

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended: **March 31, 2010**

Or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from: _____ to _____

ADVANCED OXYGEN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)	0-9951 (Commission File Number)	91-1143622 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
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C/O Crossfield, Inc., 653 VT Route 12A, PO Box 189, Randolph, VT 05060

(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(212) 727-7085

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

C/O Crossfield, Inc., 100 Maiden Lane, Suite 2003, New York, NY 10038

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: As of May 5, 2010, there were 46,973,585 issued shares and 45,853,585 outstanding shares of Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. common stock, \$0.01 par value.

ADVANCED OXYGEN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

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PART 1: FINANCIAL INFORMATION**Item I:** Consolidated Financial Statements for the three months ending March 31, 2010 (unaudited).**ADVANCED OXYGEN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.****AND SUBSIDIARY****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

	March 31, 2009 Unaudited	June 30, 2009 Audited
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 44,754	\$ 31,268
Accounts Receivable	5,283	5,283
Other Current Assets	-	-
Total Current Assets	50,037	36,551
FIXED ASSETS		
Land and buildings	650,000	650,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 700,037	\$ 686,551

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY

CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ 20,523	\$ 24,389
Current Portion of Long Term Debt	7,011	7,011
Note Payable	177,000	177,000
Payroll and sales taxes payable	47,894	42,115
Prepaid Rental Revenues	18,781	14,883
	-----	-----
Total current liabilities	271,209	265,398
Long Term Debt, subsidiary	82,748	86,902
Due to affiliate	40,266	38,015
	-----	-----
Total Long Term Debt	123,014	124,917
Total Liabilities	394,223	390,315
STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY -		
Convertible preferred stock, Series 2, par value \$0.01; authorized 10,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding 5,000 shares liquidating preference \$25,000	50	50
Convertible preferred stock, Series 3, par value \$0.01; authorized and issued, 1,670,000 shares	16,700	16,700
Convertible preferred stock, Series 4; issued and outstanding,	-	-
Convertible preferred stock, Series 5; issued, 1 share	-	-
Common stock, par value \$0.01; authorized, 90,000,000 shares; issued 46,973,585 shares	469,736	469,736
Additional paid-in capital	20,497,769	20,497,769
Accumulated deficit	(20,671,155)	(20,680,735)
Less treasury stock, at cost		
1,670,000 shares of convertible preferred stock, Series 3	(7,284)	(7,284)
1,120,000 shares of common stock	-	-
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY	305,816	296,236
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY	\$ 700,037	\$ 686,551

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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ADVANCED OXYGEN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
Consolidated Statement of Operations and Changes in Accumulated Deficit

	3 Month Period Ending March, 31 (Unaudited)		9 Month Period Ending March 31, (Unaudited)	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Revenues				
Real Estate Rental Income, subsidiary	9,482	26,924	29,163	46,203
Total Revenues	9,482	26,924	29,163	46,203
Cost of Sales				
Cost of Sales, subsidiary	-	-	-	-
Gross Profit	9,482	26,924	29,163	46,203
Expenses				
Accounting Expense	-	-	5,997	-
Interest Expense	1,817	1,497	5,156	5,042
General & Administrative	2,193	1,786	6,364	6,560
Transfer Agent Expense	2,100	2,100	2,100	2,125
Total Expenses	6,110	5,383	19,597	13,727
Income (loss) from Operations	3,372	21,541	9,566	32,476
Other Income (Expense)				
Interest Income	-	-	14	1,076
Gain (loss) on Sale of Asset	-	-	-	-
Total Other Income (Expense)	-	-	14	1,076
Net Income (Loss)	3,372	21,541	9,580	33,552
Accumulated Deficit				
Beginning of Period	(20,667,783)	(20,740,851)	(20,680,735)	(20,752,862)
End of Period	(20,671,155)	(20,719,310)	(20,671,155)	(20,719,310)
Earnings per Share	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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ADVANCED OXYGEN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIENCY)

	9 Months ending	Year Ending
	March 31, 2010	June 30, 2009
	Unaudited	Audited
Common stock, par value \$0.01, authorized, 90,000,000 shares; issued, as follows:	-----	-----
Balance at beginning and end of period 46,973,585	\$ 469,736	\$ 469,736
	=====	=====
Additional paid in capital:		
Balance at beginning and end of period	\$ 20,497,769	\$ 20,497,769
	=====	=====
Accumulated deficit:		
Balance at beginning of period	\$ (20,680,735)	\$ (20,752,862)
Net income (loss) for the period	9,580	72,127
	-----	-----
Balance at end of period	\$ (20,671,155)	\$ (20,680,735)
Rounding:	-	-
	=====	=====
Other stockholders' deficiency accounts (no change during period)		
Convertible preferred stock, net of treasury stock (see balance sheet)	\$ 9,466	\$ 9,466
	=====	=====
Stockholders' Equity (Deficiency) at end of period	\$ 305,816	\$ 296,236
	=====	=====

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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ADVANCED OXYGEN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow

	3 Month Period Ending March 31, (unaudited) 2010		9 Month Period Ending March 31, (unaudited) 2010	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Cash flow from operating activities				
Net Income (Loss)	3,372	21,541	9,580	33,552
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash provided by operations				
Accounts Receivable & Value Added Tax Receivable	-	-	-	-
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	(1,269)	2,100	(3,867)	45
Taxes Payable	1,067	1,801	5,779	2,916
Current Portion of Long Term Debt	-	(148,766)	-	(148,766)
Prepaid Rental Revenues, ANV	-	(19,643)	3,898	6,232
Total Adjustments	(202)	(142,967)	5,810	(106,021)
Net Cash provided (used) by operations	3,170	7,438	15,390	36,946
Cash Flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds From:				
Note Payable Crossfield:	1601	-	2,251	2,080
Used For:				
Long Term Debt, Subsidiary	(2,349)	(1,756)	4,153	(5,243)
Net Cash Flows used in Financing Activities:	(748)	(1,756)	(1,902)	(3,163)
Net Increase (decrease) in Cash	2,422	(144,723)	13,488	(109,183)
Cash Balance at beginning of Period	42,331	169,502	31,268	133,962
Cash Balance at End of Period	44,754	24,779	44,754	24,779

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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NOTE 1- ORGANIZATION AND LINE OF BUSINESS

Organization:

Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. (formerly Aquanautic Corporation) (the "Company") was a specialty materials company in the development stage (as defined by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") no. 7, "Accounting and Reporting by Development Stage Enterprises"). The Company's core technology consisted of a variety of materials, which have a high affinity for oxygen. Through 1993 the Company also conducted research through funding from various government agencies such as the office of Naval Research and from Small Business Innovative Research ("SBIR") grants, as well as through its own internally generated funds.

The Company has agreed to indemnify Grace for any out of pocket costs incurred because of the claims, litigation, arbitration, or other proceedings (a) relating to the validity or ownership of the Patent Rights, (b) relating to any infringement by the Patent Rights of any other patent or trademark owned by a third party, (c) relating to any breach by the Company of its representations, warranties, covenants in the Purchase Agreement, or (d) arising from any state of affairs existing at closing which was not this indemnity. The indemnity is for all such costs up to \$75,000 and for 50% of such costs over \$75,000. Amounts due Grace under the indemnity would be paid by withholding royalties from the Company.

The Company ceased its previous operations described above during 1995 and had dormant operations until March 1998. During 1997, the Company entered into the following agreements in preparation of starting a new line of business:

Stock Acquisition Agreement:

Pursuant to a Stock Acquisition dated as of December 18, 1997, the Company issued 23,750,000 shares of its common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, to several investors for \$60,000 in cash, plus consulting services with a fair value of \$177,500. In December, 2000 an affiliated creditor received \$125,000 to reduce the Company's debt from an unrelated buyer of 3,000,000 shares of common stock which the Company issued during the year

On March 9, 1998, pursuant to an Agreement of Purchase and Sale of Specified Business Assets ("Purchase Agreement"), a Promissory Note, and a Security Agreement, the Company purchased certain tangible and intangible assets (the "Assets"), including goodwill and rights under certain contracts from Integrated Marketing Agency, Inc. ("IMA"). The assets purchased from IMA consisted primarily of furniture, fixtures, equipment, computers, servers, software, and databases previously used by IMA in its full-service telemarketing business. The purchase price consisted of (a) a cash down payment of \$10,000, (b) a note payable of \$550,000, and (c) 1,670,000 shares of the Company's Series 3 convertible preferred stock. As described in Note 10, the preferred shares automatically convert into the Company's common shares on March 2, 2000 in a manner that depends on the value of the common stock during the ten trading days immediately prior to March 1, 2000. However, as part of the Purchase Agreement, IMA has the option to redeem the converted shares for the aggregate sum of \$500,000 by delivering written notice to redeem the converted shares within ten business days after the conversion date. At the time of the purchase, the fair value of the preferred shares was not clearly evident, even though it appeared to be less than \$500,000. Therefore, the purchase price had a fair value of at least \$1,060,000. The assets purchased were recorded based upon their fair values.

Pursuant to a Purchase Agreement dated January 28, 1999, the Company purchased the 1,670,000 shares of the Series 3 convertible preferred stock and the promissory note discussed in the preceding paragraph. As part of the agreement, the Company paid \$15,000 to IMA, assumed a certain computer equipment lease with remaining obligations totaling \$44,811 and executed a one-year \$5,000 promissory note to IMA. In addition, both IMA and the Company provided mutual liability releases to each other.

On March 5, 2003, the Company, in exchange for 14,000,000 common shares, acquired the common stock of IP Service Aps("IP") a Danish corporation which developed and sells a software package "Analizt". Analizt is a security early warning tool used by network administrators in order for them to implement security patches on software installations. The product is sold as installed software together with a subscription for information updates for the security database. The common shares issued at the date of acquisition were valued at 2 cents per share assigned entirely to software costs, an intangible asset, which has no fixed determinable life. This asset is evaluated at least annually and any decline in value is charged to operations during that year.

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On April 23, 2005 Mobile Group Inc., a formerly fully owned subsidiary of Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc., acquired 100% of the issued and outstanding stock of Mobiligrup, ApS from all of its owners in exchange for 80% of its stock. The Company will account for the investment of 20% of Mobile Group Inc. by the equity method.

Waiver Agreement: On April 23, 2005 the shareholders that sold IP Service ApS to Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. ("IP Sellers") entered into a waiver agreement with Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. whereby: 1) The IP Sellers waived and relinquished all rights to collect the share conversion owed to the IP Sellers from the conversion of a preferred share pursuant to the stock acquisition agreement of March 3, 2003 (agreement governing the purchase of IP Service ApS, "IP Purchase Agreement"), 2) The IP Sellers release and indemnify Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. and Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. release and indemnify the IP Sellers for breach of contract, making false warranties and representations, and, liabilities associated with the remedies of set off pursuant to the IP Purchase Agreement, and, 3) For consideration of the above the IP Sellers will deliver to Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. the Preferred Share and One Million One hundred twenty thousand (1,120,000) shares of Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc.,

Sale of IP Service: On April 23, 2005 Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. sold 100.00% of the stock of IP Service ApS to Securas, Ltd. 7 Stewards Court, Carlisle Close, Kingston Upon Thames, Surrey KT2 7AU, United Kingdom ("SecurAs") for consideration as follows: 1) The purchase price will be Seven Hundred and Fifty Thousand US Dollars payable as follows: a) Cash and or b) Royalties, which are comprised of 33.33% of all revenue derived from or associated with IP Service ApS or any of its products, which shall be payable quarterly on the 10th day following each quarter and SecurAs will deliver a certified audit of the revenues of IP Service ApS annually to Advanced Oxygen Technologies Inc. At any time Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. can conduct and independent audit of IP Service ApS. At closing, SecurAs did NOT pay any cash to Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. The revenues for IP Service for the period years ended June 30, 2005 and June 30, 2004 were \$41,420 and \$41,421 respectively. The losses for IP Service for the period years ended June 30, 2005 and June 30, 2004 were \$204,058 and \$27,408 respectively. No income has been recognized from the sale.

Purchase of Anton Nielsen Vojens ApS: On February 3, 2006 Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. ("AOXY") purchased 100.00% of the stock of Anton Nielsen Vojens ApS ("ANV"), a Danish company from Borkwood Development Ltd. (a previous shareholder of AOXY) for Six Hundred and Fifty Thousand US Dollars. The transaction was financed as follows: 1) AOXY executed a promissory note ("Note") for \$650,000, payable to the sellers of ANV ("Sellers") payable and amortized monthly and carrying a interest at 5% per year. AOXY has the right to prepay the note at any time with a notice of 14 days. To secure the payment of principal and interest the Sellers will receive a perfect lien and security interest in the Shares in the company ANV until the note with accrued interest is paid in full., and, 2) In the case that the Note has not been repaid within 12 months from the day of closing the Sellers have the right to convert the debt to common stock of Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. in an amount of non diluted shares calculated on the conversion Date, equal to the lesser of : a) Six hundred and Fifty thousand (650,000) or the Purchase Price minus the principal payments made by the buyer, whichever is greater, divided by the previous ten day closing price of AOXY as quoted on the national exchange, or b) Fifteen million shares, whichever is lesser.

Subdivision and Sale of ANV Real Estate: Pursuant to an acquisition agreement ("Acquisition Agreement"), on March 3, 2006 Anton Nielsen Vojens ApS ("ANV"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. ("AOXY") entered into an agreement to sub divide and sell a 3,300 M2 portion of its Vojens City property ('Property") for Two Million Three hundred Thousand Danish Krone (2.300.000 DKK) to Ejendomsselskabet Ostergade 67 ApS, a Danish company ("EO").

Lines of Business:

The Company through its wholly owned subsidiary ANV owns income producing commercial real estate leased to Statoil AS until 2026.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Revenue Recognition:

Recognition of rental income:

Rental income for commercial property leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the respective lease terms.

Revenue recognition on the sale of real estate:

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Sales of real estate are recognized when and to the extent permitted by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 66, "Accounting for Sales of Real Estate" ("SFAS No. 66"), as amended by SFAS No. 144. Until the requirements of SFAS No. 66 for full profit recognition have been met, transactions are accounted for using either the deposit, the installment, the cost recovery, or the financing method, whichever is appropriate.

Interest Recognition on Notes Receivable

Interest income is not recognized on notes receivable that have been delinquent for 60 days or more. In addition, accrued but unpaid interest income is only recognized to the extent that the net realizable value of the underlying collateral exceeds the carrying value of the receivable.

Foreign currency translation:

Foreign currency transactions are translated applying the current rate method. Assets and liabilities are translated at current rates. Stockholders' equity accounts are translated at the appropriate historical rates and revenue and expenses are translated at weighted average rates for the year. Exchange rate differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date, or at the balance sheet date, are recognized in the income statement.

Income Taxes:

The Company accounts for income taxes under the asset and liability method of accounting. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. A valuation allowance is required when it is less likely than not that the Company will be able to realize all or a portion of its deferred tax assets. Because it is doubtful that the net operating losses of recent years will ever be used, a valuation allowance has been recognized equal to the tax benefit of net operating losses generated.

Net Earnings per Share:

The Company adopted SFAS No. 128, "Earnings per Share". Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing income available to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares available. Diluted earnings per share is computed similar to basic earnings per share except that the denominator is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the potential common shares had been issued and if the additional common shares were dilutive.

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly-liquid investments purchased with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

The Company maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which, at March 31, 2010 did not exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes that it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on such amounts.

Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentrations of Credit Risk:

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to major credit risk consist principally of a single subsidiary of Anton Nielsen Vojens ApS and its customer concentration.

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Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No 159, “The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities” (“SFAS 159”) which permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value that are not currently required to be measured at fair value. SFAS 159 will be effective for us on July 1, 2008. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting SFAS 159 on its financial position, cash flows and results of operations.

In December 2007, the FASB issued ASC Topic 805 “Business Combinations”. ASC Topic 805 establishes principles and requirements for how the acquirer of a business recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree. ASC Topic 805 also provides guidance for recognizing and measuring the goodwill acquired in the business combination, requires that acquisition costs be expensed and determines what information to disclose to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. ASC Topic 805 was effective for acquisitions made after June 30, 2009.

In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued the FASB Accounting Standards Codification. The FASB Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) became the source of authoritative, non-governmental GAAP, except for rules and interpretive releases of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). The FASB Accounting Standards Codification was effective for financial statements issued for interim and annual periods ending after September 15, 2009. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company’s consolidated results of operations and financial condition. In addition, the FASB finalized SFAS No. 167, Amending FASB interpretation No. 46(R), which was later superseded by the FASB Codification and included in ASC topic 810, “Consolidation.” The provisions of ASC 810 provide guidance in determining whether an enterprise has a controlling financial interest in a variable interest entity. This determination identifies the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity as the enterprise that has both the power to direct the activities of a variable interest entity that most significantly impacts the entity’s economic performance, and the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits of the entity that could potentially be significant to the variable interest entity. This pronouncement also requires ongoing reassessments of whether an enterprise is the primary beneficiary and eliminates the quantitative approach previously required for determining the primary beneficiary. New provisions of this pronouncement are effective July 1, 2010. The Company does not expect that the adoption of this pronouncement will have a material effect on its financial statements as it has no involvement in variable interest entities.

In October 2009, the FASB issued authoritative guidance on revenue recognition that will become effective for the Company beginning July 1, 2010, with earlier adoption permitted. Under the new guidance on arrangements that include software elements, tangible products that have software components that are essential to the functionality of the tangible product will no longer be within the scope of the software revenue recognition guidance, and software-enabled products will now be subject to other relevant revenue recognition guidance. Additionally, the FASB issued authoritative guidance on revenue arrangements with multiple deliverables that are outside the scope of the software revenue recognition guidance. Under the new guidance, when vendor specific objective evidence or third party evidence for deliverables in an arrangement cannot be determined, a best estimate of the selling price is required to separate deliverables and allocate arrangement consideration using the relative selling price method. The new guidance includes new disclosure requirements on how the application of the relative selling price method affects the timing and amount of revenue recognition. The Company does not expect that the adoption of this pronouncement will have a material effect on its financial statements.

In January 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-6, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820): Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements. This update requires new disclosures for fair value measurements and provides clarification for existing disclosures requirements. The majority of the new disclosure requirements became effective for us on January 1, 2010. Certain of the disclosure requirements will be effective for us on January 1, 2011. As ASU No. 2010-6 only requires enhanced disclosures, the adoption of ASU No. 2010-6 did not have a material effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows and did not materially expand our financial statement footnote disclosures.

In April 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-13, Compensation-Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Effect of Denominating the Exercise Price of a Share-Based Payment Award in the Currency of the Market in Which the Underlying Equity Security Trades. ASU No. 2010-13 clarifies that an employee share-based payment award with an exercise price denominated in the currency of a market in which a substantial portion of the entity’s equity securities trades should not be considered to contain a condition that is not a market, performance, or service condition. Therefore, an entity would not classify such an award as a liability if it otherwise qualifies as equity. The provisions of ASU No. 2010-13 will be effective for us on January 1, 2011. Early adoption is permitted. Adoption of the provisions of ASU No. 2010-13 is not expected to have a material effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

NOTE 3 - MAJOR CUSTOMER:

The Company's subsidiary, Anton Nielsen Vojens, ApS has sales to two major customers who were non related parts. For the period ending March 31, 2010, June 30, 2009, and June 30, 2008 the major customer concentrations were as follows:

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		Percent of Sales for the Period ending		
Customer	March 31,	June 30,		
	2010	2009	2008	
A	100%	100%	100%	
B	0%	0%	0%	
Total Sales from Major Customers	100%	100%	100%	

NOTE 4 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS ANTON NIELSEN VOJENS, ApS

The Company has borrowed funds from Crossfield, Inc., a related party, from time to time.

NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

Commitments:

The Company has issued a promissory note ("Note") for \$650,000, payable to the Borkwood Development Ltd, a previous shareholder of the Company ("Seller"), payable and amortized monthly and carrying a interest at 5% per year. The Company has the right to prepay the note at any time with a notice of 14 days. To secure the payment of principal and interest the Sellers will receive a perfect lien and security interest in the Shares in the company ANV until the note with accrued interest is paid in full., and, 2) In the case that the Note has not been repaid within 12 months from the day of closing the Sellers have the right to convert the debt to common stock of Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. in an amount of non diluted shares calculated on the conversion Date, equal to the lesser of : a) Six hundred and Fifty thousand (650,000) or the Purchase Price minus the principal payments made by the buyer, whichever is greater, divided by the previous ten day closing price of AOXY as quoted on the national exchange, or b) Fifteen million shares, whichever is lesser. The Note has been extended until July 1, 2010 and interest waived through the period ending June 30, 2009.

The Company's wholly owned subsidiary Anton Nielsen Vojens, ApS has a note payable with a bank. The original amount of the note was kr 750,000 Danish Krone (kr). The note is unsecured and uncollateralized, with a 7.00% interest rate and a 9 years left on the term. The balances on the note as of March 31, 2010 \$89,758 and March 31, 2009 were \$ and \$110,343 respectively and the yearly payments are fixed at kr 75,000.

NOTE 6 - DUE TO AFFILIATE

Due to affiliate consisted of:

1) Advances payable to Crossfield, Inc., a related party, which are not collateralized, non-interest bearing, and payable upon demand, however, the Company did not expect to make payment within one year. During the 3 month period ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 the Company had borrowed \$1,601 and \$0 respectively and had balances of \$40,266 and \$37,765 respectively, from affiliates and officers to meet expenses. The balances were not collateralized, were non-interest bearing and were payable on demand.

NOTE 7 - INCOME TAXES

As of March 31, 2010, the Company had federal and state net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$12,400,000 of which approximately \$1,600,000 may be utilized to offset future taxable income. Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code imposes substantial restrictions on the utilization of net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards when a change in ownership occurs. No deferred tax debits have been recorded because it is considered unlikely that they will be realized. The loss carryforwards will expire during the fiscal years ended June 30 as follows:

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Year	Amount
2012	\$464,000
2018	236,000
2019	548,000
2020	351,000
2021	<u>29,000</u>
Total	\$ 1,628,000

The overall effective tax rate differs from the federal statutory tax rate of 34% due to operating losses and other deferred assets not providing benefit for income tax purposes.

NOTE 8 - SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:

Preferred Stock:

The Company is authorized to issue 10,000,000 shares of \$0.01 par value preferred stock. The Company may issue any class of preferred shares in series. The board of directors has the authority to establish and designate series and to fix the number of shares included in each such series.

Series 2 Convertible Preferred Stock:

Each Series 2 preferred share is convertible into two shares of common stock at the option of the holder. Each Series 2 preferred share also includes one warrant to purchase two common shares for \$5.00. The warrants are exercisable over a three-year period. In the event of the liquidation of the Company, holders of Series 2 preferred stock would be entitled to receive \$5.00 per share, plus any unpaid dividends declared on the Series 2 preferred stock from the funds remaining after the Company's creditors, including directors, have been paid. There have been no dividends declared.

During November 1997, 172,000 shares of Series 2 preferred stock were converted into 344,000 shares of the Company's common stock.

Series 4 Convertible Preferred Stock:

The shares are collectively convertible to common stock of the Company on March 5, 2004, in an amount equal to the greater of a.)290,000 shares divided by the ten day closing price, prior to the date of acquisition of IPS, of the Company's common stock as quoted on the national exchange and not to exceed twenty million shares, or b.) six million shares.

ITEM 2: MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

The following should be read in conjunction with our Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto included in the Financial Statements."

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS:

Certain statements contained in this report, including statements concerning the Company's future and financing requirements, the Company's ability to obtain market acceptance of its products and the competitive market for sales of small production business' and other statements contained herein regarding matters that are not historical facts, are forward looking statements; actual results may differ materially from those set forth in the forward looking statements, which statements involve risks and uncertainties, including without limitation to those risks and uncertainties set forth in any of the Company's Registration Statements under the heading "Risk Factors" or any other such heading. In addition, historical performance of the Company should not be considered as an indicator for future performance, and as such, the future performance of the Company may differ significantly from historical performance.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

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The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. ("GAAP") and the Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") requires our management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Following are accounting policies that we believe are most important to the portrayal of our financial condition and results of operations and that require our most difficult judgments as a result of the need to make estimates and assumptions about the effects of matters that are inherently uncertain.

Recognition of rental income.

Rental income for commercial property leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the respective lease terms.

Revenue recognition on the sale of real estate.

Sales of real estate are recognized when and to the extent permitted by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 66, "Accounting for Sales of Real Estate" ("SFAS No. 66"), as amended by SFAS No. 144. Until the requirements of SFAS No. 66 for full profit recognition have been met, transactions are accounted for using either the deposit, the installment, the cost recovery, or the financing method, whichever is appropriate.

Interest Recognition on Notes Receivable

Interest income is not recognized on notes receivable that have been delinquent for 60 days or more. In addition, accrued but unpaid interest income is only recognized to the extent that the net realizable value of the underlying collateral exceeds the carrying value of the receivable.

Foreign currency translation:

Foreign currency transactions are translated applying the current rate method. Assets and liabilities are translated at current rates. Stockholders' equity accounts are translated at the appropriate historical rates and revenue and expenses are translated at weighted average rates for the year. Exchange rate differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date, or at the balance sheet date, are recognized in the income statement.

Income Taxes:

The Company accounts for income taxes under the asset and liability method of accounting. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. A valuation allowance is required when it is less likely than not that the Company will be able to realize all or a portion of its deferred tax assets. Because it is doubtful that the net operating losses of recent years will ever be used, a valuation allowance has been recognized equal to the tax benefit of net operating losses generated.

Net Earnings per Share:

The Company adopted SFAS No. 128, "Earnings per Share". Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing income available to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares available. Diluted earnings per share is computed similar to basic earnings per share except that the denominator is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the potential common shares had been issued and if the additional common shares were dilutive.

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly-liquid investments purchased with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The Company maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which, at March 31, 2010 did not exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes that it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on such amounts.

Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentrations of Credit Risk:

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to major credit risk consist principally of a single subsidiary of Anton Nielsen Vojens ApS and its customer concentration.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No 159, “The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities” (“SFAS 159”) which permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value that are not currently required to be measured at fair value. SFAS 159 will be effective for us on July 1, 2008. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting SFAS 159 on its financial position, cash flows and results of operations.

In December 2007, the FASB issued ASC Topic 805 “Business Combinations”. ASC Topic 805 establishes principles and requirements for how the acquirer of a business recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree. ASC Topic 805 also provides guidance for recognizing and measuring the goodwill acquired in the business combination, requires that acquisition costs be expensed and determines what information to disclose to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. ASC Topic 805 was effective for acquisitions made after June 30, 2009.

In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued the FASB Accounting Standards Codification. The FASB Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) became the source of authoritative, non-governmental GAAP, except for rules and interpretive releases of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). The FASB Accounting Standards Codification was effective for financial statements issued for interim and annual periods ending after September 15, 2009. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company’s consolidated results of operations and financial condition. In addition, the FASB finalized SFAS No. 167, Amending FASB interpretation No. 46(R), which was later superseded by the FASB Codification and included in ASC topic 810, “Consolidation.” The provisions of ASC 810 provide guidance in determining whether an enterprise has a controlling financial interest in a variable interest entity. This determination identifies the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity as the enterprise that has both the power to direct the activities of a variable interest entity that most significantly impacts the entity’s economic performance, and the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits of the entity that could potentially be significant to the variable interest entity. This pronouncement also requires ongoing reassessments of whether an enterprise is the primary beneficiary and eliminates the quantitative approach previously required for determining the primary beneficiary. New provisions of this pronouncement are effective July 1, 2010. The Company does not expect that the adoption of this pronouncement will have a material effect on its financial statements as it has no involvement in variable interest entities.

In October 2009, the FASB issued authoritative guidance on revenue recognition that will become effective for the Company beginning July 1, 2010, with earlier adoption permitted. Under the new guidance on arrangements that include software elements, tangible products that have software components that are essential to the functionality of the tangible product will no longer be within the scope of the software revenue recognition guidance, and software-enabled products will now be subject to other relevant revenue recognition guidance. Additionally, the FASB issued authoritative guidance on revenue arrangements with multiple deliverables that are outside the scope of the software revenue recognition guidance. Under the new guidance, when vendor specific objective evidence or third party evidence for deliverables in an arrangement cannot be determined, a best estimate of the selling price is required to separate deliverables and allocate arrangement consideration using the relative selling price method. The new guidance includes new disclosure requirements on how the application of the relative selling price method affects the timing and amount of revenue recognition. The Company does not expect that the adoption of this pronouncement will have a material effect on its financial statements.

In January 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-6, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820): Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements. This update requires new disclosures for fair value measurements and provides clarification for existing disclosures requirements. The majority of the new disclosure requirements became effective for us on January 1, 2010. Certain of the disclosure requirements will be effective for us on January 1, 2011. As ASU No. 2010-6 only requires enhanced disclosures, the adoption of ASU No. 2010-6 did not have a material effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows and did not materially expand our financial statement footnote disclosures.

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In April 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-13, Compensation-Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Effect of Denominating the Exercise Price of a Share-Based Payment Award in the Currency of the Market in Which the Underlying Equity Security Trades. ASU No. 2010-13 clarifies that an employee share-based payment award with an exercise price denominated in the currency of a market in which a substantial portion of the entity's equity securities trades should not be considered to contain a condition that is not a market, performance, or service condition. Therefore, an entity would not classify such an award as a liability if it otherwise qualifies as equity. The provisions of ASU No. 2010-13 will be effective for us on January 1, 2011. Early adoption is permitted. Adoption of the provisions of ASU No. 2010-13 is not expected to have a material effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDING MARCH 31, 2010 COMPARED TO 2009

Revenues: Revenues from operations for the three month period ending March 31, 2010 and March 31, 2009 were \$9,482 and \$26,924 respectively. This was attributable to rental payments for the commercial real estate held by Anton Nielsen Vojens.

Selling, general and administrative expenses: SG&A expenses for the three month period ending March 31, 2010 and March 31, 2009 were \$2,193 and \$1,786 respectively. The expenses are attributable to ANV's operations.

Interest expense: Interest expense for the three month period ending March 31, 2010 and March 31, 2009 was \$1,817 and \$1,497 respectively. Interest expenses for 2009 are lower primarily due to the foreign currency adjustments of the US Dollar.

Other income (expense), net: Other income (expense) net for the three month period ending March 31, 2010 and March 31, 2009 was \$14 and \$0 respectively. Other income is completely associated with interest income.

Net income (loss) attributed to common stockholders: Net loss and income for the three month period ending March 31, 2010 and March 31, 2009 attributed to common stockholders was \$ 3,372 or \$0.0000 per share and \$21,541, or \$0.000 per share respectively.

Liquidity and capital resources: As of March 31, 2010 the Company had \$44,754 of cash and cash equivalents and working capital of \$305,814 as compared to March 31, 2009 the Company had \$24,779 in cash and cash equivalents and a working capital of \$257,661. The change in cash is primarily due to the payments made on the debt of the acquisition of ANV and normal operations. The increase in the working capital is primarily related operations of ANV real estate and the reduction of debt associated with the ANV acquisition

Net cash provided (used) by operating activities for three month period ending March 31, 2010 was \$3,170 as compared to net cash from operating activities as of March 31, 2009 was \$(142,967). The net cash used by operating activities was primarily due to the operations of ANV.

OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We do not currently have any off balance sheet arrangements.

ACQUISITION EFFORTS:

The Company continues its efforts to raise capital to support operations and growth, and is actively searching acquisition or merger with another company that would complement AOXY or increase its earnings potential. During this period, the Company has been in discussion with Companies looking to be acquired. AOXY has not negotiated any terms nor proposed any acquisitions of any of these companies that have been accepted. In addition, the Company is in discussion with potential lending institutions to assist in financing any proposed acquisition. The Company expects difficulty in financing the growth of the increased business or acquisition and has been concentrating on raising capital and/or obtaining a line of credit.

HISTORICAL OPERATIONS:

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On March 9, 1998, pursuant to an Agreement for Purchase and Sale of Specified Business Assets ("Purchase Agreement"), a Promissory Note ("Note"), and a Security Agreement ("Security Agreement") all dated March 9, 1998, Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. (the "Company") purchased certain tangible and intangible assets (the "Assets") including goodwill and rights under certain contracts, from Integrated Marketing Agency, Inc., a California Corporation ("IMA").

Pursuant to an employment agreement dated March 09, 1998 between the Company and John Teuber ("Employment Agreement"), on September 04, 1998 the Company terminated John Teuber for cause without relinquishing any of its rights or remedies.

Pursuant to the Note, the Purchase Agreement, and the Security Agreement between the Company and ("IMA"), the Company on September 04, 1998 exercised its right of "Set Off" of the Note, as defined therein due to IMA's breach of numerous representations, warranties and covenants contained in the Note and certain ancillary documents. The Company further reserved any and all rights and remedies available to it under the Note, Purchase Agreement and Security Agreement.

The Company entered into a two year employment agreement ("NAG Agreement" as contained in Exhibit I of the registrants SEC Form 10-K for the period ending June 30, 1998) with Nancy Gaylord on March 13, 1998. On September 18, 1998, Nancy Gaylord terminated her employment with the Company. The NAG Agreement had no provision for this termination. The Company entered into a lease agreement as contained in Exhibit I of the registrants SEC Form 10-QSB for the period ending December 31, 1998 with America-United Enterprises Inc. on October 01, 1998 and took possession of 4,700 sf. of premises on November 06, 1998 in Santa Clarita for its CA location. Currently, this is the only California location of the Company.

On December 9, 1998 the company delivered to IMA, "Notification to Indemnifying Party and Demand for Indemnification for \$2,251,266." Pursuant to the Note, the Purchase Agreement, the Security Agreement, and the Employment Agreement (collectively the "Agreements"), the Company demanded that IMA pay \$2,251,266 or defend the Company against the Liabilities (as defined therein) due to, among other things, IMA's breach, representations, warranties, and violation of the Agreements.

On January 29, 1999, pursuant to the Purchase Agreement of 1/28/99, Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. ("AOXY") purchased 1,670,000 shares of convertible preferred stock of Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. ("STOCK") and a \$550,000 promissory note issued by Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. ("Note") from Integrated Marketing Agency, Inc. ("IMA"). The terms of the Purchase Agreement were: AOXY paid \$15,000 to IMA, assumed a Citicorp Computer Equipment Lease, #010-0031648-001 from IMA, delivered to IMA certain tangible business property (as listed in Exhibit A of the Purchase Agreement), executed a one year \$5,000 promissory note with IMA, and delivered to IMA a Request For Dismissal of case #PS003684 (restraining order) filed in Los Angeles county superior court. IMA sold, transferred, and delivered to AOXY the Stock and the Note. IMA sold, transferred, assigned and delivered the Note and the Stock to AOXY, executed documents with Citicorp Leasing, Inc. to effectuate an express assumption by AOXY of the obligation under lease #010-0031648-001 in the amount of \$44,811.26, executed a UCC2 filing releasing UCC-1 filing #9807560696 filed by IMA on March 13, 1998, and delivered such documents as required. In addition, both IMA and AOXY provided mutual liability releases for the other.

On April 18, 2000, notice was given that the Board of Directors and persons owning 64.7%, or 19,180,500 shares of common stock of Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. have elected to adopt the following proposals: 1. To amend and restate the Company's Restated Articles of Incorporation to increase the Company's authorized Common Shares from 30,000,000 to 90,000,000 shares, 2. The Board of Directors has approved an amendment to the Company's Certificate of Incorporation to change the name of the Company to AOXY, Inc. The Company's current name was adopted in 1985 when the Company was focused on applications of its technology which it has since disposed of or otherwise abandoned. The Board of Directors believes it would be more appropriate for the Company to utilize a

corporate name which more accurately describes the current focus of the Company or is not misleading as to the Company's operations. The above amendments to the Certificate of Incorporation will be filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, and the Name Change will become effective as of 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, on the date of such filing.

On December 31, 2000, AOXY entered into an agreement with Eastern Star, ltd, and Baldwin Construction Co (the "Purchasers") whereby the Purchasers will buy three million shares of capital stock of AOXY for one hundred and twenty five thousand dollars pursuant to a purchase agreement ("Purchase Agreement"). The Company has concluded the issuance and delivery of the shares pursuant to the Purchase Agreement. In addition, the Company received a request from Ann Sejeroe for a conversion of her 1 Preferred Share number P 0002 issued April 16, 1998, and in accordance with the restrictions, terms and conditions, as evidenced on the reverse side of the share certificate, the Company issued 333,333 shares bearing a restrictive legend.

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The Company had a location in Santa Clarita, CA for operations. In 2000 the Company had abandoned this facility and equipment and maintained no staff other than the sole officer of the Company. Currently, the sole officer of the Company allows the Company to maintain its books, records and operations at its office.

On February 14, 2002 the Company gave notice of the change of the Company's location, and location of books and records from Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. 26883 Ruether Avenue, Santa Clarita, CA, 91351 ("CA Location") to Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. c/o Crossfield, Inc. 133 W 13th Street, Suite #5, New York, NY 10011, Telephone (212)-727-7085, Fax (208)-439-5488. This location is collocated with a related business of the president, Robert E. Wolfe.

The Company maintained a database ("Database") of business contacts that have participated in conference events. The Database was obtained through acquisition and the Company's activities of marketing events and producing CD-ROMS for clients. AOXY had a database management contract with Dun and Bradstreet, ("DB") and Walter Karl, Inc., a division of InfoUSA, Inc. ("WK") whereby, Walter Karl, Inc. will broker the Company's Database. Walter Karl's function was to market and rent the data contained in the Database. This was available in one of two formats: on a one time basis, or a 'database' basis whereby the customer will commit to a minimum number of contact names. The majority of the customers using the Database through WK were direct business to business marketers. WK received a fee for each sale. During the year ending June 30, 2002 Walter Karl was the Company's only source of revenue. During this period, Walter Karl was the Company's only customer. At the same time AOXY had an agreement with Dun and Bradstreet whereby DB would update, correct, append, and offer deletions to the Database. DB would evaluate the Database each time, and had the option to purchase contacts on a case by case as they saw fit, in which case AOXY would receive a fee. Correspondingly, should AOXY, rent, sell or otherwise profit from registered DB information, AOXY would pay a fee to DB.

At a special meeting of the Board of Directors, AOXY removed Joseph N. Noll as a director due to his inability to perform his duties as a director. AOXY appointed Kurt Sondergaard and Lawrence Donofrio to the board of directors to replace Joseph N. Noll. Kurt Sondergaard founder and major shareholder of the company, Mr. Sondergaard was educated in the Danish Navy as an electronic engineer. He has worked for 10 years in the electronic security industry, specifically in the IT sector. During this period, Kurt has developed as a business entrepreneur, building and selling an IT business. Lawrence Donofrio graduated from Hamilton College with a BA in English studies. He then worked at Citibank for three years as a financial analyst, and five years as a private financial consultant. He then took a position with Bankers Trust for two years and since 1982 has been a private consultant in the financial industry.

Pursuant to a stock acquisition on March 05, 2003 Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. (AOXY or the Buyer) purchased 100% of the issued and outstanding stock of IP Services, ApS (IP or the Company) from all of its owners (the Shareholders) for value of five hundred thousand dollars (Purchase Price). AOXY issued fourteen million shares of common stock and one share of preferred convertible stock to the Shareholders for payment and consideration of the Purchase Price. Concurrently, pursuant to an Employment Agreement on March 05, 2003 AOXY entered into an agreement with Kurt Sondergaard (Employee). The Employee will be employed by AOXY for four years and will perform duties of president of IP, and AOXY and the Shareholders entered into a covenant of non competition agreement whereby the Shareholders agreed not to compete with IP for a period of five years.

Pursuant to a stock acquisition agreement, on February 3, 2006 Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. ("AOXY") purchased 100.00% of the stock of Anton Nielsen Vojens ApS ("ANV"), a Danish company from Borkwood Development Ltd. (a previous shareholder of AOXY) for Six Hundred and Fifty Thousand US Dollars. ANV owns commercial real estate and produces rental income.

On August 1, 2006, the Company was notified by Bernstien & Pinchuk LLP that they had resigned as the Company's independent auditors. On September 12, 2006 the Company engaged Horwath Revisorenre, AS Strandvejen 58, Hellerup, Denmark as its certified independent accounting firm/outside auditor.

On September 1, 2006 the Company sold its minority position of 20% of Mobile Group Inc. to KBA Holding ApS for one dollar.

On January 17 2007, the Company's location, and location of books and records has changed from Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. C/O Crossfield Inc. 133 West 13th St. Suite #5 New York, NY 10011 ("Old Location") to Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. c/o Crossfield, Inc. 100 Maiden Lane, Suite 2003, New York, NY 10038, Telephone (212)-727-7085, Fax (208)-439-5488. This location is co-located with a related business of the president, Robert E. Wolfe.

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On March 5 2009, the Company's location, and location of books and records has changed from Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. C/O 100 Maiden Lane, Suite 2003 New York, NY 10038 ("Old Location") to Advanced Oxygen Technologies, Inc. c/o Crossfield, Inc. 653 VT Route 12A, PO Box 189, Randolph VT 05060, Telephone (212)-727-7085, Fax (208)-439-5488. This location is co-located with a related business of the president, Robert E. Wolfe.

ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk:

Smaller reporting companies are not required to provide the information required by this Item.

ITEM 4T. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

EVALUATION OF DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

We conducted an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer who is also our Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. The term "disclosure controls and procedures," as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act"), means controls and other procedures of a company that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures also include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Acting Chief Financial Officer concluded as of March 31, 2010 that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at ensuring that the material information required to be disclosed in the Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported as required in applicable SEC rules and forms.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2010, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with management's evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over the financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act.

PART II

ITEM 1: LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

There were no legal proceedings brought against the Company during this period.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None

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ITEM 6: EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

None

EXHIBIT 99.906CERT (A)

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

EXHIBIT 99.906CERT (B)

**CERTIFICATION OF TREASURER
PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

EXHIBIT 99.CERT (C)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

EXHIBIT 99.CERT (D)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

SIGNATURE

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the Registrant has caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: May 5, 2010

/s/ Robert E. Wolfe /s/

Robert E. Wolfe, Chairman of the Board and
Chief Executive Officer and Principal
Financial Officer