UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q
[X] Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2018.
[] Transition Report under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. For the transition period from: to
Commission File Number: 001-32244
INDEPENDENCE HOLDING COMPANY (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)
<u>Delaware</u> (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) <u>58-1407235</u> (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
96 CUMMINGS POINT ROAD, STAMFORD, CONNECTICUT (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)
Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (203) 358-8000
NOT APPLICABLE
Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X No []]
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, it any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (232.40 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes [X] No []
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.
Large Accelerated Filer [] Accelerated Filer [X] Non-Accelerated Filer [] Smaller Reporting Company []
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Ye [] No [X]

Class
Common stock, \$ 1.00 par value

Outstanding at August 3, 2018 14,788,559 Shares

INDEPENDENCE HOLDING COMPANY

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Copies of the Company's SEC filings can be found on its website at www.ihcgroup.com.

Forward-Looking Statements

This report on Form 10–Q contains certain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, which are intended to be covered by the safe harbors created by those laws. We have based our forward-looking statements on our current expectations and projections about future events. Our forward-looking statements include information about possible or assumed future results of our operations. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, included or incorporated by reference in this report that address activities, events or developments that we expect or anticipate may occur in the future, including such things as the growth of our business and operations, our business strategy, competitive strengths, goals, plans, future capital expenditures and references to future successes may be considered forward-looking statements. Also, when we use words such as "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "plan," "probably" or similar expressions, we are making forward-looking statements.

Numerous risks and uncertainties may impact the matters addressed by our forward-looking statements, any of which could negatively and materially affect our future financial results and performance. We describe some of these risks and uncertainties in greater detail in Item 1A, <u>Risk Factors</u>, of IHC's Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed with Securities and Exchange Commission.

Although we believe that the assumptions underlying our forward-looking statements are reasonable, any of these assumptions, and, therefore, also the forward-looking statements based on these assumptions, could themselves prove to be inaccurate. In light of the significant uncertainties inherent in the forward-looking statements that are included in this report, our inclusion of this information is not a representation by us or any other person that our objectives and plans will be achieved. Our forward-looking statements speak only as of the date made, and we will not update these forward-looking statements unless the securities laws require us to do so. In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, any forward-looking event discussed in this report may not occur.

INDEPENDENCE HOLDING COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands, except share data)

		June 30, 2018	De	ecember 31, 2017
	_	(Unaudited)		, , ,
ASSETS:		(======================================		
Investments:				
Short-term investments	\$	50	\$	50
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		8.642		10,269
Fixed maturities, available-for-sale		440,077		441,912
Equity securities		5,262		6,120
Other investments		17,729		18,547
Total investments	_	471,760		476,898
		,,,,,,,		,
Cash and cash equivalents		21,252		26,465
Due and unpaid premiums		25,615		21,950
Due from reinsurers		374,316		380,593
Goodwill		50,697		50,697
Other assets		86,251		84,020
	_			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,029,891	\$	1,040,623
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY:				
LIABILITIES:				
Policy benefits and claims	\$	159,678	\$	168,683
Future policy benefits		210,592		214,766
Funds on deposit		142,564		143,537
Unearned premiums		12,579		6,666
Other policyholders' funds		10,959		10,402
Due to reinsurers		3,812		3,808
Accounts payable, accruals and other liabilities		51,002		56,453
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	591,186		604,315
Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)				
Redeemable noncontrolling interest		2,209		2,065
		_,,,-		_,
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:				
Preferred stock \$1.00 par value, 100,000 shares authorized;				
none issued or outstanding		-		_
Common stock \$1.00 par value, 23,000,000 shares authorized;				
18,625,458 and 18,625,458 shares issued; and 14,794,730 and				
14,890,285 shares outstanding		18,625		18,625
Paid-in capital		125,018		124,538
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(11,237)		(4,598)
Treasury stock, at cost; 3,830,728 and 3,735,173 shares		(66,440)		(63,404)
Retained earnings		367,913		356,383
TOTAL IHC STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		433,879		431,544
NONREDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS		2,617		2,699
TOTAL EQUITY		436,496		434,243
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$	1,029,891	\$	1,040,623
5	_	-,-27,071		-,0,0=0

INDEPENDENCE HOLDING COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except per share data)

		Three M Ju	onth ine 3				onths une 3	Ended 0,
	_	2018		2017	_	2018		2017
REVENUES:	_				_		_	
Premiums earned	\$	77,334	\$	71,927	\$	156,826	\$	134,868
Net investment income		3,417		4,100		6,603		8,011
Fee income		4,585		5,697		9,796		8,922
Other income (loss)		(25)		413		319		2,004
Net investment gains (losses)	_	(423)		100		(352)		272
		84,888		82,237		173,192		154,077
EXPENSES:								
Insurance benefits, claims and reserves		33,701		37,324		69,608		69,535
Selling, general and administrative expenses	_	41,693		40,985	-	85,036		73,067
	_	75,394		78,309		154,644		142,602
Income before income taxes		9,494		3,928		18,548		11,475
Income taxes (benefits)	_	2,652	_	(10,379)	_	4,658	_	(7,841
Net income		6.842		14.307		13.890		19,316
(Income) loss from nonredeemable noncontrolling interests		(24)		26		(40)		(36
(Income) from redeemable noncontrolling interests	_	(61)		(2)		(132)		(13
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO IHC	\$ _	6,757	\$	14,331	\$	13,718	\$	19,267
Basic income per common share	\$_	.46	\$.88	\$.93	\$	1.17
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING	_	14,799		16,349		14,815		16,524
Diluted income per common share	\$.45	\$.86	\$.91	\$	1.15
WEIGHTED AVERAGE DILUTED SHARES OUTSTANDING		15,128		16,628		15,101		16,802

INDEPENDENCE HOLDING COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited) (In thousands)

		Three Months Ende June 30,				Six Mo	nths ine 3	
	_	2018	iiic o	2017		2018	alle 5	2017
	_	2010		2017		2010		2017
Net income	\$	6,842	\$	14,307	\$	13,890	\$	19,316
Other comprehensive income (loss):		,		,		,		,
Available-for-sale securities:								
Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities, pre-tax		(2,855)		2,988		(7,983)		6,969
Tax expense (benefit) on unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities		(603)		1,049		(1,694)		2,509
Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities, net of taxes		(2,252)		1,939		(6,289)		4,460
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax		(2,252)		1,939		(6,289)		4,460
							_	
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, NET OF TAX		4,590		16,246		7,601		23,776
,		·						
Comprehensive (income) loss, net of tax, attributable to								
noncontrolling interests:								
(Income) loss from noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries		(85)		24		(172)		(49)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax, attributable to								
noncontrolling interests		-		-		-		-
	_							
COMPREHENSIVE (INCOME) LOSS, NET OF TAX,								
ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS		(85)		24		(172)		(49)
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, NET OF TAX,								
ATTRIBUTABLE TO IHC	\$	4,505	\$	16,270	\$	7,429	\$	23,727

INDEPENDENCE HOLDING COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Unaudited) (In thousands)

	_	COMMON STOCK		PAID-IN CAPITAL	 ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS		TREASURY STOCK, AT COST		RETAINED EARNINGS		TOTAL IHC STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		NONREDEEMABLE NON- CONTROLLING INTERESTS		TOTAL EQUITY
BALANCE AT															
DECEMBER 31, 2017	\$	18,625	\$	124,538	\$ (4,598)	\$	(63,404)	\$	356,383	\$	431,544	\$	2,699	\$	434,243
Cumulative effects of new															
accounting principles					(350)				34		(316)		(97)		(413)
Net income					(550)				13,718		13,718		40		13,758
Other comprehensive									,		,				•
income (loss), net of tax					(6,289)						(6,289)		-		(6,289)
Repurchases of common stock							(3,147)				(3,147)		-		(3,147)
Common stock dividend (\$.15 per share)									(2,222)		(2,222)		-		(2,222)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests											-		(25)		(25)
Share-based compensation	_		_	480		_	111				591	_	<u> </u>		591
BALANCE AT															
JUNE 30, 2018	\$	18,625	\$	125,018	\$ (11,237)	\$	(66,440)	\$	367,913	\$	433,879	\$	2,617	\$	436,496

INDEPENDENCE HOLDING COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited) (In thousands)

	_		Enucu	d June 30,		
		2018		2017		
ASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED BY) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Net income	\$	13,890	\$	19,3		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net change in cash from						
operating activities:						
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs		271		1'		
Net investment (gains) losses		352		(27		
Equity (income) loss from equity method investments		765		(67		
Depreciation and amortization		1,271		84		
Deferred tax expense		855		2,0		
Other		3,119		3,10		
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
Change in insurance liabilities		(6,954)		(66,0		
Change in amounts due from reinsurers		6,277		44,5		
Change in claim fund balances		411		7,7		
Change in current income tax liability		1,573		(10,7:		
Change in due and unpaid premiums		(3,665)		9,0		
Other operating activities		(11,729)		(4,49		
Net change in cash from operating activities		6,436	<u></u>	4,6		
ASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED BY) INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Net sales and maturities of short-term investments		-		6,8		
Net sales of securities under resale agreements		1,627		14,4		
Sales of equity securities		698		,		
Sales of fixed maturities		42.217		129,3		
Maturities and other repayments of fixed maturities		8,727		8,6		
Purchases of fixed maturities		(57,525)		(112,7)		
Payments to acquire business, net of cash acquired		(37,323)		(12,3)		
Distributions from other investments		_		5,2		
Purchases of other investments		_		(6)		
Other investing activities		(502)		4		
		(882)	_			
Net change in cash from investing activities		(4,758)		39,3		
ASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED BY) FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Repurchases of common stock		(3,056)		(42,10		
Withdrawals of investment-type insurance contracts				(42,10		
Dividends paid		(725) (3,710)		(1,02		
Other financing activities		(3,710)		(1,0.		
Onici iniancing activities		109	_	(.		
Net change in cash from financing activities		(7,382)	_	(44,12		
et change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		(5,704)		(1		
ash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of year		32,197		23,7		
ash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	\$	26,493	\$	23,6		

INDEPENDENCE HOLDING COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 1. Organization, Consolidation, Basis of Presentation and Accounting Policies

(A) Business and Organization

Independence Holding Company, a Delaware corporation ("IHC"), is a holding company principally engaged in the life and health insurance business through: (i) its insurance companies, Standard Security Life Insurance Company of New York ("Standard Security Life"), Madison National Life Insurance Company, Inc. ("Madison National Life"), and Independence American Insurance Company ("Independence American"); and (ii) its marketing and administrative companies, including IHC Specialty Benefits Inc., IHC Carrier Solutions, Inc. and a majority interest in PetPartners, Inc. IHC also owns a significant equity interest in Ebix Health Exchange Holdings, LLC ("Ebix Health Exchange"), an administration exchange for health insurance. Standard Security Life, Madison National Life and Independence American are sometimes collectively referred to as the "Insurance Group". IHC and its subsidiaries (including the Insurance Group) are sometimes collectively referred to as the "Company", or "IHC", or are implicit in the terms "we", "us" and "our".

Geneve Corporation, a diversified financial holding company, and its affiliated entities, held approximately 62% of IHC's outstanding common stock at June 30, 2018.

(B) Basis of Presentation

The unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial statements and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X and, therefore, do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. The unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of IHC and its consolidated subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect: (i) the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements; and (ii) the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. IHC's Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission should be read in conjunction with the accompanying unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring accruals) that are necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated financial position and results of operations for the interim periods have been included. The condensed consolidated results of operations for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be anticipated for the entire year.

(C) Reclassifications

Certain amounts in prior year's consolidated financial statements and Notes thereto have been reclassified to conform to the 2018 presentation primarily as a result of new accounting principles adopted in the current year.

(D) Revenue Recognition

Insurance premiums are recognized as revenue over the period insurance protection is provided. For additional information about our policies regarding the recognition of premium revenues, see Note 1 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in our 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed with

the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Fee income includes fees and commissions for various sales, marketing and administrative services provided by our marketing and administrative companies. Revenue is recognized as these services are performed. For these administrative service and other contracts, we have no material contract assets or contract liabilities on our consolidated balance sheet at June 30, 2018. Revenue recognized from performance obligations related to prior periods, and revenue expected to be recognized in future periods related to unfulfilled contractual performance obligations and contracts with variable consideration, is not material.

(E) Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

In May 2017, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued guidance to provide clarity and reduce both (i) diversity in practice; and (ii) cost and complexity when accounting for a change in the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award. The amendments in this guidance will be applied prospectively. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued guidance that clarifies the definition of a business to assist entities with evaluating when a set of transferred assets and activities is a business. The amendments in this guidance will be applied prospectively. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In November 2016, the FASB issued guidance requiring entities to show the changes in the total cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows. The amendments in this guidance were applied retrospectively. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material effect on the Company's Statements of Cash Flows and had no effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In October 2016, the FASB issued guidance requiring an entity to recognize the income tax consequences of an intra-entity transfer of an asset other than inventory when the transfer occurs. The amendments in this guidance were applied on a modified retrospective basis through a cumulative-effect adjustment directly to retained earnings as of the January 1, 2018. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued guidance that changes how certain cash receipts and cash payments are presented and classified in the cash flows statement. The Company has elected to classify distributions received from equity method investees using the cumulative earnings approach. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In January 2016, the FASB issued guidance that eliminates the requirement to classify equity securities with readily determinable fair values as trading or available-for-sale. The guidance requires equity securities, other than those that result in consolidation or are accounted for under the equity method (including other ownership interests, such as partnerships, unincorporated joint ventures, and limited liability companies), to be measured at fair value with changes in the fair value recognized through net income, simplifies the impairment assessment of equity securities without readily determinable fair values and requires changes in disclosure requirements. The amendments in this guidance were applied by means of a cumulative-effect adjustment of \$340,000 credit to retained earnings as of January 1, 2018. The amendments related to equity securities without readily determinable fair values (including disclosure requirements) will be applied prospectively to equity investments that existed as of January 1, 2018. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material effect on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet or IHC's stockholders' equity.

In May 2014, the FASB issued revenue recognition guidance for entities that either enter into contracts

with customers to transfer goods or services or enter into contracts for the transfer of nonfinancial assets unless those contracts are within the scope of other standards such as insurance contracts or lease contracts. The amendment provides specific steps that an entity should apply in order to achieve its main objective which is recognizing revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Substantially all of the Company's revenue sources are excluded from the scope of the standard. For those revenue sources within the scope of the standard (included in the Fee income line of the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income), there were no material changes in the timing or measurement of revenues. The amendments in this guidance were applied retrospectively with a cumulative effect adjustment on January 1, 2018, and as such, the Company recorded \$552,000 of contract assets and \$1,094,000 of deferred revenues, which are included on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet in other assets and accounts payable, accruals and other liabilities. The overall net impact on retained earnings was a charge of \$306,000, after the effects of taxes and noncontrolling interests.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted

In July 2018, the FASB issued guidance to simplify several aspects of accounting for nonemployee share-based compensation. The amendments in this guidance are effective for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within that fiscal year. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In March 2017, the FASB issued guidance requiring premium amortization on callable debt securities to be amortized to the earliest call date to more closely align the amortization period with expectations incorporated in market pricing of the underlying securities. The amendments in this guidance should be applied using a modified retrospective approach for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those periods. Additional disclosures are required in the period of adoption. Early adoption is permitted. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued guidance to simplify the test for goodwill impairment by eliminating Step 2 in the goodwill impairment test. Instead, under the amendments in this guidance, an entity should perform its annual or interim, goodwill impairment test by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount. An entity should recognize an impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value. Additionally, an entity should consider income tax effects from any tax-deductible goodwill on the carrying amount of the reporting unit when measuring the goodwill impairment loss, if applicable. The amendments in this guidance are effective for public business entities for annual, or any interim, goodwill impairment tests in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In June 2016, the FASB issued guidance requiring financial assets measured at amortized cost basis to be presented at the net amount expected to be collected. An allowance for credit losses will be deducted from the amortized cost basis to present the net carrying value at the amount expected to be collected with changes in the allowance recorded in earnings. Credit losses relating to available-for-sale debt securities will also be recorded through an allowance for credit losses rather than the currently applied U.S. GAAP method of taking a permanent impairment of the security, which would be limited to the amount by which fair value is below the amortized cost. Certain existing requirements used to evaluate credit losses have been removed. For public entities that are SEC filers, the amendments in this guidance are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those years. Early adoption is permitted for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. The amendments in this guidance should be applied through a cumulative effect adjustment to retained earnings upon adoption as of the beginning of the first reporting period in which the guidance is effective. Management is evaluating the requirements and potential impact that the adoption of this guidance will have on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued guidance that requires lessees to recognize the assets and liabilities that arise from leases, including operating leases, on the statement of financial position. The amendments in this guidance are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 31, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. In July 2018, the FASB issued additional guidance that allows entities the option to either recognize a cumulative-effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings in the period of adoption or to use a modified retrospective approach. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Note 2. Income Per Common Share

Diluted income per share was computed using the treasury stock method and includes incremental common shares, primarily from the dilutive effect of share-based payment awards, amounting to 329,000 and 286,000 shares for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively, and 279,000 and 278,000 shares for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2017.

Note 3. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash reported within the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets to the amounts shown in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the periods indicated (in thousands):

		June	30,
	2018		2017
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,252	\$	22,070
Restricted cash included in other assets	5,241		1,534
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ 26,493	\$	23,604

Restricted cash includes insurance premiums collected from insureds that are pending remittance to insurance carriers and/or payment of insurance claims and commissions to third party administrators. These amounts are required to be set aside by contractual agreements with the insurance carriers and are included in other assets on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Note 4. Investment Securities

The cost (amortized cost with respect to certain fixed maturities), gross unrealized gains, gross unrealized losses and fair value of fixed maturities available-for-sale are as follows for the periods indicated (in thousands):

	June 30, 2018													
				GROSS		GROSS								
	A	AMORTIZED		UNREALIZED		UNREALIZED		FAIR						
		COST		GAINS	LOSSES			VALUE						
			_				_							
FIXED MATURITIES														
AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE:														
Corporate securities	\$	188,640	\$	12	\$	(6,688)	\$	181,964						
CMOs – residential (1)		6,464		-		(337)		6,127						
U.S. Government obligations		56,158		-		(706)		55,452						
Agency MBS – residential (2)		8		-		-		8						
GSEs (3)		9,673		-		(238)		9,435						
States and political subdivisions		179,230		170		(6,373)		173,027						
Foreign government obligations		4,130		-		(103)		4,027						
Redeemable preferred stocks		10,006		142		(111)		10,037						
							_							
Total fixed maturities	\$	454,309	\$	324	\$	(14,556)	\$	440,077						

				Decembe	r 31	, 2017		
				GROSS		GROSS		
	A	AMORTIZED		UNREALIZED		UNREALIZED		FAIR
		COST		GAINS		LOSSES		VALUE
FIXED MATURITIES								
AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE:								
Corporate securities	\$	148,996	\$	298	\$	(2,847)	\$	146,447
CMOs - residential (1)		6,857		-		(180)		6,677
U.S. Government obligations		85,510		-		(396)		85,114
Agency MBS - residential (2)		14		-		-		14
GSEs (3)		9,887		-		(205)		9,682
States and political subdivisions		182,664		598		(3,619)		179,643
Foreign government obligations		4,227		13		(90)		4,150
Redeemable preferred stocks		10,006		179		-		10,185
Total fixed maturities	\$	448,161	\$	1,088	\$	(7,337)	\$	441,912

- (1) Collateralized mortgage obligations ("CMOs").
- (2) Mortgage-backed securities ("MBS").
- Government-sponsored enterprises ("GSEs") are private enterprises established and chartered by the Federal Government or its various insurance and lease programs which carry the full faith and credit obligation of the U.S. Government.

The amortized cost and fair value of fixed maturities available-for-sale at June 30, 2018, by contractual maturity, are shown below (in thousands). Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

	_	AMORTIZED COST	FAIR VALUE	
Due in one year or less	\$	35,513	\$	35,334
Due after one year through five years		163,610		160,024
Due after five years through ten years		139,524		134,911
Due after ten years		99,516		94,237
Fixed maturities with no single maturity date		16,146		15,571
·				
	\$	454,309	\$	440,077

The following tables summarize, for all fixed maturities available-for-sale in an unrealized loss position, the aggregate fair value and gross unrealized loss by length of time those securities that have continuously been in an unrealized loss position for the periods indicated (in thousands):

	_	June 30, 2018													
	_	Less tl	nan 12 l	Months		12 Mo	nths or			Tot	tal				
		Fair		Unrealized		Fair		Unrealized		Fair		Unrealized			
		Value		Losses		Value	_	Losses		Value		Losses			
Corporate securities	\$	98,849	\$	2,692	\$	76,271	\$	3,996	\$	175,120	\$	6,688			
CMOs - residential		-		-		6,089		337		6,089		337			
U.S. Government obligations		43,284		314		12,168		392		55,452		706			
GSEs		-		-		9,426		238		9,426		238			
States and political subdivisions		72,880		1,651		86,243		4,722		159,123		6,373			
Foreign government obligations		1,162		2		2,865		101		4,027		103			
Redeemable preferred stocks	_	5,859		111		-	_	_		5,859		111			
Fixed maturities in an															
unrealized loss position	\$	222,034	\$	4,770	\$	193,062	\$_	9,786	\$	415,096	\$	14,556			
			_				_				-				
Number of fixed maturities in an															
unrealized loss position	=	110			=	81			:	191	:				

	_					Decemb	oer 31,	2017			
	_		han 12	Months	_		nths or	Longer		Tot	
		Fair Volum		Unrealized		Fair Volum		Unrealized	Fair Volue		Unrealized
	-	Value	-	Losses		Value	_	Losses	Value	-	Losses
Corporate securities	\$	85,642	\$	1,250	\$	44,640	\$	1,597	\$ 130,282	\$	2,847
CMOs - residential		1,381		45		5,237		135	6,618		180
U.S. Government obligations		75,811		198		9,302		198	85,113		396
GSEs		-		-		9,669		205	9,669		205
States and political subdivisions		83,682		1,348		66,617		2,271	150,299		3,619
Foreign government obligations		2,959		90		-		-	2,959		90
	_	,	_								
Fixed maturities in an											
unrealized loss position	\$	249,475	\$	2,931	\$	135,465	\$	4,406	\$ 384,940	\$	7,337
Number of fixed maturities in an											
unrealized loss position		60				76			136		

Substantially all of the unrealized losses on fixed maturities available-for-sale at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 relate to investment grade securities and are attributable to changes in market interest rates. Because the Company does not intend to sell, nor is it more likely than not that the Company will have to sell such investments before recovery of their amortized cost bases, which may be maturity, the Company does not consider these investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at June 30, 2018.

Net investment gains (losses) are as follows for periods indicated (in thousands):

		Three Mo	onth ne 3			Six Mor		
	-	2018	ne s	2017	_	2018	ne 30	2017
	-		-	-	_		_	-
Realized gains (losses):								
Fixed maturities available-for-sale	\$	(366)	\$	146	\$	(195)	\$	343
Equity securities		(5)		-		(5)		-
	_				_			
Total realized gains (losses) on debt and equity securities		(371)		146		(200)		343
Unrealized gains (losses) on equity securities		(52)		(47)		(152)		(72)
	_				_		_	
Gains (losses) on debt and equity securities		(423)		99		(352)		271
Gains (losses) on other investments		-		1		-		1
	-							
Net investment gains (losses)	\$	(423)	\$	100	\$	(352)	\$	272

For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company realized gross gains of \$73,000 and \$319,000, respectively, and gross losses of \$439,000 and \$514,000, respectively, from sales, maturities and prepayments of fixed maturities available-for-sale. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2017, the company realized gross gains of \$365,000 and \$1,339,000, respectively, and gross losses of \$219,000 and \$996,000, respectively, from sales, maturities and prepayments of fixed maturities available for sale.

Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Evaluations

We recognize other-than-temporary impairment losses in earnings in the period that we determine: 1) we intend to sell the security; 2) it is more likely than not that we will be required to sell the security before recovery of its amortized cost basis; or 3) the security has a credit loss. Any non-credit portion of the other-than-temporary impairment loss is recognized in other comprehensive income (loss). See Note 1F(iv) to the Consolidated Financial Statements in the 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K for further discussion of the factors considered by management in its regular review to identify and recognize other-than-temporary impairments on fixed maturities available-for-sale. The Company did not recognize any other-than-temporary impairments on fixed maturities available-for-sale securities in the first six months of 2018 or 2017.

Note 5. Fair Value Disclosures

For all financial and non-financial assets and liabilities accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company utilizes valuation techniques based upon observable and unobservable inputs. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect our market expectations. These two types of inputs create the following fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1 Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.
- **Level 2** Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations whose inputs are observable or whose significant value drivers are observable.
- **Level 3** Instruments where significant value drivers are unobservable.

The following section describes the valuation methodologies we use to measure different assets at fair value.

Fixed maturities available-for-sale:

Fixed maturities available-for-sale included in Level 2 are comprised of our portfolio of government securities, agency mortgage-backed securities, corporate fixed income securities, foreign government obligations, collateralized mortgage obligations, municipals and GSEs that were priced with observable market inputs. Level 3 debt securities consist of municipal tax credit strips. The valuation method used to determine the fair value of municipal tax credit strips is the present value of the remaining future tax credits (at the original issue discount rate) as presented in the redemption tables in the Municipal Prospectuses. This original issue discount is accreted into income on a constant yield basis over the term of the debt instrument. Further, we retain independent pricing vendors to assist in valuing certain instruments.

Equity securities:

Equity securities included in Level 1 are equity securities with quoted market prices.

The following tables present our financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis for the periods indicated (in thousands):

			June	30, 201	8					
	Le	vel 1	Level 2		Level 3		Total			
FINANCIAL ASSETS:										
Fixed maturities available-for-sale:										
Corporate securities	\$	- \$	181,964	\$	-	\$	181,964			
CMOs - residential		-	6,127		-		6,127			
US Government obligations		-	55,452		-		55,452			
Agency MBS - residential		-	8		-		8			
GSEs		-	9,435		-		9,435			
States and political subdivisions		-	171,233		1,794		173,027			
Foreign government obligations		-	4,027		-		4,027			
Redeemable preferred stocks	10.	037	-		-		10,037			
Total fixed maturities	10.	037	428,246		1,794		440,077			
			,		·		· ·			
Equity securities:										
Common stocks	4.	749	_		_		4,749			
Nonredeemable preferred stocks	·	513	-		-		513			
Total equity securities	5.	262	-		-		5,262			
Total equity securities							0,202			
Total Financial Assets	\$ 15,	299 \$_	428,246	\$	1,794	\$	445,339			
		December 31, 2017								
	Le	vel 1	Level 2		Level 3		Total			

		Level 1	_	Level 2	Level 3		Total
FINANCIAL ASSETS:							
Fixed maturities available-for-sale:							
Corporate securities	\$	-	\$	146,447	\$ -	\$	146,447
CMOs - residential		-		6,677	-		6,677
US Government obligations		-		85,114	-		85,114
Agency MBS - residential		-		14	-		14
GSEs		-		9,682	-		9,682
States and political subdivisions		-		177,767	1,876		179,643
Foreign government obligations		-		4,150	-		4,150
Redeemable preferred stocks		10,185		-	-		10,185
Total fixed maturities		10,185	·	429,851	1,876		441,912
	_				,		
Equity securities:							
Common stocks		2,490		-	-		2,490
Nonredeemable preferred stocks		3,630		-	-		3,630
Total equity securities		6,120	' <u></u>	-	 		6,120
-							
Total Financial Assets	\$	16,305	\$	429,851	\$ 1,876	\$	448,032

It is the Company's policy to recognize transfers of assets and liabilities between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of a reporting period. The Company does not transfer out of Level 3 and into Level 2 until such time as observable inputs become available and reliable or the range of available independent prices narrow. The Company did not transfer any securities between Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3 in either 2018 or 2017.

The following table presents the changes in fair value of our Level 3 financial assets for the periods indicated (in thousands):

	_	Three Months Ended June 30,										
	-		2018	8			201	7				
	_	States and		Total	_	States and		Total				
		Political		Level 3		Political		Level 3				
	_	Subdivisions		Assets		Subdivisions	_	Assets				
Beginning balance	\$	1,836	\$	1,836	\$	1,995	\$	1,995				
Increases (decreases) recognized in earnings:												
Net investment gains		-		-		-		-				
Gains (losses) included in other												
comprehensive income (loss):												
Net unrealized gains (losses)		(8)		(8)		(9)		(9)				
Repayments and amortization of												
fixed maturities		(34)		(34)		(30)		(30)				
Sales		-		-		· -		-				
	_				-							
Balance at end of period	\$	1,794	\$	1,794	\$	1,956	\$	1,956				

				Six Months	Ende	ed June 30,	
			2018	3		20	17
		States and		Total		States and	Total
		Political		Level 3		Political	Level 3
	_	Subdivisions		Assets		Subdivisions	Assets
Beginning balance	\$	1,876	\$	1,876	\$	2,033	2,033
Increases (decreases) recognized in earnings:							
Net investment gains		-		-		-	-
Gains (losses) included in other							
comprehensive income (loss):							
Net unrealized gains (losses)		(15)		(15)		(18)	(18)
Repayments and amortization of							
fixed maturities		(67)		(67)		(59)	(59)
Sales	_	-	_	-			
Balance at end of period	\$	1,794	\$	1,794	\$	1,956	1,956

The following table provides carrying values, fair values and classification in the fair value hierarchy of the Company's financial instruments, that are not carried at fair value but are subject to fair value disclosure requirements, for the periods indicated (in thousands):

	_		J	June 30, 2018	3			Dec	ember 31, 2	017	
		Level 1		Level 2			Level 1		Level 2		
		Fair		Fair		Carrying	Fair		Fair		Carrying
	_	Value		Value		Value	 Value		Value		Value
FINANCIAL ASSETS:											
Short-term investments	\$	50	\$	-	\$	50	\$ 50	\$	-	\$	50
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES:											
Funds on deposit	\$	-	\$	142,703	\$	142,564	\$ -	\$	143,702	\$	143,537

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of the financial instruments that are not carried at fair value in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements:

Short-term Investments

Investments with original maturities of 91 days to one year are considered short-term investments and are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

Funds on Deposit

The Company has two types of funds on deposit. The first type is credited with a current market interest rate, resulting in a fair value which approximates the carrying amount. The second type carries fixed interest rates which are higher than current market interest rates. The fair value of these deposits was estimated by discounting the payments using current market interest rates. The Company's universal life policies are also credited with current market interest rates, resulting in a fair value which approximates the carrying amount. Both types of funds on deposit are included in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Note 6. Other Investments, Including Variable Interest Entities

Included in other investments is our investment in Ebix Health Exchange which administers various lines of health insurance for IHC's insurance subsidiaries. The carrying value of the Company's equity investment in Ebix Health Exchange is \$7,417,000 and \$8,188,000 at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. The Company recorded \$(255,000) and \$(771,000), respectively, of equity income (loss) from its investment for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2018 and \$343,000 and \$247,000, respectively, of equity income (loss) for the same periods ended June 30, 2017.

At June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets include \$1,905,000 and \$1,859,000, respectively, of notes and other amounts receivable from Ebix Health Exchange and include \$1,693,000 and \$1,139,000, respectively, of administrative fees and other expenses payable to Ebix Health Exchange, which are included in other assets and accounts payable, accruals and other liabilities, respectively. The Company's Consolidated Statements of Income include administrative fee expenses to Ebix Health Exchange which are included in selling, general and administrative expenses of \$1,926,000 and \$4,473,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively, and \$3,036,000 and \$5,404,000, respectively, for the same periods of 2017.

Variable Interest Entities

The Company has a minority interest in certain limited partnerships that we have determined to be Variable Interest Entities ("VIEs"). The aforementioned VIEs are not required to be consolidated in the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements as we are not the primary beneficiary since we do not

have the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the VIEs' economic performance.

The Company will periodically reassess whether we are the primary beneficiary in any of these investments. The reassessment process will consider whether we have acquired the power to direct the most significant activities of the VIE through changes in governing documents or other circumstances. Our maximum loss exposure is limited to our combined \$3,936,000 carrying value in these equity investments which is included in other investments in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2018.

Note 7. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The carrying amount of goodwill is \$50,697,000 at both June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

The Company has net other intangible assets of \$13,926,000 and \$14,669,000 at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, which are included in other assets in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. These intangible assets consist of: (i) finite-lived intangible assets, principally the fair value of acquired agent and broker relationships, which are subject to amortization; and (ii) indefinite-lived intangible assets which consist of the estimated fair value of insurance licenses that are not subject to amortization.

The gross carrying amounts of these other intangible assets are as follows for the periods indicated (in thousands):

		Jun	ie 30	, 2018		December 31, 2017				
		Gross				Gross				
		Carrying		Accumulated		Carrying		Accumulated		
		Amount		Amortization		Amount		Amortization		
	_				_					
Finite-lived Intangible Assets:										
Agent and broker relationships	\$	17,253	\$	12,773	\$	17,253	\$	12,140		
Domain		1,000		175		1,000		125		
Software systems		780		136		780		76		
Total finite-lived	\$	19,033	\$	13,084	\$	19,033	\$	12,341		

		June 30, 2018		December 31, 2017
Indefinite-lived Intangible Assets:	_		_	
Insurance licenses	\$	7,977	\$	7,977
Total indefinite-lived	\$	7,977	\$	7,977

Amortization expense was \$382,000 and \$743,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively, and was \$394,000 and \$548,000 for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively.

Note 8. Income Taxes

The provisions for income taxes shown in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income were computed by applying the effective tax rate expected to be applicable for the reporting periods. In 2017, President Trump enacted tax legislation commonly referred to as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Tax Act"). The Tax Act makes broad and complex changes to the U.S. tax code, including, but not limited to, reducing the Federal corporate income tax rate to 21%. As a result of IHC's June 30 fiscal tax year, the Tax Act subjects IHC to a blended tax rate of 28% for its fiscal tax year ended June 30, 2018. Other differences between the Federal statutory income tax rate and the Company's effective income tax rate are principally from the dividends received deduction and tax exempt interest income, state and local income taxes, and compensation related tax provisions.

Note 9. Policy Benefits and Claims

Policy benefits and claims is the liability for unpaid loss and loss adjustment expenses. It is comprised of unpaid claims and estimated IBNR reserves. Summarized below are the changes in the total liability for policy benefits and claims for the periods indicated (in thousands).

		Six Months Ended June 30.								
		J	une 30,							
	_	2018	_	2017						
		_	'	_						
Balance at beginning of year	\$	168,683	\$	219,113						
Less: reinsurance recoverable		42,136		88,853						
Net balance at beginning of year	_	126,547		130,260						
Amount incurred, related to:										
Current year		84,871		78,482						
Prior years		(13,189)		(7,669)						
		_		_						
Total incurred		71,682		70,813						
Amount paid, related to:										
Current year		35,956		24,034						
Prior years		42,108		44,419						
		_		_						
Total paid		78,064		68,453						
Net balance at end of year		120,165		132,620						
Plus: reinsurance recoverable		39,513		48,945						
Balance at end of year	\$	159,678	\$	181,565						
	_		_							

Since unpaid loss and loss adjustment expenses are estimates, actual losses incurred may be more or less than the Company's previously developed estimates and is referred to as either unfavorable or favorable development, respectively. The overall net favorable development of \$13,189,000 in 2018 related to prior years consists of favorable developments of \$8,398,000 in the Specialty Health reserves, \$3,345,000 in the group disability reserves, \$998,000 in the other individual life, annuities and other reserves, and \$448,000 in Medical Stop-Loss reserves. Specialty Health had net favorable development primarily from: (i) the release of reserves due to emerging favorable experience on hospital indemnity plan business written in 2017 on increased sales volume of this product; (ii) short-term medical business as inventory levels decreased during 2018 and paid claim activity was below the levels anticipated; and, (iii) the reinsured international line in run out, which experienced favorable development during the quarter as reported by the carrier. The overall net favorable development of \$7,669,000 in 2017 related to prior years primarily consists of favorable developments of \$2,679,000 in the Medical Stop-Loss reserves, \$2,793,000 in the group disability reserves, and \$2,262,000 in the other individual life, annuities and other reserves, partially offset by an unfavorable development of \$65,000 in Specialty Health reserves.

Included in the preceding rollforward of the Company's liability for policy benefits and claims are the policy benefits and claims activity associated with the Company's health insurance lines. These are embedded within the Specialty Health segment. The table below summarizes the components of the change in the liability for policy benefits and claims that are specific to health insurance claims for the periods indicated (in thousands).

		Specialty Health Segment Health Insurance Claims Six Months Ended June 30, 2018 2017 32,904 \$ 27,183 762 1,179 32,142 26,004 26,747 25,514								
	_									
		Jı	ıne 30,							
		2018		2017						
Balance at beginning of year	\$	32,904	\$	27,183						
Less: reinsurance recoverable		762		1,179						
Net balance at beginning of year		32,142		26,004						
Amount incurred, related to:										
Current year		26,747		25,514						
Prior years		(7,174)	_	343						
Total incurred		19,573		25,857						
Amount paid, related to:										
Current year		7,336		2,927						
Prior years	<u>_</u>	16,662	_	17,355						
Total paid	<u>_</u>	23,998	_	20,282						
Net balance at end of year		27,717		31,579						
Plus: reinsurance recoverable		683		666						
Balance at end of year	\$	28,400	\$	32,245						

The liability for the IBNR plus expected development on reported claims associated with the Company's health insurance claims is \$28,400,000 at June 30, 2018.

Note 10. Stockholders' Equity

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Other comprehensive income (loss) includes the after-tax net unrealized gains and losses on investment securities available-for-sale, including the subsequent increases and decreases in fair value of available-for-sale securities previously impaired and the non-credit related component of other-than-temporary impairments of fixed maturities. In 2018, investment securities available-for-sale consist of only fixed maturities. Prior to January 1, 2018, the Company classified certain equity securities as available-for-sale. Changes to the fair value of those equity securities classified as available-for-sale were recorded in other comprehensive income (loss) for the corresponding periods in 2017 and prior. Upon the adoption of new accounting guidance on January 1, 2018, the Company: (i) recorded a cumulative-effect adjustment to reclassify the existing amounts reported in accumulated other comprehensive income on that date for equity securities previously classified as available-for-sale, to retained earnings; and (ii) recorded the subsequent changes in the fair value of those equity securities in net income.

Changes in the balances of accumulated other comprehensive loss, shown net of taxes, for the periods indicated are as follows (in thousands):

		 ths Ended 30,		Six Moi Ju		
	2018	2017		2018		2017
Beginning balance	\$ (8,985)	\$ (4,443)	\$	(4,598)	\$	(6,964)
Cumulative-effect of new accounting principles	-	-		(350)		-
Other comprehensive income (loss):						
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	(2,541)	2,009		(6,442)		4,678
Amounts reclassified from accumulated OCI	289	(70)		153		(218)
Net other comprehensive income (loss)	(2,252)	1,939	-	(6,289)	_	4,460
Ending balance	\$ (11,237)	\$ (2,504)	\$	(11,237)	\$	(2,504)

Presented below are the amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and recognized in earnings for each of the periods indicated (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,							hs Ended e 30,	
		2018	_	2017		2018		2017	
Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities									
reclassified during the period to the following income									
statement line items:									
Net investment gains (losses)	\$	(366)	\$	146	\$	(195)	\$	343	
	_						_		
Income (loss) before income tax		(366)		146		(195)		343	
Tax effect		(77)		76		(42)		125	
Net income (loss)	\$	(289)	\$	70	\$	(153)	\$	218	

Note 11. Share-Based Compensation

Under the terms of IHC's share-based compensation plans: (i) the exercise price of an option may not be less than the fair market value of an IHC share on the grant date, and the terms of an option may not exceed 10 years from the grant date; and (ii) the exercise price of a SAR may not be less than the fair market value of an IHC share on the grant date and SAR terms may not exceed 10 years from the date of grant.

The fair value of an option award is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option valuation model. In general, the vesting period for an option grant is 3 years. Restricted share units are valued at the quoted market price of the shares at the date of grant and generally vest over 3 years. Compensation costs for options and restricted share units are recognized over the stated vesting periods on a straight-line basis. The fair value of a SAR is calculated using the Black-Scholes valuation model at the grant date and each subsequent reporting period until settlement. Compensation cost is based on the proportionate amount of the requisite service that has been rendered to date. Once fully vested, changes in the fair value of a SAR continue to be recognized as compensation expense in the period of the change until settlement. The Company accounts for forfeitures of share-based compensation awards in the period that they occur.

At June 30, 2018, there were 846,300 shares available for future stock-based compensation grants under IHC's stock incentive plans. The following table summarizes share-based compensation expense, which is included in selling, general and administrative expenses on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of

Income, applicable to the IHC plans, by award type for each of the periods indicated (in thousands):

		Three M	onths	Ended	Six Months Ended			
		Ju),	June 30,				
	_	2018	_	2017	2018	_	2017	
IHC's Share-based Compensation Plan:								
Stock options	\$	188	\$	35	\$ 369	\$	69	
Restricted stock units		44		27	90		58	
SARs		39		119	125		53	
Share-based compensation expense, pre-tax		271		181	584		180	
Tax benefits		90		72	195		72	
Share-based compensation expense, net	\$	181	\$	109	\$ 389	\$	108	

Stock Options

The IHC's stock option activity during 2018 was as follows:

	Shares Under Option	 d- Average ise Price
December 31, 2017	692,380	\$ 16.62
Granted	13,000	31.30
Exercised	(11,933)	11.21
June 30, 2018	693,447	\$ 16.99

The weighted average grant date fair value of options granted during the six months ended June 30, 2018 was \$9.77. No options were granted in the comparable period of 2017. The assumptions set forth in the table below were used to value the stock options granted during the period indicated:

	2018
Weighted-average risk-free interest rate	2.64%
Expected annual dividend rate per share	0.95%
Expected volatility factor of the Company's common stock	35.80%
Weighted-average expected term of options	4.5 years

In 2018, IHC received \$134,000 in cash from the exercise of stock options with an aggregate intrinsic value of \$235,000 and recognized \$43,000 of tax benefits.

The following table summarizes information regarding IHC's outstanding and exercisable options:

	June 30, 2018					
	Outstanding		Exercisable			
Number of options	693,447		376,780			
Weighted average exercise price per share	\$ 16.99	\$	10.53			
Aggregate intrinsic value for all options (in thousands)	\$ 11,277	\$	8,560			
Weighted average contractual term remaining	2.3 years		0.9 years			

At June 30, 2018, the total unrecognized compensation cost related to IHC's non-vested stock options was \$1,662,000 and it is expected to be recognized as compensation expense over a weighted average period of 2.0 years.

Restricted Stock

The following table summarized restricted stock activity for the six months ended June 30, 2018:

	No. Of Non-vested Shares	ighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value
December 31, 2017	18,975	\$ 22.91
Vested	(2,475)	11.78
June 30, 2018	16,500	\$ 24.58

The total fair value of restricted stock that vested during the first six months of 2018 and 2017 was \$92,000 and \$94,000, respectively. IHC granted no restricted stock awards during the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

At June 30, 2018, the total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested restricted stock unit awards was \$308,000 and is expected to be recognized as compensation expense over a weighted average period of 2.0 years.

SARs

IHC had 64,900 SAR awards outstanding at both June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 with corresponding liabilities of \$147,000 and \$22,000 for those periods, respectively, that are included in Other Liabilities in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Note 12. Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information

Net cash payments for income taxes were \$1,104,000 and \$222,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

Note 13. Contingencies

A third party administrator with whom we formerly did business ("Plaintiff" or "TPA")) filed a Complaint dated May 17, 2017 in the United States District Court, Northern District of Texas, Dallas Division, naming IHC, Madison National Life, Standard Security Life, and IHC Carrier Solutions, Inc. (collectively referred to as "Defendants"). "Plaintiff" and "Defendants" are collectively referred to herein as the "Parties". The Complaint concerns agreements entered into by Standard Security Life and Madison National Life with Plaintiff, as well as other allegations made by Plaintiff against Defendants. The Complaint seeks injunctive relief and damages in an amount exceeding \$50,000,000, profit share payments allegedly owed to Plaintiff under the agreements totaling at least \$3,082,000 through 2014, plus additional amounts for 2015 and 2016, and exemplary and punitive damages as allowed by law and fees and costs. Defendants believe these claims to be without merit. Defendants moved to Compel Arbitration and Dismiss or Stay the original Complaint. Plaintiff filed an Amended Complaint on August 18, 2017. Defendants filed a Motion to Compel Arbitration or Stay the Amended Complaint. The Parties agreed to enter into an Order staying the action filed in Texas. The Parties' disputed claims have moved in part to arbitration. Standard Security Life and Madison National Life will strongly pursue their claims and vigorously oppose the counterclaims asserted by the TPA. The arbitration will likely conclude in the first half of 2019.

Note 14. Segment Reporting

The Insurance Group principally engages in the life and health insurance business. Interest expense, taxes, and general expenses associated with parent company activities are included in Corporate. Identifiable assets by segment are those assets that are utilized in each segment and are allocated based upon the mean reserves and liabilities of each such segment. Corporate assets are composed principally of cash equivalents, resale agreements, fixed maturities, equity securities, partnership interests and certain other investments. Effective January 1, 2018, Standard Security Life began selling a new rider ("Paid Family Leave" or "PFL") as part of our New York short-term disability ("DBL") policies.

Information by business segment is presented below for the periods indicated (in thousands):

	Three M	onth	s Ended		Six Mo	onths	Ended
	Jı	ıne 30),		J	une 3	0,
	2018		2017		2018		2017
Revenues:							_
Specialty Health	\$ 49,087	\$	54,573	\$	99,851	\$	96,790
Group disability, life, DBL and PFL	35,222		26,467		71,681		52,873
Individual life, annuities and other (A)	445		509		912		1,039
Medical Stop-Loss (A)	(9)		114		23		1,973
Corporate	 566		474	_	1,077	_	1,130
	 85,311		82,137		173,544		153,805
Net investment gains (losses)	(423)		100		(352)		272
Total revenues	\$ 84,888	\$	82,237	\$	173,192	\$	154,077
Income before income taxes							
Specialty Health (B)	\$ 7,255	\$	1,531	\$	12,724	\$	4,174
Group disability, life, DBL and PFL	4,699		2,151		10,645		7,633
Individual life, annuities and other (A)(C)	(126)		83		(294)		(147)
Medical Stop-Loss (A)	50		2,465		164		3,290
Corporate	(1,961)		(2,402)		(4,339)		(3,747)
	9,917		3,828		18,900		11,203
Net investment gains (losses)	(423)		100		(352)		272
Income before income taxes	\$ 9,494	\$	3,928	\$	18,548	\$	11,475

- (A) Substantially all of the business in the segment is coinsured. Activity in this segment primarily reflects income or expenses related to the coinsurance and the run-off of any remaining blocks that were not coinsured.
- (B) The Specialty Health segment includes amortization of intangible assets. Total amortization expense was \$382,000 and \$394,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and was \$743,000 and \$548,000, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.
- (c) The Individual life, annuities and other segment includes amortization of deferred charges in connection with the assumptions of certain ceded life and annuity policies of \$219,000 and \$285,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and \$456,000 and \$570,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion of the financial condition and results of operations of Independence Holding Company ("IHC") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company") should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company and the related Notes thereto appearing in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and our unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and related Notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this quarterly report.

Overview

Independence Holding Company, a Delaware corporation ("IHC"), is a holding company principally engaged in the life and health insurance business through: (i) its insurance companies, Standard Security Life Insurance Company of New York ("Standard Security Life"), Madison National Life Insurance Company, Inc. ("Madison National Life"), and Independence American Insurance Company ("Independence American"); and (ii) its marketing and administrative companies, including IHC Specialty Benefits Inc., IHC Carrier Solutions, Inc. and a majority interest in PetPartners, Inc. ("PetPartners"). IHC also owns a significant equity interest in Ebix Health Exchange Holdings, LLC ("Ebix Health Exchange"), an administration exchange for health insurance. Standard Security Life, Madison National Life and Independence American are sometimes collectively referred to as the "Insurance Group". IHC and its subsidiaries (including the Insurance Group) are sometimes collectively referred to as the "Company", or "IHC", or are implicit in the terms "we", "us" and "our".

While management considers a wide range of factors in its strategic planning and decision-making, underwriting profit is consistently emphasized as the primary goal in all decisions as to whether or not to increase our retention in a core line, expand into new products, acquire an entity or a block of business, or otherwise change our business model. Management's assessment of trends in healthcare and morbidity, with respect to specialty health, disability, New York short-term disability ("DBL") and Paid Family Leave ("PFL"), mortality rates with respect to life insurance, and changes in market conditions in general play a significant role in determining the rates charged, deductibles and attachment points quoted, and the percentage of business retained. Management has always focused on managing the costs of its operations.

The following is a summary of key performance information and events:

Results of operations are summarized as follows for the periods indicated (in thousands):

		Three M	Ionths ine 30			Six Mo J	onths une 3	
		2018		2017		2018		2017
Revenues	\$	84,888	\$	82,237	\$	173,192	\$	154,077
Expenses		75,394		78,309		154,644		142,602
Income before income taxes		9,494		3,928		18,548		11,475
Income taxes (benefits)		2,652		(10,379)		4,658		(7,841)
	<u>-</u>							_
Net income		6,842		14,307		13,890		19,316
(Income) loss from noncontrolling interests		(85)	_	24	_	(172)	_	(49)
	<u>-</u>				_			
Net income attributable to IHC	\$ _	6,757	\$	14,331	\$_	13,718	\$	19,267

- Income from operations of \$.45 per share, diluted, for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$.86 per share, diluted, for the same period in 2017. Income from operations of \$.91 per share, diluted, for the six months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$1.15 per share, diluted, for the same period in 2017.
- Income taxes for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2017 include an income tax benefit of \$11.6 million on the tax basis in an unrecovered investment in a subsidiary.
- Consolidated investment yields (on an annualized basis) of 2.7% and 2.6% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively, compared to 3.2% and 3.0% for the comparable periods in 2017.
- Book value of \$29.33 per common share at June 30, 2018 compared to \$28.98 at December 31, 2017.

The following is a summary of key performance information by segment:

- The Specialty Health segment reported \$7.3 million of income before taxes for the three months ended June 30, 2018 as compared to \$1.5 million for the comparable period in 2017; and reported \$12.7 million of income before taxes for the six months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$4.2 million for the same period in 2017.
 - Premiums earned decreased \$3.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 over the comparable period in 2017 and increased \$3.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 over the comparable period in 2017. Fixed indemnity limited benefit premiums increased \$7.7 million and \$22.1 million, respectively, for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2018 as a result of growing demand and new significant distribution relationships and were offset by decreases in the short-term medical ("STM") business as a result of a shorter duration in the STM business due to a regulatory change in 2017, and reduced premiums in occupational accident and other lines of business in run-off.

• Underwriting experience, as indicated by its U.S. GAAP Combined Ratios, for the Specialty Health segment are as follows for the periods indicated (in thousands):

			ns Ended 80,		Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2018	2017	2017			2017	
Premiums Earned	\$	43,993	\$	47,167	\$	88,849	\$	85,149
Insurance Benefits, Claims & Reserves	Ψ	13,691	Ψ	24,695	Ψ	29,593	Ψ	42,773
Expenses		23,423		23,107		47,760		41,780
Loss Ratio (A)		31.1%		52.4%		33.3%		50.2%
Expense Ratio (B)		53.2%		49.0%		53.8%		49.1%
Combined Ratio (C)		84.3%		101.4%		87.1%		99.3%

- (A) Loss ratio represents insurance benefits, claims and reserves divided by premiums earned.
- (B) Expense ratio represents commissions, administrative fees, premium taxes and other underwriting expenses divided by premiums earned.
- (C) The combined ratio is equal to the sum of the loss ratio and the expense ratio.
- o Although the loss ratio in 2018 was lower than in 2017, the expense ratio is higher in 2018 because of changes in the mix of products within the Specialty Health segment.
- Income before taxes from the Group disability, life, DBL and PFL segment was \$4.7 million and \$10.6 million for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively, compared to \$2.2 million and \$7.6 million for the same periods in 2017, respectively. The increase in 2018 primarily reflects the new Paid Family Leave or "PFL" rider on New York DBL policies and lower claims in the LTD line of business, partially offset by higher commissions and profit sharing expenses on the LTD line of business;
- The Individual life, annuities and other segment reported losses before income taxes of \$.1 million and \$.3 million for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively, compared with income (losses) of \$.1 million and \$(.1) million for the three months and the six months ended June 30, 2017 respectively;
- The Medical Stop-Loss segment reported an insignificant amount of income before taxes for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 as compared to \$2.5 million and \$3.3 million, respectively, for the comparable periods in 2017 as the segment is in run-off due to the sale in 2016. Amounts recorded for investment income, and benefits, claims and reserves in the Medical Stop-Loss segment represent the activity of the remaining blocks of medical stop-loss business in run-off;
- Losses before tax from the Corporate segment (decreased) by \$(.5) million and increased by \$.6 million in the three months and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively, over the comparable periods of 2017 primarily due to changes in compensation and related expenses; and

Premiums by principal product for the periods indicated are as follows (in thousands):

	Three M		ths Ended ne 30,			
Gross Direct and Assumed	 Ju	ne 3(,	 Ju	ine 3	υ,
Earned Premiums:	2018		2017	2018		2017
Specialty Health	\$ 44,518	\$	48,963	\$ 89,911	\$	88,842
Group disability, life, DBL and PFL	41,652		31,892	84,252		63,912
Individual life, annuities and other	5,756		6,607	12,013		13,605
Medical Stop-Loss	-		2,754	-		10,312
	\$ 91,926	\$	90,216	\$ 186,176	\$	176,671

	Three M Ju	onths ne 30			Ended 0,		
Net Direct and Assumed							
Earned Premiums:	 2018		2017		2018		2017
Specialty Health	\$ 43,993	\$	47,167	\$	88,849	\$	85,149
Group disability, life, DBL and PFL	33,350		24,726		67,974		49,417
Individual life, annuities and other	(9)		38		3		53
Medical Stop-Loss	-		(4)		-		249
_							
	\$ 77,334	\$	71,927	\$	156,826	\$	134,868

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the Company conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The preparation of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. A summary of the Company's significant accounting policies and practices is provided in Note 1 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in Item 8 of the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. Management has identified the accounting policies related to *Insurance Premium Revenue Recognition and Policy Charges, Insurance Liabilities, Investments, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, and Deferred Income Taxes* as those that, due to the judgments, estimates and assumptions inherent in those policies, are critical to an understanding of the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements and this Management's Discussion and Analysis. A full discussion of these policies is included under the heading, "Critical Accounting Policies" in Item 7 of the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, there were no additions to or changes in the critical accounting policies disclosed in the 2017 Form 10-K except for the recently adopted accounting standards discussed in Note 1(E) of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2018 Compared to the Three Months Ended June 30, 2017

Information by business segment for the periods indicated is as follows:

				Net]	Fee and		Benefits, Claims		Selling, General		
June 30, 2018	P	remiums	Inv	vestment		Other		and		and		
(In thousands)		<u>Earned</u>	d Incon			Income		Reserves		Administrative		<u>Total</u>
Specialty Health	\$	43,993		799		4,295		13,691		28,141	\$	7,255
Group disability,												
life, DBL and PFL		33,350		1,741		131		19,967		10,556		4,699
Individual life,												
annuities and other		(9)		367		87		171		400		(126)
Medical Stop-Loss		-		(9)		-		(128)		69		50
Corporate		-		519		47		-		2,527		(1,961)
Sub total	\$	77,334	\$	3,417	\$	4,560	\$	33,701	\$	41,693		9,917
Net investment losses												(423)
Income before income ta	xes										_	9,494
Income taxes												2,652
Net income											\$	6,842

<u>June 30, 2017</u> (In thousands)	Premiums <u>Earned</u>		Net Investment <u>Income</u>		Fee and Other <u>Income</u>		Benefits, Claims and <u>Reserves</u>		Selling, General and <u>Administrative</u>		<u>Total</u>
Specialty Health	\$	47,167		1,506	5,900		24,695		28,347	\$	1,531
Group disability,											
life, DBL and PFL		24,726		1,628	113		16,059		8,257		2,151
Individual life,											
annuities and other		38		375	96		79		347		83
Medical Stop-Loss		(4)		117	1		(3,509)		1,158		2,465
Corporate		-		474	-		-		2,876		(2,402)
Sub total	\$	71,927	\$	4,100	\$ 6,110	\$	37,324	\$	40,985		3,828
Net investment gains											100
Income before income ta	xes										3,928
Income tax benefits											(10,379)
Net income										\$	14,307

Premiums Earned

In the second quarter of 2018, premiums earned increased \$5.4 million over the comparable period of 2017. The increase is primarily due to: (i) an \$8.6 million increase in earned premiums from the Group disability, life, DBL and PFL segment primarily due to \$6.6 million in premiums from the new PFL rider on DBL policies and an increase of \$1.2 million in DBL premiums; partially offset by (ii) a decrease of \$3.2 million in the Specialty Health segment primarily as a result of a \$7.7 million increase in premiums from the fixed indemnity limited benefit line as a result of higher demand and new distributions relationships and a \$1.5 million increase in the group gap line of business, more than offset by decreases of \$5.4 million in the STM line of business, \$1.6 million in the dental line of business, and \$1.6 million in occupational accident and \$3.7 million in the international medical business premiums both due to run-off.

Net Investment Income

Total net investment income decreased \$.7 million. The overall annualized investment yields were 2.7% and 3.2% in the second quarter of 2018 and 2017, respectively. The overall decrease was primarily the result of a decrease in partnership returns.

The annualized investment yields on bonds, equities and short-term investments were 3.0% for both the second quarter of 2018 and 2017. IHC has approximately \$139.3 million in highly rated shorter duration securities earning on average 1.9%. A portfolio that is shorter in duration enables us, if we deem prudent, the flexibility to reinvest in much higher yielding longer-term securities, which would significantly increase investment income.

Net Investment Gains

The Company had net investment losses of \$.4 million in 2018 compared to net investment gains of \$.1 million in 2017. These amounts include gains and losses from sales of fixed maturities available-for-sale, equity securities and other investments. Decisions to sell securities are based on management's ongoing evaluation of investment opportunities and economic and market conditions, thus creating fluctuations in gains and losses from period to period.

Fee Income and Other Income

Fee income decreased \$1.1 million for the three-month period ended June 30, 2018 compared to the three-month period ended June 30, 2017 primarily from the Specialty Health segment as a result of a decrease in gross premiums.

Other income was not significant in the second quarter of 2018 or 2017.

Insurance Benefits, Claims and Reserves

In the second quarter of 2018, insurance benefits, claims and reserves decreased \$3.6 million over the comparable period in 2017. The decrease is primarily attributable to: (i) a decrease of \$11.0 million in the Specialty Health segment, as a result of a decrease of \$6.4 million in the STM line of business due to decreased premium volume and lower loss ratios, a decrease in benefits, claims and reserves related to the run-off of certain occupational accident and international lines of business of \$2.0 million and \$2.2 million, respectively, and a decrease of 1.4 million in the dental line due to lower premiums and improved loss ratios; partially offset by an increase of \$8.8 million in the group gap lines of business due to increased premium volume; (ii) an increase of \$3.9 million in benefits, claims and reserves in the Group disability, life, DBL and PFL segment, primarily due to \$5.2 million of reserves associated with the new PFL rider and an increase of \$.8 million in DBL reserves due to increased premium volume, partially offset by a decrease of \$2.4 million in LTD reserves primarily due to lower loss ratios in 2018; and (iii) an increase of \$3.4 million in the Medical Stop Loss segment as a result of better experience on the run-out business in 2017 with no corresponding amount in 2018.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Total selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$.7 million over the comparable period in 2017. The increase is primarily attributable to: (i) a decrease of \$.2 million in the Specialty Health line of business due to a decrease in commissions and administrative fees in the STM line on lower premium volume and decreases in group major medical and certain occupational accident and international lines of business in run-off; partially offset by an increase in administrative and commission expenses related to increased premium volume in fixed indemnity limited benefit and group gap lines of business; (ii) an increase of \$2.3 million in the Group disability, life, DBL and PFL segment primarily due to increased commission expense and premium taxes on PFL, DBL and LTD lines of business; (iii) a \$1.1 million decrease in expenses related to the Medical Stop Loss segment as a result of the exit from this line of business; and (iv) a decrease of \$.3 million in the Corporate segment largely due to changes in compensation and related expenses.

Income Taxes

The effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2018 was 27.9%. In the second quarter of 2017, the Company wound down the operations and dissolved a subsidiary recognizing an estimated \$11.6 million income tax benefit on a worthless stock deduction of \$33.1 million, representing the Company's tax basis related to its unrecovered investment in that subsidiary. Excluding these tax benefits, the effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2017 was 30.8%. The lower tax rate is primarily due to the reduction in the federal corporate tax rate from 35% to a 28% fiscal tax year blended rate as a result of the 2017 Tax Act, partially offset by an increase in state taxes as a percentage of income.

Results of Operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2018 Compared to the Six Months Ended June 30, 2017

Information by business segment for the periods indicated is as follows:

				Net Fee and			/		Selling, General			
June 30, 2018	P	remiums	In	vestment		Other		and		and		
(In thousands)		Earned]	Income		Income		Reserves		<u>lministrative</u>		<u>Total</u>
Specialty Health	\$	88,849		1,407		9,595		29,593		57,534	\$	12,724
Group disability,												
life, DBL and PFL		67,974		3,415		292		40,062		20,974		10,645
Individual life,												
annuities and other		3		728		181		399		807		(294)
Medical Stop-Loss		-		23		-		(446)		305		164
Corporate		-		1,030		47		-		5,416		(4,339)
Sub total	\$	156,826	\$	6,603	\$	10,115	\$	69,608	\$	85,036		18,900
	_										-	
Net investment losses												(352)
Income before income ta	xes											18,548
Income taxes												4,658
Net Income											\$	13,890

			Net		Fee and			Benefits, Claims		Selling, General		
June 30, 2017	P	remiums	In	vestment		Other		and		and		
(In thousands)	Earned		Income			Income		Reserves	Adı	ministrative		<u>Total</u>
Specialty Health	\$	85,149		2,426		9,215		42,773		49,843	\$	4,174
Group disability,												
life, DBL and PFL		49,417		3,192		264		28,897		16,343		7,633
Individual life,												
annuities and other		53		783		203		321		865		(147)
Medical Stop-Loss		249		480		1,244		(2,456)		1,139		3,290
Corporate		-		1,130		-		-		4,877		(3,747)
Sub total	\$	134,868	\$	8,011	\$	10,926	\$	69,535	\$	73,067	_	11,203
Net investment gains												272
Income before income tax	xes											11,475
Income tax benefits												(7,841)
Net Income											\$	19,316

Premiums Earned

In the first six months of 2018, premiums earned increased \$22.0 million over the comparable period of 2017. The increase is primarily due to: (i) an increase of \$3.7 million in the Specialty Health segment principally as a result of a \$22.1 million increase in premiums from the fixed indemnity limited benefit line as a result of higher demand and new distributions relationships and a \$3.3 million increase in the group gap line of business due to new distribution, partially offset by decreases of \$9.8 million in the STM line of business, \$2.0 million in the dental line of business, and \$4.2 million in occupational accident and \$5.8 million in the international medical business premiums both due to run-off; and (ii) a \$18.6 million increase in earned premiums from the Group disability, life, DBL and PFL segment primarily due to premiums from the new PFL rider on DBL policies; and (iii) a decrease of \$.2 million in the Medical Stop Loss segment as a result of the exit from this line of business.

Net Investment Income

Total net investment income decreased \$1.4 million. The overall annualized investment yields were 2.6% and 3.0% in the first six months of 2018 and 2017, respectively. The overall decrease was primarily the result of a decrease in partnership returns.

The annualized investment yields on bonds, equities and short-term investments were 3.1% and 3.0% for the first six months of 2018 and 2017, respectively. IHC has approximately \$139.3 million in highly rated shorter duration securities earning on average 1.9%. A portfolio that is shorter in duration enables us, if we deem prudent, the flexibility to reinvest in much higher yielding longer-term securities, which would significantly increase investment income.

Net Investment Gains

The Company had net investment losses of \$.4 million in 2018 compared to net investment gains of \$.3 million in 2017. These amounts include gains and losses from sales of fixed maturities available-for-sale, equity securities and other investments. Decisions to sell securities are based on management's ongoing evaluation of investment opportunities and economic and market conditions, thus creating fluctuations in gains and losses from period to period.

Fee Income and Other Income

Fee income increased \$.9 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2018 compared to the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 primarily due to increased fee income from the Specialty Health segment, including Pet Partners which was acquired in late March of 2017.

Other income decreased \$1.7 million in the first six months of 2018 compared to the same period in 2017 as a result of fees received in 2017 related to the sale and exit of the Medical Stop-Loss business with no comparable amounts in 2018.

Insurance Benefits, Claims and Reserves

In the first six months of 2018, insurance benefits, claims and reserves increased negligibly over the comparable period in 2017. The increase is primarily attributable to: (i) an increase of \$11.2 million in benefits, claims and reserves in the Group disability, life, DBL and PFL segment, primarily due to reserves associated with the new PFL rider, partially offset by a decrease of \$3.6 million in LTD reserves primarily due to lower loss ratios in 2018; partially offset by (ii) an increase of \$2.0 million in the Medical Stop Loss segment as a result of better experience on the run-out business in 2017 with no corresponding amount in 2018; and (iii) a decrease of \$13.2 million in the Specialty Health segment primarily as a result of a decrease of \$9.7 million in the STM line of business due to decreased premium volume and lower loss ratios, a decrease in benefits, claims and reserves related to the run-off of certain occupational accident and international lines of business of \$3.7 million and \$3.8 million, respectively, and a decrease of \$2.2 million in the dental line due to lower premiums and improved loss ratios; partially offset by increases of \$4.2 million in the fixed indemnity limited benefits and \$1.9 million in the group gap lines of business due to increased premium volume.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Total selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$12.0 million over the comparable period in 2017. The increase is primarily attributable to: (i) an increase of \$7.7 million in the Specialty Health line of business due to an increase in administrative and commission expenses related to increased premium volume in fixed indemnity limited benefit and group gap lines of business and agency expenses from PetPartners with only three months of comparable expenses in 2017, partially offset by a decrease in commissions and administrative fees in the STM line on lower premium volume and in certain occupational accident and international lines of business in run-off; (ii) an increase of \$4.6 million in the Group disability, life, DBL and PFL segment primarily due to increased commission expense and premium taxes on PFL, DBL and LTD lines of business; and (iii) an increase of \$.5 million in the Corporate segment largely due to changes in compensation and related expenses; partially offset by (iv) a \$.8 million decrease in expenses related to the Medical Stop Loss segment as a result of exiting this line of business.

Income Taxes

The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2018 was 25.1%. In 2017, the Company wound down the operations and dissolved a subsidiary recognizing an estimated \$11.6 million income tax benefit on a worthless stock deduction of \$33.1 million, representing the Company's tax basis related to its unrecovered investment in that subsidiary. Excluding these tax benefits, the effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2017 was 32.7%. The lower tax rate in 2018 is primarily due to the reduction in the federal corporate tax rate from 35% to a 28% fiscal tax year blended rate as a result of the 2017 Tax Act, partially offset by an increase in state taxes as a percentage of income.

LIQUIDITY

Insurance Group

The Insurance Group normally provides cash flow from: (i) operations; (ii) the receipt of scheduled principal payments on its portfolio of fixed maturities; and (iii) earnings on investments. Such cash flow is partially used to fund liabilities for insurance policy benefits. These liabilities represent long-term and short-term obligations.

Corporate

Corporate derives its funds principally from: (i) dividends from the Insurance Group; (ii) management fees from its subsidiaries; and (iii) investment income from Corporate liquidity. Regulatory constraints historically have not affected the Company's consolidated liquidity, although state insurance laws have provisions relating to the ability of the parent company to use cash generated by the Insurance Group. No dividends were declared or paid by the Insurance Group during the six months ended June 30, 2018 or 2017.

Cash Flows

The Company had \$26.5 million and \$32.2 million of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

For the six months ended June 30, 2018, operating activities provided \$6.4 million, investment activities utilized \$4.8 million of cash, primarily for net purchases of investment securities, and financing activities utilized \$7.4 million of cash, primarily for purchases of treasury shares and common stock dividend payments.

The Company had \$370.3 million of liabilities for future policy benefits and policy benefits and claims as of June 30, 2018 that it expects to ultimately pay out of current assets and cash flows from future business. If necessary, the Company could utilize the cash received from maturities and repayments of its fixed maturity investments if the timing of claim payments associated with the Company's insurance resources does not coincide with future cash flows. For the six months ended June 30, 2018, cash received from the maturities and other repayments of fixed maturities was \$8.7 million.

The Company believes it has sufficient cash to meet its currently anticipated business requirements over the next twelve months including working capital requirements and capital investments.

BALANCE SHEET

The Company had receivables due from reinsurers of \$374.3 million at June 30, 2018 compared to \$380.6 million at December 31, 2017. All of such reinsurance receivables are from highly rated companies or are adequately secured. No allowance for doubtful accounts was necessary at June 30, 2018.

The Company's liability for policy benefits and claims by segment are as follows (in thousands):

	 Policy Benefits and Claims							
	June 30,	December 31,						
	 2018		2017					
Specialty Health	\$ 41,831	\$	53,531					
Group Disability	107,391		103,948					
Individual A&H and Other	8,765		8,650					
Medical Stop-Loss	 1,691	_	2,554					
	\$ 159,678	\$	168,683					

Policy claims and reserves in the Specialty Health segment decreased since December 31, 2017. During the first six months of 2018, pending inventory levels have come down causing more claims to be known rather than estimated and this has revealed more favorable experience than previously expected. This has changed some of our thoughts around experience expectations and has resulted in some favorable reserve adjustments. The primary assumption in the determination of Specialty Health reserves is that historical claim development patterns are representative of future claim development patterns. Factors that may affect this assumption include changes in claim payment processing times and procedures, changes in time delay in

submission of claims, and the incidence of unusually large claims. Liabilities for policy benefits and claims for specialty health medical and disability coverage are computed using completion factors and expected Net Loss Ratios derived from actual historical premium and claim data. The reserving analysis includes a review of claim processing statistical measures and large claim early notifications; the potential impacts of any changes in these factors are not material. The Company has business that is serviced by third-party administrators. From time to time, there are changes in the timing of claims processing due to any number of factors including, but not limited to, system conversions and staffing changes during the year. These changes are monitored by the Company and the effects of these changes are taken into consideration during the claim reserving process.

The Company's disability business is comprised of group disability, DBL and PFL. The two "primary" assumptions on which disability policy benefits and claims are based are: (i) morbidity levels; and (ii) recovery rates. If morbidity levels increase, for example due to an epidemic or a recessionary environment, the Company would increase reserves because there would be more new claims than expected. In regard to the assumed recovery rate, if disabled lives recover more quickly than anticipated then the existing claims reserves would be reduced; if less quickly, the existing claims reserves would be increased. Advancements in medical treatments could affect future recovery, termination, and mortality rates. The Company does not believe that reasonably likely changes in its "primary" assumptions would have a material effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations, or liquidity.

The \$2.3 million increase in IHC's stockholders' equity in the first six months of 2018 is primarily due to \$13.7 million of net income attributable to IHC reduced by \$6.3 million of other comprehensive income attributable to IHC, by \$3.1 million of treasury stock purchases and by \$2.2 million of common stock dividends declared in 2018.

Asset Quality and Investment Impairments

The nature and quality of insurance company investments must comply with all applicable statutes and regulations, which have been promulgated primarily for the protection of policyholders. Although the Company's gross unrealized losses on fixed maturities available-for-sale securities totaled \$14.6 million at June 30, 2018, 100% of the Company's fixed maturities were investment grade and continue to be rated on average AA. The Company marks all of its fixed maturities available-for-sale to fair value through accumulated other comprehensive income or loss. These investments tend to carry less default risk and, therefore, lower interest rates than other types of fixed maturity investments. The Company did not have any non-performing fixed maturities at June 30, 2018.

The Company reviews its investments regularly and monitors its investments continually for impairments. The Company did not record any other-than-temporary impairment losses in the six months ended June 30, 2018 or 2017.

The following table summarizes the carrying value of securities with fair values less than 80% of their amortized cost at June 30, 2018 by the length of time the fair values of those securities were below 80% of their amortized cost (in thousands):

				Greater than 3 months,	Greater than 6 months,				
		Less than		less than	less than		Greater than		
	-	3 months	_	6 months	 12 months	_	12 months	_	Total
Fixed maturities	\$	4,387	\$	-	\$ <u>-</u>	\$		\$_	4,387

The unrealized losses on fixed maturities available-for-sale were evaluated in accordance with the Company's impairment policy and were determined to be temporary in nature at June 30, 2018. From time to

time, as warranted, the Company may employ investment strategies to mitigate interest rate and other market exposures. Further deterioration in credit quality of the companies backing the securities, further deterioration in the condition of the financial services industry, imbalances in liquidity that exist in the marketplace, a worsening of the current economic recession, or declines in real estate values may further affect the fair value of these securities and increase the potential that certain unrealized losses be designated as other-than-temporary in future periods which may cause the Company to incur additional write-downs.

CAPITAL RESOURCES

Due to its strong capital ratios, broad licensing and excellent asset quality and credit-worthiness, the Insurance Group remains well positioned to increase or diversify its current activities. It is anticipated that future acquisitions or other expansion of operations will be funded internally from existing capital and surplus and parent company liquidity. In the event additional funds are required, it is expected that they would be borrowed or raised in the public or private capital markets to the extent determined to be necessary or desirable.

IHC enters into a variety of contractual obligations with third parties in the ordinary course of its operations, including liabilities for insurance reserves, funds on deposit, debt and operating lease obligations. However, IHC does not believe that its cash flow requirements can be fully assessed based solely upon an analysis of these obligations. Future cash outflows, whether they are contractual obligations or not, also will vary based upon IHC's future needs. Although some outflows are fixed, others depend on future events. The maturity distribution of the Company's obligations, as of June 30, 2018, is not materially different from that reported in the schedule of such obligations at December 31, 2017 which was included in Item 7 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K.

OUTLOOK

For the remainder of 2018, the Company anticipates that:

- Our STM and ancillary sales will increase materially. IHC is recognized for our development of medical insurance packages, including STM and fixed indemnity products, that provide affordable coverage alternatives for consumers who cannot afford Affordable Care Act ("ACA") policies or need our supplemental products to cover their high deductibles on their ACA plans. Since adoption of an executive order in 2017, consumers have only been able under federal law to purchase STM policies with durations up to 90 days. On August 1, 2018, the departments of Health and Human Services, Labor and Treasury (the "Agencies") issued an order (the "Order") that, effective October 1, 2018, returns the duration of STM policies to a period of up to 364 days, subject to state law; the Order also allows for extensions so long as the maximum duration is not longer than 36 months in total. The Order validates the importance of temporary coverage as an affordable alternative for many Americans who cannot afford expensive, high deductible ACA plans by once again allowing states the ability to approve policy durations of up to 364 days or longer with extensions. In addition, beginning January 1, 2019, there will no longer be a tax penalty for individuals who do not have ACA compliant plans.
- As a result of the Order, the lack of a penalty and the expected continuing increase in ACA pricing, we are very optimistic that our STM sales will increase materially. In addition, we believe that we will realize an increase in sales of our bundled offerings, including: MetalGap (affordable coverage for claims due to both accidents and critical illnesses), dental, vision, Rx discount card and telemedicine. We are particularly excited about the opportunity to increase sales of our Fusion product, coupling a fixed indemnity policy with a high deductible STM product, which provides both first dollar coverage for hospitalizations and peace of mind for large expenditures. We believe sales of this product will increase starting October 1, 2018 in states which allow STM for longer durations. We also recently introduced Connect Plus, which is a first-of-its-kind temporary medical plan providing coverage for certain pre-existing conditions up to \$25,000 to consumers who qualify, subject to a deductible and coinsurance.

- IHC will continue to increase IHC's emphasis on lead generation for our direct-to-consumer and career advisor distribution initiatives through hiring additional management experienced in organic and acquired lead generation. We are striving to maximize organic leads through our numerous owned domains. This year, IHC has made it a priority to enhance our owned or internal distribution. To this end, we have recently opened two additional call centers and enhanced our Direct-to-Consumer transactional website, www.HealtheDeals.com, and significantly increased our lead generation capabilities. We are also seeking to recruit additional HealtheDeals career advisors as many consumers prefer to meet with an agent in person rather than over the phone or via the web. We expect that a growing percentage of our sales will be produced by our owned distribution channels.
- Continue to diversify the distribution and administration of our pet insurance as a result of the acquisition of Pet Partners Inc. and several new distribution relationships that will begin selling our products in late 2018.
- Effective January 1, 2018, Standard Security Life began selling a new rider ("Paid Family Leave" or "PFL") as part of our New York DBL policies. This is a result of New York State requiring employers to provide PFL, which would cover job-protected paid leave to care for a new child or sick family member or to assist when someone is called to active military service. Standard Security Life anticipates that the implementation of this coverage will more than double our current \$30 million DBL block. The rates for PFL are set by New York State. As this is a new product, with no historical experience, there is no certainty as to the adequacy of the rate and therefore underwriting profitability.
- Experience increases in both long-term and short-term disability premiums in 2018 generated from new distribution relationships.
- Continue to evaluate strategic transactions. We plan to deploy some of our cash to make additional investments and acquisitions that will bolster existing or new lines of business.
- Continue to focus on administrative efficiencies.

Subject to making additional repurchases, acquisitions and investments, the Company will remain highly liquid in 2018 as a result of the continuing shorter duration of the portfolio. IHC has approximately \$139.3 million in highly rated shorter duration securities earning on average 1.9%; our portfolio as a whole is rated, on average, AA. The low duration of our portfolio enables us, if we deem prudent, the flexibility to reinvest in much higher yielding longer-term securities, which would significantly increase investment income in the future. A low duration portfolio such as ours also mitigates the adverse impact of potential inflation. IHC will continue to monitor the financial markets and invest accordingly.

Our results depend on the adequacy of our product pricing, our underwriting, the accuracy of our reserving methodology, returns on our invested assets, and our ability to manage expenses. We will also need to be diligent with increased rate review scrutiny to effect timely rate changes and will need to stay focused on the management of medical cost drivers in the event medical trend levels cause margin pressures. Factors affecting these items, as well as unemployment and global financial markets, may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company manages interest rate risk by seeking to maintain an investment portfolio with a duration and average life that falls within the band of the duration and average life of the applicable liabilities. Options and other derivatives may be utilized to modify the duration and average life of such assets.

The Company monitors its investment portfolio on a continuous basis and believes that the liquidity of the Insurance Group will not be adversely affected by its current investments. This monitoring includes the maintenance of an asset-liability model that matches current insurance liability cash flows with current investment cash flows. This is accomplished by first creating an insurance model of the Company's in-force policies using current assumptions on mortality, lapses and expenses. Then, current investments are assigned to specific insurance blocks in the model using appropriate prepayment schedules and future reinvestment patterns.

The results of the model specify whether the investments and their related cash flows can support the related current insurance cash flows. Additionally, various scenarios are developed changing interest rates and other related assumptions. These scenarios help evaluate the market risk due to changing interest rates in relation to the business of the Insurance Group.

The expected change in fair value as a percentage of the Company's fixed income portfolio at June 30, 2018 given a 100 to 200 basis point rise or decline in interest rates was not materially different than the expected change at December 31, 2017 included in Item 7A of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K.

In the Company's analysis of the asset-liability model, a 100 to 200 basis point change in interest rates on the Insurance Group's liabilities would not be expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company. With respect to its liabilities, if interest rates were to increase, the risk to the Company is that policies would be surrendered and assets would need to be sold. This is not a material exposure to the Company since a large portion of the Insurance Group's interest sensitive policies are burial policies that are not subject to the typical surrender patterns of other interest sensitive policies, and many of the Insurance Group's universal life and annuity policies were acquired from liquidated companies which tend to exhibit lower surrender rates than such policies of continuing companies. Additionally, there are charges to help offset the benefits being surrendered. If interest rates were to decrease substantially, the risk to the Company is that some of its investment assets would be subject to early redemption. This is not a material exposure because the Company would have additional unrealized gains in its investment portfolio to help offset the future reduction of investment income. With respect to its investments, the Company employs (from time to time as warranted) investment strategies to mitigate interest rate and other market exposures.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and procedures

IHC's Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") supervised and participated in IHC's evaluation of its disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in IHC's periodic reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. Based upon that evaluation, IHC'S CEO and CFO concluded that IHC's disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

Management, including the CEO and CFO, identified no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2018 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are involved in legal proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of our businesses. We have established reserves that we believe are sufficient given information presently available related to our outstanding legal proceedings and claims. We do not anticipate that the result of any pending legal proceeding or claim will have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or cash flows, although there could be such an effect on our results of operations for any particular period.

A third party administrator with whom we formerly did business ("Plaintiff") filed a Complaint dated May 17, 2017 in the United States District Court, Northern District of Texas, Dallas Division, naming IHC, Madison National Life, Standard Security Life, and IHC Carrier Solutions, Inc. (collectively referred to as "Defendants"). "Plaintiff" and "Defendants" are collectively referred to herein as the "Parties". The Complaint concerns agreements entered into by Standard Security Life and Madison National Life with Plaintiff, as well as other allegations made by Plaintiff against Defendants. The Complaint seeks injunctive relief and damages in an amount exceeding \$50,000,000, profit share payments allegedly owed to Plaintiff under the agreements totaling at least \$3,082,000 through 2014, plus additional amounts for 2015 and 2016, and exemplary and punitive damages as allowed by law and fees and costs. Defendants believe these claims to be without merit. Defendants moved to Compel Arbitration and Dismiss or Stay the original Complaint. Plaintiff filed an Amended Complaint on August 18, 2017. Defendants filed a Motion to Compel Arbitration or Stay the Amended Complaint. The Parties agreed to enter into an Order staying the action filed in Texas. The Parties' disputed claims have moved in part to arbitration. Standard Security Life and Madison National Life will strongly pursue their claims and vigorously oppose the counterclaims asserted by the TPA. The arbitration will likely conclude in the first half of 2019.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There were no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 in Item 1A to Part 1 of Form 10-K.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Share Repurchase Program

IHC has a program, initiated in 1991, under which it repurchases shares of its common stock. In August 2016, the Board of Directors increased the number of shares that can be repurchased to 3,000,000 shares of IHC common stock. As of June 30, 2018, 1,881,095 shares were still authorized to be repurchased.

Share repurchases during the second quarter of 2018 are summarized as follows:

		2018	
			Maximum Number
		Average Price	of Shares Which
Month of	Shares	of Repurchased	Can be
Repurchase	Repurchased	 Shares	Repurchased
April	-	\$ -	1,895,795
May	8,200	\$ 35.08	1,887,595
June	6,500	\$ 33.55	1,881,095

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Not applicable.

ITEM 6. <u>EXHIBITS</u>

Exhibit Number

- 3.1 Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Independence Holding Company (Filed as Exhibit 3(i) to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1996 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 3.2 <u>Certificate of Amendment of Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Independence Holding Company</u> (Filed as Exhibit 3.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 29, 2004 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 3.3 By-Laws of Independence Holding Company (Filed as Exhibit 3.3 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference), as amended by Amendment to By-Laws of Independence Holding Company (Filed as Exhibit 3.2 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2013 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.1 Officer Employment Agreement, made as of April 18, 2011, by and among Independence Holding Company, Standard Security Life Insurance Company of New York and Mr. David T. Kettig (Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 22, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference).
- Officer Employment Agreement, made as of April 18, 2011, by and among Independence Holding Company, Madison National Life Insurance Company, Inc. and Mr. Larry R. Graber (Filed as Exhibit 10.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 22, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.3 Officer Employment Agreement, made as of April 18, 2011, by and between Independence Holding Company and Ms. Teresa A. Herbert (Filed as Exhibit 10.5 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 22, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference).
- Officer Employment Agreement, made as of May 11, 2011, by and between Independence Holding Company and Mr. Roy T.K. Thung (Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2011 filed with the SEC on May 12, 2011, and incorporated herein by reference).

- 10.5 Retirement Benefit Agreement, dated as of September 30, 1991, between Independence Holding Company and Mr. Roy T.K. Thung, as amended. (Filed as an Exhibit to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1993 and incorporated herein by reference; Amendment No. 1 filed as Exhibit 10(iii)(A)(4a) to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 and incorporated herein by reference; Amendment No. 2 filed as Exhibit 10(iii)(4)(b) to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 22, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference; Amendment No. 3 filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on January 7, 2009 and incorporated herein by reference.)
- Purchase Agreement, made and entered into on June 15, 2015, by and among Madison National Life Insurance Company, Inc., Standard Security Life Insurance Company of New York and National Guardian Life Insurance Company (Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 16, 2015, and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.7 <u>Sale Bonus Agreement, dated November 7, 2016, by and between Independence American Holdings Corp. and David T. Kettig (Filed as Exhibit 10.8 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2016 and incorporated herein by reference).</u>
- 10.8 Officer Employment Agreement, made as of May 25, 2011, by and among Independence Holding Company, Standard Security Life and Mr. Gary J. Balzofiore (Filed as Exhibit 10.9 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 31.1 <u>Certification of the Chief Executive Officer and President Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u> *
- 31.2 <u>Certification of the Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u> *
- 32.1 <u>Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u> *
- 32.2 <u>Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u> *
- 101.INS XBRL Instance Document. The instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
- 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document. *
- 101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document. *
- 101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document. *
- 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document. *
- 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document. *

^{*} Filed herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

INDEPENDENCE HOLDING COMPANY

(REGISTRANT)

By: /s/Roy T. K. Thung Date: August 9, 2018

Roy T.K. Thung

Chief Executive Officer, and Chairman

of the Board of Directors

By: /s/Teresa A. Herbert Date: August 9, 2018

Teresa A. Herbert

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer