UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

X

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2013

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number 1-8610

AT&T INC.

Incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware I.R.S. Employer Identification Number 43-1301883

208 S. Akard St., Dallas, Texas 75202 Telephone Number: (210) 821-4105

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "accelerated filer," "large accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	[X]		Accelerated filer	[]
Non-accelerated filer	[]	(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company	[]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes [] No [X]

At July 31, 2013, there were 5,311 million common shares outstanding.

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item 1. Financial Statements

AT&T INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

Dollars in millions except per share amounts (Unaudited)

(Unaudited)						
	Three mo			Six mon		
		ie 30			e 30	·
	2013		2012	2013		2012
Operating Revenues	\$ 32,075	\$	31,575	\$ 63,431	\$	63,397
Operating Expenses						
Cost of services and sales (exclusive of depreciation						
and amortization shown separately below)	13,270		12,254	25,824		25,071
Selling, general and administrative	8,121		8,005	16,454		16,349
Depreciation and amortization	4,571		4,499	9,100		9,059
Total operating expenses	25,962		24,758	51,378		50,479
Operating Income	6,113		6,817	12,053		12,918
Other Income (Expense)						
Interest expense	(825)		(941)	(1,652)		(1,800)
Equity in net income of affiliates	218		132	403		355
Other income (expense) – net	288		23	320		75
Total other income (expense)	(319)		(786)	(929)		(1,370)
Income Before Income Taxes	5,794		6,031	11,124		11,548
Income tax expense	1,914		2,066	3,471		3,931
Net Income	3,880		3,965	7,653		7,617
Less: Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interest	(58)		(63)	(131)		(131)
Net Income Attributable to AT&T	\$ 3,822	\$	3,902	\$ 7,522	\$	7,486
Basic Earnings Per Share Attributable to AT&T	\$ 0.71	\$	0.67	\$ 1.38	\$	1.27
Diluted Earnings Per Share Attributable to AT&T	\$ 0.71	\$	0.66	\$ 1.38	\$	1.27
Weighted Average Number of Common Shares						
Outstanding – Basic (in millions)	5,381		5,855	5,446		5,886
Weighted Average Number of Common Shares						
Outstanding – with Dilution (in millions)	5,397		5,876	5,463		5,907
Dividends Declared Per Common Share	\$ 0.45	\$	0.44	\$ 0.90	\$	0.88

AT&T INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Dollars in millions

(Unaudited)

	Three months ended June 30,			Six mont		
	2013		2012	2013	2012	
Net income	\$ 3,880	\$	3,965	\$ 7,653	\$ 7,617	
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:						
Foreign Currency:						
Translation adjustments (includes \$(1), \$(1), \$(1) and \$0 attributable to noncontrolling interest), net of taxes of \$(127), \$(55), \$(65) and \$76	(239)		(101)	(118)	142	
Reclassification adjustment included in net income, net of taxes of \$19, \$0, \$19 and \$0	34		-	34	-	
Available-for-sale securities:						
Net unrealized gains (losses), net of taxes of \$6, \$(27), \$46 and \$27	11		(52)	86	49	
Reclassification adjustment realized in net income, net of taxes of \$(1), \$(3), \$(5) and \$(6)	(3)		(6)	(10)	(12)	
Cash flow hedges:						
Net unrealized gains (losses), net of taxes of \$66, \$(58), \$115 and \$(58)	120		(107)	210	(107)	
Reclassification adjustment included in net income, net of taxes of \$4, \$4, \$8 and \$7	8		7	15	13	
Defined benefit postretirement plans:						
Net actuarial gain (loss) from equity method investees arising during period, net of taxes of \$0, \$(29), \$0 and \$(29)	-		(53)	-	(53)	
Reclassification adjustment included in net income, net of taxes \$5, \$0, \$5, and \$0	8		-	8	-	
Amortization of net prior service credit included in net income, net of taxes of \$(109), \$(87), \$(218)						
and \$(171)	(177)		(137)	(355)	(274)	
Other	-		1	-	1	
Other comprehensive loss	 (238)		(448)	 (130)	 (241)	
Total comprehensive income	3,642		3,517	7,523	7,376	
Less: Total comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest	(57)		(62)	(130)	(131)	
Total Comprehensive Income Attributable to AT&T	\$ 3,585	\$	3,455	\$ 7,393	\$ 7,245	

AT&T INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

Dollars in millions except per share amounts

		June 30, 2013		nber 31, 012
Assets	(1	naudited)		
Current Assets	(-	,		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,548	\$	4,86
Accounts receivable - net of allowances for doubtful accounts of \$520 and \$547		12,508		12,65
Prepaid expenses		1,038		1,03
Deferred income taxes		953		1,03
Other current assets		2,381		3,11
Total current assets		21,428		22,70
Property, plant and equipment		276,833		270,90
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization		(166,099)	(161,140
Property, Plant and Equipment – Net		110,734		109,76
Goodwill		69,770		69,77
Licenses		53,665		52,35
Customer Lists and Relationships – Net		1,015		1,39
Other Intangible Assets – Net		5,018		5,03
Investments in and Advances to Equity Affiliates		3,888		4,58
Other Assets		6,575		6,71
Total Assets	\$	272,093	\$	272,31
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity				
Current Liabilities				
Debt maturing within one year	\$	3,256	\$	3,48
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		19,438		20,49
Advanced billing and customer deposits		4,029		4,22
Accrued taxes		2,065		1,02
Dividends payable		2,401		2,55
Total current liabilities		31,189		31,78
Long-Term Debt		71,917		66,35
Deferred Credits and Other Noncurrent Liabilities		·		
Deferred income taxes		29,400		28,49
Postemployment benefit obligation		41,994		41,39
Other noncurrent liabilities		11,278		11,59
Total deferred credits and other noncurrent liabilities		82,672		81,47
Stockholders' Equity				
Common stock (\$1 par value, 14,000,000,000 authorized at June 30, 2013 and		< 40 .		C 10
December 31, 2012: issued 6,495,231,088 at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012)		6,495		6,49
Additional paid-in capital		90,985		91,03
Retained earnings		25,212		22,48
Treasury stock (1,159,998,643 at June 30, 2013 and 913,836,325		(44.040)		(00.00)
at December 31, 2012, at cost)		(41,819)		(32,888
Accumulated other comprehensive income		5,107		5,23
Noncontrolling interest		335		33
Total stockholders' equity		86,315		92,69
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$	272,093	\$	272,31

AT&T INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Dollars in millions

(Unaudited)

	Six months	
	June 3	
	2013	2012
Operating Activities		
Net income	\$ 7,653 \$	7,617
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	9,100	9,059
Undistributed earnings from investments in equity affiliates	(198)	(355)
Provision for uncollectible accounts	439	572
Deferred income tax expense and noncurrent unrecognized tax benefits	926	(639)
Net (gain) loss from sale of investments, net of impairments	(260)	2
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(290)	(460)
Other current assets	784	1,468
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(340)	592
Other – net	(103)	(531)
Total adjustments	10,058	9,708
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	17,711	17,325
Investing Activities		
Construction and capital expenditures:		
Capital expenditures	(9,665)	(8,742)
Interest during construction	(140)	(130)
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(140) (1,182)	(477)
Dispositions	(1,182) 825	(477) 800
Sales (purchases) of securities, net	025	124
Return of advances to and investments in equity affiliates	- 301	124
Other		-
	(4)	(9.425)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(9,865)	(8,425)
Financing Activities		
Issuance of other short-term borrowings	1,476	-
Repayment of other short-term borrowings	(233)	-
Issuance of long-term debt	6,416	6,935
Repayment of long-term debt	(1,823)	(7,035)
Purchase of treasury stock	(9,217)	(4,623)
Issuance of treasury stock	104	376
Dividends paid	(4,930)	(5,187)
Other	41	(534)
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities	(8,166)	(10,068)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(320)	(1,168)
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year	4,868	3,045
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Period	\$ 4,548 \$	1,877
Cash paid during the six months ended June 30 for:		
Interest	\$ 2,002 \$	2,133
Income taxes, net of refunds	\$ 591 \$	127
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.		

AT&T INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Dollars and shares in millions except per share amounts

(Unaudited)

	June 3	13	
	Shares	A	Amount
Common Stock			
Balance at beginning of year	6,495	\$	6,49
Issuance of stock	-		
Balance at end of period	6,495	\$	6,49
Additional Paid-In Capital			
Balance at beginning of year		\$	91,03
Issuance of treasury stock			(8
Share-based payments			(45
Balance at end of period		\$	90,98
Retained Earnings			
Balance at beginning of year		\$	22,48
Net income attributable to AT&T (\$1.38 per diluted share)			7,52
Dividends to stockholders (\$0.90 per share)			(4,791
Balance at end of period		\$	25,21
Treasury Stock			
Balance at beginning of year	(914)	\$	(32,888
Repurchase of common stock	(257)		(9,217
Issuance of treasury stock	11		28
Balance at end of period	(1,160)	\$	(41,819
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Attributable to AT&T, net of tax			
Balance at beginning of year		\$	5,23
Other comprehensive loss attributable to AT&T			(129
Balance at end of period	<u> </u>	\$	5,10
Noncontrolling Interest		<i>•</i>	
Balance at beginning of year		\$	33
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest			13
Distributions			(128
Translation adjustments attributable to noncontrolling interest, net of taxes			(1
Balance at end of period		\$	33
Total Stockholders' Equity at beginning of year		\$	92,69
Total Stockholders' Equity at end of period		\$	86,31
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements			

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

Dollars in millions except per share amounts

NOTE 1. PREPARATION OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Basis of Presentation Throughout this document, AT&T Inc. is referred to as "AT&T," "we" or the "Company." We believe that these consolidated financial statements include all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring accruals, that are necessary to present fairly the results for the presented interim periods. The results for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of those for the full year. You should read this document in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and our majority-owned subsidiaries and affiliates. Our subsidiaries and affiliates operate in the communications services industry both domestically and internationally, providing wireless communications services, traditional wireline voice services, data/broadband and Internet services, video services, telecommunications equipment, managed networking and wholesale services.

All significant intercompany transactions are eliminated in the consolidation process. Investments in partnerships and less than majority-owned subsidiaries where we have significant influence are accounted for under the equity method. Earnings from certain foreign equity investments accounted for using the equity method are included for periods ended within up to one month of our period end. We also record our proportionate share of our equity method investees' other comprehensive income (OCI) items, including actuarial gains and losses on pension and other postretirement benefit obligations.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes, including estimates of probable losses and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Certain amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.

Stock Repurchase Program In May 2013, we completed a repurchase authorization that was approved by our Board of Directors in July 2012. In March 2013, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to an additional 300 million shares of our common stock. During the first six months of 2013, we repurchased 257 million shares for \$9,217 under these authorizations. At June 30, 2013, we had 272 million shares remaining under the March 2013 authorization. The authorization has no expiration date.

Dollars in millions except per share amounts

NOTE 2. EARNINGS PER SHARE

A reconciliation of the numerators and denominators of basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share for net income attributable to AT&T for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, are shown in the table below:

	Three more			Six mon		
	June	e 30	,	June	e 30	
	2013		2012	2013		2012
Numerators						
Numerator for basic earnings per share:						
Net Income	\$ 3,880	\$	3,965	\$ 7,653	\$	7,617
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	(58)		(63)	(131)		(131)
Net Income attributable to AT&T	3,822		3,902	7,522		7,486
Dilutive potential common shares:						
Share-based payment	2		2	6		6
Numerator for diluted earnings per share	\$ 3,824	\$	3,904	\$ 7,528	\$	7,492
Denominators (000,000)						
Denominator for basic earnings per share:						
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	5,381		5,855	5,446		5,886
Dilutive potential common shares:						
Share-based payment	16		21	17		21
Denominator for diluted earnings per share	5,397		5,876	5,463		5,907
Basic earnings per share attributable to AT&T	\$ 0.71	\$	0.67	\$ 1.38	\$	1.27
Diluted earnings per share attributable to AT&T	\$ 0.71	\$	0.66	\$ 1.38	\$	1.27

At June 30, 2013 and 2012, we had issued and outstanding options to purchase approximately 13 million and 22 million shares of AT&T common stock. For the quarter ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, the exercise prices of 2 million and 4 million shares were above the market price of AT&T stock for the respective periods. Accordingly, we did not include these amounts in determining the dilutive potential common shares. At June 30, 2013 and 2012, the exercise prices of 11 million and 17 million vested stock options were below market price.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - Continued

Dollars in millions except per share amounts

NOTE 3. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Changes in the balances of each component of other comprehensive income (OCI) included in accumulated OCI for the six months ended June 30, 2013, are presented below. All amounts are net of tax and exclude noncontrolling interest.

At June 30, 2013 and for the period ended:

	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	(Net Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Available- for-Sale Securities	Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	Defined Benefit Postretirement Plans	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income
Balance as of January 1, 2013	\$ (284)	\$	272	\$ (110)	\$ 5,358	\$ 5,236
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	(117)		86	210	-	179
Amounts reclassified from accumulated OCI	34 ¹		$(10)^2$	15 ³	(347) ⁴	(308)
Net other comprehensive income (loss)	(83)		76	225	(347)	(129)
Balance as of June 30, 2013	\$ (367)	\$	348	\$ 115	\$ 5,011	\$ 5,107

 $\frac{1}{2}$ Pre-tax translation loss reclassifications are included in Other income (expense) - net in the consolidated statements of income.

² Pre-tax gains are included in Other income (expense) - net in the consolidated statements of income.

³ (Gains) losses are included in interest expense in the consolidated statements of income. See Note 6 for additional information.

⁴ Prior service credits associated with postretirement benefits, net of amounts capitalized as part of construction labor, are included in Cost of services and sales and Selling, general and administrative in the consolidated statements of income (see Note 5). Actuarial loss reclassifications related to our equity method investees are included in Other income (expense) - net in the consolidated statements of income.

NOTE 4. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Our segments are strategic business units that offer different products and services over various technology platforms and are managed accordingly. We analyze our operating segments based on segment income before income taxes. We make our capital allocation decisions based on the strategic needs of the business, needs of the network (wireless or wireline) provided services, and demands to provide emerging services to our customers. Actuarial gains and losses from pension and other postretirement benefits, interest expense and other income (expense) – net, are managed only on a total company basis and are, accordingly, reflected only in consolidated results. Therefore, these items are not included in each reportable segment's results. The customers and long-lived assets of our reportable segments are predominantly in the United States. We have three reportable segments: (1) Wireless, (2) Wireline and (3) Other. Our operating results prior to May 9, 2012, also included our Advertising Solutions segment, which was subsequently sold.

The Wireless segment uses our nationwide network to provide consumer and business customers with wireless data and voice communications services. This segment includes our portion of the results from our mobile payment joint venture marketed as the Isis Mobile WalletTM (ISIS), which is accounted for as an equity method investment.

The Wireline segment uses our regional, national and global network to provide consumer and business customers with data and voice communications services, AT&T U-verse[®] high-speed broadband, video and voice services and managed networking to business customers. Additionally, we receive commissions on sales of satellite television services offered through our agency arrangements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - Continued

Dollars in millions except per share amounts

The Other segment includes our portion of the results from our international equity investments, our equity interest in YP Holdings LLC (YP Holdings), and costs to support corporate-driven activities and operations. Also included in the Other segment are impacts of corporate-wide decisions for which the individual operating segments are not being evaluated, including interest costs and expected return on plan assets for our pension and postretirement benefit plans.

In the following tables, we show how our segment results are reconciled to our consolidated results reported.

For the three months ended June 30, 201	3			Advertising				Consolidated
		Wireless	Wireline	Solutions	Other	Consolidations		Results
Data	\$	5,356 \$	8,400 \$	- \$	- \$	-	\$	13,750
Voice, text and other		10,014	5,141	-	-	-		15,155
Equipment and other		1,921	1,232	-	11	-		3,164
Total segment operating revenues		17,291	14,773	-	11	-		32,075
Operations and support expenses		10,770	10,417	-	204	-		21,391
Depreciation and amortization expenses		1,843	2,722	-	6	-		4,571
Total segment operating expenses		12,613	13,139	-	210	-		25,962
Segment operating income (loss)		4,678	1,634	-	(199)	-		6,113
Interest expense		-	-	-	-	825		825
Equity in net income (loss) of affiliates		(19)	-	-	237	-		218
Other income (expense) – net		-	-	-	-	288		288
Segment income (loss) before								
income taxes	\$	4,659 \$	1,634 \$	- \$	38 \$	(537)	\$	5,794
For the six months ended June 30, 2013				Advertising				Consolidated
		Wireless	Wireline	Solutions	Other	Consolidations		Results
Data	\$	10,481 \$	16,562 \$	- \$	- \$	- Compondations	\$	27,043
Voice, text and other	Ŧ	19,951	10,302 \$	-	-		Ψ	30,398
Equipment and other		3,550	2,419	-	21	-		5,990
Total segment operating revenues		33,982	29,428	-	21	-	t	63,431
Operations and support expenses		20,950	20,752	-	576	-		42,278
Depreciation and amortization expenses		3,678	5,410	-	12	-		9,100
Total segment operating expenses		24,628	26,162	-	588	-		51,378
Segment operating income (loss)		9,354	3,266	-	(567)	-		12,053
Interest expense		-	-	-	-	1,652		1,652
Equity in net income (loss) of affiliates		(37)	1	-	439	-		403
Other income (expense) – net		-	-	-	-	320		320
Segment income (loss) before								
income taxes	\$	9,317 \$	3,267 \$	- \$	(128) \$	(1,332)	¢	11,124

Dollars in millions except per share amounts

For the three months ended June 30, 2012	2			Advertising			Consolidated
	,	Wireless	Wireline	Solutions	Other	Consolidations	Results
Data	\$	4,471 \$	7,935 \$	- \$	- \$	-	\$ 12,406
Voice, text and other		10,294	5,696	-	-	-	15,990
Equipment and other		1,588	1,276	305	10	-	3,179
Total segment operating revenues		16,353	14,907	305	10	-	31,575
Operations and support expenses		9,590	10,201	226	242	-	20,259
Depreciation and amortization expenses		1,696	2,766	29	8	-	4,499
Total segment operating expenses		11,286	12,967	255	250	-	24,758
Segment operating income (loss)		5,067	1,940	50	(240)	-	6,817
Interest expense		-	-	-	-	941	941
Equity in net income (loss) of affiliates		(15)	(1)	-	148	-	132
Other income (expense) – net		-	-	-	-	23	23
Segment income (loss) before							
income taxes	\$	5,052 \$	1,939 \$	50 \$	(92) \$	(918)	\$ 6,031
For the six months ended June 30, 2012				A 1			Consolidated
	,	Wireless	Wireline	Advertising Solutions	Other	Consolidations	Results
Data	\$						
	J D	8.706 \$	15.735 \$	- \$	- \$		
Voice, text and other	φ	8,706 \$ 20.625	15,735 \$ 11.588	- \$	- \$ -		\$ 24,441
Voice, text and other Equipment and other	φ	8,706 \$ 20,625 3,158	15,735 \$ 11,588 2,513	- \$ - 1,049	- \$ - 23	-	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	р	20,625	11,588	-	-	-	\$ 24,441 32,213
Equipment and other Total segment operating revenues	ф 	20,625 3,158 32,489	11,588 2,513	1,049	23	-	\$ 24,441 32,213 6,743
Equipment and other	Φ	20,625 3,158	11,588 2,513 29,836	1,049 1,049	23 23		\$ 24,441 32,213 6,743 63,397
Equipment and other Total segment operating revenues Operations and support expenses	\$	20,625 3,158 32,489 19,568	11,588 2,513 29,836 20,603	1,049 1,049 773	23 23 476		\$ 24,441 32,213 6,743 63,397 41,420
Equipment and other Total segment operating revenues Operations and support expenses Depreciation and amortization expenses	ф 	20,625 3,158 32,489 19,568 3,362	11,588 2,513 29,836 20,603 5,574	1,049 1,049 773 106	23 23 476 17		\$ 24,441 32,213 6,743 63,397 41,420 9,059
Equipment and other Total segment operating revenues Operations and support expenses Depreciation and amortization expenses Total segment operating expenses	ф 	20,625 3,158 32,489 19,568 3,362 22,930	11,588 2,513 29,836 20,603 5,574 26,177	1,049 1,049 773 106 879	23 23 476 17 493		\$ 24,441 32,213 6,743 63,397 41,420 9,059 50,479
Equipment and other Total segment operating revenues Operations and support expenses Depreciation and amortization expenses Total segment operating expenses Segment operating income (loss)	\$	20,625 3,158 32,489 19,568 3,362 22,930	11,588 2,513 29,836 20,603 5,574 26,177	1,049 1,049 773 106 879	23 23 476 17 493		\$ 24,441 32,213 6,743 63,397 41,420 9,059 50,479 12,918
Equipment and other Total segment operating revenues Operations and support expenses Depreciation and amortization expenses Total segment operating expenses Segment operating income (loss) Interest expense	•	20,625 3,158 32,489 19,568 3,362 22,930 9,559	11,588 2,513 29,836 20,603 5,574 26,177 3,659	1,049 1,049 773 106 879	23 23 476 17 493 (470)		\$ 24,441 32,213 6,743 63,397 41,420 9,059 50,479 12,918 1,800
Equipment and other Total segment operating revenues Operations and support expenses Depreciation and amortization expenses Total segment operating expenses Segment operating income (loss) Interest expense Equity in net income (loss) of affiliates	•	20,625 3,158 32,489 19,568 3,362 22,930 9,559	11,588 2,513 29,836 20,603 5,574 26,177 3,659	1,049 1,049 773 106 879	23 23 476 17 493 (470)	- - - - - - 1,800 -	\$ 24,441 32,213 6,743 63,397 41,420 9,059 50,479 12,918 1,800 355

NOTE 5. PENSION AND POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS

Substantially all of our employees are covered by one of our noncontributory pension plans. We also provide certain medical, dental, life insurance, and death benefits to certain retired employees under various plans and accrue actuarially determined postretirement benefit costs as active employees earn these benefits. Our objective in funding these plans, in combination with the standards of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (ERISA), is to accumulate assets sufficient to meet the plans' obligations to provide benefits to employees upon their retirement. During 2013, we have a required contribution to our pension plans of approximately \$175.

In October 2012, we filed an application with the U.S. Department of Labor for approval to make a voluntary contribution of a preferred equity interest in our Mobility business to the trust used to pay qualified pension benefits under plans sponsored by AT&T. At the time we filed the application, the interest had a fair market value of \$9,500. We anticipate approval in 2013, and expect to make the contribution at that time. As currently proposed, the preferred equity interest will constitute a qualified plan asset for ERISA funding purposes, but may not be included in plan assets in our consolidated financial statements upon contribution. Final determination of whether it will qualify as a plan asset for financial reporting purposes is subject to the final terms of the preferred equity interest.

We recognize actuarial gains and losses on pension and postretirement plan assets in our operating results at our annual measurement date of December 31, unless earlier remeasurements are required. The following table details pension and postretirement benefit costs included in operating expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of income.

Dollars in millions except per share amounts

In the following table, expense credits are denoted with parentheses. A portion of these expenses is capitalized as part of internal construction projects, providing a small reduction in the net expense recorded.

	,	Three mor	nths e	nded	Six months ended						
		June	30,			June	30,				
		2013		2012		2013		2012			
Pension cost:											
Service cost – benefits earned during the period	\$	330	\$	304	\$	660	\$	614			
Interest cost on projected benefit obligation		607		700		1,214		1,400			
Expected return on assets		(828)		(880)		(1,656)		(1,760)			
Amortization of prior service (credit)		(23)		(4)		(46)		(8)			
Net pension cost	\$	86	\$	120	\$	172	\$	246			
Postretirement cost:											
Service cost – benefits earned during the period	\$	96	\$	82	\$	191	\$	166			
Interest cost on accumulated postretirement benefit obligation		389		447		779		894			
Expected return on assets		(178)		(201)		(356)		(401)			
Amortization of prior service (credit)		(262)		(215)		(525)		(432)			
Net postretirement cost	\$	45	\$	113	\$	89	\$	227			
Combined net pension and postretirement cost	\$	131	\$	233	\$	261	\$	473			

Our combined net pension and postretirement cost decreased \$102 in the second quarter and \$212 for the first six months of 2013. The decrease reflects lower interest costs, which are driven by the prior year's declining bond rates and reflects higher amortization of prior service credits due to plan changes, including changes to retiree costs for continued healthcare coverage. This decrease is partially offset by lower expected long-term return on plan assets reflecting each plan's asset mix and continued uncertainty in the securities markets and the U.S. economy.

We also provide senior- and middle-management employees with nonqualified, unfunded supplemental retirement and savings plans. Net supplemental retirement pension benefits cost, which is not included in the table above, was \$28 in the second quarter of 2013, of which \$26 was interest cost, and \$55 for the first six months, of which \$51 was interest cost. In 2012, net supplemental retirement pension benefits cost was \$32 in the second quarter, of which \$29 was interest cost, and \$63 for the first six months, of which \$58 was interest cost.

Dollars in millions except per share amounts

NOTE 6. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS AND DISCLOSURE

The Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure framework provides a three-tiered fair value hierarchy that gives highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that we have the ability to access.

Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets.
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets.
- Inputs other than quoted market prices that are observable for the asset or liability.
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

• Fair value is often based on developed models in which there are few, if any, external observations.

The fair value measurements level of an asset or liability within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used should maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The valuation methodologies described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of future net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. We believe our valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants. The use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date. There have been no changes in the methodologies used since December 31, 2012.

Long-Term Debt and Other Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts and estimated fair values of our long-term debt, including current maturities and other financial instruments, are summarized as follows:

		June 3	December 31, 2012					
	Ca	Carrying				Carrying		Fair
	A	mount		Value		Amount	Value	
Notes and debentures	\$	73,664	\$	79,581	\$	69,578	\$	81,310
Commercial paper		1,243		1,243		-		-
Bank borrowings		1		1		1		1
Investment securities		2,407		2,407		2,218		2,218

The carrying value of debt with an original maturity of less than one year approximates market value. The fair value measurements used for notes and debentures are considered Level 2.

Dollars in millions except per share amounts

Investment Securities

Our investment securities include equities, fixed income bonds and other securities. A substantial portion of the fair values of our available-for-sale securities were estimated based on quoted market prices. Investments in securities not traded on a national securities exchange are valued using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or discounted cash flows. Realized gains and losses on securities are included in "Other income (expense) – net" in the consolidated statements of income using the specific identification method. Unrealized gains and losses, net of tax, on available-for-sale securities are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (accumulated OCI). Unrealized losses that are considered other than temporary are recorded in "Other income (expense) – net" with the corresponding reduction to the carrying basis of the investment. Fixed income investments of \$113 have maturities of less than one year, \$278 within one to three years, \$184 within three to five years, and \$256 for five or more years, which approximate fair value.

Our short-term investments (including money market securities) and customer deposits are recorded at amortized cost, and the respective carrying amounts approximate fair values. Our investment securities are recorded in "Other Assets" on the consolidated balance sheets.

Following is the fair value leveling for available-for-sale securities and derivatives as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

				June 30	, 2013		
	I	Level 1	L	evel 2	Lev	el 3	Total
Available-for-Sale Securities							
Domestic equities	\$	1,015	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,015
International equities		498		-		-	498
Fixed income bonds		-		831		-	831
Asset Derivatives ¹							
Interest rate swaps		-		210		-	210
Cross-currency swaps		-		668		-	668
Liability Derivatives ¹							
Interest rate swaps		-		(9)		-	(9)
Cross-currency swaps		-		(750)		-	(750)

			December 3	1, 2012			
	 Level 1	L	evel 2	Level 3		Tot	tal
Available-for-Sale Securities							
Domestic equities	\$ 873	\$	- 3	\$	-	\$	873
International equities	469		-		-		469
Fixed income bonds	-		837		-		837
Asset Derivatives ¹							
Interest rate swaps	-		287		-		287
Cross-currency swaps	-		752		-		752
Foreign exchange contracts	-		1		-		1
Liability Derivatives ¹							
Cross-currency swaps	-		(672)		-		(672)

¹ Derivatives designated as hedging instruments are reflected as Other assets, Other noncurrent liabilities and, for a portion of interest rate swaps, Other current assets.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - Continued

Dollars in millions except per share amounts

Derivative Financial Instruments

We employ derivatives to manage certain market risks, primarily interest rate risk and foreign currency exchange risk. This includes the use of interest rate swaps, interest rate locks, foreign exchange forward contracts and combined interest rate foreign exchange contracts (cross-currency swaps). We do not use derivatives for trading or speculative purposes. We record derivatives on our consolidated balance sheets at fair value that is derived from observable market data, including yield curves and foreign exchange rates (all of our derivatives are Level 2). Cash flows associated with derivative instruments are presented in the same category on the consolidated statements of cash flows as the item being hedged.

The majority of our derivatives are designated either as a hedge of the fair value of a recognized asset or liability or of an unrecognized firm commitment (fair value hedge), or as a hedge of a forecasted transaction or of the variability of cash flows to be received or paid related to a recognized asset or liability (cash flow hedge).

Fair Value Hedging We designate our fixed-to-floating interest rate swaps as fair value hedges. The purpose of these swaps is to manage interest rate risk by managing our mix of fixed-rate and floating-rate debt. These swaps involve the receipt of fixed-rate amounts for floating interest rate payments over the life of the swaps without exchange of the underlying principal amount. Accrued and realized gains or losses from interest rate swaps impact interest expense on the consolidated statements of income. Unrealized gains on interest rate swaps are recorded at fair market value as assets, and unrealized losses on interest rate swaps are recorded at fair market value as in the fair value of the interest rate swaps offset changes in the fair value of the fixed-rate notes payable they hedge due to changes in the designated benchmark interest rate and are recognized in interest expense. Gains or losses realized upon early termination of our fair value hedges are recognized in interest expense. In the six months ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012, no ineffectiveness was measured.

Cash Flow Hedging Unrealized gains on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges are recorded at fair value as assets, and unrealized losses on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges are recorded at fair value as liabilities, both for the period they are outstanding. For derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges, the effective portion is reported as a component of accumulated OCI until reclassified into interest expense in the same period the hedged transaction affects earnings. The gain or loss on the ineffective portion is recognized as other income or expense in each period.

We designate our cross-currency swaps as cash flow hedges. We have entered into multiple cross-currency swaps to hedge our exposure to variability in expected future cash flows that are attributable to foreign currency risk generated from the issuance of our Euro and British pound sterling denominated debt. These agreements include initial and final exchanges of principal from fixed foreign denominations to fixed U.S. denominated amounts, to be exchanged at a specified rate, which was determined by the market spot rate upon issuance. They also include an interest rate swap of a fixed foreign-denominated rate to a fixed U.S. denominated interest rate. We evaluate the effectiveness of our cross-currency swaps each quarter. In the six months ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012, no ineffectiveness was measured.

Periodically, we enter into and designate interest rate locks to partially hedge the risk of changes in interest payments attributable to increases in the benchmark interest rate during the period leading up to the probable issuance of fixed-rate debt. We designate our interest rate locks as cash flow hedges. Gains and losses when we settle our interest rate locks are amortized into income over the life of the related debt, except where a material amount is deemed to be ineffective, which would be immediately reclassified to "Other income (expense) – net" in the consolidated statements of income. Over the next 12 months, we expect to reclassify \$45 from accumulated OCI to interest expense due to the amortization of net losses on historical interest rate locks.

We may hedge a portion of the exchange risk involved in anticipation of highly probable foreign currency-denominated transactions. In anticipation of these transactions, we often enter into foreign exchange contracts to provide currency at a fixed rate. Some of these instruments are designated as cash flow hedges while others remain nondesignated, largely based on size and duration. Gains and losses at the time we settle or take delivery on our designated foreign exchange contracts are amortized into income in the same period the hedged transaction affects earnings, except where an amount is deemed to be ineffective, which would be immediately reclassified to "Other income (expense) – net" in the consolidated statements of income. In the six months ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012, no ineffectiveness was measured.

Dollars in millions except per share amounts

Collateral and Credit-Risk Contingency We have entered into agreements with our derivative counterparties establishing collateral thresholds based on respective credit ratings and netting agreements. At June 30, 2013, we had posted collateral of \$35 (a deposit asset) and held collateral of \$708 (a receipt liability). Under the agreements, if our credit rating had been downgraded one rating level by Moody's Investors Service and Standards & Poor's and two rating levels by Fitch, Inc., before the final collateral exchange in June, we would have been required to post additional collateral of \$169. At December 31, 2012, we had posted collateral of \$22 (a deposit asset) and held collateral of \$543 (a receipt liability). We do not offset the fair value of collateral, whether the right to reclaim cash collateral (a receivable) or the obligation to return cash collateral (a payable), against the fair value of the derivative instruments.

Following is the notional amount of our outstanding derivative positions:

	J	une 30,	Dec	ember 31,
		2013		2012
Interest rate swaps	\$	4,250	\$	3,000
Cross-currency swaps		14,136		12,071
Foreign exchange contracts		4		51
Total	\$	18,390	\$	15,122

Following is the related hedged items affecting our financial position and performance:

Effect of Derivatives on the Consolidated Statements of Income

	7	Three mor	Six months ended					
Fair Value Hedging Relationships	June 3	30, 2013	June	30, 2012	June	30, 2013	June	30, 2012
Interest rate swaps (Interest expense):								
Gain (Loss) on interest rate swaps	\$	(63)	\$	(76)	\$	(87)	\$	(137)
Gain (Loss) on long-term debt		63		76		87		137

In addition, the net swap settlements that accrued and settled in the quarter ended June 30 were offset against interest expense.

]	Three mor	ths en	Six months ended					
Cash Flow Hedging Relationships	June 3	30, 2013	June	30, 2012	June 3	0, 2013	June	30, 2012	
Cross-currency swaps:									
Gain (Loss) recognized in accumulated OCI	\$	184	\$	(160)	\$	325	\$	(165)	
Interest rate locks:									
Interest income (expense) reclassified from accumulated OCI into income		(12)		(11)		(23)		(20)	
Foreign exchange contracts:									
Gain (Loss) recognized in accumulated OCI		2		(5)		-		-	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - Continued

Dollars in millions except per share amounts

NOTE 7. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 12, 2013, we announced an agreement to acquire Leap Wireless International, Inc. (Leap), a provider of prepaid wireless service, for fifteen dollars per outstanding share of Leap's common stock, or approximately \$1,260, plus one non-transferable contingent right that entitles each Leap stockholder to a share of the net proceeds of the future sale of the Chicago 700 MHz A-band FCC license held by Leap. As of June 30, 2013, Leap had approximately \$2,700 of debt, net of cash.

Under the terms of the agreement, we will acquire all of Leap's stock and, thereby, acquire all of its wireless properties, including spectrum licenses, network assets, retail stores and approximately 5 million subscribers. The agreement must be approved by Leap's stockholders. The transaction also is subject to review by the FCC and the Department of Justice and to other customary closing conditions and is expected to close in approximately six to nine months from the announcement. The agreement also provides both parties with certain termination rights if the transaction does not close by July 11, 2014, extendable by either party to January 11, 2015 if required regulatory approvals have not been obtained. Under certain circumstances, Leap may be required to pay a termination fee or AT&T may be required to provide a three-year roaming agreement to Leap for LTE data coverage if the transaction does not close. If Leap enters into the roaming agreement, AT&T may purchase, or may be required by Leap to purchase, specified Leap spectrum assets.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Dollars in millions except per share amounts

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

For ease of reading, AT&T Inc. is referred to as "we," "AT&T" or the "Company" throughout this document, and the names of the particular subsidiaries and affiliates providing the services generally have been omitted. AT&T is a holding company whose subsidiaries and affiliates operate in the communications services industry both in the United States and internationally, providing wireless and wireline telecommunication services and equipment. You should read this discussion in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements, accompanying notes and management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012. A reference to a "Note" in this section refers to the accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. In the tables throughout this section, percentage increases and decreases that are not considered meaningful are denoted with a dash. Certain amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.

Consolidated Results Our financial results in the second quarter and for the first six months of 2013 and 2012 are summarized as follows:

	 Se	nd Quarter		Six	-Me	onth Period		
				Percent				Percent
	2013		2012	Change	2013		2012	Change
Operating Revenues	\$ 32,075	\$	31,575	1.6%	\$ 63,431	\$	63,397	0.1%
Operating expenses								
Cost of services and sales	13,270		12,254	8.3	25,824		25,071	3.0
Selling, general and administrative	8,121		8,005	1.4	16,454		16,349	0.6
Depreciation and amortization	4,571		4,499	1.6	9,100		9,059	0.5
Total Operating Expenses	25,962		24,758	4.9	 51,378		50,479	1.8
Operating Income	6,113		6,817	(10.3)	 12,053		12,918	(6.7)
Income Before Income Taxes	5,794		6,031	(3.9)	11,124		11,548	(3.7)
Net Income	3,880		3,965	(2.1)	7,653		7,617	0.5
Net Income Attributable to AT&T	\$ 3,822	\$	3,902	(2.1)%	\$ 7,522	\$	7,486	0.5%

Overview

Operating income decreased \$704, or 10.3%, in the second quarter and \$865, or 6.7%, for the first six months of 2013. Both operating revenues and expenses in 2012 include results for our sold Advertising Solutions segment, which had a negative impact on comparisons to 2013 operating income. The decline in operating income also reflected increased handset upgrades, which contributed to higher wireless equipment and commission costs, increased expenses supporting AT&T U-verse[®] (U-verse) subscriber growth and declines in wireline voice and wireless voice and text revenues. Wireless data and equipment revenues and wireline data revenues helped to offset these impacts. Our operating income margin in the second quarter decreased from 21.6% in 2012 to 19.1% in 2013 and for the first six months decreased from 20.4% in 2012 to 19.0% in 2013.

Operating revenues increased \$500, or 1.6%, in the second quarter and \$34, or 0.1%, for the first six months of 2013. Wireless data and equipment revenues increased, reflecting the increasing percentage of wireless subscribers choosing smartphones. Continued growth in U-verse services from residential customers and strategic business services also contributed to higher operating revenues. The revenue increases were partially offset by the sale of the Advertising Solutions segment and continued declines in wireline voice and wireless voice and text revenues.

As the telecommunications industry continues to evolve from voice-oriented services into an industry driven by databased services, technology, and efficiencies, our products, services and plans have also changed as we transition from traditional voice and basic data services to sophisticated, high-speed, IP-based alternatives. This transition of our offerings will result in continued growth in our wireless and wireline IP-based data revenues as we bundle and price plans with greater focus on the data services that our customers desire, provide new products and services, and transition customers from their current traditional services. We expect continued declines in voice revenues and our basic wireline data services as customers choose these next-generation services.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Continued Dollars in millions except per share amounts

Cost of services and sales expenses increased \$1,016, or 8.3%, in the second quarter and \$753, or 3.0%, for the first six months of 2013. The increases were primarily due to increased wireless equipment costs related to handset upgrades, increased wireline costs attributable to U-verse subscriber growth and wireless network costs. The increases were partially offset by the sale of the Advertising Solutions segment, decreased wireless interconnect and long-distance costs and lower costs associated with Universal Service Fund (USF) fees.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$116, or 1.4%, in the second quarter and \$105, or 0.6%, for the first six months of 2013. The increases were primarily due to increased commissions related to smartphone upgrades and higher advertising expenses, partially offset by the sale of the Advertising Solutions segment, decreased employee related expenses and lower financing-related costs associated with our pension and postretirement benefits (referred to as Pension/OPEB expenses).

Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$72, or 1.6%, in the second quarter and \$41, or 0.5%, for the first six months of 2013. Expenses increased due to ongoing capital spending for network upgrades and expansion, partially offset by fully depreciated assets and lower amortization of intangibles for customer lists related to acquisitions. The sale of our Advertising Solutions segment also contributed to lower depreciation and amortization expenses.

Interest expense decreased \$116, or 12.3%, in the second quarter and \$148, or 8.2%, for the first six months of 2013. Interest expense in 2012 was higher due to charges associated with the early redemption of debt. The decrease in 2013 also reflects lower average interest rates, partially offset by higher average debt balances.

Equity in net income of affiliates increased \$86, or 65.2%, in the second quarter and \$48, or 13.5%, for the first six months of 2013. Increased equity in net income of affiliates in the second quarter was due to increased earnings at América Móvil, S.A. de C.V. (América Móvil) and YP Holdings LLC (YP Holdings). Increased equity in net income of affiliates for the first six months was primarily due to increased earnings from YP Holdings, partially offset by foreign exchange impacts at América Móvil.

Other income (expense) – **net** We had other income of \$288 in the second quarter and \$320 for the first six months of 2013, compared to other income of \$23 in the second quarter and \$75 for the first six months of 2012. Results in the second quarter and for the first six months of 2013 included a net gain on the sale of América Móvil shares and other investments of \$249 and \$260, interest and dividend income of \$23 and \$40 and leveraged lease income of \$10 and \$15, respectively.

Other income in the second quarter and for the first six months of 2012 included interest and dividend income of \$19 and \$34 and leveraged lease income of \$8 and \$41 and a net loss on the sale of investments of \$11 and \$1, respectively.

Income taxes decreased \$152, or 7.4%, in the second quarter and \$460, or 11.7%, for the first six months of 2013. Our effective tax rate was 33.0% for the second quarter and 31.2% for the first six months of 2013, as compared to 34.3% for the second quarter and 34.0% for the first six months of 2012. The decrease in effective tax rate for both the second quarter and the first six months was primarily due to recognition of benefits related to tax audit settlements.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Continued Dollars in millions except per share amounts

Selected Financial and Operating Data

	June 3	0,
	2013	2012
Wireless subscribers (000)	107,884	105,206
Network access lines in service (000)	26,849	31,604
Total wireline broadband connections (000)	16,453	16,434
Debt ratio ¹	46.6%	38.4%
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges ²	5.45	5.36
Number of AT&T employees	245,350	242,380

¹ Debt ratios are calculated by dividing total debt (debt maturing within one year plus long-term debt) by total capital (total debt plus total stockholders' equity) and do not consider cash available to pay down debt. See our "Liquidity and Capital Resources" section for discussion.

² See exhibit 12

Segment Results

Our segments are strategic business units that offer different products and services over various technology platforms and are managed accordingly. Our operating segment results presented in Note 4 and discussed below for each segment follow our internal management reporting. We analyze our operating segments based on segment income before income taxes. We make our capital allocation decisions based on the strategic needs of the business, needs of the network (wireless or wireline) provided services, and demands to provide emerging services to our customers. Actuarial gains and losses from pension and other postemployment benefits, interest expense and other income (expense) – net, are managed only on a total company basis and are, accordingly, reflected only in consolidated results. We have three reportable segments: (1) Wireless, (2) Wireline and (3) Other. Our operating results prior to May 9, 2012, also included Advertising Solutions, which was previously a reportable segment.

The *Wireless segment* uses our nationwide network to provide consumer and business customers with wireless data and voice communications services. This segment includes our portion of the results from our mobile payment joint venture marketed as the ISIS Mobile WalletTM (ISIS), which is accounted for as an equity method investment.

The *Wireline segment* uses our regional, national and global network to provide consumer and business customers with data and voice communications services, U-verse high-speed broadband, video, voice services, and managed networking to business customers. Additionally, we receive commissions on sales of satellite television services offered through our agency arrangements.

The *Advertising Solutions segment* included our directory operations, which published Yellow and White Pages directories and sold directory advertising, Internet-based advertising and local search through May 8, 2012.

The *Other segment* includes our portion of the results from our international equity investments, our equity interest in YP Holdings, and costs to support corporate-driven activities and operations. Also included in the Other segment are impacts of corporate-wide decisions for which the individual operating segments are not being evaluated, including interest costs and expected return on plan assets for our pension and postretirement benefit plans.

The following sections discuss our operating results by segment. Operations and support expenses include certain network planning and engineering expenses; information technology; our repair technicians and repair services; property taxes; bad debt expense; advertising costs; sales and marketing functions, including customer service centers; real estate costs, including maintenance and utilities on all buildings; credit and collection functions; and corporate support costs, such as finance, legal, human resources and external affairs. Pension and postretirement service costs, net of amounts capitalized as part of construction labor, are also included to the extent that they are associated with employees who perform these functions.

We discuss capital expenditures for each segment in "Liquidity and Capital Resources."

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Continued Dollars in millions except per share amounts

Wireless

Segment Results

	Second Quarter						Six-	Mo	nth Period	
					Percent					Percent
		2013		2012	Change		2013		2012	Change
Segment operating revenues										
Data	\$	5,356	\$	4,471	19.8%	\$	10,481	\$	8,706	20.4%
Voice, text and other service		10,014		10,294	(2.7)		19,951		20,625	(3.3)
Equipment		1,921		1,588	21.0		3,550		3,158	12.4
Total Segment Operating Revenues		17,291		16,353	5.7		33,982		32,489	4.6
Segment operating expenses										
Operations and support		10,770		9,590	12.3		20,950		19,568	7.1
Depreciation and amortization		1,843		1,696	8.7		3,678		3,362	9.4
Total Segment Operating Expenses		12,613		11,286	11.8		24,628		22,930	7.4
Segment Operating Income		4,678		5,067	(7.7)		9,354		9,559	(2.1)
Equity in Net Loss of Affiliates		(19)		(15)	(26.7)		(37)		(28)	(32.1)
Segment Income	\$	4,659		5,052	(7.8)%	\$	9,317	\$	9,531	(2.2)%

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Continued Dollars in millions except per share amounts

Donars in minions except per share amounts

The following table highlights other key measures of performance for the Wireless segment:

	Seco	ond Quarter		Six-N	Month Period	
			Percent			Percent
(Subscribers in 000s)	2013	2012	Change	2013	2012	Change
Wireless Subscribers ¹				107,884	105,206	2.5%
Gross Subscriber Additions ²	5,000	4,970	0.6%	9,727	10,248	(5.1)
Net Subscriber Additions ²	632	1,266	(50.1)	923	1,992	(53.7)
Total Churn ³	1.36%	1.18%	18 BP	1.37%	1.32%	5 BP
Postpaid Smartphone Subscribers				49,462	43,131	14.7%
Postpaid Data-Centric Device and Other Phone Subscribers				21,816	26,535	(17.8)
Total Postpaid Subscribers			-	71,278	69,666	2.3
Net Postpaid Subscriber Additions ²	551	320	72.2%	847	507	67.1
Postpaid Churn ³	1.02%	0.97%	5 BP	1.03%	1.03%	0 BP
Prepaid Subscribers				7,084	7,473	(5.2)%
Net Prepaid Subscriber Additions ²	11	92	(88.0)% _	(173)	217	-
Reseller Subscribers				14,330	14,382	(0.4)%
Net Reseller Subscriber Additions ²	(414)	472	- =	(666)	656	-
Connected Device Subscribers ⁴				15,192	13,685	11.0%
Net Connected Device Subscriber Additions	484	382	26.7%	915	612	49.5

¹ Represents 100% of AT&T Mobility wireless subscribers.

² Excludes merger and acquisition-related additions during the period.

³ Calculated by dividing the aggregate number of wireless subscribers who canceled service during a period divided by the total number of wireless subscribers at the beginning of that period. The churn rate for the period is equal to the average of the churn rate for each month of that period.

⁴ Includes data-centric devices such as eReaders, automobile monitoring systems, and fleet management - excludes tablet, subscribers, which are primarily reflected in our postpaid subscriber category, with the remainder in prepaid.

Wireless Subscriber Relationships

As the wireless industry continues to mature, we believe that future wireless growth will increasingly depend on our ability to offer innovative services and devices and a wireless network that has sufficient spectrum and capacity to support these innovations and make them available to more subscribers. To attract and retain subscribers, we offer a broad handset line and a wide variety of service plans.

As technology evolves, rapid changes are occurring in the handset and device industry with the continual introduction of new models or significant revisions of existing models. We believe a broad offering of a wide variety of smartphones reduces dependence on any single operating system or manufacturer as these products continue to evolve in terms of technology and subscriber appeal. In the first six months of 2013, we continued to see increasing use of smartphones by our postpaid subscribers. Of our total postpaid phone subscriber base, 73.3% (or 49.5 million subscribers) use smartphones, up from 64.0% (or 43.1 million subscribers) a year earlier. As is common in the industry, most of our subscribers' phones are designed to work only with our wireless technology, requiring subscribers who desire to move to a new carrier with a different technology to purchase a new device.

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Our postpaid subscribers typically sign a two-year contract, which includes discounted handsets and early termination fees. About 90% of our postpaid smartphone subscribers are on FamilyTalk[®] Plans (family plans), Mobile Share plans or business plans, which provide for service on multiple devices at reduced rates, and such subscribers tend to have higher retention and lower churn rates. We offer our Mobile to Any Mobile feature, which enables our subscribers on these and other qualifying plans to make unlimited mobile calls to any mobile number in the United States, subject to certain conditions. We also offer data plans at different price levels (usage-based data plans) to attract a wide variety of subscribers and to differentiate us from our competitors. Our postpaid subscribers on data plans increased 11.5% year over year. A growing percentage of our postpaid smartphone subscribers are on usage-based data plans, with 71.0% (or 35.1 million) on these plans as of June 30, 2013, up from 61.6% (or 26.6 million) as of June 30, 2012. About 80% of subscribers on usage-based data plans have chosen the higher-priced plans. We recently expanded our Mobile Share data plans (which allow postpaid subscribers to share data at discounted prices among devices covered by their plan) to include additional, larger usage levels. Participation in these plans continues to increase. Such offerings are intended to encourage existing subscribers to upgrade their current services and/or add connected devices, attract subscribers from other providers, and minimize subscriber churn.

As of June 30, 2013, about 65% of our postpaid smartphone subscribers use a 4G-capable device (i.e., a device that would operate on our HSPA+ or LTE network), and more than 35% of our postpaid smartphone subscribers use an LTE device. Due to substantial increases in the demand for wireless service in the United States, AT&T is facing significant spectrum and capacity constraints on its wireless network in certain markets. We expect such constraints to increase and expand to additional markets in the coming years. While we are continuing to invest significant capital in expanding our network capacity, our capacity constraints could affect the quality of existing voice and data services and our ability to launch new, advanced wireless broadband services, unless we are able to obtain more spectrum. Any long-term spectrum solution will require that the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) make new or existing spectrum available to the wireless industry to meet the expanding needs of our subscribers. We will continue to attempt to address spectrum and capacity constraints on a market-by-market basis.

Wireless Metrics

Subscriber Additions As of June 30, 2013, we served 107.9 million wireless subscribers, an increase of 2.5%. Market saturation and competition in the wireless industry will continue to limit the rate of growth in the industry's subscriber base, which has contributed to the modest 0.6% increase in gross subscriber additions (gross additions) when compared to the second quarter of 2012 and a 5.1% decrease when compared to the first six months of 2012. Lower net subscriber additions (net additions) were primarily attributable to losses in reseller low-revenue accounts. The increases in net postpaid additions reflect the migration of prepaid tablet subscribers to our postpaid plans, contributing to an increase in postpaid tablet subscribers of 398,000 in the second quarter and 763,000 for the first six months of 2013.

Average service revenue per user (ARPU) – Postpaid increased 1.8% in the second quarter and 1.3% for the first six months of 2013. Postpaid data services ARPU increased 17.6% in the second quarter and 17.8% for the first six months of 2013, reflecting greater use of smartphones and data-centric devices by our subscribers.

The growth in postpaid data services ARPU was partially offset by a 4.8% decrease in postpaid voice, text and other service ARPU in the second quarter and 5.4% decrease for the first six months of 2013. Voice, text and other service ARPU declined due to lower access and airtime charges, triggered in part by postpaid subscribers on our discount plans and lower roaming revenues.

ARPU – **Total** increased 1.3% in the second quarter and 0.7% for the first six months of 2013, reflecting growth in data services as more subscribers are using smartphones and tablets and choosing higher-priced usage-based data plans. Data services ARPU increased 16.6% in the second quarter and 16.8% for the first six months of 2013. Voice, text and other service ARPU declined 5.4% in the second quarter and 6.2% for the first six months of 2013 primarily due to voice access and usage trends and a shift toward a greater percentage of data-centric devices, as well as lower regulatory fees. We expect continued growth in data services ARPU as more subscribers use smartphones and data-centric devices and continue to choose higher-priced usage-based data plans. As we continue to expand our network, we also expect continued pressure on voice, text and other service ARPU.

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Churn The effective management of subscriber churn is critical to our ability to maximize revenue growth and to maintain and improve margins. The total churn rate was higher in the second quarter and for the first six months of 2013, primarily associated with the disconnection of reseller low-revenue accounts. The postpaid churn rate was slightly higher in the second quarter and flat for the first six months of 2013.

Operating Results

Our Wireless segment operating income margin in the second quarter decreased from 31.0% in 2012 to 27.1% in 2013 and for the first six months decreased from 29.4% in 2012 to 27.5% in 2013. Wireless segment operating income decreased \$389, or 7.7%, in the second quarter and \$205, or 2.1%, for the first six months of 2013. The decreases in operating margin and income reflected higher costs associated with upgrade activity and subsidies associated with growing smartphone sales, partially offset by continuing data revenue growth.

Voice, text and other service revenues decreased \$280, or 2.7%, in the second quarter and \$674, or 3.3%, for the first six months of 2013. While we had a 2.5% year-over-year increase in the number of wireless subscribers, these revenues continue to decline due to lower access and airtime charges.

Data service revenues increased \$885, or 19.8%, in the second quarter and \$1,775, or 20.4%, for the first six months of 2013. The increases were primarily due to the increased number of subscribers using smartphones and data-centric devices, such as eReaders, tablets, and mobile navigation devices. Data service revenues accounted for 34.4% of our wireless service revenues for the first six months of 2013, compared to 29.7% last year.

Equipment revenues increased \$333, or 21.0%, in the second quarter and \$392, or 12.4%, for the first six months of 2013 due to year-over-year increases in smartphone sales as a percentage of total device sales to postpaid subscribers and higher device upgrades.

Operations and support expenses increased \$1,180, or 12.3%, in the second quarter and \$1,382, or 7.1%, for the first six months of 2013. The increases in the second quarter and for the first six months were primarily due to the following:

- Equipment costs increased \$875 and \$1,005 reflecting an increase in upgrade activity and total device sales, as well as the sales of more expensive smartphones.
- Commission expenses increased \$258 and \$211 due primarily to higher upgrade activity and total device sales and a year-over-year increase in smartphone sales as a percentage of total device sales.
- Selling expenses (other than commissions) and administrative expenses increased \$143 and \$341 due primarily to increases of: \$85 and \$162 in employee-related costs; \$79 and \$147 in advertising costs; and \$28 and \$108 in information technology costs in conjunction with ongoing support systems development. Partially offsetting these increases were bad debt expense declines of \$47 and \$102.
- Network system costs increased \$66 and \$155 due to higher network traffic and personnel-related network support costs and cell site related costs in conjunction with our network enhancement efforts.

Partially offsetting these increases were the following:

- Interconnect and long-distance costs decreased \$108 and \$212 due to third-party credits and lower usage costs in the current period.
- USF fees decreased \$33 and \$98 primarily due to federal rate decreases, which are offset by lower USF revenues.

Depreciation and amortization expenses increased \$147, or 8.7%, in the second quarter and \$316, or 9.4%, for the first six months of 2013. Depreciation expense increased \$216, or 13.8%, in the second quarter and \$457, or 14.8%, for the first six months primarily due to ongoing capital spending for network upgrades and expansion. Amortization expense decreased \$69, or 52.7%, in the second quarter and \$141, or 50.2%, for the first six months primarily due to lower amortization of intangibles for customer lists related to acquisitions.

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Wireline

Segment Results

	Second Quarter						Six	-Mo	onth Period	
		2013		2012	Percent Change		2013		2012	Percent Change
Segment operating revenues					U					0
Data	\$	8,400	\$	7,935	5.9%	\$	16,562	\$	15,735	5.3%
Voice		5,141		5,696	(9.7)		10,447		11,588	(9.8)
Other		1,232		1,276	(3.4)		2,419		2,513	(3.7)
Total Segment Operating Revenues		14,773		14,907	(0.9)		29,428		29,836	(1.4)
Segment operating expenses										
Operations and support		10,417		10,201	2.1		20,752		20,603	0.7
Depreciation and amortization		2,722		2,766	(1.6)		5,410		5,574	(2.9)
Total Segment Operating Expenses		13,139		12,967	1.3		26,162		26,177	(0.1)
Segment Operating Income		1,634		1,940	(15.8)		3,266		3,659	(10.7)
Equity in Net Income (Loss) of Affiliates		-		(1)	-		1		(1)	-
Segment Income	\$	1,634	\$	1,939	(15.7)%	\$	3,267	\$	3,658	(10.7)%

Operating Results

Our Wireline segment operating income margin in the second quarter decreased from 13.0% in 2012 to 11.1% in 2013, and for the first six months decreased from 12.3% in 2012 to 11.1% in 2013. Segment operating income decreased \$306, or 15.8%, in the second quarter and \$393, or 10.7%, for the first six months of 2013. The decrease in operating margins and income was driven primarily by lower voice revenue and higher operations and support expense, partially offset by data revenue growth and lower depreciation and amortization expenses.

Data revenues increased \$465, or 5.9%, in the second quarter and \$827, or 5.3%, for the first six months of 2013. Data revenues accounted for approximately 56% of wireline operating revenues for the first six months of 2013 and 53% for the first six months of 2012. Data revenue includes IP, strategic business and traditional data services.

- IP data revenues (excluding strategic business services below) increased \$410, or 11.2%, in the second quarter and \$809, or 11.3%, for the first six months of 2013 primarily driven by higher U-verse penetration, customer additions, and migration from our legacy voice and DSL services. In the second quarter and for the first six months U-verse revenue from consumer customers increased \$312 and \$639 for high speed Internet access, \$246 and \$492 for video and \$74 and \$122 for voice, respectively. These increases were partially offset by a decrease of \$186 and \$366 in DSL revenue as customers continue to shift to our strategic high speed Internet access.
- Strategic business services, which include VPNs, Ethernet, hosting, IP conferencing, VoIP, Ethernet-access to Managed Internet Service (EaMIS), security services, and U-verse services provided to business customers, increased \$287, or 15.8%, in the second quarter and \$479, or 13.3%, for the first six months of 2013 primarily driven by migration from our legacy services. In the second quarter and for the first six months revenue from Ethernet increased \$76 and \$139, VPN increased by \$87 and \$135, U-verse services increased \$46 and \$71, and EaMIS increased \$28 and \$56, respectively.
- Traditional data revenues, which include circuit-based and packet-switched data services, decreased \$234, or 9.5%, in the second quarter and \$468, or 9.4%, for the first six months of 2013. This decrease was primarily due to lower demand as customers continue to shift to more advanced IP-based technology such as Ethernet, VPN, U-verse High Speed Internet access and managed Internet services. We expect these traditional services to continue to decline as a percentage of our overall data revenues.

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Voice revenues decreased \$555, or 9.7%, in the second quarter and \$1,141, or 9.8%, for the first six months of 2013 primarily due to declining demand for traditional voice services by our consumer and business customers. Included in voice revenues are revenues from local voice, long-distance (including international) and local wholesale services. Voice revenues do not include VoIP revenues, which are included in data revenues.

- Local voice revenues decreased \$350, or 10.0%, in the second quarter and \$710, or 9.9%, for the first six months of 2013. The decrease was driven primarily by a 15.0% decline in total switched access lines. We expect our local voice revenue to continue to be negatively affected by competition from alternative technologies and continued declines in switched access lines.
- Long-distance revenues decreased \$202, or 10.5%, in the second quarter and \$425, or 10.8%, for the first six months of 2013. Lower demand for long-distance service from our business and consumer customers decreased revenues \$167 in the second quarter and \$356 for the first six months of 2013. Additionally, expected declines in the number of our national mass-market customers decreased revenues \$35 in the second quarter and \$70 for the first six months of 2013.

Other operating revenues decreased \$44, or 3.4%, in the second quarter and \$94, or 3.7%, for the first six months of 2013. Major items included in other operating revenues are integration services and customer premises equipment, government-related services and outsourcing, which account for approximately 60% of total other revenue for the periods reported.

Operations and support expenses increased \$216, or 2.1%, in the second quarter and \$149, or 0.7%, for the first six months of 2013. Operations and support expenses consist of costs incurred to provide our products and services, including costs of operating and maintaining our networks and personnel costs, such as compensation and benefits.

The increase in the second quarter of 2013 was primarily due to increased cost of sales of \$203, primarily related to Uverse related expenses, contract services of \$96, advertising expense of \$53 and materials and supplies expense of \$42. These increases were partially offset by lower employee related expenses of \$151 and USF fees of \$43, which are offset by lower USF revenue.

The increase for the first six months of 2013 was primarily due to increased cost of sales of \$366, primarily related to U-verse related expenses, and advertising expense of \$115. These increases were partially offset by lower employee related expenses of \$244 and USF fees of \$118, which are offset by lower USF revenue.

Depreciation and amortization expenses decreased \$44, or 1.6%, in the second quarter and \$164, or 2.9%, for the first six months of 2013. The decrease was primarily related to lower amortization of intangibles for the customer lists associated with acquisitions and lower depreciation as assets become fully depreciated.

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Supplemental Information

Wireline Broadband, Telephone and Video Connections Summary

Our broadband, switched access lines and other services provided at June 30, 2013 and 2012 are shown below and trends are addressed throughout this segment discussion.

	June 30,	June 30,	Percent
(in 000s)	2013	2012	Change
U-verse High Speed Internet	9,090	6,494	40.0%
DSL and Other Broadband Connections	7,363	9,940	(25.9)
Total Wireline Broadband Connections ¹	16,453	16,434	0.1
Total U-verse Video Connections	5,001	4,146	20.6
Retail Consumer Switched Access Lines	13,983	17,298	(19.2)
U-verse Consumer VoIP Connections	3,379	2,567	31.6
Total Retail Consumer Voice Connections	17,362	19,865	(12.6)
Switched Access Lines			
Retail Consumer	13,983	17,298	(19.2)
Retail Business	10,905	12,115	(10.0)
Retail Subtotal	24,888	29,413	(15.4)
Wholesale Subtotal	1,685	1,860	(9.4)
Total Switched Access Lines ²	26,849	31,604	(15.0)%

¹Total wireline broadband connections include DSL, U-verse High Speed Internet and satellite broadband.

² Total switched access lines includes access lines provided to national mass markets and private payphone service providers of 276 at June 30, 2013 and 331 at June 30, 2012.

Advertising Solutions Segment Results

		See	con	d Quarter			Six-	Mo	nth Period	
	2013			2012	Percent Change	2013			2012	Percent Change
Total Segment Operating Revenues	\$	-	\$	305	-	\$	-	\$	1,049	-
Segment operating expenses										
Operations and support		-		226	-		-		773	-
Depreciation and amortization		-		29	-		-		106	-
Total Segment Operating Expenses		-		255	-		-		879	-
Segment Income	\$	-	\$	50	-	\$	-	\$	170	-

On May 8, 2012, we completed the sale of our Advertising Solutions segment to an affiliate of Cerberus Capital Management, L.P.

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Other

Segment Results

		Second Quarter					Second Quarter					Six-M	
		2013		2012	Percent Change	2013		2012		Percent Change			
Total Segment Operating Revenues	\$	11	\$	10	10.0%	\$	21	\$	23	(8.7)%			
Total Segment Operating Expenses		210		250	(16.0)		588		493	19.3			
Segment Operating Loss		(199)		(240)	17.1		(567)		(470)	(20.6)			
Equity in Net Income of Affiliates		237		148	60.1		439		384	14.3			
Segment Income (Loss)	\$	38	\$	(92)	-	\$	(128)	\$	(86)	(48.8)%			

The Other segment includes our portion of the results from our international equity method investment, our equity interest in YP Holdings, and costs to support corporate-driven activities and operations. Also included in the Other segment are impacts of corporate-wide decisions for which the individual operating segments are not being evaluated, including interest costs and expected return on plan assets for our pension and postretirement benefit plans.

Segment operating revenues increased \$1, or 10.0%, in the second quarter and decreased \$2, or 8.7%, for the first six months of 2013. Operating revenues are from leased equipment programs.

Segment operating expenses decreased \$40, or 16.0%, in the second quarter and increased \$95, or 19.3%, for the first six months of 2013. Lower operating expenses in the second quarter were primarily due to lower Pension/OPEB and other employee related charges. These decreases were partially offset by higher new product development expenses and higher corporate support and capital leasing operations costs. Increased costs over the first six months were due to higher new product development costs, as well as higher corporate support and capital leasing operations expenses. These increases were partially offset by lower Pension/OPEB financing costs and decreased employee related costs.

Our Other segment also includes our equity method investments in América Móvil and YP Holdings, the income from which we report as equity in net income of affiliates. Our earnings from foreign affiliates are sensitive to exchange-rate changes in the value of the respective local currencies.

Equity in net income of affiliates increased \$89, or 60.1%, in the second quarter and \$55, or 14.3%, for the first six months of 2013. Increased equity in net income of affiliates in the second quarter was primarily due to increased earnings from América Móvil and YP Holdings. The increase for the first six months was primarily due to increased earnings from YP Holdings, partially offset by foreign exchange impacts at América Móvil.

Our equity in net income of affiliates by major investment is listed below:

	Second Quarter				Six-Month Period			
		2013		2012		2013		2012
América Móvil	\$	174	\$	127	\$	325	\$	364
YP Holdings		63		19		115		19
Other		-		2		(1)		1
Other Segment Equity in Net Income of Affiliates	\$	237	\$	148	\$	439	\$	384

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OTHER BUSINESS MATTERS

U-verse Services As of June 30, 2013, we are marketing U-verse services to approximately 25.3 million customer locations (locations eligible to receive U-verse service). As of June 30, 2013, we had 9.4 million total U-verse subscribers (high-speed Internet and video), including 9.1 million Internet and 5.0 million video subscribers (subscribers to both services are only counted once in the total). As part of Project Velocity IP (VIP), we plan to expand our U-verse services to a total of approximately 33 million customer locations and expect to be essentially complete by year-end 2015.

We believe that our U-verse TV service is a "video service" under the Federal Communications Act. However, some cable providers and municipalities have claimed that certain IP services should be treated as a traditional cable service and therefore subject to the applicable state and local cable regulation. Petitions have been filed at the FCC alleging that the manner in which we provision "public, educational and governmental" (PEG) programming over our U-verse TV service conflicts with federal law, and a lawsuit has been filed in a California state superior court raising similar allegations under California law. If courts having jurisdiction where we have significant deployments of our U-verse services were to decide that federal, state and/or local cable regulation were applicable to our U-verse services, or if the FCC, state agencies or the courts were to rule that we must deliver PEG programming in a manner substantially different from the way we do today or in ways that are inconsistent with our current network architecture, it could have a material adverse effect on the cost and extent of our U-verse offerings.

Wage and Hour Litigation Two wage and hour cases were filed in federal court in December 2009 each asserting claims under the Fair Labor Standards Act (<u>Luque et al. v. AT&T Corp. et al.</u>, U.S. District Court in the Northern District of California) (<u>Lawson et al. v. BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.</u>, U.S. District Court in the Northern District of Georgia). <u>Luque</u> also alleges violations of a California wage and hour law, which varies from the federal law. In April 2012, we settled these cases, subject to court approval, on terms that will not have a material effect on our financial statements. On April 23, 2013, the court granted approval of the settlement in <u>Lawson</u>. On April 26, 2013, the court granted final approval following its earlier preliminary approval of the settlement in <u>Luque</u>.

Atlantic Tele-Network, Inc. Transaction In January 2013, we announced an agreement to acquire Atlantic Tele-Network, Inc.'s U.S. retail wireless operations, operated under the Alltel brand, for \$780 in cash. Under the terms of the agreement, we will acquire wireless properties, including licenses, network assets, retail stores and approximately 585,000 subscribers. The transaction is subject to review by the FCC and the Department of Justice (DOJ) and to other customary closing conditions and is expected to close in the second half of 2013.

Spectrum Acquisitions In January 2013, we announced an agreement to acquire spectrum in the 700 MHz B band from Verizon Wireless for \$1,900 in cash and an assignment of Advanced Wireless Service (AWS) spectrum licenses in five markets. The 700 MHz licenses to be acquired by AT&T cover 42 million people in 18 states. The transaction is subject to review by the FCC and DOJ. We expect to close the transaction in the second half of 2013.

Leap Acquisition On July 12, 2013, we announced an agreement to acquire Leap Wireless International, Inc. (Leap), a provider of prepaid wireless service, for fifteen dollars per outstanding share of Leap's common stock, or approximately \$1,260, plus one non-transferable contingent value right (CVR) per share. The CVR will entitle each Leap stockholder to a pro rata share of the net proceeds of the future sale of the Chicago 700 MHz A-band FCC license held by Leap. As of June 30, 2013, Leap had approximately \$2,700 of debt, net of cash. Under the terms of the agreement, we will acquire all of Leap's stock and, thereby, acquire all of its wireless properties, including spectrum licenses, network assets, retail stores and approximately 5 million subscribers. Leap's spectrum licenses include Personal Communications Services (PCS) and AWS bands and are largely complementary to our licenses. Leap's network covers approximately 96 million people in 35 states and consists of a 3G Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA) network and an LTE network covering approximately 21 million people.

The agreement must be approved by Leap's stockholders and stockholders holding approximately 29.9 percent of the outstanding common stock have agreed to support the transaction. The transaction also is subject to review by the FCC and the DOJ and to other customary closing conditions and is expected to close in approximately six to nine months from the announcement. The agreement also provides both parties with certain termination rights if the transaction does not close by July 11, 2014, which can be extended until January 11, 2015 if certain conditions have not been met by that

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date. Under certain circumstances, Leap may be required to pay a termination fee or AT&T may be required to provide Leap with a three-year roaming agreement for LTE data coverage in certain Leap markets lacking LTE coverage, if the transaction does not close. If Leap enters into the roaming agreement, AT&T will then have the option within 30 days after entry into the roaming agreement to purchase certain specified Leap spectrum assets. If AT&T does not exercise its right to purchase all of the specified Leap spectrum assets, Leap can then within 60 days after expiration of AT&T's option require AT&T to purchase all of the specified spectrum assets.

Labor Contracts As of June 30, 2013, we employed approximately 245,000 persons. Approximately 54 percent of our employees are represented by the Communications Workers of America (CWA), the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers (IBEW) or other unions. In June 2013, approximately 3,000 Connecticut-based wireline employees represented by the CWA ratified a new four-year contract; the previous contract had expired in April 2012. In May 2013, approximately 6,500 wireline employees represented by the IBEW and located mainly in the Midwest ratified a new four-year contract.

COMPETITIVE AND REGULATORY ENVIRONMENT

Overview AT&T subsidiaries operating within the United States are subject to federal and state regulatory authorities. AT&T subsidiaries operating outside the United States are subject to the jurisdiction of national and supranational regulatory authorities in the markets where service is provided, and regulation is generally limited to operational licensing authority for the provision of services to enterprise customers.

In the Telecommunications Act of 1996 (Telecom Act), Congress established a national policy framework intended to bring the benefits of competition and investment in advanced telecommunications facilities and services to all Americans by opening all telecommunications markets to competition and reducing or eliminating regulatory burdens that harm consumers. However, since the Telecom Act was passed, the FCC and some state regulatory commissions have maintained or expanded certain regulatory requirements that were imposed decades ago on our traditional wireline subsidiaries when they operated as legal monopolies. We are pursuing, at both the state and federal levels, additional legislative and regulatory measures to reduce regulatory burdens that are no longer appropriate in a competitive telecommunications market and that inhibit our ability to compete more effectively and offer services wanted and needed by our customers, including initiatives to transition services from traditional networks to all IP-based networks. At the same time, we also seek to ensure that legacy regulations are not extended to broadband or wireless services, which are subject to vigorous competition.

In addition, states representing a majority of our local service access lines have adopted legislation that enables new video entrants to acquire a single statewide or state-approved franchise (as opposed to the need to acquire hundreds or even thousands of municipal-approved franchises) to offer competitive video services. We also are supporting efforts to update and improve regulatory treatment for retail services. Regulatory reform and passage of legislation is uncertain and depends on many factors.

We provide wireless services in robustly competitive markets, but those services are subject to substantial and increasing governmental regulation. Wireless communications providers must obtain licenses from the FCC to provide communications services at specified spectrum frequencies within specified geographic areas and must comply with the FCC rules and policies governing the use of the spectrum. The FCC has recognized that the explosive growth of bandwidth-intensive wireless data services requires the U.S. Government to make more spectrum available. In February 2012, Congress authorized the FCC to conduct an "incentive auction," to make available for wireless broadband use certain spectrum that is currently used by broadcast television licensees. The FCC has initiated a proceeding to establish rules that would govern this process. It also initiated a separate proceeding to review its policies governing mobile spectrum holdings and consider whether there should be limits on the amount of spectrum a wireless service provider may possess. We seek to ensure that we have the opportunity, through the incentive auction and otherwise, to obtain the spectrum we need to provide our customers with high-quality service. While wireless communications providers' prices and service offerings are generally not subject to state regulation, states sometimes attempt to regulate or legislate various aspects of wireless services, such as in the area of consumer protection.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Continued Dollars in millions except per share amounts

Intercarrier Compensation/Universal Service In October 2011, the FCC adopted an order fundamentally overhauling its high-cost universal service program, through which it disburses approximately \$4,500 per year to carriers providing telephone service in high-cost areas, and its existing intercarrier compensation (ICC) rules, which govern payments between carriers for the exchange of traffic. The order adopted rules to immediately address certain practices that artificially increase ICC payments, as well as other practices to avoid such payments. The order also established a new ICC regime that will result in the elimination of virtually all terminating switched access charges and reciprocal compensation payments over a six-year transition. In the order, the FCC also repurposed its high-cost universal service program to encourage providers to deploy broadband facilities in unserved areas. To accomplish this goal, the FCC will transition support amounts disbursed through its existing high-cost program to its new Connect America Fund, which eventually will award targeted high-cost support amounts to providers through a competitive process. We support many aspects of the order and new rules. AT&T and other parties have filed appeals of the FCC's rules, which are pending in the Tenth Circuit Court of Appeals. Our appeal challenges only certain, narrow aspects of the order; AT&T intervened in support of the broad framework adopted by the order. We do not expect the FCC's rules to have a material impact on our operating results.

Transition to IP-Based Network In November 2012, we announced plans to significantly expand and enhance our wireless and wireline broadband networks to support future IP data growth and new services (referred to as Project VIP). In conjunction with Project VIP, we filed a petition with the FCC asking it to open a proceeding to facilitate the "telephone" industry's transition from traditional transmission platforms and services to all IP-based networks and services. Our petition asks the FCC to conduct trial runs of the transition to next-generation services, including the upgrading of traditional telephone facilities and offerings and their replacement with IP-based alternatives. The objective of the trials is to inform policymakers and other stakeholders regarding the technological and policy dimensions of the IP transition and, in the process, identify the regulatory reforms needed to promote consumer interests and preserve private incentives to upgrade America's broadband infrastructure. In May 2013, the FCC's Technology Transition Task Force sought comment on potential trials to obtain data to assist the FCC in managing the transition to next-generation networks. We expect the FCC will decide by the end of this year whether to conduct such trials. We expect to transition wireline customers to an all IP-based network by 2020.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Continued

Dollars in millions except per share amounts

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

We had \$4,548 in cash and cash equivalents available at June 30, 2013. Cash and cash equivalents included cash of \$328 and money market funds and other cash equivalents of \$4,220. In the first six months of 2013, cash outflows were primarily used to meet the needs of the business, including, but not limited to, payment of operating expenses, funding capital expenditures, and the acquisition of wireless spectrum. Cash flows were also used to return value to stockholders through dividends and stock repurchases. We discuss many of these factors in detail below.

Cash Provided by or Used in Operating Activities

During the first six months of 2013, cash provided by operating activities was \$17,711, compared to \$17,325 for the first six months of 2012.

Cash Used in or Provided by Investing Activities

For the first six months of 2013, cash used in investing activities totaled \$9,865, which consisted primarily of \$9,665 for capital expenditures (excluding interest during construction), and wireless spectrum acquisitions of \$1,169. These expenditures were partially offset by cash receipts of approximately \$771 from the sale of a portion of our shares in América Móvil, \$200 from the repayment of advances to YP Holdings and \$101 from the return of investment in YP Holdings.

Virtually all of our capital expenditures are spent on our wireless and wireline networks, our U-verse services, and support systems for our communications services. Capital spending in our Wireless segment of \$5,227 represented 54% of our total spending and increased 14% in the first six months. Wireless expenditures were primarily used for network capacity expansion, integration and the deployment of LTE equipment upgrades and our High-Speed Downlink Packet Access network. The Wireline segment, which includes U-verse services, represented 46% of total capital expenditures and increased 7% in the first six months.

We continue to expect our capital expenditures during 2013 to be in the \$21,000 range and expect capital expenditures for 2014 and 2015 to each be in the \$20,000 range.

Cash Used in or Provided by Financing Activities

For the first six months of 2013, our financing activities included proceeds of \$6,416 from the following debt issuances:

- February 2013 issuance of \$1,000 of 0.900% global notes due 2016 and \$1,250 of floating rate notes due 2016. The floating rate for the note is based upon the three-month London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR), reset quarterly, plus 38.5 basis points.
- March 2013 issuance of \$500 of 1.400% global notes due 2017.
- March 2013 issuance of €1,250 of 2.500% global notes due 2023 (equivalent to \$1,626 when issued) and €400 of 3.550% global notes due 2032 (equivalent to \$520 when issued).
- May 2013 issuance of £1,000 of 4.250% global notes due 2043 (equivalent to approximately \$1,560 when issued).

In March 2013, we repaid €1,250 of 4.375% notes (equivalent to \$1,641 when repaid) and \$147 of 6.5% notes. Additionally, in May 2013, we announced the redemption of \$300 of 7.375% notes, which was completed in July 2013.

In May 2013, we completed a repurchase authorization that was approved by our Board of Directors in July 2012. In March 2013, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of an additional 300 million shares of our common stock. During the first six months of 2013, we repurchased 257 million shares for \$9,217 under these authorizations. At the end of the second quarter, we had 272 million shares remaining on the March 2013 authorization. We expect to make future repurchases opportunistically, which will slow the pace of buybacks compared to recent activity.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Continued

Dollars in millions except per share amounts

We paid dividends of \$4,930 during the first six months of 2013, compared with \$5,187 for the first six months of 2012, primarily reflecting the decline in shares outstanding due to our repurchases during the year, which offset the increase in the quarterly dividend approved by our Board of Directors in November 2012. Dividends declared by our Board of Directors totaled \$0.45 per share in the second quarter of 2013 and \$0.90 per share for the first six months of 2013 and \$0.44 per share in the second quarter and \$0.88 per share for the first six months of 2012. Our dividend policy considers the expectations and requirements of stockholders, internal requirements of AT&T and long-term growth opportunities. It is our intent to provide the financial flexibility to allow our Board of Directors to consider dividend growth and to recommend an increase in dividends to be paid in future periods. All dividends remain subject to declaration by our Board of Directors.

At June 30, 2013, we had \$3,256 of debt maturing within one year, \$1,991 of which were long-term debt issuances. Debt maturing within one year includes the following notes that may be put back to us by the holders:

- \$1,000 of annual put reset securities issued by BellSouth Corporation (BellSouth) that may be put back to us each April until maturity in 2021.
- An accreting zero-coupon note that may be redeemed each May until maturity in 2022. If the zero-coupon note (issued for principal of \$500 in 2007) is held to maturity, the redemption amount will be \$1,030.

We have two revolving credit agreements with a syndicate of banks: a \$5,000 agreement expiring in December 2016 and a \$3,000 agreement expiring in December 2017. Advances under either agreement may be used for general corporate purposes. Advances are not conditioned on the absence of a material adverse change. All advances must be repaid no later than the date on which lenders are no longer obligated to make any advances under each agreement. Under each agreement, we can terminate, in whole or in part, amounts committed by the lenders in excess of any outstanding advances; however, we cannot reinstate any such terminated commitments. Under each agreement, we must maintain a debt-to-EBITDA, including modifications described in the agreement, ratio of not more than three-to-one as of the last day of each fiscal quarter for the four quarters then ended. Both agreements also contain a negative pledge covenant, which generally provides that if we pledge assets or permit liens on our property, then any advances must also be secured. At June 30, 2013, we had no advances outstanding under either agreement and were in compliance with all covenants under each agreement.

Other

Our total capital consists of debt (long-term debt and debt maturing within one year) and stockholders' equity. Our capital structure does not include debt issued by América Móvil or YP Holdings. At June 30, 2013, our debt ratio was 46.6%, compared to 38.4% at June 30, 2012, and 43.0% at December 31, 2012. The debt ratio is affected by the same factors that affect total capital, and reflects our recent debt issuances.

In October 2012, we filed an application with the U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) for approval to contribute a preferred equity interest in our Mobility business to the trust used to pay pension benefits under plans sponsored by AT&T. At the time we filed the application, the interest had a fair market value of \$9,500. Prior to the contribution of the preferred interest, the estimated pension funding contribution for 2013 (required under ERISA) is approximately \$175. We continue to work with the DOL to be able to make the contribution before the end of 2013. Our current financial statements reflect the impact of making this tax deductible contribution as a component of deferred tax expense and deferred tax liabilities. If we make the contribution after our 2012 tax return due date of September 16, 2013, we will take a tax deduction for our 2013 tax return and estimated payments.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Dollars in millions except per share amounts

At June 30, 2013, we had interest rate swaps with a notional value of \$4,250 and a fair value of \$201.

We have fixed-to-fixed cross-currency swaps on foreign-currency-denominated debt instruments with a U.S. dollar notional value of \$14,136 to hedge our exposure to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. These derivatives have been designated at inception and qualify as cash flow hedges with a net fair value of \$(82) at June 30, 2013. We have foreign exchange contracts with a notional value of \$4 and a net fair value of less than \$1 at June 30, 2013.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The registrant maintains disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the registrant is recorded, processed, summarized, accumulated and communicated to its management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure, and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. The chief executive officer and chief financial officer have performed an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2013. Based on that evaluation, the chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2013.

CAUTIONARY LANGUAGE CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Information set forth in this report contains forward-looking statements that are subject to risks and uncertainties, and actual results could differ materially. Many of these factors are discussed in more detail in the "Risk Factors" section. We claim the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements provided by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

The following factors could cause our future results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements:

- Adverse economic and/or capital access changes in the markets served by us or in countries in which we have significant investments, including the impact on customer demand and our ability and our suppliers' ability to access financial markets at favorable rates and terms.
- Changes in available technology and the effects of such changes, including product substitutions and deployment costs.
- Increases in our benefit plans' costs, including increases due to adverse changes in the United States and foreign securities markets, resulting in worse-than-assumed investment returns and discount rates, adverse medical cost trends, unfavorable or delayed implementation of healthcare legislation, regulations or related court decisions.
- The final outcome of FCC and other federal or state agency proceedings (including judicial review, if any, of such proceedings) involving issues that are important to our business, including, without limit, intercarrier compensation, interconnection obligations, the transition from legacy technologies to IP-based infrastructure, universal service, broadband deployment, E911 services, competition policy, net neutrality, unbundled network elements and other wholesale obligations, availability of new spectrum from the FCC on fair and balanced terms, wireless license awards and renewals.
- The final outcome of state and federal legislative efforts involving issues that are important to our business, including deregulation of IP-based services, relief from Carrier of Last Resort obligations, and elimination of state commission review of the withdrawal of services.
- Enactment of additional state, federal and/or foreign regulatory and tax laws and regulations pertaining to our subsidiaries and foreign investments, including laws and regulations that reduce our incentive to invest in our networks, resulting in lower revenue growth and/or higher operating costs.
- Our ability to absorb revenue losses caused by increasing competition, including offerings that use alternative technologies (e.g., cable, wireless and VoIP) and our ability to maintain capital expenditures.
- The extent of competition and the resulting pressure on customer and access line totals and wireline and wireless operating
 margins.
- Our ability to develop attractive and profitable product/service offerings to offset increasing competition in our wireless and wireline markets.
- The ability of our competitors to offer product/service offerings at lower prices due to lower cost structures and regulatory and legislative actions adverse to us, including state regulatory proceedings relating to unbundled network elements and nonregulation of comparable alternative technologies (e.g., VoIP).
- The continued development of attractive and profitable U-verse service offerings; the extent to which regulatory, franchise fees and build-out requirements apply to this initiative; and the availability, cost and/or reliability of the various technologies and/or content required to provide such offerings.
- Our continued ability to attract and offer a diverse portfolio of wireless devices, some on an exclusive basis.
- The availability and cost of additional wireless spectrum and regulations and conditions relating to spectrum use, licensing, obtaining additional spectrum, technical standards and deployment and usage, including network management rules.
- Our ability to manage growth in wireless data services, including network quality and acquisition of adequate spectrum at reasonable costs and terms.
- The outcome of pending, threatened or potential litigation, including patent and product safety claims by or against third parties.
- The impact on our networks and business from major equipment failures; security breaches related to the network or customer information; our inability to obtain handsets, equipment/software or have handsets, equipment/software serviced in a timely and cost-effective manner from suppliers; or severe weather conditions, natural disasters, pandemics, energy shortages, wars or terrorist attacks.
- The issuance by the Financial Accounting Standards Board or other accounting oversight bodies of new accounting standards or changes to existing standards.
- The issuance by the Internal Revenue Service and/or state tax authorities of new tax regulations or changes to existing standards and actions by federal, state or local tax agencies and judicial authorities with respect to applying applicable tax laws and regulations and the resolution of disputes with any taxing jurisdictions.
- Our ability to adequately fund our wireless operations, including payment for additional spectrum network upgrades and technological advancements.
- Changes in our corporate strategies, such as changing network requirements or acquisitions and dispositions, which may require significant amounts of cash or stock, to respond to competition and regulatory, legislative and technological developments.
- The uncertainty surrounding further congressional action to address spending reductions, which may result in a significant reduction in government spending and reluctance of businesses and consumers to spend in general and on our products and services specifically, due to this fiscal uncertainty.

Readers are cautioned that other factors discussed in this report, although not enumerated here, also could materially affect our future earnings.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Dollars in millions except per share amounts

Item 1A. Risk Factors

We discuss in our Annual Report on Form 10-K various risks that may materially affect our business. We use this section to update this discussion to reflect material developments since our Form 10-K was filed. For the second quarter 2013, there were no such material developments.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

(c) A summary of our repurchases of common stock during the second quarter of 2013 is as follows:

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		
Period	Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased ^{1,2}	erage Price Paid Share (or Unit)	Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs ¹	Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares (or Units) That May Yet Be Purchased Under The Plans or Programs		
April 1, 2013 - April 30, 2013	44,085,719	\$ 37.46	44,080,000	317,097,255		
May 1, 2013 - May 31, 2013	22,902,175	37.18	22,900,000	294,197,255		
June 1, 2013 - June 30, 2013	22,650,002	35.50	22,649,704	271,547,551		
Total	89,637,896	\$ 36.89	89,629,704			

¹ In March 2013, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to an additional 300 million shares of our common stock. In July 2012, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to an additional 300 million shares of our common stock, which we completed in May 2013, and we completed the December 2010 authorization last year. The March 2013 authorization has no expiration date.

² Of the shares repurchased, 8,192 shares were acquired through the withholding of taxes on the vesting of restricted stock or through the payment in stock of taxes on the exercise price of options.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibits identified in parentheses below, on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission, are incorporated by reference as exhibits hereto. Unless otherwise indicated, all exhibits so incorporated are from File No. 1-8610.

- 10 AT&T Inc. Health Plan, amended and restated effective January 1, 2014
- 12 Computation of Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges
- 31 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications
 - 31.1 Certification of Principal Executive Officer
 - 31.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer
- 32 Section 1350 Certifications
- 101 XBRL Instance Document

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

AT&T Inc.

August 2, 2013

<u>/s/ John J. Stephens</u> John J. Stephens Senior Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

AT&T INC. COMPUTATION OF RATIOS OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

Dollars in Millions

		Six Months E	nded							
	June 30,			Year Ended December 31,						
		2013	2012	2012	2011	2010	2009 ¹	2008		
Earnings:										
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$	11,124 \$	11,548 \$	10,439 \$	6,716 \$	18,238 \$	18,518 \$	(4,572)		
Equity in net income of affiliates included above		(403)	(355)	(752)	(784)	(762)	(734)	(819)		
Fixed charges		2,426	2,539	4,943	4,900	4,786	5,071	4,943		
Distributed income of equity affiliates		205	-	137	161	161	317	164		
Interest		(140)	(130)	(263)	(162)	(772)	(740)	(659)		
Earnings, as adjusted	<u>\$</u>	13,212 \$	13,602 \$	14,504 \$	10,831 \$	21,651 \$	22,432 \$			
Fixed Charges:										
Interest expense	\$	1,652 \$	1,800 \$	3,444 \$	3,535 \$	2,994 \$	3,368 \$	3,369		
Interest capitalized		140	130	263	162	772	740	659		
Dividends on preferred securities		-	-	-	-	-	-	4		
Portion of rental expense representative of interest factor		634	609	1,236	1,203	1,020	963	911		
Fixed Charges	<u>\$</u>	2,426 §	2,539 \$	4,943 \$	4,900 \$	4,786 \$	5,071 \$	4,943		
Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges		5.45	5.36	2.93	2.21	4.52	4.42	-		

¹Earnings were not sufficient to cover fixed charges in 2008. The deficit was \$943.

CERTIFICATION

I, Randall Stephenson, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of AT&T Inc.
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 2, 2013

<u>/s/ Randall Stephenson</u> Randall Stephenson Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President

CERTIFICATION

I, John J. Stephens, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of AT&T Inc.
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 2, 2013

<u>/s/ John J. Stephens</u> John J. Stephens Senior Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Certification of Periodic Financial Reports

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, each of the undersigned officers of AT&T Inc. (the "Company") hereby certifies that the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended June 30, 2013 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

August 2, 2013

August 2, 2013

By: <u>/s/ Randall Stephenson</u> Randall Stephenson Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President

By: <u>/s/ John J. Stephens</u> John J. Stephens Senior Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 and is not being filed as part of the Report or as a separate disclosure document. This certification shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act") or otherwise subject to liability under that section. This certification shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Exchange Act except to the extent this Exhibit 32 is expressly and specifically incorporated by reference in any such filing.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to AT&T Inc. and will be retained by AT&T Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.