

BETR PRODUCTIONS, INC

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Prepared Under Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)

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Independent Auditor's Report

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTOR & SHAREHOLDER'S
OF BETR PRODUCTIONS, INC.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **BETR Productions, Inc** ("the company") which comprise the Statement of Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2022, and the related Statement of Profit & Loss Account, Cash Flows Statement, Statement of Changes In Equity and notes to the financial statements for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the company management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of BETR Productions, Inc as of December 31, 2022, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about BETR Productions, Inc ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in United States of America will

always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken based on these financial statements.

As part of an audit, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit We also:

- Identified and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- Obtained an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluated the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management
- Concluded on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report However, future events or conditions may cause the organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluated the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtained sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during the audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not

be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'P. Teiwani', is written over a light blue rectangular background.

Pooja Teiwani
Certified Public Accountant
Licensed# 033536
Dated: March 14, 2024

BETR PRODUCTIONS, INC
BALANCE SHEET
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022

	FY-2022 \$
ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS	
OTHER ASSETS	-
CASH IN HAND AND BANK	80
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	80
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>80</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	-
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	-
EQUITY	
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	80
RETAINED EARNINGS	-
NET INCOME/ (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	-
TOTAL EQUITY	80
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	<u>80</u>

See Notes to the Financial Statements

BETR PRODUCTIONS, INC
STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS ACCOUNT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	FY-2022
	\$
REVENUE/ INCOME	
Services	-
Total Revenue/ Income	-
COST OF SALE/ CGS	
Cost of Goods Sold	-
TOTAL COST OF SALE/ CGS	-
Gross Profit	-
ADMINISTRATIVE GENERAL & SELLING EXPENSES	
Marketing	-
Consulting Expenses	-
Interest Expense	-
Merchant Account Fees	-
Taxes – Corporate Tax	-
Total Administrative and General Expenses	-
Operating Profit / (Loss) Before Tax	-
Other Income	-
Net Profit / (Loss)	-

See Notes to the Financial Statements

BETR PRODUCTIONS, INC
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	FY-2022 \$
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Net increase/ decrease in from operations activity	-
Adjustments to reconcile net increase in net assets resulting from operations to net cash used in operating activities	
Net increase/ decrease in working capital	-
Cash generated from / (used in) operations	-
Net Cash Flow from / (used in) Operating Activities	-
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Purchase/Sale of fixed assets	-
Net Cash Flow (used in) Investing Activities	-
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Common Share	80
Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities	80
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	80
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Year	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year	80

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

See Notes to the Financial Statements

BETR PRODUCTIONS, INC
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	FY-2022
	\$
	<u>Shareholder's Equity</u>
Balance at December 31, 2021	-
Shareholders' Equity	80
Retained Earnings	-
Net Income/ (Loss) For The Year	-
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u><u>80</u></u>

See Notes to the Financial Statements

BETR Productions, Inc.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION

As a startup in the event space, BETR Productions focuses on Audio-Visual (AV) solutions. The company is dedicated to delivering cutting-edge AV services for meetings and events. BETR ensures the seamless execution of presentations and conferences by leveraging strategic partnerships and innovative solutions. The startup is committed to becoming a reliable choice for diverse organizational needs in the dynamic event industry, prioritizing precision and performance in AV services

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting: The BETR Productions, Inc financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP") as promulgated by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") through the Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") as the authoritative source in the preparation of financial statements. All balances are expressed in United States dollars ("USD" or "U.S. dollars"), the Company's functional currency. The financial statements include the operations, assets, and liabilities of the Company. In the opinion of the Company's management, the accompanying financial statements contain all adjustments, necessary to fairly present the accompanying financial statements.

Trade Receivable: Trade receivables are stated at the amount management expects to collect for balances outstanding at period end. Management closely monitors outstanding account receivable and charges off to expense any balances that are determined to be uncollectable. Based on management's assessments of the credit history with customers having outstanding balances and current relationships with them, they have concluded that realization losses on balances outstanding at period end will be immaterial. Accordingly, there was no allowance for doubtful accounts. Bad debt expense was \$0 for the interim period ended December 31, 2022.

Use of Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from the estimates.

Advertisement: The Company follows the policy of charging the costs of advertising to expense as incurred.

Company Share Summery: The Company has total share common share of 8,040,000 and share available in stocks pools has 1,960,000. There is no preferred share available during the relevant period of time.

Property and Equipment: The Company values its investment in property and equipment at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided for using the straight-line method over the estimated service life of the assets being depreciated.

Judgment and Estimates: The organization reviews the rates of depreciation, useful lives, residual values and values of assets for possible impairment on an annual basis. Any change in the estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of property and equipment with a corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

Cash and Cash Equivalent: Cash consist of cash in hand or deposit with the bank till December 31, 2022.

Investing Activities: Investing activities include making and collecting loans, purchasing and selling debt or equity instruments of other reporting entities, and acquiring and disposing of property, plant, and equipment and other productive assets used in the production of goods or services.

Financing Activities: Financing activities include borrowing money and repaying or settling the obligation, and obtaining equity from owners and providing owners with a return on, or return of, their investment.

Warranty Reserve: The product contracts entered into generally provide a one to two-year product warranty to customers from the date of shipment. The Company currently estimate the cost of satisfying warranty claims based on analysis of past experience and provide for future claims in the period the revenue is recognized.

Provisions: Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting year, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Income Taxes: For U.S. federal income tax purposes, taxes related to income earned by the company represent obligations of the individual partners and members and have not been reflected in the statement of financial condition. The stockholder is taxed on their proportionate share of the Company's taxable income. Accordingly, no provisions or liability for income taxes are included in these financial statements. The Company recognizes interest and penalties as operating expenses in the year they are incurred.

State income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due plus deferred taxes related to differences between the financial and income tax bases of assets and liabilities. The deferred tax assets and liabilities, if any, represent the future tax return consequences of those differences, which will either be taxable or deductible when the assets and liabilities are recovered or settled.

The Company accounts for uncertain tax positions in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). No amounts have been recognized or disclosed

related to uncertain tax positions. The Company would record interest expense and penalties related to uncertain tax positions as interest expense and other operating expense, respectively.

NOTE 3 – FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants as of the measurement date. Applicable accounting guidance provides an established hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability and are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the Company's assumptions about the factors that market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- | | |
|---------|--|
| Level 1 | - Observable inputs that reflect quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets. |
| Level 2 | - Include other inputs that are directly or indirectly observable in the marketplace. |
| Level 3 | - Unobservable inputs which are supported by little or no market activity. |

The fair value hierarchy also requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value.

Fair-value estimates discussed herein are based upon certain market assumptions and pertinent information available to management as of Inception. Fair values were assumed to approximate carrying values because of their short term in nature or they are payable on demand.

NOTE 4 – CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been re-arranged, wherever necessary, to facilitate better comparison. However, no rearrangements / reclassifications have been made in these financial statements during the year.

NOTE 5 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company has no commitments and contingencies as of the year ended December 31, 2022.

NOTE 6 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The management has performed an analysis of the activities and transactions subsequent to December 31, 2022 to determine the need for any adjustments to and/or disclosures within the financial statements as of and for the period ended December 31, 2022. The management has performed such analysis through January 10, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

BETR PRODUCTIONS, INC

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Prepared Under Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)

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Independent Auditor's Report

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTOR & SHAREHOLDER'S
OF BETR PRODUCTIONS, INC.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **BETR Productions, Inc** ("the company") which comprise the Statement of Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2023, and the related Statement of Profit & Loss Account, Cash Flows Statement, Statement of Changes In Equity and notes to the financial statements for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the company management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of BETR Productions, Inc as of December 31, 2023, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about BETR Productions, Inc ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in United States of America will

always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken based on these financial statements.

As part of an audit, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit We also:

- Identified and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- Obtained an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluated the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management
- Concluded on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report However, future events or conditions may cause the organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluated the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtained sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during the audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not

be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'P. Teiwani', is written over a light blue rectangular background.

Pooja Teiwani
Certified Public Accountant
Licensed# 033536
Dated: March 14, 2024

BETR PRODUCTIONS, INC
BALANCE SHEET
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023

	FY-2023
	\$
ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS	
OTHER ASSETS	-
CASH IN HAND AND BANK	40,154
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	40,154
FIXED ASSETS	
FIXED ASSETS	-
TOTAL FIXED ASSETS	-
TOTAL ASSETS	40,154
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
CREDIT CARD	21,355
LOAN FROM JOSH	1,584
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	22,939
EQUITY	
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	150,080
RETAINED EARNINGS	-
NET INCOME/ (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	(132,866)
TOTAL EQUITY	17,214
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	40,154

See Notes to the Financial Statements

BETR PRODUCTIONS, INC
STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS ACCOUNT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	FY-2023
	\$
REVENUE/ INCOME	
Services	4,672
Total Revenue/ Income	4,672
COST OF SALE/ CGS	
Cost of Goods Sold	1,669
TOTAL COST OF SALE/ CGS	1,669
Gross Profit	3,003
ADMINISTRATIVE GENERAL & SELLING EXPENSES	
Marketing	28,845
Hardware Purchases-Prototyping	58,532
Software Development	12,726
Bank Service Charges	135
Design Development	7,030
Non COGS Travel	3,859
Office Expenses	240
Hosting	1,108
Internet	78
Software	903
Consulting Expenses	20,837
Interest Expense	988
Merchant Account Fees	136
Taxes – Corporate Tax	450
Total Administrative and General Expenses	135,868
Operating Profit / (Loss) Before Tax	(132,866)
Other Income	-
Net Profit / (Loss)	(132,866)

See Notes to the Financial Statements

BETR PRODUCTIONS, INC
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	FY-2023
	\$
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Net increase/ decrease in from operations activity	(132,866)
Adjustments to reconcile net increase in net assets resulting from operations to net cash used in operating activities	
Net increase/ decrease in working capital	-
Cash generated from / (used in) operations	(132,866)
Net Cash Flow from / (used in) Operating Activities	(132,866)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Purchase/Sale of fixed assets	-
Net Cash Flow (used in) Investing Activities	-
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
J. PERLMAN	21,355
Loan from Josh	1,584
Common Share	150,000
Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities	172,939
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	40,074
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Year	80
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year	40,154

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

See Notes to the Financial Statements

BETR PRODUCTIONS, INC
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	FY-2023
	\$
	<u>Shareholder's Equity</u>
Balance at December 31, 2022	-
Shareholders' Equity	150,080
Retained Earnings	-
Net Income/ (Loss) For The Year	(132,866)
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u><u>17,214</u></u>

See Notes to the Financial Statements

BETR Productions, Inc.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION

As a startup in the event space, BETR Productions focuses on Audio-Visual (AV) solutions. The company is dedicated to delivering cutting-edge AV services for meetings and events. BETR ensures the seamless execution of presentations and conferences by leveraging strategic partnerships and innovative solutions. The startup is committed to becoming a reliable choice for diverse organizational needs in the dynamic event industry, prioritizing precision and performance in AV services

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Basis of Accounting: The BETR Productions, Inc financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP") as promulgated by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") through the Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") as the authoritative source in the preparation of financial statements. All balances are expressed in United States dollars ("USD" or "U.S. dollars"), the Company's functional currency. The financial statements include the operations, assets, and liabilities of the Company. In the opinion of the Company's management, the accompanying financial statements contain all adjustments, necessary to fairly present the accompanying financial statements.

Trade Receivable: Trade receivables are stated at the amount management expects to collect for balances outstanding at period end. Management closely monitors outstanding account receivable and charges off to expense any balances that are determined to be uncollectable. Based on management's assessments of the credit history with customers having outstanding balances and current relationships with them, they have concluded that realization losses on balances outstanding at period end will be immaterial. Accordingly, there was no allowance for doubtful accounts. Bad debt expense was \$0 for the interim period ended December 31, 2023.

Use of Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from the estimates.

Advertisement: The Company follows the policy of charging the costs of advertising to expense as incurred.

Company Share Summery: The Company has total share common share of 8,040,000 and share available in stocks pools has 1,960,000. There is no preferred share available during the relevant period of time. whereas minimum debt equity shares are 152,283.

Property and Equipment: The Company values its investment in property and equipment at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided for using the straight-line method over the estimated service life of the assets being depreciated.

Judgment and Estimates: The organization reviews the rates of depreciation, useful lives, residual values and values of assets for possible impairment on an annual basis. Any change in the estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of property and equipment with a corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

Cash and Cash Equivalent: Cash consist of cash in hand or deposit with the bank till December 31, 2023.

Investing Activities: Investing activities include making and collecting loans, purchasing and selling debt or equity instruments of other reporting entities, and acquiring and disposing of property, plant, and equipment and other productive assets used in the production of goods or services.

Financing Activities: Financing activities include borrowing money and repaying or settling the obligation, and obtaining equity from owners and providing owners with a return on, or return of, their investment.

Warranty Reserve: The product contracts entered into generally provide a one to two-year product warranty to customers from the date of shipment. The Company currently estimate the cost of satisfying warranty claims based on analysis of past experience and provide for future claims in the period the revenue is recognized.

Provisions: Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting year, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Income Taxes: For U.S. federal income tax purposes, taxes related to income earned by the company represent obligations of the individual partners and members and have not been reflected in the statement of financial condition. The stockholder is taxed on their proportionate share of the Company's taxable income. Accordingly, no provisions or liability for income taxes are included in these financial statements. The Company recognizes interest and penalties as operating expenses in the year they are incurred.

State income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due plus deferred taxes related to differences between the financial and income tax bases of assets and liabilities. The deferred tax assets and liabilities, if any, represent the future tax return consequences of those differences, which will either be taxable or deductible when the assets and liabilities are recovered or settled.

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Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants as of the measurement date. Applicable accounting guidance provides an established hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability and are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the Company's assumptions about the factors that market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- | | |
|---------|--|
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The fair value hierarchy also requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value.

Fair-value estimates discussed herein are based upon certain market assumptions and pertinent information available to management as of Inception. Fair values were assumed to approximate carrying values because of their short term in nature or they are payable on demand.

NOTE 4 – CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been re-arranged, wherever necessary, to facilitate better comparison. However, no rearrangements / reclassifications have been made in these financial statements during the year.

NOTE 5 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company has no commitments and contingencies as of the year ended December 31, 2023.

NOTE 6 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The management has performed an analysis of the activities and transactions subsequent to December 31, 2023 to determine the need for any adjustments to and/or disclosures within the financial statements as of and for the period ended December 31, 2023. The management has performed such analysis through January 11, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.