

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20549
FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended: September 30, 2004

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ To _____

Commission file number 1-10254



Total System Services, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Georgia

58-1493818

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1600 First Avenue, Post Office Box 1755, Columbus, Georgia 31902

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

(706) 649-2310

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Sections 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act).

Yes ☒ No ☐

**APPLICABLE ONLY TO ISSUERS INVOLVED IN BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS
DURING THE PRECEDING FIVE YEARS:**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Sections 12, 13, or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court.

Yes ☐ No ☐

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

CLASS _____

OUTSTANDING AS OF: November 5, 2004 _____

Common Stock, \$.10 par value

196,848,529



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TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Part I – Financial Information
Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Unaudited)

(in thousands, except per share information)	September 30, 2004	December 31, 2003
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents (includes \$67.9 million and \$80.8 million on deposit with a related party at 2004 and 2003, respectively)	\$ 114,878	122,874
Restricted cash (includes \$4.1 million and \$7.6 million on deposit with a related party at 2004 and 2003, respectively)	19,342	7,679
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts and billing adjustments of \$6.6 million and \$9.8 million at 2004 and 2003, respectively	160,867	120,646
Deferred income tax assets	-	401
Costs and profits in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	7,272	-
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	26,149	22,764
Total current assets	328,508	274,364
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$154.2 million and \$136.9 million at 2004 and 2003, respectively	262,738	232,076
Computer software, net of accumulated amortization of \$240.1 million and \$202.3 million at 2004 and 2003, respectively	234,346	258,090
Contract acquisition costs, net	130,037	125,472
Equity investments	69,919	66,708
Goodwill, net	73,464	29,626
Other assets	28,985	14,900
Total assets	\$ 1,127,997	1,001,236

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Consolidated Balance Sheets (continued)
(Unaudited)

(in thousands, except per share information)	September 30, 2004	December 31, 2003
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 22,989	17,549
Accrued salaries and employee benefits	37,142	32,562
Current portion of obligations under capital leases and software obligations	1,519	15,231
Billings in excess of costs and profit on uncompleted contracts	-	17,573
Deferred income tax liabilities	22,903	-
Other current liabilities (includes \$6.5 million and \$4.3 million payable to related parties at 2004 and 2003, respectively)	117,972	64,056
Total current liabilities	202,525	146,971
Obligations under capital leases and software obligations, excluding current portion	4,290	29,748
Deferred income tax liabilities	95,865	88,544
Total liabilities	302,680	265,263
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiary	3,541	3,439
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock - \$.10 par value. Authorized 600,000 shares; 197,587 and 197,504 issued at 2004 and 2003, respectively; 196,849 and 196,815 outstanding at 2004 and 2003, respectively	19,759	19,750
Additional paid-in capital	42,716	41,574
Accumulated other comprehensive income	9,649	8,314
Treasury stock (shares of 738 and 689 at 2004 and 2003, respectively)	(13,573)	(12,426)
Retained earnings	763,225	675,322
Total shareholders' equity	821,776	732,534
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 1,127,997	1,001,236

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Consolidated Statements of Income
(Unaudited)

	Three months ended September 30,	
(in thousands, except per share information)	2004	2003
Revenues:		
Electronic payment processing services (includes \$4.7 million from related parties for both 2004 and 2003, respectively)	\$ 205,410	179,447
Other services (includes \$1.5 million and \$1.9 million from related parties for 2004 and 2003, respectively)	43,006	30,927
Revenues before reimbursable items	248,416	210,374
Reimbursable items (includes \$2.4 million and \$2.1 million from related parties for 2004 and 2003, respectively)	56,577	55,740
Total revenues	304,993	266,114
Expenses:		
Salaries and other personnel expense	99,561	81,488
Net occupancy and equipment expense	58,915	51,043
Other operating expenses (includes \$2.3 million to related parties for 2004 and 2003)	37,945	28,944
Expenses before reimbursable items	196,421	161,475
Reimbursable items	56,577	55,740
Total expenses	252,998	217,215
Operating income	51,995	48,899
Nonoperating income (expense):		
Interest income (includes \$183 and \$10 from related parties for 2004 and 2003, respectively)	667	484
Interest expense	(95)	(36)
Gain (loss) on foreign currency translation, net	146	(246)
Total nonoperating income	718	202
Income before income taxes, minority interest and equity in income of joint ventures	52,713	49,101
Income taxes	20,410	17,509
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiary's net income	(80)	(1)
Equity in income of joint ventures	6,918	3,921
Net income	\$ 39,141	35,512
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.20	0.18
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.20	0.18
Weighted average common shares outstanding	196,849	196,748
Increase due to assumed issuance of shares related to stock options outstanding	361	696
Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding	197,210	197,444

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Consolidated Statements of Income
(Unaudited)

(in thousands, except per share information)	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2004	2003
Revenues:		
Electronic payment processing services (includes \$14.3 million and \$13.7 million from related parties for 2004 and 2003, respectively)	\$ 581,029	524,579
Other services (includes \$4.8 million and \$5.2 million from related parties for 2004 and 2003, respectively)	125,681	81,735
Revenues before reimbursable items	706,710	606,314
Reimbursable items (includes \$7.1 million and \$6.8 million from related parties for 2004 and 2003, respectively)	173,141	168,852
Total revenues	879,851	775,166
Expenses:		
Salaries and other personnel expense	269,647	241,184
Net occupancy and equipment expense	183,457	153,035
Other operating expenses (includes \$6.9 million and \$6.8 million to related parties for 2004 and 2003, respectively)	110,197	75,272
Expenses before reimbursable items	563,301	469,491
Reimbursable items	173,141	168,852
Total expenses	736,442	638,343
Operating income	143,409	136,823
Nonoperating income (expense):		
Interest income (includes \$500 and \$495 from related parties for 2004 and 2003, respectively)	1,709	2,365
Interest expense	(877)	(66)
Gain on foreign currency translation, net	45	916
Total nonoperating income	877	3,215
Income before income taxes, minority interest and equity in income of joint ventures	144,286	140,038
Income taxes	55,636	51,131
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiary's net income	(240)	(261)
Equity in income of joint ventures	19,178	12,909
Net income	\$ 107,588	101,555
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.55	0.52
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.55	0.51
Weighted average common shares outstanding	196,846	196,832
Increase due to assumed issuance of shares related to stock options outstanding	367	494
Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding	197,213	197,326

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

(in thousands)	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2004	2003
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 107,588	101,555
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiary's net income	240	261
Gain on foreign currency translation, net	(45)	(916)
Equity in income of joint ventures	(19,178)	(12,909)
Depreciation and amortization	79,517	71,057
Impairment of developed software	10,059	-
(Recoveries of) provisions for bad debt expenses and billing adjustments	(1,147)	1,892
Charges for transaction processing	5,621	3,093
Deferred income tax expense	29,590	21,248
Loss (gain) on disposal of equipment, net	384	(35)
(Increase) decrease in:		
Accounts receivable	(36,139)	(3,950)
Costs and profits in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	(7,272)	-
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(4,822)	(8,317)
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable	6,066	3,711
Accrued salaries and employee benefits	4,584	(14,659)
Billings in excess of costs and profit on uncompleted contracts	(17,573)	24,074
Other current liabilities	22,210	(16,399)
Net cash provided by operating activities	179,683	169,706
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment, net	(49,815)	(113,449)
Additions to licensed computer software from vendors	(19,237)	(35,682)
Additions to internally developed computer software	(3,996)	(13,945)
Cash acquired in acquisitions	2,422	4,442
Cash used in acquisitions	(53,000)	(36,000)
Dividends received from joint ventures	15,876	5,278
Contract acquisition costs	(22,441)	(17,904)
Net cash used in investing activities	(130,191)	(207,260)

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (continued)
(Unaudited)

(in thousands)	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2004	2003
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Purchases of common stock	(1,188)	(9,485)
Proceeds from long-term debt borrowings	-	20,234
Principal payments on long-term debt	-	(20,234)
Principal payments on capital lease obligations and software obligations	(42,321)	(147)
Dividends paid on common stock	(15,747)	(10,828)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	1,193	3,929
Net cash used in financing activities	(58,063)	(16,531)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	575	545
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (7,996)	(53,540)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	122,874	109,171
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 114,878	55,631
Cash paid for interest	\$ 877	66
Cash paid for income taxes (net of refunds)	\$ 17,621	42,463

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements represent the accounts of Total System Services, Inc.[®] (TSYS[®] or the Company); its wholly owned subsidiaries, Columbus Depot Equipment CompanySM (CDECSM), Columbus Productions, Inc.SM (CPI), TSYS Canada, Inc.SM (TSYS Canada), TSYS Total Debt Management, Inc. (TDM), ProCard, Inc. (ProCard), TSYS Japan Co., Ltd. (TSYS Japan), Enhancement Services Corporation (ESC), TSYS Technology Center, Inc. (TTC) and TSYS Prepaid, Inc. (TPI); and its majority owned foreign subsidiary, GP Network Corporation (GP Net).

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and do not include all information and footnotes necessary for a fair presentation of financial position, results of operations and cash flows in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In preparing financial statements, it is necessary for management to make assumptions and estimates affecting the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and related notes. These estimates and assumptions are developed based upon all information available. Actual results could differ from estimated amounts. All adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of financial position and results of operations for the periods covered by this report have been included.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's summary of significant accounting policies, consolidated financial statements and related notes appearing in the Company's 2003 annual report previously filed on Form 10-K. Results of interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the year.

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2003 financial statements to conform to the presentation adopted in 2004.

Note 2 - Supplementary Balance Sheet Information

Cash and cash equivalent balances are summarized as follows:

(in thousands)	<u>September 30, 2004</u>	<u>December 31, 2003</u>
Cash and cash equivalents in domestic accounts	\$ 68,714	80,812
Cash and cash equivalents in foreign accounts	46,164	42,062
Total	<u>\$ 114,878</u>	<u>122,874</u>

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The Company maintains accounts denominated in U.S. dollars, Euros, British Pounds Sterling (BPS), Canadian dollars and Japanese Yen.

Significant components of prepaid expenses and other current assets are summarized as follows:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2004	December 31, 2003
Prepaid expenses	\$ 11,678	11,667
Supplies	5,841	3,544
Other	8,630	7,553
Total	<u>\$ 26,149</u>	<u>22,764</u>

Significant components of contract acquisition costs, net of accumulated amortization, are summarized as follows:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2004	December 31, 2003
Payments for processing rights, net	\$ 91,041	84,448
Conversion costs, net	38,996	41,024
Total	<u>\$ 130,037</u>	<u>125,472</u>

Amortization related to payments for processing rights, which is recorded as a reduction of revenues, was \$3.4 million for both the three months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, amortization related to payments for processing rights was \$10.2 million and \$9.7 million, respectively.

Amortization related to conversion costs, which is recorded in other operating expenses, was \$2.8 million and \$2.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, amortization expense related to conversion costs was \$8.3 million and \$5.0 million, respectively.

Significant components of other current liabilities are summarized as follows:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2004	December 31, 2003
Accrued expenses	\$ 39,701	16,879
Client liabilities	19,186	7,804
Deferred revenues	18,186	11,639
Transaction processing provisions	8,684	5,091
Dividends payable	7,874	3,936
Customer postage deposits	6,247	11,519
Other	18,094	7,188
Total	<u>\$ 117,972</u>	<u>64,056</u>

Note 3 - Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income for TSYS consists of net income and foreign currency translation adjustments recorded as a component of shareholders' equity.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Comprehensive income for the three months ended September 30 is as follows:

(in thousands)	2004	2003
Net income	\$ 39,141	\$ 35,512
Other comprehensive income:		
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax	(1,227)	470
Comprehensive income	\$ 37,914	\$ 35,982

Comprehensive income for the nine months ended September 30 is as follows:

(in thousands)	2004	2003
Net income	\$ 107,588	\$ 101,555
Other comprehensive income:		
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax	1,335	2,093
Comprehensive income	\$ 108,923	\$ 103,648

The income tax effects allocated to and the cumulative balance of accumulated other comprehensive income are as follows:

(in thousands)	Balance at December 31, 2003	Pretax amount	Tax effect	Balance at September 30, 2004
Foreign currency translation adjustments	\$8,314	2,105	(770)	\$9,649

Note 4 – Segment Reporting and Major Customers

The Company reports selected information about operating segments in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 131 (SFAS No. 131). The Company's segment information reflects the information that the chief operating decision makers (CODMs) use to make resource allocation and strategic decisions. The CODMs at TSYS consist of the chairman of the board, the chief executive officer, the president and the three senior executive vice presidents.

In the fourth quarter of 2003, the Company revised its segment information to reflect the information that the CODMs use to make resource allocations and strategic decisions. The revision moved TSYS Canada from international-based services into the domestic-based services. TSYS Canada primarily provides programming services to TSYS.

Through online accounting and electronic payment processing systems, TSYS provides electronic payment processing and other related services to card-issuing institutions in the United States, Mexico, Canada, Honduras, Europe and the Caribbean. The reportable units are segmented based upon geographic locations. Domestic-based services include electronic payment processing services and other services provided from the United States. Domestic-based services segment includes the financial results of TSYS, excluding its foreign branch offices, and including the following subsidiaries: CDEC, CPI, TSYS Canada, TDM, ProCard, ESC, TTC and TPI. TSYS' share of the equity earnings of its Vital Processing Services L.L.C. (Vital) joint venture is included in domestic-based services. International-based services include electronic payment processing and other services provided outside the United

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

States. International-based services include the financial results of GP Net, TSYS Japan and TSYS' branch offices in Europe and Japan. TSYS' share of the equity earnings of its TSYS System Services de México, S.A. de C.V. joint venture is included in international-based services.

Operating Segments (in thousands)	Domestic-based services	International-based services	Consolidated
At September 30, 2004			
Identifiable assets	\$ 1,111,236	168,458	\$ 1,279,694
Intersegment eliminations	(151,697)	-	(151,697)
Total assets	\$ 959,539	168,458	\$ 1,127,997
At December 31, 2003			
Identifiable assets	\$ 994,822	139,028	\$ 1,133,850
Intersegment eliminations	(132,614)	-	(132,614)
Total assets	\$ 862,208	139,028	\$ 1,001,236
Three months ended September 30, 2004			
Segment total revenue	\$ 273,496	31,499	\$ 304,995
Intersegment revenue	(2)	-	(2)
Total revenue	\$ 273,494	31,499	\$ 304,993
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 23,190	3,549	\$ 26,739
Segment operating income	\$ 45,328	6,667	\$ 51,995
Income taxes	\$ 16,940	3,470	\$ 20,410
Equity in income of joint ventures	\$ 6,369	549	\$ 6,918
Net income	\$ 34,126	5,015	\$ 39,141
Three months ended September 30, 2003			
Segment total revenue	\$ 246,191	19,925	\$ 266,116
Intersegment revenue	(2)	-	(2)
Total revenue	\$ 246,189	19,925	\$ 266,114
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 22,328	3,132	\$ 25,460
Segment operating income	\$ 47,075	1,824	\$ 48,899
Income taxes	\$ 16,630	879	\$ 17,509
Equity in income of joint ventures	\$ 3,620	301	\$ 3,921
Net income	\$ 34,619	893	\$ 35,512

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Nine months ended September 30, 2004

Segment total revenue	\$	796,230	83,628	\$	879,858
Intersegment revenue		(7)	-		(7)
Total revenue	\$	796,223	83,628	\$	879,851
Depreciation and amortization	\$	69,950	9,567	\$	79,517
Segment operating income	\$	125,399	18,010	\$	143,409
Income taxes	\$	48,036	7,600	\$	55,636
Equity in income of joint ventures	\$	17,936	1,242	\$	19,178
Net income	\$	94,971	12,617	\$	107,588

Nine months ended September 30, 2003

Segment total revenue	\$	717,160	58,011	\$	775,171
Intersegment revenue		(5)	-		(5)
Total revenue	\$	717,155	58,011	\$	775,166
Depreciation and amortization	\$	62,905	8,152	\$	71,057
Segment operating income	\$	129,127	7,696	\$	136,823
Income taxes	\$	48,346	2,785	\$	51,131
Equity in income of joint ventures	\$	12,112	797	\$	12,909
Net income	\$	96,657	4,898	\$	101,555

Revenues for domestic-based services include electronic payment processing and other services provided from the United States to clients domiciled in the United States or other countries. Revenues from international-based services include electronic payment processing and other services provided outside the United States to clients domiciled mainly outside the United States.

The following geographic area data represent revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively, based on the domicile of customers.

(in thousands)	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
United States	\$ 247,919	214,799	722,300	632,419
Europe	28,215	16,894	73,711	49,249
Canada*	21,395	20,052	62,354	55,181
Japan	3,447	2,992	10,302	8,724
Mexico	3,349	10,693	9,163	27,779
Other	668	684	2,021	1,814
Totals	\$ 304,993	266,114	879,851	775,166

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The following table reconciles geographic revenues to revenues by reporting segment for the three months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively, based on the domicile of customers.

(in thousands)	Domestic-based services		International-based services	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
United States	\$ 247,919	214,799	-	-
Europe	163	-	28,052	16,894
Canada*	21,395	20,052	-	-
Japan	-	-	3,447	2,992
Mexico	3,349	10,693	-	-
Other	668	684	-	-
Totals	\$ 273,494	246,228	31,499	19,886

The following table reconciles geographic revenues to revenues by reporting segment for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively, based on the domicile of customers.

(in thousands)	Domestic-based services		International-based services	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
United States	\$ 722,300	632,419	-	-
Europe	385	-	73,326	49,249
Canada*	62,354	55,181	-	-
Japan	-	-	10,302	8,724
Mexico	9,163	27,779	-	-
Other	2,021	1,814	-	-
Totals	\$ 796,223	717,193	83,628	57,973

* These revenues include those generated from the Caribbean accounts owned by a Canadian institution.

The Company maintains property and equipment in the United States, Europe, Japan and Canada. The following geographic area data represent net property and equipment balances by region:

(in millions)	At September 30, 2004	At December 31, 2003
United States	\$ 203.2	192.7
Europe	57.6	37.2
Japan	1.7	2.0
Canada	0.2	0.2
Totals	\$ 262.7	232.1

Major Customers

For the three months ended September 30, 2004, the Company had two major customers which accounted for approximately 25.6%, or \$78.3 million, of total revenues. For the three months ended September 30, 2003, TSYS had two major customers that accounted for 27.4%, or \$72.8 million, of total revenues. Revenues from major customers for the periods reported are attributable to the domestic-based services segment.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Revenue (in millions)	Three months ended September 30,					
	2004			2003		
	% of Total			% of Total		
	Dollars	Revenues		Dollars	Revenues	
Customer One	\$ 55.3	18.1 %	\$	46.5	17.5 %	
Customer Two	23.0	7.5		26.3	9.9	
Totals	\$ 78.3	25.6 %	\$	72.8	27.4 %	

For the nine months ended September 30, 2004, the Company had two major customers which accounted for approximately 27.2%, or \$239.3 million, of total revenues. For the nine months ended September 30, 2003, TSYS had two major customers that accounted for 29.1%, or \$225.8 million, of total revenues. Revenues from major customers for the periods reported are attributable to the domestic-based services segment.

Revenue (in millions)	Nine months ended September 30,					
	2004			2003		
	% of Total			% of Total		
	Dollars	Revenues		Dollars	Revenues	
Customer One	\$ 162.5	18.5 %	\$	142.5	18.4 %	
Customer Two	76.8	8.7		83.3	10.7	
Totals	\$ 239.3	27.2 %	\$	225.8	29.1 %	

Note 5 – Stock-Based Compensation

The Company maintains stock-based compensation plans for purposes of incenting and retaining employees. The Company accounts for stock-based compensation in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25 (APB No. 25), “Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees,” and related Interpretations. Under APB No. 25, TSYS does not recognize compensation expense for a stock option grant if the exercise price is equal to or greater than the fair market value of the common stock on the grant date.

The following table illustrates the effect on net income and earnings per share for the three months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively, if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123 (SFAS No. 123), “Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation,” to stock-based employee compensation granted in the form of TSYS and Synovus Financial Corp. (Synovus) stock options.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(in thousands, except per share data)	September 30, 2004	September 30, 2003
Net income, as reported	\$ 39,141	\$ 35,512
Stock-based employee compensation expense determined under the fair value based method for all awards, net of related income tax effects	1,357	1,238
Net income, as adjusted	\$ 37,784	\$ 34,274
Earnings per share:		
Basic – as reported	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.18
Basic – as adjusted	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.17
Diluted – as reported	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.18
Diluted – as adjusted	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.17

The following table illustrates the effect on net income and earnings per share for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively, if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123 to stock-based employee compensation granted in the form of TSYS and Synovus stock options.

(in thousands, except per share data)	September 30, 2004	September 30, 2003
Net income, as reported	\$ 107,588	\$ 101,555
Stock-based employee compensation expense determined under the fair value based method for all awards, net of related income tax effects	3,857	3,679
Net income, as adjusted	\$ 103,731	\$ 97,876
Earnings per share:		
Basic – as reported	\$ 0.55	\$ 0.52
Basic – as adjusted	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.50
Diluted – as reported	\$ 0.55	\$ 0.51
Diluted – as adjusted	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.50

Note 6 – Long-Term Debt

On June 30, 2003, TSYS obtained a \$45.0 million long-term line of credit from a banking affiliate of Synovus. The line is an automatic draw down facility. The interest rate for the line of credit is the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 150 basis points. In addition, there is a charge of 15 basis points on any funds unused. The line of credit is unsecured and includes covenants requiring the Company to maintain certain minimum financial ratios. At September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, TSYS did not have an outstanding balance on the line of credit.

On March 31, 2004, the Company paid in full the obligations that were in effect on December 31, 2003 related to licensed mainframe software.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Note 7 - Supplementary Cash Flow Information

Cash used for contract acquisition costs for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003 are summarized as follows:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2004	September 30, 2003
Conversion costs	\$ 6,441	\$ 13,404
Payments for processing rights	16,000	4,500
Total	<u>\$ 22,441</u>	<u>\$ 17,904</u>

Note 8 – Legal Proceedings

The Company has received notification from the United States Attorneys' Office for the Northern District of California that the United States Department of Justice is investigating whether the Company and/or one of its large credit card processing clients violated the False Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. §§3729-33, in connection with mailings made on behalf of the client from July 1997 through November 2001. The subject matter of the investigation relates to the U.S. Postal Service's Move Update Requirements. In general, the Postal Service's Move Update Requirements are designed to reduce the volume of mail that is returned to sender as undeliverable as addressed. In effect, these requirements provide, among other things, various procedures that may be utilized to maintain the accuracy of mailing lists in exchange for discounts on postal rates. The Company has received a subpoena from the Office of the Inspector General of the U.S. Postal Service, and has produced documents responsive to the subpoena, and expects to provide further documentation to the government in connection with this investigation. The Company intends to fully cooperate with the Department of Justice in the investigation, and there can be no assurance as to the timing or outcome of the investigation, including whether the investigation will result in any criminal or civil fines, penalties, judgments or treble damages or other claims against the Company. The Company is not in a position to estimate whether or not any loss may arise out of this investigation. As a result, no reserve or accrual has been recorded in the Company's financial statements relating to this matter.

Note 9 – Guarantees

The Company and Visa U.S.A. (Visa) are guarantors, jointly and severally, for the lease payments on Vital's Tempe, Arizona facility. The lease on the facility expires in July 2007. The total future minimum lease payments remaining at September 30, 2004 is \$4.1 million. If Vital fails to perform its obligations with regard to the lease, TSYS and Visa will be required to perform in the same manner and to the same extent as is required by Vital.

Note 10 – Business Combinations

On August 2, 2004, TSYS completed the acquisition of Clarity Payment Solutions, Inc. (Clarity) for \$53.0 million in cash and began including Clarity's results of operations in the consolidated statements of income. The Company is in the process of finalizing the purchase price allocation and has preliminarily allocated approximately \$43.8 million to goodwill, approximately \$10.9 million to other intangibles and the remaining amount to the assets and liabilities acquired. Of the \$10.9 million intangibles, the Company has allocated \$8.5 million to computer software and the remaining amount to other prepaid expenses. Clarity is a leading provider of prepaid card solutions that utilize the Visa, MasterCard, EFT and ATM networks for Fortune 500 companies as well as domestic and international financial institutions. TSYS will merge its existing prepaid division with Clarity and has branded the combined entity as TSYS Prepaid, Inc. The Company believes the acquisition of TSYS Prepaid, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

enhances TSYS' processing services by adding enhanced functionality and distinct value differentiation for TSYS and its clients. TSYS Prepaid, Inc. operates as a separate subsidiary of TSYS.

On April 28, 2003, TSYS completed the acquisition of Enhancement Services Corporation (ESC) for \$36.0 million in cash and began including ESC's results of operations in the consolidated statements of income. The Company has allocated approximately \$26.0 million to goodwill, approximately \$8.2 million to intangibles and the remaining amount to the net assets acquired. ESC provides targeted loyalty consulting and travel, as well as gift card and merchandise reward programs to more than 40 national and regional financial institutions in the United States. The Company believes the acquisition of ESC enhances TSYS' processing services by adding distinct value differentiation for TSYS and its clients. ESC operates as a separate subsidiary of TSYS.

Presented below are the pro forma consolidated results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively, as though the acquisition of ESC and TSYS Prepaid, Inc. had occurred on January 1, 2003.

(in thousands, except per share data)	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
Revenues	\$ 306,288	266,840	886,723	782,283
Net income	38,764	33,783	103,966	95,033
Basic earnings per share	0.20	0.17	0.53	0.48
Diluted earnings per share	0.20	0.17	0.53	0.48

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial
Condition and Results of Operations

Financial Overview

Total System Services, Inc.'s (TSYS' or The Company's) revenues are derived from providing electronic payment processing and related services to financial and nonfinancial institutions, generally under long-term processing contracts. TSYS' services are provided primarily through the Company's cardholder systems, TS2 and TS1, to financial institutions and other organizations throughout the United States, Mexico, Canada, Honduras, the Caribbean and Europe. The Company currently offers merchant services to financial institutions and other organizations in Japan through its majority owned subsidiary, GP Network Corporation (GP Net). TSYS also provides back-end processing services for its joint venture, Vital Processing Services L.L.C. (Vital), to support merchant processing in the United States.

Due to the somewhat seasonal nature of the credit card industry, TSYS' revenues and results of operations have generally increased in the fourth quarter of each year because of increased transaction and authorization volumes during the traditional holiday shopping season. Furthermore, growth or declines in card portfolios of existing clients, the conversion of cardholder accounts of new clients to the Company's processing platforms, and the loss of cardholder accounts impact the results of operations from period to period. Another factor which may affect TSYS' revenues and results of operations from time to time, is the sale by a client of its business, its card portfolio or a segment of its accounts to a party which processes cardholder accounts internally or uses another third-party processor. Consolidation in either the financial services or retail industries, a change in the economic environment in the retail sector, or a change in the mix of payments between cash and cards could favorably or unfavorably impact TSYS' financial position, results of operations and cash flows in the future.

A significant amount of the Company's revenues is derived from long-term contracts with large clients, including certain major customers. Processing contracts with large clients, representing a significant portion of the Company's total revenues, generally provide for discounts on certain services based on the size and activity of clients' portfolios. Therefore, electronic payment processing revenues and the related margins are influenced by the client mix relative to the size of client card portfolios, as well as the number and activity of individual cardholder accounts processed for each client. Consolidation among financial institutions has resulted in an increasingly concentrated client base, which results in a changing client mix toward larger clients and increasing pressure on the Company's operating profit margins.

The Company provides services to its clients including processing consumer, retail, commercial, debit and stored value cards, as well as student loan account processing. Consumer cards include Visa and MasterCard credit cards as well as American Express cards. Retail cards include private label and gift cards. Commercial cards include purchasing cards, corporate cards and fleet cards for employees. Government services/EBT accounts on file consist mainly of student loan processing accounts. Debit/Stored value accounts include debit cards and stored value cards. The tables on page 24 summarize TSYS' accounts on file (AOF) information as of September 30, 2004 and 2003.

Financial Overview (continued)

Significant highlights for 2004 include:

- The Company signed a definitive agreement with JPMorgan Chase & Co. (Chase) to service the combined card portfolios of Chase Card Services, the second-largest card issuer in the world.
- Bank of America selected TSYS to process the 12 million accounts recently acquired with FleetBoston.
- Payments remaining under the Company's software obligations at December 31, 2003 were extinguished on March 31, 2004.
- Accounts on file processed on TSYS' systems increased 17.7% to 315.3 million at September 30, 2004, compared to 267.9 million at September 30, 2003.
- TSYS' board of directors approved a doubling of the quarterly dividend to \$0.04 per share from \$0.02 per share.

Consolidation among financial institutions, particularly in the area of credit card operations continued to be the major industry development occurring in 2003 and the first nine months of 2004. In 2003, Circuit City sold its Visa and MasterCard portfolio to FleetBoston Financial (FleetBoston); Sears' credit card business was sold to Citigroup, Inc.; and Bank of America announced it was acquiring FleetBoston. In 2004, Circuit City sold its private label card business to Bank One; and Chase and Bank One merged. The impact of the transaction between Sears and Citigroup on the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of TSYS cannot be determined at this time.

Financial Review

This Financial Review provides a discussion of critical accounting policies, related party transactions, and off-balance sheet arrangements. This Financial Review also discusses the results of operations, financial condition, liquidity and capital resources of TSYS and outlines the factors that have affected its recent earnings, as well as those factors that may affect its future earnings.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows are impacted by the accounting policies the Company has adopted. In order to gain a full understanding of the Company's financial statements, one must have a clear understanding of the accounting policies employed.

Factors that could affect the Company's future operating results and cause actual results to vary materially from expectations include, but are not limited to, lower than anticipated growth from existing customers, an inability to attract new customers and grow internationally, loss of one of the Company's major customers or other significant clients, an inability to grow through acquisitions or successfully integrate acquisitions, an inability to control expenses, technology changes, financial services consolidation, change in regulatory mandates, a decline in the use of cards as a payment mechanism, a decline in the financial stability of the Company's clients and uncertain economic conditions. Negative developments in these or other risk factors could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates (continued)

The Company has prepared the accompanying consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In preparing financial statements, it is necessary for management to make assumptions and estimates affecting the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and related notes. These estimates and assumptions are developed based upon all information available. Actual results could differ from estimated amounts.

For a detailed discussion regarding the Company's critical accounting policies and estimates, see "Item 7: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003. There have been no material changes to the Company's critical accounting policies, estimates and assumptions or the judgments affecting the application of those estimates and assumptions in 2004.

Related Party Transactions

The Company provides electronic payment processing and other services to its parent company, Synovus Financial Corp. (Synovus) and its affiliates, and for Vital Processing Services L.L.C. (Vital). The services are performed under contracts that are similar to its contracts with other customers. The Company believes the terms and conditions of transactions between the Company and these related parties are comparable to those which could have been obtained in transactions with unaffiliated parties. The Company's margins with respect to related party transactions are comparable to margins recognized in transactions with unrelated third parties. The amounts related to these transactions are disclosed on the face of TSYS' consolidated financial statements.

Lease Guarantee

To assist Vital in leasing its corporate facility, the Company and Visa U.S.A. (Visa) are guarantors, jointly and severally, for the lease payments on Vital's Tempe, Arizona facility. The lease on the facility expires in July 2007. The total future minimum lease payments remaining at September 30, 2004 is \$4.1 million. If Vital fails to perform its obligations with regard to the lease, TSYS and Visa will be required to perform in the same manner and to same extent as is required by Vital.

Line of Credit

On June 30, 2003, TSYS obtained a \$45.0 million long-term line of credit from a banking affiliate of Synovus. The line is an automatic draw down facility. The interest rate for the line of credit is the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 150 basis points. In addition, there is a charge of 15 basis points on any funds unused. The line of credit is unsecured and includes covenants requiring the Company to maintain certain minimum financial ratios. At September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, TSYS did not have an outstanding balance on the line of credit. As the LIBOR rate changes, TSYS will be subject to interest rate risk.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Operating Leases: As a method of funding its operations, TSYS employs noncancelable operating leases for computer equipment, software and facilities. These leases allow the Company to provide the latest technology while avoiding the risk of ownership because of potential rapid technological obsolescence. Neither the assets nor obligations related to these leases are included on the balance sheet.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth certain income statement captions as a percentage of total revenues and the percentage increases or decreases in those items for the three months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003:

	Percentage of Total Revenues		Percentage Change in Dollar Amounts
	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004 vs. 2003</u>
Revenues:			
Electronic payment processing services	67.3 %	67.4 %	14.5 %
Other services	14.1	11.6	39.1
Revenues before reimbursable items	81.4	79.0	18.1
Reimbursable items	18.6	21.0	1.5
Total revenues	100.0	100.0	14.6
Expenses:			
Salaries and other personnel expense	32.6	30.6	22.2
Net occupancy and equipment expense	19.3	19.2	15.4
Other operating expenses	12.5	10.8	31.1
Expenses before reimbursable items	64.4	60.6	21.6
Reimbursable items	18.6	21.0	1.5
Total expenses	83.0	81.6	16.5
Operating income	17.0	18.4	6.3
Nonoperating income	0.2	0.1	nm
Income before income taxes, minority interest and equity in income of joint ventures	17.2	18.5	7.4
Income taxes	6.7	6.6	16.6
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiary's net income	(0.0)	(0.1)	nm
Equity in income of joint ventures	2.3	1.5	76.4
Net income	12.8 %	13.3 %	10.2 %

nm = not meaningful

Results of Operations (continued)

The following table sets forth certain income statement captions as a percentage of total revenues and the percentage increases or decreases in those items for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003:

	Percentage of Total Revenues		Percentage Change in Dollar Amounts
	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004 vs. 2003</u>
Revenues:			
Electronic payment processing services	66.0 %	67.7 %	10.8 %
Other services	14.3	10.5	53.8
Revenues before reimbursable items	80.3	78.2	16.6
Reimbursable items	19.7	21.8	2.5
Total revenues	100.0	100.0	13.5
Expenses:			
Salaries and other personnel expense	30.6	31.1	11.8
Net occupancy and equipment expense	20.9	19.7	19.9
Other operating expenses	12.5	9.7	46.4
Expenses before reimbursable items	64.0	60.5	20.0
Reimbursable items	19.7	21.8	2.5
Total expenses	83.7	82.3	15.4
Operating income	16.3	17.7	4.8
Nonoperating income	0.1	0.4	(72.7)
Income before income taxes, minority interest and equity in income of joint ventures	16.4	18.1	3.0
Income taxes	6.3	6.6	8.8
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiary's net income	(0.1)	(0.1)	8.1
Equity in income of joint ventures	2.2	1.7	48.6
Net income	12.2 %	13.1 %	5.9 %

nm = not meaningful

Revenues

Total revenues increased \$38.9 million and \$104.7 million, or 14.6% and 13.5%, respectively, during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004, compared to the same periods in 2003. The increase in revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004 includes increases of \$3.4 million and \$9.2 million, respectively, related to the effects of currency translation of its foreign-based subsidiaries and branches. Excluding reimbursable items, revenues increased \$38.0 million and \$100.4 million, or 18.1% and 16.6%, respectively, during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004, compared to the same periods in 2003.

Results of Operations (continued)

Accounts on File (AOF) Data (in millions):

AOF

	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>% Change</u>
At September 30,	315.3	267.9	17.7
QTD Average	304.9	265.9	14.7
YTD Average	289.3	259.6	11.5

AOF by Portfolio Type

	<u>September 30, 2004</u>		<u>September 30, 2003</u>		<u>% Change</u>
	<u>AOF</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>AOF</u>	<u>%</u>	
Consumer	170.7	54.1	142.2	53.1	20.0
Retail	88.8	28.2	83.7	31.3	6.1
Commercial	24.9	7.9	21.0	7.8	18.7
Government services/EBT	15.7	5.0	13.1	4.9	19.8
Stored value	8.5	2.7	2.3	0.8	276.6
Debit	6.7	2.1	5.6	2.1	19.6
Total	315.3	100.0	267.9	100.0	17.7

AOF by Geographic Area

	<u>September 30, 2004</u>		<u>September 30, 2003</u>		<u>% Change</u>
	<u>AOF</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>AOF</u>	<u>%</u>	
Domestic	267.2	84.7	221.9	82.8	20.4
International	48.1	15.3	46.0	17.2	4.5
Total	315.3	100.0	267.9	100.0	17.7

Note: The accounts on file distinction between domestic and international is based on the geographic domicile of processing clients.

nm = not meaningful

Activity in AOF

	<u>September 2003 to September 2004</u>	<u>September 2002 to September 2003</u>
Beginning balance	267.9	235.8
Internal growth of existing clients	33.0	25.1
New clients	18.9	19.8
Purges/Sales	(0.6)	(0.3)
Deconversions	(3.9)	(12.5)
Ending balance	315.3	267.9

International Revenues

TSYS provides services to its clients worldwide and plans to continue to expand its service offerings internationally in the future. Total revenues from clients domiciled outside the United States for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively, are summarized below:

Results of Operations (continued)

(in thousands)	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,		
	2004	2003	% Change	2004	2003	% Change
Europe	\$ 28,215	16,894	67.0	73,711	49,249	49.7
Canada	21,395	20,052	6.7	62,354	55,181	13.0
Japan	3,447	2,992	15.2	10,302	8,724	18.1
Mexico	3,349	10,693	(68.7)	9,163	27,779	(67.0)
Other	668	684	(2.3)	2,021	1,814	11.4
Totals	\$ 57,074	51,315	11.2	157,551	142,747	10.4

Total revenues from clients based in Mexico were \$3.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2004, a 68.7% decrease compared to the \$10.7 million for the same period last year. Total revenues from clients based in Mexico were \$9.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2004, a 67.0% decrease compared to the \$27.8 million for the same period last year. During 2003, the Company's largest client in Mexico notified TSYS that the client would be utilizing its internal global platform and deconverted in the fourth quarter of 2003. This client represented approximately 70% of TSYS' revenues from Mexico. Another Mexican client notified the Company of its intentions to utilize its internal global platform and to deconvert in mid-2004. This client represented approximately 21% of TSYS' revenues from Mexico prior to the deconversion of TSYS' largest client in Mexico. As a result, electronic payment processing revenues for 2004 from Mexico has decreased significantly when compared to electronic payment processing revenues from Mexico for 2003.

Value Added Products and Services

The Company's revenues are also impacted by the use of optional value added products and services of TSYS' processing systems. Value added products and services are optional features to which each client can choose to subscribe in order to potentially increase the financial performance of its portfolio. Value added products and services include: risk management tools and techniques, such as credit evaluation, fraud detection and prevention, and behavior analysis tools; and revenue enhancement tools and customer retention programs, such as loyalty programs and bonus rewards. These revenues can increase or decrease over time as clients subscribe to or cancel these services. Value added products and services are included mainly in electronic payment processing services revenues.

For both the three months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, value added products and services represented 14.0%, respectively, of total revenues. Revenues from these products and services, which include some reimbursable items paid to third-party vendors, increased 14.8%, or \$5.5 million, for the three months ended September 30, 2004 compared to the same period last year.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, value added products and services represented 13.5% and 14.0%, respectively, of total revenues. Revenues from these products and services increased 9.6%, or \$10.4 million, for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 compared to the same period last year.

Results of Operations (continued)

Major Customers

A significant amount of the Company's revenues is derived from long-term contracts with large clients, including certain major customers. For the three months ended September 30, 2004, the Company had two major customers. The major customers for the three months ended September 30, 2004 accounted for approximately 25.6%, or \$78.3 million, of total revenues. For the three months ended September 30, 2003, TSYS had two major customers that accounted for 27.4%, or \$72.8 million, of total revenues.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2004, the Company had two major customers. The major customers for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 accounted for approximately 27.2%, or \$239.3 million, of total revenues. For the nine months ended September 30, 2003, TSYS had two major customers that accounted for 29.1%, or \$225.8 million, of total revenues. The loss of one of the Company's major customers, or other significant clients, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

Electronic Payment Processing Services

Electronic payment processing revenues are generated primarily from charges based on the number of accounts on file, transactions and authorizations processed, statements mailed, credit bureau reports, cards embossed and mailed, and other processing services for cardholder accounts on file. Cardholder accounts on file include active and inactive consumer credit, retail, debit, stored value, student loan and commercial card accounts. Due to the number of cardholder accounts processed by TSYS and the expanding use of cards as well as increases in the scope of services offered to clients, revenues relating to electronic payment processing services have continued to grow. Revenues from electronic payment processing services increased \$26.0 million, or 14.5%, for the three months ended September 30, 2004, compared to the same period in 2003. Revenues from electronic payment processing services increased \$56.5 million, or 10.8%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2004, compared to the same period in 2003.

On March 3, 2003, the Company announced that Bank One had selected TSYS to upgrade its credit card processing. Under the long-term software licensing and services agreement, TSYS is to provide electronic payment processing services to Bank One's credit card accounts for at least two years starting in 2004 (excluding statement and card production services). Following the provision of processing services, TSYS is to license a modified version of its TS2 consumer and commercial software to Bank One through a perpetual license with a six-year payment term. This agreement has been superseded by the agreement with Chase described below. The Company used the percentage-of-completion accounting method for its agreement with Bank One and recognized revenues in proportion to costs incurred. TSYS' revenues from Bank One were approximately 6.3% of total revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

On January 14, 2004, Chase and Bank One announced an agreement to merge. On January 20, 2004, Circuit City announced an agreement to sell its private-label credit card business to Bank One. TSYS has a long-term agreement with Circuit City Stores, Inc. (Circuit City) until April 2006. On July 1, 2004, Bank One and Chase merged under the name of Chase.

Results of Operations (continued)

On October 13, 2004, TSYS finalized a definitive agreement with Chase to service the combined card portfolios of Chase Card Services and to upgrade its card-processing technology. The agreement extends a relationship that started with TSYS and the former Bank One Corp. in March 2003. Pursuant to the revised agreement, the first phase of the project was executed successfully and Bank One's remaining accounts will be converted to the TS2 processing platform during the fourth quarter of 2004, according to the project's original schedule. Chase is expected to convert its consumer and commercial accounts to TS2 in the second half of 2005, after which TSYS expects to maintain the card-processing functions of Chase Card Services for at least two years. Chase Card Services then has the option to migrate the portfolio in-house, under a perpetual license of TS2 with a six-year payment term.

As a result of the revised agreement with Chase, TSYS will discontinue its use of the percentage of completion accounting method for the original agreement with Bank One. The revised agreement will be accounted for in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) 00-21, "Accounting for Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Deliverables", and other applicable guidance.

TSYS expects that the 2004 earnings per share (EPS) impact of the agreement will be \$0.03-\$0.04, the 2005 impact will be \$0.05-\$0.06 and the 2006 impact will be \$0.06-\$0.07. Beyond 2006, the annual EPS impact of the agreement will depend upon Chase Card Services' decision to continue the processing agreement or to exercise its option to license the software.

In October 2003, Circuit City announced that it had sold its Visa and MasterCard portfolio, which includes credit card receivables and related cash reserves, to FleetBoston. On March 31, 2004, Bank of America merged with FleetBoston. TSYS has been informed by Bank of America that TSYS will continue to process the Circuit City portfolio acquired by FleetBoston and that FleetBoston will be converting its card portfolio to TSYS in March 2005.

TSYS anticipates that it will execute an amendment to its processing agreement with Bank of America to encompass the processing of the FleetBoston portfolio, including the Circuit City portfolio acquired by FleetBoston. The impact of the yet unsigned amendment between the Company and Bank of America on the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of TSYS cannot be determined at this time.

In July 2003, Sears and Citigroup announced an agreement for the sale by Sears to Citigroup of the Sears credit card and financial services businesses. Sears and Citigroup are both clients of TSYS, and TSYS considers its relationships with both companies to be very positive. TSYS and Sears are parties to a 10-year agreement, which was renewed in January of 2000, under which TSYS provides transaction processing for more than 84.4 million Sears accounts. For the nine months ended September 30, 2004, TSYS' revenues from the TSYS/Sears agreement represented 5.7% of TSYS' consolidated revenues. The agreement includes provisions for termination for convenience prior to its expiration upon the payment of a termination fee. The TSYS/Sears agreement also grants to Sears the one-time right to market test TSYS' pricing and functionality after May 1, 2004. Potential results of such market test, in which TSYS would be a participant, include continuation of the processing agreement under its existing terms, continuation of the processing agreement under mutually agreed modified terms, or termination of the processing agreement after May 1, 2006 without a termination fee. The impact of the transaction between Sears and Citigroup on the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of TSYS cannot be determined at this time.

Results of Operations (continued)

Revenues associated with ProCard are included in electronic payment processing services. These services include providing customized, Internet, Intranet and client/server software solutions for commercial card management programs. Revenues from these services increased 10.5% to \$6.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2004, compared to \$6.2 million for the same period last year. For the nine months ended September 30, 2004, revenues from these services increased 17.2% to \$20.2 million compared to \$17.2 million for the same period last year.

On August 2, 2004, TSYS completed the acquisition of Clarity Payment Solutions, Inc. (Clarity) for \$53.0 million in cash and began including Clarity's results of operations in the consolidated statements of income. The Company is in the process of finalizing the purchase price allocation and has preliminarily allocated approximately \$43.8 million to goodwill, approximately \$10.9 million to other intangibles and the remaining amount to the assets and liabilities acquired. Of the \$10.9 million intangibles, the Company has allocated \$8.5 million to computer software and the remaining amount to other prepaid expenses. Clarity is a leading provider of prepaid card solutions that utilize the Visa, MasterCard, EFT and ATM networks for Fortune 500 companies as well as domestic and international financial institutions. TSYS will merge its existing prepaid division with Clarity and has branded the combined entity as TSYS Prepaid, Inc. The Company believes the acquisition of TSYS Prepaid, Inc. enhances TSYS' processing services by adding enhanced functionality and distinct value differentiation for TSYS and its clients. TSYS Prepaid, Inc. operates as a separate subsidiary of TSYS. The results of TSYS Prepaid, Inc. are included in the domestic-based segment. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004, TSYS' revenues include \$2.8 million of TSYS Prepaid, Inc.'s revenues.

Other Services

Revenues from other services consist primarily of revenues generated by TSYS' wholly owned subsidiaries not included in electronic payment processing services. Revenues from other services increased \$12.1 million, or 39.1%, for the three months ended September 30, 2004, compared to the same period in 2003. Revenues from other services increased \$43.9 million, or 53.8%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2004, compared to the same period in 2003. Other service revenues increased primarily as a result of increased debt collection services performed by TSYS Total Debt Management, Inc. and the revenues associated with Enhancement Services Corporation (ESC).

On April 28, 2003, TSYS completed the acquisition of ESC for \$36.0 million in cash. ESC provides targeted loyalty consulting and travel, as well as gift card and merchandise reward programs to more than 40 national and regional financial institutions in the United States. The Company believes the acquisition of ESC enhances TSYS processing services by adding distinct value differentiation for TSYS and its clients. For the three months ended September 30, 2004, TSYS' revenues include \$5.4 million related to ESC's revenues and are included in other services, compared to \$4.1 million for the same period in 2003. For the nine months ended September 30, 2004, TSYS' revenues include \$14.9 million of ESC's revenues, compared to \$7.2 million for the same period in 2003.

Results of Operations (continued)

Reimbursable Items

Reimbursable items increased \$837,000, or 1.5%, for the three months ended September 30, 2004, as compared to the same period last year. Reimbursable items increased \$4.3 million, or 2.5%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2004, as compared to the same period last year. The majority of reimbursable items relates to the Company's domestic-based clients and is primarily costs associated with postage.

Operating Expenses

Total expenses increased 16.5% and 15.4% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2003. The increases in expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004 includes an increase of \$2.7 million and \$7.3 million, respectively, related to the effects of currency translation of its foreign-based subsidiaries and branches. Excluding reimbursable items, total expenses increased 21.6% and 20.0% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2003. The increases in operating expenses are attributable to changes in each of the expense categories as described below.

Salaries and other personnel expenses increased \$18.1 million, or 22.2%, for the three months ended September 30, 2004 compared to the same period in 2003. For the nine months ended September 30, 2004, salaries and other personnel expenses increased \$28.5 million, or 11.8%, compared to the same period in 2003. The change in employment expenses is associated with the normal salary increases and related benefits, as well as lower levels of employment costs categorized as software development and contract acquisition costs. The growth in employment expenses included an increase in the accrual for performance-based incentive benefits. The number of employees decreased at September 30, 2004 when compared to September 30, 2003 as a result of the workforce reduction announced in February 2004.

Employee Data:

<u>(Full-time Equivalents)</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>% Change</u>
At September 30,	5,626	5,632	(0.1)
QTD Average	5,571	5,607	(0.6)
YTD Average	5,571	5,447	2.3

During the third quarter of 2004, TSYS added 67 employees associated with the TSYS Prepaid, Inc. acquisition. During the second quarter of 2003, TSYS added approximately 220 employees associated with the ESC acquisition and the creation of a wholly-owned subsidiary named TSYS Technology Center, Inc. (TTC) in Boise, Idaho. The TTC team members support technology efforts throughout TSYS, including government services, customer care, programming, and systems development.

Net occupancy and equipment expense increased \$7.9 million, or 15.4%, for the three months ended September 30, 2004 over the same period in 2003. For the nine months ended September 30, 2004, net occupancy and equipment expense increased \$30.4 million, or 19.9%, over the same period in 2003. Due to rapidly changing technology in computer equipment, TSYS' equipment needs are met to a large extent through operating leases. Computer equipment and software rentals, which represent the largest component of net occupancy and equipment expense, increased approximately \$1.2 million and \$4.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004, respectively, compared to the

Results of Operations (continued)

same periods in 2003. Depreciation and amortization increased \$397,000 and \$3.8 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2003, mainly the result of increased amortization of licensed computer software from vendors. Repairs and maintenance expenses for software and equipment increased \$5.1 million and \$9.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004, compared to the same periods last year.

During the second quarter of 2004, the Company decided to change its approach for entry into the Asia-Pacific market. As a result, the Company recognized a \$10.1 million charge to net occupancy and equipment expense for the write-off of the double-byte software development project. The \$10.1 million impairment charge is reflected in the domestic-based services segment.

Other operating expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004 increased \$9.0 million and \$34.9 million, or 31.1% and 46.4%, respectively, as compared to the same periods in 2003. Other operating expenses include, among other things, amortization of conversion costs, professional advisory fees and court costs associated with its debt collection business. The Company's amortization of conversion costs increased \$589,000 and \$3.3 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004, as compared to the same periods last year. As a result of a new debt-collection agreement with an existing client signed in the third quarter of 2003, the Company recognized \$8.3 million and \$3.7 million of attorney court costs and commissions in operating expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. The Company recognized \$26.3 million and \$3.7 million of attorney court costs and commissions in operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

Other operating expenses also include charges for processing errors, contractual commitments and bad debt expense. As described in the Critical Accounting Policies section in the 2003 Form 10-K, management's evaluation of the adequacy of its transaction processing reserves and allowance for doubtful accounts is based on a formal analysis which assesses the probability of losses related to contractual contingencies, processing errors and uncollectible accounts. Increases and decreases in transaction processing provisions and charges for bad debt expense are reflected in other operating expenses. For the three months ended September 30, 2004, the Company's transaction processing expenses decreased \$411,000, compared to the same period in 2003. For the nine months ended September 30, 2004, the Company's transaction processing expenses increased \$2.5 million, compared to the same period in 2003.

Operating Income

Operating income remained fairly stable for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004, respectively, over the same periods in 2003. The Company's operating profit margin for the three months ended September 30, 2004 was 17.0%, compared to 18.4% for the same period last year. The Company's operating profit margin for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 was 16.3%, compared to 17.7% for the same period last year. The margins for 2004 decreased when compared to the same periods in 2003 mainly as a result of the impact of the new debt collections agreement by TDM, the impairment charge for the double-byte project, increase in the accrual for performance-based incentive benefits and the decrease in revenues from clients in Mexico.

Results of Operations (continued)

Management believes that reimbursable items distort operating profit margin as defined by generally accepted accounting principles. Management evaluates the Company's operating performance based upon operating margin excluding reimbursable items. Management believes that operating profit margin excluding reimbursable items is more useful because reimbursable items do not impact profitability as the Company receives reimbursement for expenses incurred on behalf of its clients. Excluding reimbursable items, the Company's operating profit margin for the three months ended September 30, 2004 was 20.9%, compared to 23.2% for the three months ended September 30, 2003; for the nine months ended September 30, 2004, the Company's operating margin excluding reimbursables was 20.3%, compared to 22.6% for the same period last year.

Below is the reconciliation between reported operating margin and adjusted operating margin excluding reimbursable items for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively:

		Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
		2004	2003	2004	2003
Operating income (a)	\$	51,995	48,899	143,409	136,823
Total revenues (b)	\$	304,993	266,114	879,851	775,166
Operating margin (as reported) (a)/(b)		17.0 %	18.4 %	16.3 %	17.7 %
Revenue before reimbursable items (c)	\$	248,416	210,374	706,710	606,314
Adjusted operating margin (a)/(c)		20.9 %	23.2 %	20.3 %	22.6 %

Nonoperating Income (Expense)

Interest income for the three months ended September 30, 2004 was \$667,000, an increase of \$183,000, compared to \$484,000 for the same period in 2003. Interest income for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 was \$1.7 million, a decrease of approximately \$656,000, compared to \$2.4 million for the same period in 2003. The decrease is related to less cash available to invest.

Interest expense for the three months ended September 30, 2004 was \$95,000, an increase of \$59,000, compared to \$36,000 for the same period in 2003. Interest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 was \$877,000, an increase of \$811,000, compared to \$66,000 for the same period in 2003. The increase is the result of the interest expense related to the Company's software obligations. On March 31, 2004, TSYS paid the remaining obligations for mainframe software licenses. As a result, quarterly interest expense for the remainder of 2004 will decrease as compared to the first quarter of 2004.

The Company records foreign currency translation adjustments on foreign-denominated balance sheet accounts. The Company maintains several cash accounts denominated in foreign currencies, primarily in Euros and British Pounds Sterling (BPS). As the Company translates the foreign-denominated cash balances into US dollars, the translated cash balance is adjusted upward or downward depending upon the foreign currency exchange movements. The upward or downward adjustment is recorded as a gain or loss on foreign currency translation in the Company's statements of income. As those cash accounts have increased, the upward or downward adjustments have increased. The majority of the translation gain of \$146,000 and \$45,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30,

Results of Operations (continued)

2004, respectively, relates to the translation of cash accounts. The balance of the Company's foreign-denominated cash accounts subject to risk of translation gains or losses at September 30, 2004 was approximately \$1.9 million, the majority of which is denominated in BPS.

Income Taxes

TSYS' effective income tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2004 was 34.6%, compared to 33.2% for the same period in 2003. TSYS' effective income tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 was 34.4%, compared to 33.6% for the same period in 2003. The increase in the effective income tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2004, as compared to the same period in 2003, is the result of a change in tax credits expected to be realized. The calculation of the effective tax rate is income taxes divided by TSYS' pretax income adjusted for minority interest in consolidated subsidiary's net income and equity earnings of the Vital joint venture. The Company expects its effective income tax rate for 2004 to be approximately 34%.

Equity in Income of Joint Ventures

TSYS' share of income from its equity in joint ventures was \$6.9 million and \$3.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. TSYS' share of income from its equity in joint ventures was \$19.2 million and \$12.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. The increase for the quarter and the first nine months is primarily attributable to the improvement in Vital's operating results as a result of increased volumes.

Vital Processing Services L.L.C. (Vital)

Vital, a limited liability company, is a merchant processing joint venture of TSYS and Visa U.S.A. ("VISA"). The Company is a leader in providing integrated end-to-end electronic transaction processing services primarily to large financial institutions and other merchant acquirers. Vital processes all payment forms including credit, debit, electronic benefit transfer and check truncation for merchants of all sizes across a wide array of retail market segments. Vital's unbundled products and services include: authorization and capture of electronic transactions; clearing and settlement of electronic transactions; information reporting services related to electronic transactions; merchant billing services; and point of sale terminal sales and service. Vital's products and services are marketed to merchant acquirers through a direct sales force, which concentrates on developing long-term relationships with existing and prospective clients.

The Company considers Vital to be an integral part of its overall processing operations and an important part of its overall market strategy. Prior to forming the joint venture, TSYS performed back-end merchant processing services for its clients. The revenues and expenses associated with merchant processing were included in operating profits. In the ordinary course of business, TSYS, which still owns the merchant processing software, provides back-end processing services to Vital. For the three months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, TSYS generated \$5.6 million and \$5.3 million of revenue from Vital, respectively. For each of the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, TSYS generated \$16.6 million and \$16.4 million of revenue from Vital, respectively.

Results of Operations (continued)

During the three months ended September 30, 2004, the company's equity in income of joint ventures related to Vital was \$6.4 million, a 76.0% increase, or \$2.8 million, compared to \$3.6 million for the same period last year. During the nine months ended September 30, 2004, the company's equity in income of joint ventures related to Vital was \$17.9 million, a 48.1% increase, or \$5.8 million, compared to \$12.1 million for the same period last year.

The following is a summary of Vital's consolidated statements of income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003:

(in thousands)	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
Revenues before reimbursable items	\$61,761	56,398	186,241	168,847
Total revenues	69,537	63,493	210,216	188,989
Operating income	12,423	7,530	35,152	24,736
Net income*	12,563	7,618	35,540	25,101

*Vital is a limited liability company and is taxed in a manner similar to a partnership; therefore, net income related to Vital does not include income tax expense.

** Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2003 financial statements of Vital to conform to the presentation adopted in 2004.

Vital provides products and services through its merchant services offerings. The company's revenues are primarily generated from charges based on: the number of transactions processed; the number of merchant accounts on its systems; the number of reports provided (electronic and paper) to acquirers and merchants; and the sale and service of point of sale terminal equipment. Revenues generated by these activities depend upon a number of factors, such as demand for and price of Vital's services, the technological competitiveness of its product offerings, its reputation for providing timely and reliable service, competition within the industry, and general economic conditions.

Processing contracts with large clients, representing a significant portion of the company's total revenues, generally provide for discounts on certain services based on the volume of transactions processed by the client. Transaction volumes are influenced by both the number and type of merchants. The growth or loss of merchants impacts the results of operations from period to period. Operating results may also be significantly impacted by a customer who sells all, or a portion of, its merchant acquiring business. Consolidation among financial institutions has resulted in an increasingly concentrated client base, which results in revenues being concentrated in a smaller number of customers.

Vital's revenues increased \$6.0 million, or 9.5%, for the three months ended September 30, 2004 compared to the same period in 2003. Vital's revenues increased \$21.2 million, or 11.2%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2004, compared to the same periods in 2003. The increase in 2004, as compared to the same period in 2003, included increases of \$0.7 million and \$3.8 million in reimbursable items for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004, respectively. The remaining increase was primarily the result of increases in the number of transactions processed in revenues associated with the company's terminal deployment business.

Results of Operations (continued)

Vital's major expense items include salaries and other personnel expense and cost of network and telecommunication expense. Salaries and other personnel expense consists of the cost of personnel who develop and maintain processing applications, operate computer networks and provide customer support; wages and related expenses paid to sales personnel; and costs associated with non-revenue producing customer support functions, administrative employees and management.

Other expenses consist primarily of the cost of network telecommunications capability; transaction processing systems including depreciation and amortization, maintenance and other system costs; third party service providers including TSYS and VISA; and terminal equipment cost of sales. Vital has agreements with both TSYS and VISA to provide key services related to its business. Vital is dependent on both TSYS and VISA to perform on their obligations under these agreements. Vital's results of operation could be significantly impacted by material changes in the terms and conditions of the agreements with TSYS and VISA, changes in performance standards and the financial condition of both TSYS and VISA.

Vital, as a limited liability company, is treated similar to a partnership for income tax purposes. As a result, no provision for current or deferred income taxes has been made in Vital's financial statements. Vital's taxable income or loss is reportable on the tax returns of its owners based on their proportionate interest in Vital.

TSYS de México

The Company has a joint venture with a number of Mexican banks and records its 49% ownership in the joint venture using the equity method of accounting. The operation, Total System Services de México, S.A. de C.V. (TSYS de México), prints statements and provides card-issuing support services to the joint venture clients.

During the three months ended September 30, 2004, the Company's equity in income of joint ventures related to TSYS de México was \$549,000, an 82.2% increase, or \$248,000 compared to \$301,000 for the same period last year. During nine months ended September 30, 2004, the Company's equity in income of joint ventures related to TSYS de México was \$1.2 million representing a 55.8% increase, or \$445,000 compared to \$797,000, for the same period last year.

TSYS pays TSYS de México a processing support fee for certain client relationship and network services that TSYS de México has assumed from TSYS. TSYS paid TSYS de México a processing support fee of \$45,400 and \$180,500 for the three months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. TSYS paid TSYS de México a processing support fee of \$153,800 and \$560,400 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. This processing support fee decreased as a result of the deconversion of TSYS' largest client in Mexico.

Net Income

Net income for the three months ended September 30, 2004 increased 10.2% to \$39.1 million, or basic and diluted earnings per share of \$0.20, compared to \$35.5 million, or basic and diluted earnings per share of \$0.18, for the same period in 2003. Net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 increased 5.9% to \$107.6 million, or basic and diluted earnings per share of \$0.55, compared to \$101.6 million, or basic earnings per share of \$0.52 and diluted earnings per share of \$0.51, for the same period in 2003.

Results of Operations (continued)

Net Profit Margin

The Company's net profit margin for the three months ended September 30, 2004 was 12.8%, compared to 13.3% for the same period last year. The Company's net profit margin for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 was 12.2%, compared to 13.1% for the same period last year.

Management believes that reimbursable items distort net profit margin as defined by generally accepted accounting principles. Management evaluates the Company's operating performance based upon net margin excluding reimbursable items. Management believes that net profit margin excluding reimbursable items is more useful because reimbursable items do not impact profitability as the Company receives reimbursement for expenses incurred on behalf of its clients.

Excluding reimbursable items, the Company's net profit margin for the three months ended September 30, 2004 was 15.8%, compared to 16.9% for the three months ended September 30, 2003. Excluding reimbursable items, the Company's net profit margin for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 was 15.2%, compared to 16.7% for the nine months ended September 30, 2003.

Below is the reconciliation between reported net profit margin and adjusted net profit margin excluding reimbursable items for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003:

		Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
		2004	2003	2004	2003
Net income (a)	\$	39,141	35,512	107,588	101,555
Total revenues (b)	\$	304,993	266,114	879,851	775,166
Net profit margin (as reported) (a)/(b)		12.8 %	13.3 %	12.2 %	13.1 %
Revenue before reimbursable items (c)	\$	248,416	210,374	706,710	606,314
Adjusted net profit margin (a)/(c)		15.8 %	16.9 %	15.2 %	16.7 %

Projected Outlook for 2004 and 2005

TSYS expects its 2004 earnings per share (EPS) to exceed its 2003 EPS by 5-7% and its revenues (excluding reimbursables) to exceed its 2003 revenues by 11-13%. The forecast does not include any revenues or expenses associated with signing and converting any new major clients and does not include the effect of any potential changes to relationships with certain large clients.

TSYS anticipates 10-15% growth in EPS in 2005, based on the following assumptions: revenue before reimbursable items increasing between 10-12%, driven by 6-9% growth in revenue from existing electronic payment processing clients, no significant client losses or additions occurring through 2005 and Vital's earnings growing by at least 5%.

Financial Position, Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows detail the Company's cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities. TSYS' primary method of funding its operations and growth has been cash generated from current operations and the use of leases. TSYS has occasionally used borrowed funds to supplement financing of capital expenditures.

Financial Position, Liquidity and Capital Resources (continued)

Cash Flows From Operating Activities

TSYS' main source of funds is derived from operating activities, specifically net income. During the nine months ended September 30, 2004, the Company generated \$179.7 million in cash from operating activities compared to \$169.7 million for the same period last year. The cash from operating activities for 2004 included refunds of \$13.0 million from taxing authorities for overpayment of taxes for prior years. The cash from operating activities for 2003 included a payment from Bank One. On March 3, 2003, the Company announced that Bank One selected TSYS to upgrade its credit card processing. As part of that agreement, the Company received a \$30 million payment from Bank One, which was included in billings in excess of costs and profit on uncompleted contracts on the balance sheet.

Cash Flows From Investing Activities

The major uses of cash for investing activities have been the addition of property and equipment, the internal development and purchase of computer software and investments in contract acquisition costs associated with the servicing of new and existing clients. The major source of funds from investing activities is the dividend payment from its joint ventures. The Company used \$130.2 million in cash for investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2004, compared to \$207.3 million for the same period in 2003.

Property and Equipment

Capital expenditures for property and equipment during the three month periods ended September 30, 2004 and 2003 were \$10.5 million and \$6.1 million, respectively. For the nine month period ended September 30, 2004, capital expenditures for property and equipment were \$49.8 million compared to \$113.5 million during the same period last year. On July 30, 2003, the Company announced the groundbreaking for a new TSYS data center in Knaresborough, England. The facility replaces the center in Harrogate, England. On October 6, 2004, the Company announced the completion of the new data center. The Company invested approximately £16.6 million, or approximately \$30.2 million, in the new building, land and equipment.

On April 30, 2003, the Company provided written notice that it intended to terminate its lease agreement with a special purpose entity for the Company's corporate campus. On September 30, 2003, the Company terminated the lease arrangement and purchased the corporate campus for \$93.5 million through a combination of cash and long-term debt financing through a banking affiliate of Synovus.

Licensed Computer Software from Vendors

Expenditures for licensed computer software from vendors were \$5.2 million and \$15.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Expenditures for licensed computer software from vendors for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 were \$19.2 million, compared to \$35.7 million for the same period in 2003. These additions relate to annual site licenses for mainframe processing systems whose fees are based upon a measure of TSYS' computer processing capacity, commonly referred to as millions of instructions per second or MIPS.

Financial Position, Liquidity and Capital Resources (continued)

Software Development Costs

Additions to capitalized software development costs, including enhancements to and development of TS2 processing systems, were \$293,000 and \$4.9 million for the three month periods ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Additions to capitalized software development costs for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 were \$4.0 million, compared to \$13.9 million for the same period in 2003. The decline in the amount capitalized as software development costs in 2004, as compared to 2003, is the result of several projects being completed in 2003.

The following is a summary of the additions to software development costs by project for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively:

Software Development Projects (in millions)	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
TSYS ProphIT	\$0.1	3.6	1.7	10.4
Other Capitalized Software Development Costs	0.2	1.3	2.3	3.5
Total	<u>\$0.3</u>	<u>4.9</u>	<u>4.0</u>	<u>13.9</u>

The Company continues to develop TSYS ProphITSM, a Web-based process management system that provides direct access to account information and other system interfaces to help streamline an organization's business processes. TSYS ProphIT is currently being offered to TSYS' processing clients with general release of the core platform having occurred in the fourth quarter of 2003. Continued development of TSYS ProphIT provides increased and enhanced functionality to the core platform, to include additional customer service functions. The Company capitalized approximately \$111,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2004, bringing the total amount capitalized for 2004 to \$1.7 million on TSYS ProphIT. The Company has invested a total of \$30.0 million since the project began.

The Company is developing its Integrated Payments Platform supporting the online and offline debit and stored value markets, which will give clients access to all national and regional networks, EBT programs, ATM driving and switching services for online debit processing. The Company has invested a total of \$7.3 million since the project began. The Company expects to complete the system in phases.

Due to the complexity of the differences between the English language and Asian languages, computer systems require two bytes to store an Asian character compared to one byte in the English language. With the opening of a branch office in Japan to facilitate its marketing of card processing services, TSYS began modifying its current TS2 system to be able to accommodate language and currency differences with Asia, commonly referred to as the "double byte project." The Company had invested a total of \$10.1 million since the project began.

As discussed earlier, during the second quarter of 2004, the Company decided to change its approach for entry into the Asia-Pacific market. As a result, the Company recognized a \$10.1 million impairment charge in net occupancy and equipment expense for the write-off of the double-byte software development project. The \$10.1 million impairment charge is reflected in the domestic-based services segment.

Financial Position, Liquidity and Capital Resources (continued)

Cash Used in Acquisitions

During the nine months ended September 30, 2004, the Company purchased TSYS Prepaid, Inc. for approximately \$53.0 million. During the nine months ended September 30, 2003, the Company purchased Enhancement Services Corporation, Inc. for approximately \$36.0 million.

Dividends Received from Joint Ventures

During the nine months ended September 30, 2004, the Company received a dividend payment of \$15.0 million from its Vital joint venture, and the Company received a dividend payment of \$0.9 million from TSYS de Mexico. During the nine months ended September 30, 2003, the Company received \$5.3 million in dividend payments from its joint ventures.

Contract Acquisition Costs

TSYS makes cash payments for processing rights, third-party development costs and other direct salary related costs in connection with converting new customers to the Company's processing systems. The Company's investments in contract acquisition costs were \$19.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2004, bringing the total for 2004 to \$22.4 million, compared to \$17.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2003. The Company had cash payments for processing rights of \$16.0 million and \$4.5 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Conversion cost additions were \$6.4 million and \$13.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. The decrease in the amount of conversion cost additions for 2004, as compared to 2003, is the result of the use of the percentage-of-completion accounting method for TSYS' agreement with Bank One. TSYS recognizes revenues in proportion to costs incurred.

Cash Flows From Financing Activities

The major use of cash for financing activities has been the principal payments on capital lease and software obligations, the payment of dividends and the purchase of stock under the stock repurchase plan as described below. The main source of cash from financing activities has been the occasional use of borrowed funds. Net cash used in financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 was \$58.1 million mainly as a result of the payments related to the software obligations, and to a lesser extent, the purchases of common stock and payments of dividends. Financing activities used \$16.5 million in cash for the nine months ended September 30, 2003 primarily the result of the purchase of common stock and dividends paid on common stock.

Software Obligations

On March 31, 2004, the Company paid in full the obligations related to licensed mainframe software. The effective interest rates related to the software obligations were well above current market rates.

Stock Repurchase Plan

On April 15, 2003, TSYS announced that its board had approved a stock repurchase plan to purchase up to 2 million shares, which represents slightly more than five percent of the shares of TSYS stock held by shareholders other than Synovus. The shares may be purchased from time to time over the next two years and will depend on various factors including price, market conditions, acquisitions and the general financial position of TSYS. Repurchased shares will be used for general corporate purposes. For the first nine months of 2004, the Company purchased 52,200 shares at an average cost of \$22.76

Financial Position, Liquidity and Capital Resources (continued)

per share. Since the plan was announced, the Company has purchased 577,491 shares at an average cost of \$19.07 per share.

Dividends

Dividends on common stock of \$7.9 million were paid during the three months ended September 30, 2004, bringing the total for 2004 to \$15.7 million. On April 15, 2004, the Company announced it would double its quarterly dividend from \$0.02 to \$0.04 per share, payable on July 1, 2004.

Foreign Exchange

TSYS operates internationally and is subject to potentially adverse movements in foreign currency exchange rates. Since December 2000, TSYS has not entered into foreign exchange forward contracts to reduce its exposure to foreign currency rate changes.

Impact of Inflation

Although the impact of inflation on its operations cannot be precisely determined, the Company believes that by controlling its operating expenses, and by taking advantage of more efficient computer hardware and software, it can minimize the impact of inflation.

Working Capital

TSYS may seek additional external sources of capital in the future. The form of any such financing will vary depending upon prevailing market and other conditions and may include short-term or long-term borrowings from financial institutions or the issuance of additional equity and/or debt securities such as industrial revenue bonds. However, there can be no assurance that funds will be available on terms acceptable to TSYS. Management expects that TSYS will continue to be able to fund a significant portion of its capital expenditure needs through internally generated cash in the future, as evidenced by TSYS' current ratio of 1.6:1. At September 30, 2004, TSYS had working capital of \$126.0 million compared to \$127.4 million at December 31, 2003.

Legal Proceedings

The Company has received notification from the United States Attorneys' Office for the Northern District of California that the United States Department of Justice is investigating whether the Company and/or one of its large credit card processing clients violated the False Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. §§3729-33, in connection with mailings made on behalf of the client from July 1997 through November 2001. The subject matter of the investigation relates to the U.S. Postal Service's Move Update Requirements. In general, the Postal Service's Move Update Requirements are designed to reduce the volume of mail that is returned to sender as undeliverable as addressed. In effect, these requirements provide, among other things, various procedures that may be utilized to maintain the accuracy of mailing lists in exchange for discounts on postal rates. The Company has received a subpoena from the Office of the Inspector General of the U.S. Postal Service, and has produced documents responsive to the subpoena, and expects to provide further documentation to the government in connection with this investigation. The Company intends to fully cooperate with the Department of Justice in the investigation, and there can be no assurance as to the timing or outcome of the investigation, including whether the investigation will result in any criminal or civil fines, penalties, judgments or treble damages or other claims against the Company. The Company is not in a position to estimate whether or not any loss may arise out of this investigation. As a result, no reserve or accrual has been recorded in the Company's financial statements relating to this matter.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

The Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, contains a discussion of recently issued accounting standards and the expected impact on our financial statements. There have been no accounting standards issued since then that are expected to have a material impact on the financial statements of the Company.

On March 31, 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued an Exposure Draft titled "Share-Based Payment, an amendment of FASB Statements No. 123 and 95," that would be called "FAS 123r", that addresses accounting for equity based compensation arrangements. The proposed Statement would eliminate the ability to account for share-based compensation transactions using Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" and replace some of the existing requirements under FASB No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation." The proposed statement would require that such arrangements are accounted for using a fair-value-based method of accounting and the related cost expensed over the corresponding service period. The issuance of a final statement in the same format as the exposure draft would have a significant impact on the Company's results of operations. It is anticipated that the final statement will be issued in the fourth quarter of 2004. On October 13, 2004, the FASB announced that the proposed standard would be adopted by public companies the first fiscal quarter beginning after June 15, 2005.

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements contained in this filing which are not statements of historical fact constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act (the Act). These forward-looking statements include, among others, TSYS' expected conversions of the Chase Card Services portfolios in the fourth quarter of 2004 and the second half of 2005, TSYS' expectation that it will maintain the card processing functions of Chase Card Services for at least two years, the expected earnings per share impact of the Chase Card Services agreement in 2004, 2005 and 2006, TSYS' anticipated execution of an amendment to its processing agreement with Bank of America to encompass the processing of the FleetBoston portfolio, TSYS' expected growth in earnings per share and revenues for 2004, TSYS' expected growth in earnings per share for 2005, any matter that may arise out of the United States Department of Justice's investigation, and the assumptions underlying such statements, including, with respect to TSYS' expected growth in earnings per share for 2005, an increase in revenues before reimbursable items of 10-12%, a 6-9% growth in revenues from existing electronic payment processing clients, Vital Processing Services growing earnings by at least 5% and no significant client losses or additions through 2005. In addition, certain statements in future filings by TSYS with the Securities and Exchange Commission, in press releases, and in oral and written statements made by or with the approval of TSYS which are not statements of historical fact constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Act. Examples of forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: (i) projections of revenue, income or loss, earnings or loss per share, the payment or nonpayment of dividends, capital structure and other financial items; (ii) statements of plans and objectives of TSYS or its management or Board of Directors, including those relating to products or services; (iii) statements of future economic performance; and (iv) statements of assumptions underlying such statements. Words such as "believes," "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "targeted," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements.

Forward-Looking Statements (continued)

Prospective investors are cautioned that any such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties, and that actual results may differ materially from those contemplated by such forward-looking statements. A number of important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements in this filing. Many of these factors are beyond TSYS' ability to control or predict. The factors include, but are not limited to: (i) revenues are lower than anticipated; (ii) internal growth rates from TSYS' existing customers are lower than anticipated; (iii) Vital's earnings are lower than anticipated; (iv) TSYS does not convert the Chase Card Services portfolios as expected; (v) TSYS does not process the Chase Card Services portfolios for at least two years as expected; (vi) the number of active accounts that TSYS processes for Chase Card Services is less than anticipated; (vii) adverse developments with respect to TSYS' sub-prime or retail clients; (viii) TSYS' inability to control expenses and increase market share; (ix) TSYS' inability to successfully bring new products to market, including, but not limited to stored value products, e-commerce products, loan processing products and other processing services; (x) the inability of TSYS to grow its business through acquisitions or successfully integrate acquisitions; (xi) TSYS' inability to increase the revenues derived from international sources; (xii) adverse developments with respect to entering into contracts with new clients and retaining current clients; (xiii) the merger of TSYS clients with entities that are not TSYS clients or the sale of portfolios by TSYS clients to entities that are not TSYS clients, including the acquisition by Citigroup of the Sears portfolio (xiv) TSYS' inability to anticipate and respond to technological changes, particularly with respect to ecommerce; (xv) adverse developments with respect to the successful conversion of clients; (xvi) the absence of significant changes in foreign exchange spreads between the United States and the countries TSYS transacts business in, to include Mexico, United Kingdom, Japan, Canada and the European Union; (xvii) changes in consumer spending, borrowing and saving habits, including the mix of payments between cash and cards; (xviii) changes in laws, regulations, credit card association rules or other industry standards affecting TSYS' business which require significant product redevelopment efforts; (xix) the effect of changes in accounting policies and practices as may be adopted by the Financial Accounting Standards Board or the Securities and Exchange Commission; (xx) the costs and effects of litigation or adverse facts and developments relating thereto; (xxi) adverse developments with respect to the credit card industry in general; (xxii) TSYS' inability to successfully manage any impact from slowing economic conditions or consumer spending; (xxiii) the occurrence of catastrophic events that would impact TSYS' or its major customers' operating facilities, communications systems and technology, or that has a material negative impact on current economic conditions or levels of consumer spending; (xxiv) successfully managing the potential both for patent protection and patent liability in the context of rapidly developing legal framework for expansive software patent protection; (xxv) hostilities increase in the Middle East or elsewhere; and (xxvi) overall market conditions.

Such forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which such statements are made, and TSYS undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which such statement is made to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Item 3 – Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

TSYS is exposed to foreign exchange risk because it has assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses denominated in foreign currencies including the Euro, British Pound, Mexican Peso, Canadian Dollar and Japanese Yen. These currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at current exchange rates, except for revenues, costs and expenses, and net income, which are translated at the average exchange rates for each reporting period. Net exchange gains or losses resulting from the translation of assets and liabilities of TSYS' foreign operations, net of tax, are accumulated in a separate section of shareholders' equity titled accumulated other comprehensive income or loss. The amount of other comprehensive loss for the three months ended September 30, 2004 was \$1.2 million. The amount of other comprehensive income for the three months ended September 30, 2003 was \$470,000. The amount of other comprehensive income for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 was \$1.3 million compared to \$2.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2003. Currently, TSYS does not use financial instruments to hedge its exposure to exchange rate changes.

The carrying value of the net assets of its foreign operations in Europe, Mexico, Canada and Japan was approximately (in U.S. dollars) \$140.2 million, \$4.2 million, \$328,000 and \$13.0 million, respectively, at September 30, 2004.

The Company also records foreign currency translation adjustments associated with other balance sheet accounts. The Company maintains several cash accounts denominated in foreign currencies, primarily in Euros and British Pound Sterling (BPS). As the Company translates the foreign-denominated cash balances into US dollars, the translated cash balance is adjusted upward or downward depending upon the foreign currency exchange movements. The upward or downward adjustment is recorded as a gain or loss on foreign currency translation in the Company's statements of income. As those cash accounts have increased, the upward or downward adjustments have increased. The majority of the translation gain of \$45,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 relates to the translation of cash accounts. The balance of the foreign-denominated cash accounts subject to risk of translation gains or losses at September 30, 2004 was approximately \$1.9 million, the majority of which is denominated in BPS.

The following represents the potential effect on income before income taxes of hypothetical shifts in the foreign currency exchange rate between the BPS and the U.S. dollar of plus or minus 100 basis points, 500 basis points and 1,000 basis points based on the foreign-denominated cash account balance at September 30, 2004.

		Effect of Basis Point Change					
		Increase in basis point of			Decrease in basis point of		
		100	500	1,000	100	500	1,000
(in thousands)							
Effect on income before income taxes	\$	(19)	(96)	(192)	19	96	192

The foreign currency risks associated with other currencies is not significant.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.

Item 3 – Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk (continued)

Interest Rate Risk

TSYS is also exposed to interest rate risk associated with the investing of available cash and the use of long-term debt associated with its line of credit as discussed below. TSYS invests available cash in conservative short-term instruments and is primarily subject to changes in the short-term interest rates.

In connection with the purchase of the campus, TSYS obtained a \$45.0 million long-term line of credit from a banking affiliate of Synovus. The line is an automatic draw down facility. The interest rate for the line of credit is the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 150 basis points. In addition, there is a charge of 15 basis points on any funds unused. As the LIBOR rate changes, TSYS will be subject to interest rate risk. At September 30, 2004, TSYS did not have an outstanding balance on the line of credit.

Concentration of Credit Risk

TSYS works to maintain a large and diverse client base across various industries to minimize the credit risk of any one client to TSYS' accounts receivable amounts. In addition, TSYS performs ongoing credit evaluations of its certain clients' and certain suppliers' financial condition. TSYS does, however, have two major customers that account for a large portion of its revenues, which subject it to credit risk.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.

Item 4 –Controls and Procedures

We have evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report as required by Rule 13a-15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. This evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer. Based on this evaluation, these officers have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective in timely alerting them to material information relating to TSYS (including its consolidated subsidiaries) required to be included in our periodic Securities and Exchange Commission filings. No change in TSYS' internal control over financial reporting occurred during the period covered by this report that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Part II - Other Information

Item 2 – Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table sets forth information regarding the Company's purchases of its common stock on a monthly basis during the three months ended September 30, 2004:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
				1,422,509
July 2004	-	\$-	-	1,422,509
August 2004	-	-	-	1,422,509
September 2004	-	-	-	1,422,509
Total	-	\$-		

In April 2003, the Company announced a plan to purchase up to 2.0 million shares of its common stock from time to time and at various prices over the ensuing two years. During the nine months ended September 30, 2004, the Company repurchased 52,200 shares of its common stock at an average price of \$22.76. Over the course of the plan, through September 30, 2004, the Company has repurchased 577,491 shares of its common stock at a cost of \$11,013,106, or an average cost of \$19.07 per share.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Part II - Other Information

Item 6 - Exhibits

a) Exhibits

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
10.1	Form of Stock Option Agreement for the Total System Services, Inc. 1992 Long-Term Incentive Plan, which plan was previously filed as Exhibit 10.5 of TSYS' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1992
10.2	Form of Stock Option Agreement for the: (i) Synovus Financial Corp. 1994 Long-Term Incentive Plan, which plan was previously filed as Exhibit 10.11 of TSYS' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1994; (ii) Synovus Financial Corp. 2000 Long-Term Incentive Plan, which plan was previously filed as Exhibit 10.16 of TSYS' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999; and (iii) Synovus Financial Corp. 2002 Long-Term Incentive Plan, which plan was filed as Exhibit 10.3 of TSYS' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

**TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.

Date: November 5, 2004

by: /s/ Philip W. Tomlinson

Philip W. Tomlinson
Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 5, 2004

by: /s/ James B. Lipham

James B. Lipham
Chief Financial Officer

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.
Exhibit Index

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