

Slabwork LLC (the “Company”) a California Limited Liability Company

Financial Statements (unaudited) and
Independent Accountant’s Review Report

Years ended December 31, 2024 & 2023



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REVIEW REPORT

To Management
Slabwork LLC

We have reviewed the accompanying financial statements of the Company which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2024 & 2023 and the related statements of operations, statement of changes in member's equity, and statement of cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements. A review includes primarily applying analytical procedures to management's financial data and making inquiries of Company management. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

Accountant's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to conduct the review engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. Those standards require us to perform procedures to obtain limited assurance as a basis for reporting whether we are aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial statements for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We believe that the results of our procedures provide a reasonable basis for our conclusion.

Accountant's Conclusion

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying financial statements in order for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter Regarding Going Concern

As discussed in Note 8, certain conditions indicate substantial doubt that the Company will be able to continue as a going concern. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Management has evaluated these conditions and plans to generate revenues and raise capital as needed to satisfy its capital needs.

On behalf of Mongio and Associates CPAs, LLC

Vince Mongio, CPA, EA, CIA, CFE, MACC
Miami, FL
October 30, 2025

Vincenzo Mongio

Statement of Financial Position

	As of December 31,	
	2024	2023
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	253,291	84,430
Accounts Receivable	60,781	30,878
Prepaid Expenses	-	-
Total Current Assets	314,072	115,309
Non-Current Assets		
Trademark	4,837	4,837
Total Non-Current Assets	4,837	4,837
TOTAL ASSETS	318,908	120,145
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable - Related Party	-	-
Accounts Payable	13,853	2,443
Taxes Payable	1,105	1,849
Total Current Liabilities	14,959	4,292
Non-Current Liabilities		
Future Equity Obligations	177,520	-
Total Non-Current Liabilities	177,520	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	192,479	4,292
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 4)		
EQUITY		
Additional Paid in Capital	111,186	99,500
Accumulated Earnings/(Deficit)	15,244	16,353
Total Equity	126,430	115,853
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	318,908	120,145

Statement of Changes in Member Equity

	Member Capital	Accumulated Earnings/(Deficit)	Total Member Equity
	\$ Amount		
Beginning Balance at 1/1/2023	99,500	757	100,257
Net Income (Loss)	-	15,597	15,597
Ending Balance 12/31/2023	99,500	16,353	115,853
Capital Contributions	16,686	-	16,686
Capital Distributions	(5,000)	-	(5,000)
Net Income (Loss)	-	(1,109)	(1,109)
Ending Balance 12/31/2024	111,186	15,244	126,430

Statement of Operations

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2024	2023
Revenue	758,160	476,839
Cost of Revenue - Related Party	515,566	319,138
Gross Profit	242,594	157,701
Operating Expenses		
Advertising and Marketing	42,704	8,034
General and Administrative - Related Party	41,859	33,607
General and Administrative	159,141	100,463
Total Operating Expenses	243,703	142,105
Operating Income (loss)	(1,109)	15,597
Earnings Before Income Taxes	(1,109)	15,597
Provision for Income Tax Expense/(Benefit)	-	-
Net Income (loss)	(1,109)	15,597

Statement of Cash Flows

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2024	2023
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Income (Loss)	(1,109)	15,597
Adjustments to reconcile Net Income to Net Cash provided by operations:		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	11,410	1,943
Accounts Payable - Related Party	-	(30,156)
Sales Tax Payable	(743)	838
Accounts Receivable	(29,902)	(28,149)
Prepays	-	4,600
Total Adjustments to reconcile Net Income to Net Cash provided by operations:	(19,236)	(50,924)
Net Cash provided by (used in) Operating Activities	(20,345)	(35,328)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Trademark	-	(4,837)
Net Cash provided by (used in) Investing Activities	-	(4,837)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from Member's Equity, net	11,686	-
Proceeds from Future Equity Obligations	177,520	-
Net Cash provided by (used in) Financing Activities	189,206	-
Cash at the beginning of period	84,430	124,594
Net Cash increase (decrease) for period	168,861	(40,164)
Cash at end of period	253,291	84,430

Slabwork LLC
Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements
December 31st, 2024
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NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF ACTIVITIES

Slabwork LLC (“the Company”) is a California LLC formed on October 27th, 2021. The Company is operating under the business name Slabmags. The Company develops and manufactures premium cases and accessories for trading cards. The Company is headquartered in Ontario, California.

The Company will conduct a crowdfunding campaign under regulation CF in 2025 to raise operating capital.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

Our financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”). Our fiscal year ends on December 31. The Company has no interest in variable interest entities and no predecessor entities.

Use of Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all cash balances, and highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

ASC 820 “*Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*” establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs in measuring fair value. The hierarchy prioritizes the inputs into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

These tiers include:

Level 1: defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets;

Level 2: defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and

Level 3: defined as unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions.

Concentrations of Credit Risks

The Company’s financial instruments that are exposed to concentrations of credit risk primarily consist of its cash and cash equivalents. The Company places its cash and cash equivalents with financial institutions of high credit worthiness. The Company’s management plans to assess the financial strength and credit worthiness of any parties to which it extends funds, and as such, it believes that any associated credit risk exposures are limited.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue from the sale of products and services in accordance with ASC 606, "Revenue Recognition" following the five steps procedure:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with customers
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to performance obligations
- Step 5: Recognize revenue when or as performance obligations are satisfied

The Company's primary performance obligation is the delivery of products. Revenue is recognized at the time of shipment, net of estimated returns. Coincident with revenue recognition, the Company establishes a liability for expected returns and records an asset (and corresponding adjustment to cost of sales) for its right to recover products from customers on settling the refund liability.

Accounts Receivable

Trade receivables due from customers are uncollateralized customer obligations due under normal trade terms. Trade receivables are stated at the amount billed to the customer. Payments of trade receivables are allocated to the specific invoices identified on the customer's remittance advice or, if unspecified, are applied to the earliest unpaid invoices. Payments are generally collected upfront, but some of the merchants that products are sold through have a delay between collecting from the customer and sending to the Company.

The Company estimates an allowance for doubtful accounts based upon an evaluation of the current status of receivables, historical experience, and other factors as necessary. It is reasonably possible that the Company's estimate of the allowance for doubtful accounts will change.

Advertising Costs

Advertising costs associated with marketing the Company's products and services are generally expensed as costs are incurred.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses consist of payroll and related expenses for employees and independent contractors involved in general corporate functions, including accounting, finance, tax, legal, business development, and other miscellaneous expenses.

Equity Based Compensation

The Company did not have any equity-based compensation as of December 31st, 2024.

Income Taxes

The Company is a pass-through entity therefore any income tax expense or benefit is the responsibility of the company's owners. As such, no provision for income tax is recognized on the Statement of Operations.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The FASB issues ASUs to amend the authoritative literature in ASC. There have been a number of ASUs to date that amend the original text of ASC. Management believes that those issued to date either (i) provide supplemental guidance, (ii) are technical corrections, (iii) are not applicable to us or (iv) are not expected to have a significant impact on our financial statements.

NOTE 3 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company follows ASC 850, “Related Party Disclosures,” for the identification of related parties and disclosure of related party transactions.

A related party owns a separate entity that manufactures the product the Company develops. The Company incurred cost of revenue from this related party manufacturer totaling \$515,566 in 2024 and \$319,138 in 2023.

A related party owns a separate entity that the Company incurred general and administrative expenses of \$41,859 and \$33,607 as of December 31st, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

NOTE 4 – COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

We are currently not involved with or know of any pending or threatening litigation against the Company or any of its officers. Further, the Company is currently complying with all relevant laws and regulations. The Company does not have any long-term commitments or guarantees.

NOTE 5 – LIABILITIES AND DEBT

None.

NOTE 6 – EQUITY

The Company is a limited liability company with one class of unit of interest owned by multiple members.

NOTE 7 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated events subsequent to December 31, 2024 to assess the need for potential recognition or disclosure in this report. Such events were evaluated through October 30, 2025, the date these financial statements were available to be issued. No events require recognition or disclosure.

NOTE 8 – GOING CONCERN

The accompanying balance sheet has been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The entity realized a loss in 2024 and may generate future losses.

During the next twelve months, the Company intends to finance its operations with funds from a crowdfunding campaign and revenue producing activities. The Company’s ability to continue as a going concern in the next twelve months following the date the financial statements were available to be issued is dependent upon its ability to produce revenues and/or obtain financing sufficient to meet current and future obligations and deploy such to produce profitable operating results. Management has evaluated these conditions and plans to generate revenues and raise capital as needed to satisfy its capital needs. No assurance can be given that the Company will be successful in these efforts. These factors, among others, raise substantial doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or the amounts and classification of liabilities.