.1 million from the level in the corresponding 2000 period due to the factors that caused the decrease for the current quarter.

The following table summarizes the components of gigawatt-hour (GWH) sales.

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | |
|--|----------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|
| | 2001 | 2000 | Increase (Decrease) | 2001 | 2000 | Increase (Decrease) |
| Residential | 875 | 921 | (46) | 2,037 | 2,011 | 26 |
| Commercial | 628 | 628 | - | 1,600 | 1,578 | 22 |
| Industrial: | | | | | | |
| Firm | 155 | 134 | 21 | 504 | 416 | 88 |
| Economy | 890 | 1,038 | (148) | 2,680 | 3,069 | (389) |
| Sales for resale (including power marketing) | 2 | 23 | (21) | 292 | 123 | 169 |
| Other | 28 | 29 | (1) | 76 | 77 | (1) |
| Total GWH Sales | <u>2,578</u> | <u>2,773</u> | <u>(195)</u> | <u>7,189</u> | <u>7,274</u> | <u>(85)</u> |

Current quarter sales of 2,578 GWHs decreased by 195 GWHs (or 7.0 percent) as compared to the corresponding 2000 period. The decrease resulted from reduced sales to several large industrial customers under economy sales arrangements and lower weather-related sales to residential customers. The decrease was partially offset by growth in the number of residential customers. Year-to-date sales decreased 85 GWHs (or 1.2 percent) compared to the same period in 2000. The decrease is attributable to the factors that contributed to the decrease in sales for the current quarter, partially offset by higher weather-related sales in the commercial and residential classes during the first quarter of 2001 and higher off-system sales.

Operating Expenses

Factors Affecting TNMP

TNMP incurred operating expenses of \$155.7 million in the quarter ended September 30, 2001, a decrease of \$17.2 million compared to the amount incurred during the corresponding period of 2000. The decrease reflects lower purchased power costs and reduced charges for recovery of stranded plant. For the nine months ended September 30, 2001, operating expenses were \$451.4 million, an increase of \$38.3 million over 2000 levels. The year-to-date increase reflects higher purchased power and fuel costs, partially offset by reduced charges for recovery of stranded plant.

Purchased Power and Fuel Expenses

The following table summarizes the components of TNMP's purchased power and fuel expenses (in thousands).

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| | 2001 | 2000 | Increase (Decrease) | 2001 | 2000 | Increase (Decrease) |
| Purchased power and fuel expenses | | | | | | |
| Pass-through expenses | | | | | | |
| Purchased power | \$ 63,426 | \$ 75,035 | \$ (11,609) | \$ 200,793 | \$ 165,218 | \$ 35,575 |
| Fuel | 10,965 | 10,338 | 627 | 31,105 | 28,226 | 2,879 |
| | <u>74,391</u> | <u>85,373</u> | <u>(10,982)</u> | <u>231,898</u> | <u>193,444</u> | <u>38,454</u> |
| Non-pass-through expenses | | | | | | |
| Texas purchased power | 23,387 | 21,629 | 1,758 | 60,570 | 53,592 | 6,978 |
| Fuel | 326 | 316 | 10 | 946 | 1,146 | (200) |
| | <u>23,713</u> | <u>21,945</u> | <u>1,768</u> | <u>61,516</u> | <u>54,738</u> | <u>6,778</u> |
| Total purchased power and fuel | <u>\$ 98,104</u> | <u>\$ 107,318</u> | <u>\$ (9,214)</u> | <u>\$ 293,414</u> | <u>\$ 248,182</u> | <u>\$ 45,232</u> |

In the third quarter of 2001, purchased power and fuel expenses decreased \$9.2 million from the level incurred during the third quarter of 2000. Pass-through expenses decreased \$11.0 million, reflecting reduced purchases due to lower sales and lower prices in both Texas and New Mexico. Non-pass-through expenses increased \$1.8 million due to higher demand purchased power costs in Texas.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2001, purchased power and fuel expenses increased \$45.2 million from the level incurred during the same period of 2000. Pass-through expenses increased \$38.5 million, reflecting higher energy prices in Texas and New Mexico. Non-pass-through expenses increased \$6.8 million due to higher demand purchased power costs in Texas during 2001, and a \$2.4 million credit in 2000, resulting from a PUCT order to defer and amortize previously incurred costs.

Transmission Expense

Transmission expense increased \$1.5 million and \$1.1 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2001, compared to the corresponding periods in 2000, respectively. The increases reflect the use of an updated allocation of transmission costs within ERCOT.

Charge for Recovery of Stranded Plant

Charge for recovery of stranded plant decreased \$12.7 million before tax in the third quarter of 2001 compared to the same period in 2000. The decrease reflects reductions in TNMP's earnings before the charge for recovery of stranded plant during the third quarter of 2001 due primarily to reductions in base revenues, as shown in the "*Overall Results*" section, above.

Charge for recovery of stranded plant decreased \$12.0 million before tax for the nine months ended September 30, 2001, compared to the same period in 2000, due to the factors identified above for the third quarter.

Interest Charges

Interest charges decreased by \$3.1 million and \$9.3 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2001, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2000. In October 2000, TNMP established a \$315 million credit facility. In August 2001, the capacity of the credit facility was increased to \$325 million. The composite interest rate on the credit facility was approximately 4.8 percent as of September 30, 2001. That rate was significantly lower than the rates on the first mortgage bonds, secured debentures, and credit facilities outstanding during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2000, respectively. Reduced debt levels also contributed to the decrease in interest charges.

Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting

As discussed in Note 3, TNMP began charging the costs of major maintenance to expense as incurred effective January 1, 2001, and wrote-off the balance of previously deferred major maintenance costs. The change resulted in a pre-tax charge of \$1.9 million (\$1.2 million after tax).

Factors Affecting TNP

Other Operating Expenses

Other operating expenses for the third quarter of 2001 increased \$1.5 million compared to the same period in 2000. The increase resulted from the operations of First Choice, which began March 1, 2001.

Other operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 decreased \$1.7 million compared to the same period in 2000. The decrease resulted from a one-time charge of \$5.6 million for severance and retirement benefits due to the change in control resulting from the Merger that was recorded in the first quarter of 2000, partially offset by First Choice operating expenses.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization expenses for the quarter ended September 30, 2001, were comparable to the amounts recorded in the third quarter of 2000. For the nine months ended September 30, 2001, depreciation and amortization expenses increased \$3.2 million, as compared to the same period in 2000. Beginning in the second quarter of 2000, TNP began amortizing goodwill associated with the Merger over 25 years.

Interest Charges

Interest charges for the third quarter of 2001 decreased \$1.1 million compared to the same period in 2000. Variable rates on TNP's \$160 million term loan have decreased significantly, from a composite rate of approximately 9.4 percent as of September 30, 2000, to a composite rate of approximately 6.3 percent as of September 30, 2001.

Interest charges for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 increased \$9.7 million compared to the same period in 2000. The increase reflects debt that TNP issued in April 2000 to finance the Merger.

Dividends on Preferred Stock

TNP issued preferred stock to finance the Merger. Dividends on preferred stock increased \$0.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2001 compared to the same period in 2000. The increase reflects the payment of dividends on the preferred stock through the issuance of additional shares of preferred stock.

Dividends on preferred stock were \$12.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2001; an increase of \$5.3 million over preferred dividends for the nine months ended September 30, 2000. The increase reflects the issuance of preferred stock to finance the Merger and the issuance of additional preferred shares described above.

Financial Condition

TNMP Liquidity

The main sources of liquidity for TNMP are cash flow from operations and borrowings from its credit facility. TNMP's cash flow from operations was \$62.1 million higher for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 as compared to the same period in 2000 due to higher receipts from customers, resulting from increases in TNMP's fuel factor in Texas, and lower interest payments. The increase was partially offset by higher payments for fuel and purchased power costs and higher income tax payments.

As discussed in "Results of Operations," above, TNMP established a \$315 million credit facility in October 2000. In August 2001, the total borrowing capacity under the credit facility was increased to \$325 million, and First Choice was authorized to borrow under the credit facility. As of September 30, 2001, TNMP and First Choice had the combined ability to borrow an additional \$140 million under the credit facility, subject to compliance with covenants in this facility as well as covenants in TNP's senior secured credit facility. Of that amount, First Choice had the ability to borrow up to \$75 million, subject to TNMP's guarantee of any borrowings by First Choice.

TNMP has sufficient liquidity to satisfy the possibility of any known contingencies. Management believes cash flow from operations and periodic borrowings under its credit facility should be sufficient to meet working capital requirements at least through the expiration of the credit facility in October 2003.

TNP Liquidity

TNP's main sources of liquidity, and its ability to service the debt issued to finance the Merger, depend primarily on the earnings of its subsidiaries, TNMP and, after the start of competition in Texas, First Choice. TNP receives distributions of those earnings in the form of cash dividends, as well as tax payments from its subsidiaries under a tax sharing agreement. TNP's senior secured credit facility includes a \$25 million revolving credit facility that may be used to provide working capital and meet other requirements. The revolving credit facility was put in place at the time of the Merger. As of September 30, 2001, TNP had no borrowings against the revolving credit facility, and the entire \$25 million was available to TNP, subject to compliance with covenants in this facility.

Cash dividends from TNMP to TNP are limited by restrictions included in TNMP's bank agreement. In addition, the regulatory orders from the PUCT and the NMPRC approving the Merger contain additional restrictions on TNMP's ability to pay cash dividends to TNP. For the nine months ended September 30, 2001, TNMP has paid dividends of \$19.0 million to TNP.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2001, TNMP made tax sharing payments to TNP of \$10.7 million.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2001, TNP's cash flow from operations was \$51.9 million higher than in the same period of 2000 due to TNMP's higher cash flow from operations as discussed above, offset by interest payments on the debt issued to finance the Merger.

Management believes that dividends from its subsidiaries, payments under the tax sharing agreement, and periodic borrowings under its revolving credit facility should be sufficient to meet TNP's working capital requirements at least through the scheduled expiration of TNP's revolving credit facility in April 2003.

Other Matters

Texas Retail Pilot Project (Pilot). First Choice is a participant in the Pilot that is being conducted in anticipation and preparation for the commencement of full-scale competition on January 1, 2002. The Pilot is intended to provide all participants in the retail electric market with the opportunity to test systems and processes to be used in the competitive market. In the Pilot, up to five percent of each class of customers (i.e., industrial, commercial and residential) now served by investor-owned utilities in Texas may elect to participate in the Pilot.

The Pilot was originally scheduled to begin on June 1, 2001. However, full-scale operation of the Pilot was delayed on several occasions to allow for more testing and modification of the computer systems infrastructure of ERCOT, the independent system operator that supports the competitive market. Limited Pilot operations began on July 31, 2001; however, due to the continued problems with the ERCOT systems, accurate information is not being provided to First Choice to accurately assign revenues and purchased power expenses, and verify ERCOT settlement information. The financial statements include estimates for the revenues and purchased power expenses of First Choice. These estimates will be adjusted when final settlement information is available to First Choice.

First Choice is actively working to acquire customers for the Pilot and in anticipation of full-scale competition. Through September 30, 2001, First Choice had enrolled customers in larger numbers than anticipated. Although participation in the Pilot by TNMP's commercial and industrial customers was fully subscribed, as has been the case with commercial and industrial customers throughout Texas, TNMP has lost fewer than half the sales to commercial and industrial customers that First Choice has gained. In the residential class, TNMP has lost fewer than half the sales and number of customers that First Choice has gained, and relatively small numbers, in absolute terms, of TNMP customers have switched to other retail electric providers.

The PUCT is reviewing the results to date of the Pilot to determine whether the market and ERCOT systems are ready to begin full-scale competition on January 1, 2002, as scheduled. First Choice and TNMP can give no assurance when full-scale competition will actually begin.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

See Notes 2 and 4 for information regarding additional regulatory and legal matters.

Item 5. Other Items

Proposed Sale of TNP One

On March 29, 2001, TNMP announced its decision to sell TNP One, its lignite-fueled generating facility located in Robertson County, Texas. That decision is in response to Senate Bill 7, which became effective September 1, 1999, and requires electric utilities to separate their business activities into a power generation company, a retail electric provider, and a transmission and distribution utility. TNMP is evaluating bids from potential purchasers, and expects to complete the sale in the first half of 2002.

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) Exhibits

The following exhibits are filed with this report:

None.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K: None.

Statement Regarding Forward Looking Information

The discussions in this document that are not historical facts, including, but not limited to, future cash flows and the potential recovery of stranded costs, are based upon current expectations. Actual results may differ materially. Among the facts that could cause the results to differ materially from expectations are the following: our ability to adapt to open market competition or a delay in implementing retail competition; resolution of problems with ERCOT computer systems that support the competitive market in Texas; the ability of First Choice to attract and retain customers as competition proceeds; the effects of accounting pronouncements that may be issued periodically; changes in regulations affecting TNP's and TNMP's businesses; decisions in connection with current regulatory proceedings; the sale of TNP One; insurance coverage available for claims made in litigation; general business and economic conditions, and price fluctuations in the electric power market; and other factors described from time to time in TNP's and TNMP's reports filed with the SEC. TNP and TNMP wish to caution readers not to place undue reliance on any such forward looking statements, which are made pursuant to the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and, as such, speak only as of the date made.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

(Registrant)

TNP ENTERPRISES, INC.

Date: November 8, 2001

By /s/ THEODORE A. BABCOCK

Theodore A. Babcock
Chief Financial Officer

TEXAS-NEW MEXICO POWER COMPANY

Date: November 8, 2001

By /s/ MANJIT S. CHEEMA

Manjit S. Cheema
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: November 8, 2001

By /s/ SCOTT FORBES

Scott Forbes
Vice President – Chief Accounting and Information Officer