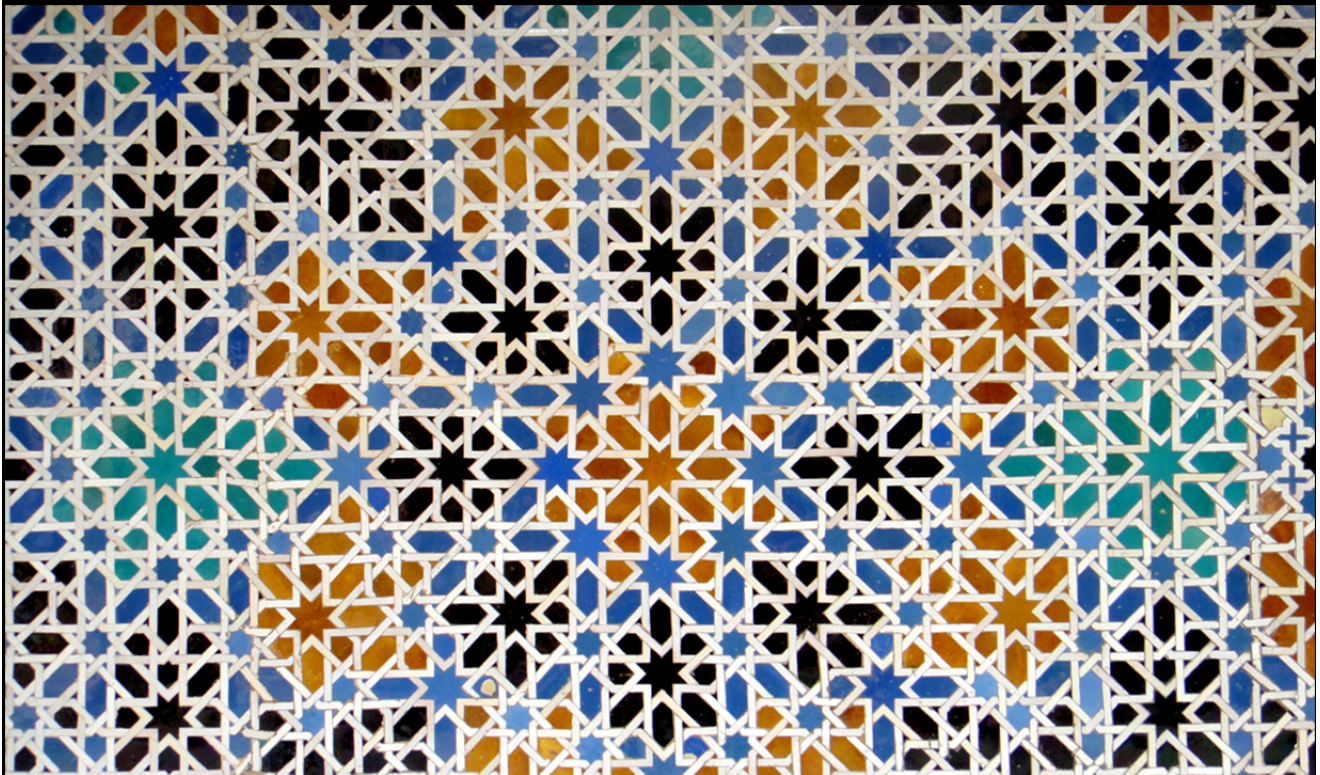


November 2012

J.P. Morgan Structured Investments



The J.P. Morgan Mozaic Fixed Income
Index (USD)
Strategy Guide

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Investments in securities linked to the Index require investors to assess several characteristics and risk factors that may not be present in other types of transactions. In reaching a determination as to the appropriateness of any proposed transaction, clients should undertake a thorough independent review of the legal, regulatory, credit, tax, accounting and economic consequences of such transaction in relation to their particular circumstances. This free writing prospectus contains market data from various sources other than us and our affiliates, and we have not independently verified that market data. All information is subject to change without notice. We or our affiliated companies may make a market or deal as principal in the securities mentioned in this document or in options, futures or other derivatives based thereon.

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Overview

The J.P. Morgan Mozaic Fixed Income Index (USD) (the “**Index**”) is a USD-denominated rule-based Index that provides synthetic exposure to a dynamic basket of indices (each, an “**Underlying Index**”) that reference fixed income futures contracts in global developed markets. Each month (except for January), the Index rebalances into long and/or short positions in the Underlying Indices (each potential long or short position, a “**Constituent**”) using a volatility-targeted momentum based strategy and a signal based on the federal funds target rate.

On each rebalancing date, the Index rebalances into 12 different long or short positions, subject to certain exceptions (the “**Selected Portfolio**”), out of a potential universe of 38 Constituents. The Index selects the Constituents included in a particular monthly rebalancing based on recent relative performance.

In addition to the Index’s volatility-targeted momentum strategy, the Index seeks to adapt to different interest rate environments as measured by the federal funds target global rate of the U.S. Federal Reserve. On any rebalancing determination day, if the federal funds target interest rate on that date is greater than its published rate 66 index calculation days prior, then the Index will rebalance on the following rebalancing day to equally weighted positions that are long the Selected Portfolio and short certain J.P. Morgan fixed-income futures-based indices. Conversely, on any rebalancing determination day, if the federal funds target interest rate on that day is less than or equal to its published rate 66 index calculation days prior, then the Index will rebalance on the following rebalancing day to the Selected Portfolio for such rebalancing day. This feature, along with the momentum based strategy, allows the Index to dynamically react to rising, steady and falling interest rate environments.

The Index also employs a volatility-targeting feature. Exposure on each Constituents and the Index is leveraged up or down to target a volatility of 4.0% per annum, based on the greater of the realized volatility during the last 20 index calculation days and the realized volatility during the last 66 index calculation days and subject to the maximum leverage limitations described herein.

The Index includes a fee of 0.55% per annum, which is deducted daily from the level of the Index.

Key features of the Index include:

- *Dynamic Long and Short Exposure:* The Index provides dynamic long and/or short exposure to global fixed-income markets in developed economies (specifically the U.S., Germany, and Japan).
- *An Initial Performance Review:* The Index seeks to identify trends in its underlying Constituents, on a monthly basis (except for January), by reviewing each Constituent’s performance (which will be long or short performance of the relevant Underlying Index) for the immediately preceding 66 index calculation days. Subject to certain exceptions, the top 12 Constituents, ranked by performance, are selected for a second performance review.
- *A Second Performance Review:* These 12 Constituents selected in the initial performance review must have a return greater than -1.0% during the immediately preceding 10 index calculation day. Any Constituent that meets both performance reviews is included in the relevant Selected Portfolio.
- *Volatility-Targeting at the Level of the Constituents:* The exposure of each Constituent in the Selected Portfolio is levered up or down, based on the greater of the realized volatility over the prior 20 index calculation days and the prior 66 index calculation days, subject to the maximum leverage limitations set forth in “*What are the Constituents?*” below, with a goal of producing a portfolio volatility of 4.0% per annum.

- *Volatility-Targeting at the Index Level:* The Index also has a target volatility of 4.0% per annum, subject to a maximum leverage of 250%.
- *Ability to react to Rising, Steady and Falling Interest Rate Environments:* While other fixed-income indices may be long-only, which leaves a potential investor exposed to a rising interest rate environments; the Index may take long and/or short positions and has a feature that adjusts allocations based on changes to the Federal Reserve's federal funds target interest rate.
- *Published Daily:* The Index levels are published on Bloomberg under the ticker JMOZFIUS.

What are the Constituents?

The following table sets forth the Underlying Index for each Constituent that composes the Index. There are 38 Constituents representing long and short positions on each of the following 19 Underlying Indices.

Constituents				
Class	Sub-Sector	Index Name	Ticker	Maximum Leverage
Bond Futures	Short-Term US Treasuries	J.P. Morgan U.S. 2-Year Note Futures Tracker Index (USD)	JFBU2USD	500%
	Medium-Term US Treasuries	J.P. Morgan U.S. 5-Year Note Futures Tracker Index (USD)	JFBU5USD	100%
	Long-Term US Treasuries	J.P. Morgan U.S. 10-Year Note Futures Tracker Index (USD)	JFBU10US	100%
	Short -Term German Note	J.P. Morgan Euro-Schatz Futures Tracker Index (USD)	JFBEDUUS	500%
	Medium-Term German Note	J.P. Morgan Euro-Bobl Futures Tracker Index (USD)	JFBEBLUS	100%
	Long-Term German Note	J.P. Morgan Euro-Bund Futures Tracker Index (USD)	JFBERXUS	100%
	Long-Term Japanese Note	J.P. Morgan 10Y Japanese Government Bond Futures Tracker Index (USD)	J10EUSJP	100%
Money Market Futures	Eurodollar Contracts	J.P. Morgan Front Eurodollar Futures Tracker Index (USD)	JFLFUS1U	500%
		J.P. Morgan Second Near Eurodollar Futures Tracker Index (USD)	JFLFUS2U	500%
		J.P. Morgan Third Near Eurodollar Futures Tracker Index (USD)	JFLFUS3U	500%
		J.P. Morgan Fourth Near Eurodollar Futures Tracker Index (USD)	JFLFUS4U	500%
		J.P. Morgan Fifth Near Eurodollar Futures Tracker Index (USD)	JFLFUS5U	500%
	Euribor Contracts	J.P. Morgan Front Euribor Futures Tracker Index (USD)	JFLFEU1U	500%
		J.P. Morgan Second Near Euribor Futures Tracker Index (USD)	JFLFEU2U	500%
		J.P. Morgan Third Near Euribor Futures Tracker Index (USD)	JFLFEU3U	500%
		J.P. Morgan Fourth Near Euribor Futures Tracker Index (USD)	JFLFEU4U	500%
		J.P. Morgan Fifth Near Euribor Futures Tracker Index (USD)	JFLFEU5U	500%
Spread Based Futures	Euro 2y10y Spread Index	J.P. Morgan EUR Curve Index (USD)	JPVEU210	500%
	Dollar 2y10y Spread Index	J.P. Morgan USD Curve Index (USD)	JPVU0210	500%

Note: Please see the relevant underlying supplement for more information on the Index, the Constituents and the Underlying Indices. Certain historical data for the Underlying Indices can be accessed on the Bloomberg website (www.bloomberg.com) by typing [ticker]:ind in the search box. Information contained in the Bloomberg website is not incorporated by reference herein and should not be considered a part of this free writing prospectus.

The table and graph below illustrate the performance of the Index based on the hypothetical back-tested closing levels from October 31, 2002 through September 14, 2012 and actual historical performance of the current version of the Index from September 15, 2012 through October 31, 2012. Based on the hypothetical back-tested performance, the Index realized annualized returns of 4.59% per annum over the period and realized annualized volatility of 3.69% during the period, equating to a hypothetical 10-Year Information Ratio of 1.25.

Hypothetical and Historical Comparison of the J.P. Morgan Mozaic Fixed Income Index (USD) (October 31, 2002 – October 31, 2012)

	J.P. Morgan Mozaic Fixed Income Index (USD)	iShares Barclays 20+ Year Treasury Bond Fund*	Barclays US Aggregate Total Return Index Unhedged USD*
12-Month Return	3.23%	6.18%	4.99%
5-Year Return (Annualized)	6.59%	8.53%	5.82%
10-Year Return (Annualized)	4.59%	3.30%	3.98%
10-Year Annualized Volatility	3.69%	13.97%	3.83%
10-Year Information Ratio**	1.25	0.24	1.04

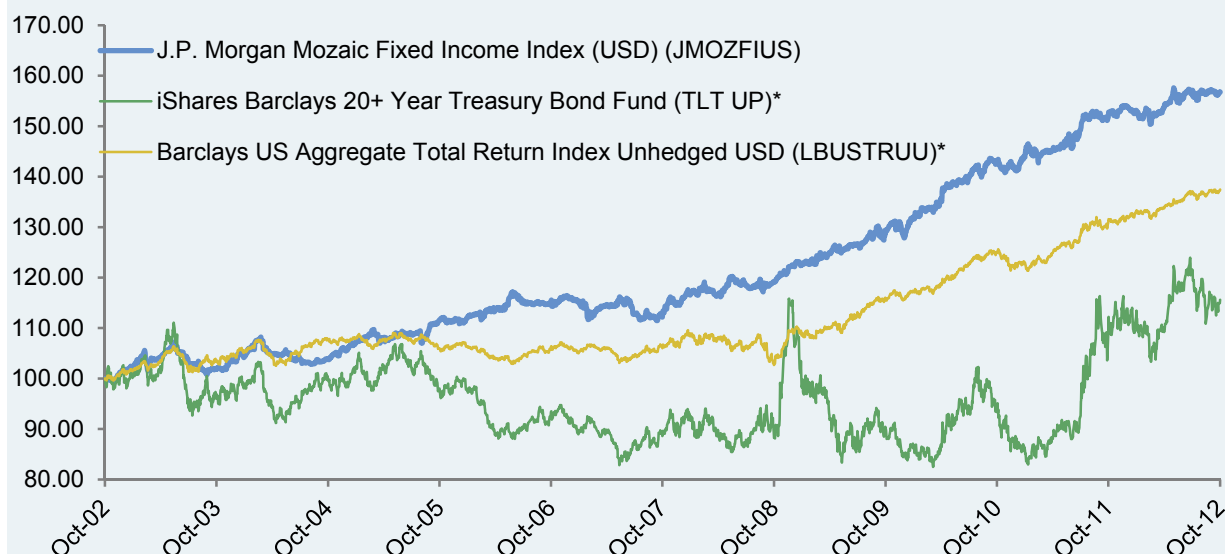
Source: Bloomberg and J.P. Morgan. Please see notes immediately following the graph below.

Back-tested performance information is solely hypothetical and for information purposes only. The hypothetical and historical returns set forth above are illustrative and may not be the actual returns on the Index. Please refer to the notes immediately following the graph below and "Important Information – Use of Simulated Returns" above.

*The applicable closing price or index level has been converted to an excess return level, where the returns are those in excess of the J.P. Morgan USD 1 Month LIBOR Cash Index (JPCAUS1M).

** "10-Year Information Ratio" means the 10-Year Annualized Return *divided* by the 10-Year Annualized Volatility.

Hypothetical and Historical Performance of the J.P. Morgan Mozaic Fixed Income Index (USD) (October 31, 2002 – October 31, 2012)



Source: Bloomberg and J.P. Morgan

Note: While the Index was originally established on July 20, 2012, effective September 14, 2012, a material change was made to the rules governing the Index, and all past levels of the Index were recalculated as of that date in accordance with the revised rules. Because the Index did not exist prior to September 14, 2012, all retrospective levels provided in the graph and table above are simulated and must be considered illustrative only. The simulated data was constructed using certain procedures that may vary from the procedures used to calculate the Index going forward, and on the basis of certain assumptions that may not hold during future periods. The variations in procedures used in producing simulated historical data from those used to calculate the Index going forward could produce differences in returns of indeterminate direction and amount. Past hypothetical performance results are neither indicative of nor a guarantee of future returns. Actual results will vary, potentially materially, from the hypothetical historical performance described herein. There is no guarantee that the Index will outperform any alternative investment strategy, including the Barclays US Aggregate Total Return Index Unhedged USD or the iShares Barclays 20+ Year Treasury Bond Fund. Please see "Important Information" at the front of this publication for a discussion of certain additional limitations of back-testing and simulated returns.

"Return" means the percentage return of the relevant index or fund over the period indicated, converted to an excess return, if applicable, and "Annualized" refers the annual compounded return of the relevant index or fund over the period.

"Annualized volatility" is the annualized standard deviation of the daily returns of the relevant index or fund for the full period from October 31, 2002 (the inception date of the fund) through October 31, 2012.

"Barclays US Aggregate Total Return Index Unhedged USD" represents a hypothetical index constructed from the net total returns of the Barclays US Aggregate Total Return Index Unhedged USD with the returns of the J.P. Morgan USD 1 Month LIBOR Cash Index (JPCAUS1M) deducted.

"iShares Barclays 20+ Year Treasury Bond Fund" represents a hypothetical fund constructed from the returns of the iShares Barclays 20+ Year Treasury Bond Fund with the returns of the J.P. Morgan USD 1 Month LIBOR Cash Index (JPCAUS1M) deducted.

Index Description

On each rebalancing determination day, in connection with the monthly (excluding January) rebalancing of the Index on the following rebalancing day, the Index will employ the following steps:

Constituent Selection

- The Index calculates the performance of synthetic long and short positions in each Underlying Index over the immediately preceding 66 index calculation days.
- The synthetic positions are ranked by performance and the top 12 positions, or more, in the case of a tie, of the 38 possible positions.
- Each of the 12 provisionally selected positions must have a performance greater than -1% over the previous 10 index calculation days for the corresponding Constituents to be included in the Selected Portfolio; otherwise they are discarded.

Federal Funds Feature

- The Index seeks to adapt to different interest rate environments as measured by the federal funds target rate, which represents the U.S. Federal Reserve's short-term target interest rate.
 - On any rebalancing determination date, if the federal funds target rate of the U.S. Federal Reserve on that day is greater than its published rate approximately three months prior, then the Index will rebalance on the following rebalancing day to equally weighted positions in:
 - a long position in the Selected Portfolio (which may represent long or short positions);
 - a short position in the J.P. Morgan USD Curve Index (USD); and
 - a short position in the J.P. Morgan Front Eurodollar Futures Tracker Index (USD)

As of any rebalancing determination day, if the federal funds target rate of the U.S. Federal Reserve on that day is less than or equal to its published rate 66 index calculation days prior, then the Index will rebalance to Selected Portfolio for the relevant rebalancing day.

Volatility Targeting

- At the level of each Constituent, the Index uses a volatility targeting approach to assign weights to the Constituents based on an annualized volatility target of 4.0% (the “**Target Volatility**”). Subject to maximum leverages set forth on page 3 above, leverage of each selected Constituent is adjusted based on the greater of the realized historical volatility as measured on the relevant rebalancing determination day over the last 20 index calculation days and the last 66 index calculation days. For example, if a Constituent has 1 month realized volatility of 1.0% and 3 month realized volatility of 2.0%, the 3 month realized volatility will be used, and a leverage factor of 200% will be applied to such Constituent, subject to the applicable maximum leverages.
- In addition to the volatility targeting at the constituent level, the Index also employs volatility targeting at the level of the Index. Leverage on the Index will not exceed 250% and is adjusted based on the greater of the realized historical volatility as measured on the relevant rebalancing determination day over the last 20 index calculation days and the last 66 index calculation days. For example, if the Index has 1 month realized volatility of 1.0% and 3 month realized volatility of 2.0%, the 3 month realized volatility will be used, and a leverage factor of 200% will be applied to the Index, subject to the maximum leverages of 250%.

- After the rebalanced weights have been determined based on the above methodology, the Index will track the return of the applicable portfolio from the relevant rebalancing day until the next rebalancing day.

Hypothetical Back-tested Examples

Example 1: Non-Rising Federal Funds Rate Environment

- For the rebalancing day that occurred in September 2012, the Index selected 4 synthetic long bond-based positions and 8 synthetic long money market positions. As of the September 2012 rebalancing, the Effective Weights of the selected Constituents (expressed in terms of an absolute weight and not in terms of the market position) are set forth in the following table and were determined in accordance with the accompanying steps set forth below:

Example 1: Non-Rising Federal Funds Rate Environment							
	Constituent (Position)	Constituent Volatility	Exposure Leverage	Selection Weight	Rebalanced Weight	Index Leverage	Effective Weight
1	JFBU5USD (long)	8.99%	44.49%	8.33% = 1/12	3.71%	163.95%	6.08%
2	JFBU10US (long)	6.60%	60.61%	8.33%	5.05%		8.27%
3	JFBEBLUS (long)	6.81%	58.74%	8.33%	4.89%		8.03%
4	J10EUSJP (long)	3.87%	100%	8.33%	8.33%		13.66%
5	JFLFUS3U (long)	3.56%	100%	8.33%	8.33%		13.66%
6	JFLFUS4U (long)	1.63%	100%	8.33%	8.33%		13.66%
7	JFLFUS5U (long)	1.81%	100%	8.33%	8.33%		13.66%
8	JFLFEU1U (long)	0.52%	500%	8.33%	41.67%		68.31%
9	JFLFEU2U (long)	0.79%	500%	8.33%	41.67%		68.31%
10	JFLFEU3U (long)	0.48%	500%	8.33%	41.67%		68.31%
11	JFLFEU4U (long)	0.45%	500%	8.33%	41.67%		68.31%
12	JFLFEU5U (long)	0.39%	500%	8.33%	41.67%		68.31%
	Total			100%			

A Step-by-Step Analysis of the Calculations in Example 1

- Step 1: The Index calculates the “Constituent Volatility,” which is the greater of (a) the historical realized volatility of the relevant Constituent over the immediately preceding 20 index calculation days and (b) the historical realized volatility of that Constituent over the immediately preceding 66 index calculation days, as measured on the relevant rebalancing determination day (the 4th index calculation day immediately preceding the rebalancing date).

- Step 2: The Index calculates the “Exposure Leverage,” which is the lesser of (a) the Maximum Leverage set forth on the table on page 3 under “What are the Constituents?” and (b) the percentage equal to the targeted volatility of 4.00% for each Constituent *divided* by the Constituent Volatility.
- Step 3: The Index calculates the Selection Weight for each Constituent, which is 1 *divided* by the greater of (a) 12 and (b) the number of Constituents in the Selected Portfolio.
- Step 4: The Index calculates the Rebalancing Weight for each Constituent, which is the Exposure Leverage of that Constituent *multiplied* by its Selection Weight.
- Step 5: The Index calculates (a) the historical volatility of the Index (prior to any volatility-adjustment at the index level) using the volatility-adjusted levels of each Constituent over the immediately preceding 20 index calculation days and the immediately preceding 66 index calculation days, as measured on the relevant rebalancing determination day and (b) applies the greater of the two volatility levels. In this example, this calculation yielded a historical realized volatility of approximately 2.44%.
- Step 6: The Index calculates the “Index Leverage,” which is the lesser of (a) the maximum leverage that can be applied to the index of 250% and (b) the percentage equal to the targeted volatility of 4.00% for each Constituent *divided* by the volatility determined in Step 5.
- Step 7: The Index calculates the “Effective Weight” of each Constituent, which is equal to the Index Leverage *multiplied* by the applicable Rebalanced Weight.

Example 2: The Federal Reserve has increased the Federal Funds Target Rate

- For the rebalancing day that occurred in August 2004, the Index would have selected 2 synthetic long Bond Futures positions, 4 synthetic short bond-based constituent, 2 synthetic short Spread Based Futures positions and 4 short money market positions (the “August 2004 Selected Portfolio”).
- As of the rebalancing determination day immediately preceding the August 2004 rebalancing date, federal funds target rate of the U.S. Federal Reserve on that date is greater than its published rate 66 index calculation days prior.
- If the federal funds target rate on any rebalancing determination date is greater than the federal funds target rate on the 66 index calculation day immediately preceding such date, the Index will apply a 1/3 short allocation to each the J.P. Morgan USD Curve Index (USD) and the J.P. Morgan Front Eurodollar Futures Tracker Index (USD). In order to maintain 100% leverage, the exposure to the August 2004 Selected Portfolio is reduced to a 1/3 allocation.
- For the August 2004 selection, the Effective Weights (expressed in terms of an absolute weight and not in terms of the market position) were calculated as follows:

Example 2: The Federal Reserve has increased the Federal Funds Target Rate								
	Constituent Position	Constituent Volatility	Exposure Leverage	Selection Weight	Fed Funds Weight	Rebalanced Weight	Index Leverage	Effective Weight
1	JFBU10US (long)	6.67%	59.97%	8.33%	33.33%	1.67%	145.04%	2.42%
2	JFBERXUS (long)	4.07%	98.28%	8.33%		2.73%		3.96%
3	JFBU2USD (short)	2.02%	198.02%	8.33%		5.50%		7.98%
4	JFBEDUUS (short)	1.27%	314.96%	8.33%		8.75%		12.69%
5	JFBEBLUS (short)	3.02%	100.00%	8.33%		2.78%		4.03%
6	J10EUSJP (short)	4.36%	91.74%	8.33%		2.55%		3.70%
7	JPVEU210 (short)	0.23%	500.00%	8.33%		13.89%		20.14%
8	JPVU0210 (short)	0.34%	500.00%	8.33%		13.89%		20.14%
9	JFLFUS2U (short)	0.88%	454.55%	8.33%		12.63%		18.31%
10	JFLFUS3U (short)	1.19%	336.13%	8.33%		9.34%		13.54%
11	JFLFUS4U (short)	1.39%	287.77%	8.33%		7.99%		11.59%
12	JFLFUS5U (short)	1.48%	270.27%	8.33%		7.51%		10.89%
13	JPVU0210 (short)	0.34%	500.00%	100.00%	33.33%	166.67%		241.73%
14	JFLFUS1U (short)	0.51%	500.00%	100.00%	33.33%	166.67%		241.73%
Total				300%				

A Step-by-Step Analysis of the Calculations in Example 2

- Step 1: The Index calculates the “Constituent Volatility,” which is the greater of (a) the historical realized volatility of the relevant Constituent over the immediately preceding 20 index calculation days and (b) the historical realized volatility of that Constituent over the immediately preceding 66 index calculation days, as measured on the relevant rebalancing determination day (the 4th index calculation day immediately preceding the rebalancing date).
- Step 2: The Index calculates the “Exposure Leverage,” which is the lesser of (a) the Maximum Leverage set forth on the table on page 3 under “What are the Constituents?” and (b) the percentage equal to the targeted volatility of 4.00% for each Constituent *divided* by the Constituent Volatility.
- Step 3: For each Constituent in the Selected Portfolio (Constituents 1-12), the Index calculates the Selection Weight for each Constituent, which is 1 divided by the greater of (a) 12 and (b) the number of Constituents in the Selected Portfolio. For the J.P. Morgan USD Curve Index (USD) and the J.P. Morgan Front Eurodollar Futures Tracker Index (USD), the Selection Weight is equal to 100%.
- Step 4: If the federal funds target rate on any rebalancing determination date is greater than the federal funds target rate on the 66 index calculation day immediately preceding such date, the Index applies a 1/3 long allocation to the Selected Portfolio, which consists of 12 Constituents selected based on the performance review and an additional 1/3 short allocation to each the J.P. Morgan USD Curve Index (USD) and the J.P. Morgan Front Eurodollar Futures Tracker Index (USD). Therefore, the Fed Funds Weight of the Selected Portfolio, the J.P. Morgan USD Curve Index (USD) and the J.P. Morgan Front Eurodollar Futures Tracker Index (USD) was equal to 1/3.
- Step 5: The Index calculates the Rebalancing Weight for each Constituent, which is the Exposure Leverage of that Constituent *multiplied* by its Selection Weight *multiplied* by Fed Funds Weight.
- Step 6: The Index calculates (a) the historical volatility of the Index (prior to any volatility-adjustment at the index level) using the volatility-adjusted levels of each Constituent over the immediately preceding 20 index calculation days and the immediately preceding 66 index calculation days, as measured on the relevant rebalancing determination day and (b) applies the greater of the two volatility levels. In this example, this calculation yielded a historical realized volatility of approximately 2.76%.
- Step 7: The Index calculates the “Index Leverage,” which is the lesser of (a) the maximum leverage that can be applied to the index of 250% and (b) the percentage equal to the targeted volatility of 4.00% for each Constituent *divided* by the volatility determined in Step 6.
- Step 8: The Index calculates the “Effective Weight” of each Constituent, which is equal to the Index Leverage *multiplied* by the applicable Rebalanced Weight.

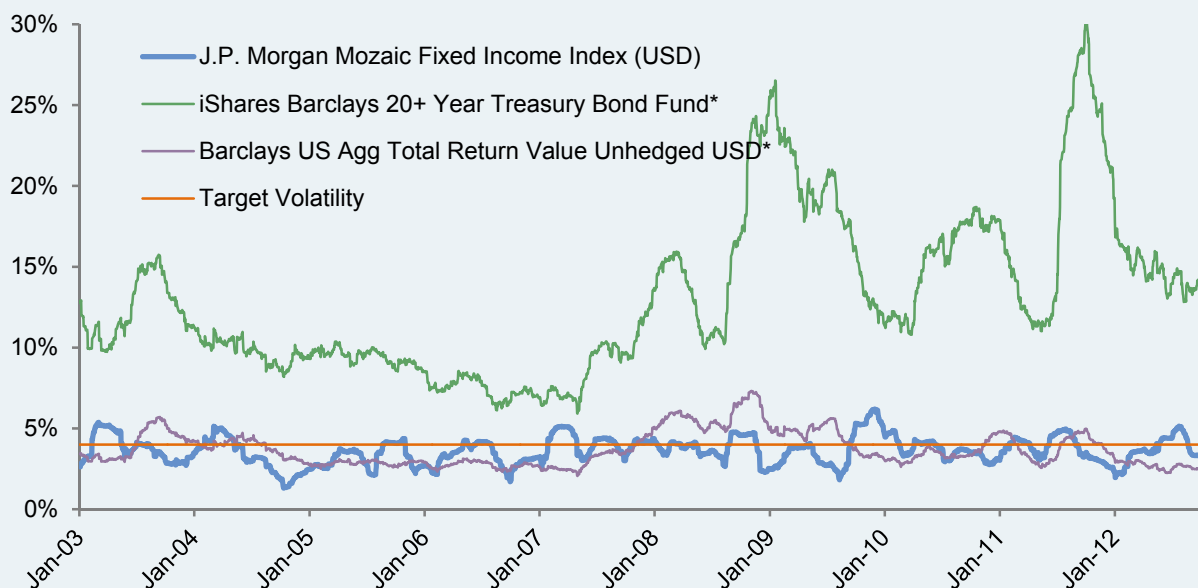
Historical analysis

Targeting volatility

As described in “*Strategy Description*,” the Index targets an annualized volatility of 4.0% for the Index as a whole and 4.0% for each Constituent. The actual realized volatility of the Index or each Constituent, however, may be greater than or less than 4.0% per annum. The graph below illustrates the hypothetical three-month annualized volatility of the Index as well as that of the excess return versions of the iShares Barclays 20+ Year Treasury Bond Fund* and the Barclays US Aggregate Total Return Index Unhedged USD* between March 4, 2003 and October 31, 2012.

Volatility is a measurement of the variability of returns. The historical, or “realized,” volatility of a portfolio can be measured in a number of ways. For the purposes of the graph below, volatility is calculated from the historical daily returns of each index over a three-month observation period. For any given day, the “three-month annualized volatility” is the annualized standard deviation of the daily returns of the relevant index or fund using the closing levels or prices of the index or fund during the approximate three month period preceding that day. For example, for the day September 30, 2010, the data point on the graph for that day represents the annualized standard deviation of the daily returns using closing levels of the relevant index or fund during the approximate three month period up to and including September 30, 2010.

Hypothetical three-month realized volatility (January 31, 2003 – October 31, 2012)



Source: Bloomberg and J.P. Morgan

Note: While the Index was originally established on July 20, 2012, effective September 14, 2012, a material change was made to the rules governing the Index, and all past levels of the Index were recalculated as of that date in accordance with the revised rules. Because the Index did not exist prior to September 14, 2012, all retrospective levels provided in the graph and table above are simulated and must be considered illustrative only. The simulated data was constructed using certain procedures that may vary from the procedures used to calculate the Index going forward, and on the basis of certain assumptions that may not hold during future periods. The variations in procedures used in producing simulated historical data from those used to calculate the Index going forward could produce differences in returns of indeterminate direction and amount. Past hypothetical performance results are neither indicative of nor a guarantee of future returns. Actual results will vary, potentially materially, from the hypothetical historical performance described herein. There is no guarantee that the Index will outperform any alternative investment strategy, including the Barclays US Aggregate Total Return Index Unhedged USD or the iShares Barclays 20+ Year Treasury Bond Fund. Please see

“Important Information” at the front of this publication for a discussion of certain additional limitations of back-testing and simulated returns.

“Return” means the percentage return of the relevant index or fund over the period indicated, converted to an excess return, if applicable, and “Annualized” refers the annual compounded return of the relevant index or fund over the period.

“Annualized volatility” is the annualized standard deviation of the daily returns of the relevant index or fund for the full period from September 3, 2002 (the inception date of the fund) through September 3, 2012.

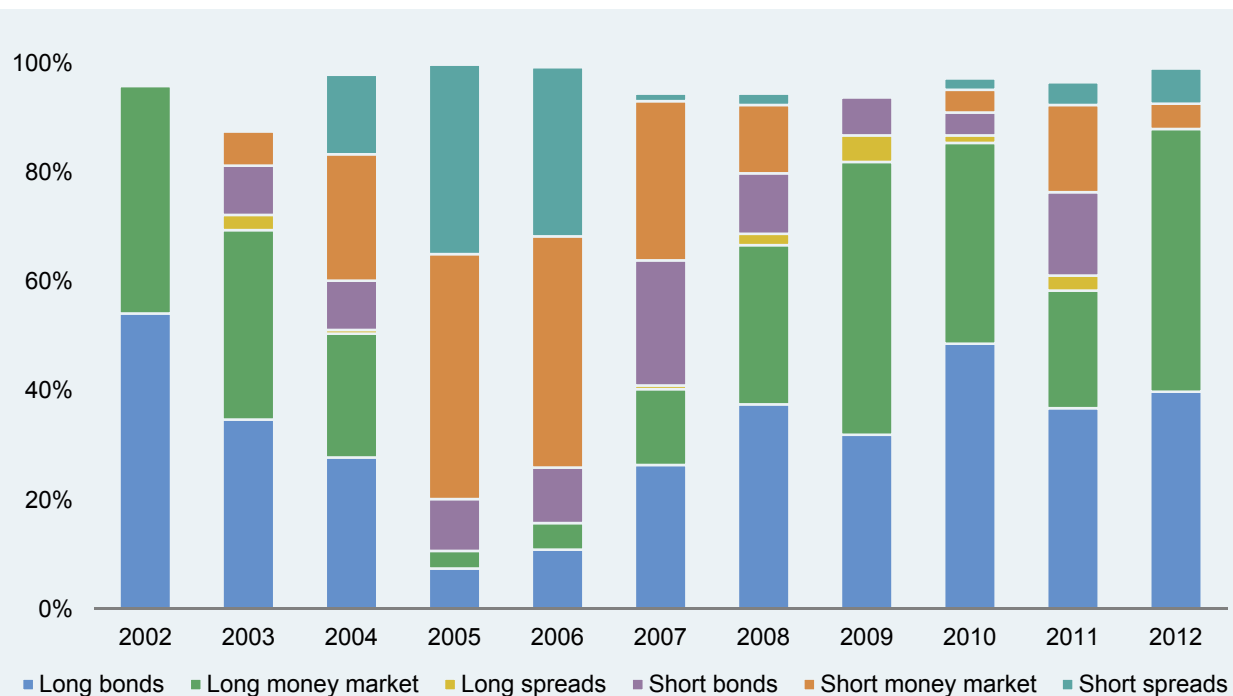
“Barclays US Aggregate Total Return Index Unhedged USD” represents a hypothetical index constructed from the net total returns of the Barclays US Aggregate Total Return Index Unhedged USD with the returns of the J.P. Morgan USD 1 Month LIBOR Cash Index (JPCAUS1M) deducted.

“iShares Barclays 20+ Year Treasury Bond Fund” represents a hypothetical fund constructed from the returns of the iShares Barclays 20+ Year Treasury Bond Fund with the returns of the J.P. Morgan USD 1 Month LIBOR Cash Index (JPCAUS1M) deducted.

Hypothetical historical allocations

The following graph illustrates the hypothetical historical allocation by certain fixed income categories of the Constituents (including any short exposure to the J.P. Morgan USD Curve Index (USD) and the J.P. Morgan Front Eurodollar Futures Tracker Index (USD) provided as the result of the federal funds target interest rate in any rebalancing determination being greater than the published rate 66 index business days prior), based on the rebalancing mechanics set forth under the “Strategy Description.” For a detailed description of which Underlying Indices make up the Constituents displayed in this graph, please see “What are the Constituents?”

Hypothetical annual average gross allocations 2002 to 2012

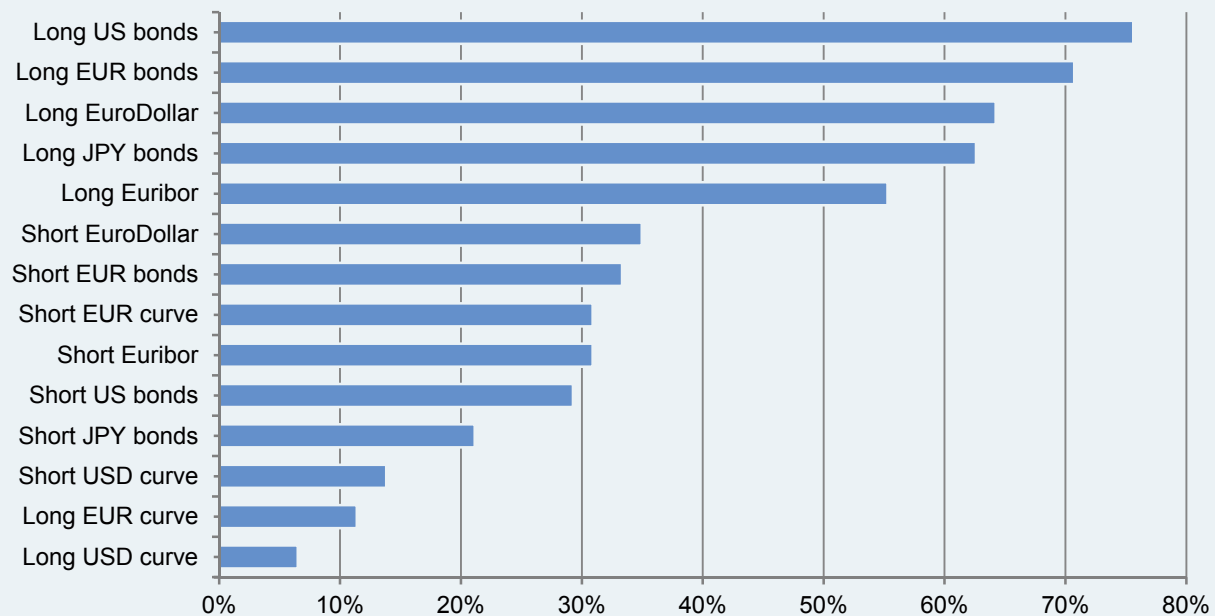


Source: J.P. Morgan.

Note: While the Index was originally established on July 20, 2012, effective September 14, 2012, a material change was made to the rules governing the Index, and all past levels of the Index were recalculated as of that date in accordance with the revised rules. All retrospective levels provided in the graph and table above are simulated and must be considered illustrative only. The simulated data was constructed using certain procedures that may vary from the procedures used to calculate the Index going forward, and on the basis of certain assumptions that may not hold during future periods. The variations in procedures used in producing simulated historical data from those used to calculate the Index going forward could produce differences in returns of indeterminate direction and amount. Past hypothetical performance results are neither indicative of nor a guarantee of future returns. Actual results will vary, potentially materially, from the hypothetical historical performance described herein. There is no guarantee that the Index will outperform any alternative investment strategy. Please see “Important Information” at the front of this publication for a discussion of certain additional limitations of back-testing and simulated returns.

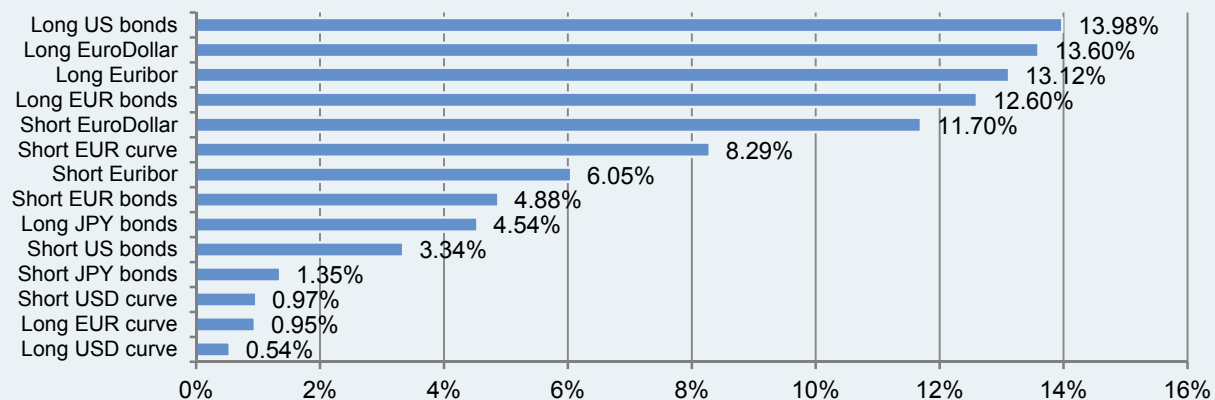
The following graph illustrates the hypothetical and historical percentage of time allocation in each Sub-Sector based on the rebalancing mechanics set forth under the “*Strategy Description*.” The Constituents are categorized by the applicable fixed income sub-sectors under “*What are the Constituents?*”

Hypothetical percentage of time invested in each sub-sector July 2002 to August 2012



The following graph illustrates the hypothetical average historical percentage of weight allocations of each Constituent when the Constituents are selected based on the rebalancing mechanics set forth under the “*Strategy Description*.” The Constituents are categorized by the applicable fixed-income sub-sectors under “*What are the Constituents?*”

Hypothetical average weights allocations July 2002 to August 2012

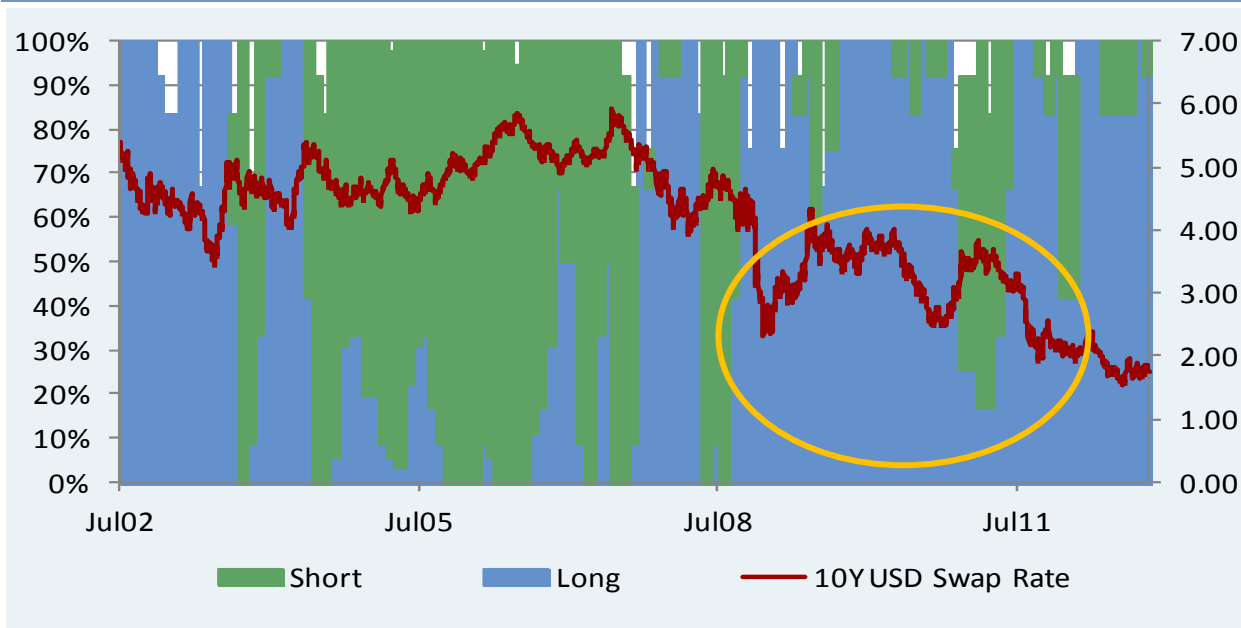


Source: J.P. Morgan.

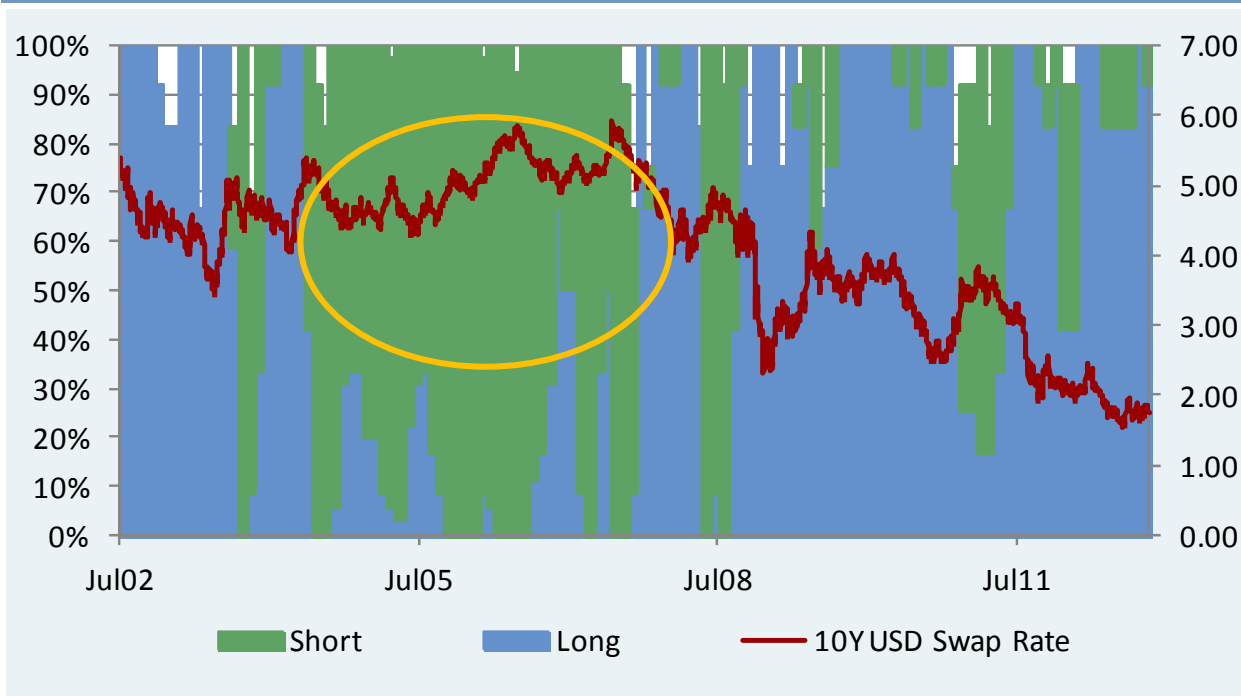
Note: “EUR” refers to euro-denominated debt securities issued by the Federal Republic of Germany. All references above refer to constituent indices that track futures contracts. No actual positions are taken by the Index. The hypothetical allocations are obtained from back-testing and should not be considered indicative of the actual percentage of the time that would be assigned to the Constituents during your investment in certificates of deposit linked to the Index. J.P. Morgan provides no assurance or guarantee that the actual performance of the Index would result in allocations to the Constituents consistent with the hypothetical allocations displayed in the preceding graphs. Actual results will vary, perhaps materially, from those arising from the hypothetical historical allocations contained in this hypothetical back-test. Please see “Important Information” at the front of this publication for a discussion of certain additional limitations of back-testing and simulated returns.

The following charts depict the hypothetical allocation between short Constituents (shown in green) and long Constituents (shown in blue) included in the Index throughout the periods indicated. The left axis indicates the percentage that the Index was either long or short its Constituents for the applicable period. The right axis indicates the level of the 10 year U.S. dollar swap rate, which is a benchmark for interest rates generally. As indicated in the first chart, the yellow circle shows a period of falling interest rates, and during that time period, the Index was primarily long its constituents (shown in blue below). In the second chart, the yellow circle shows a period of increasing interest rates, and during that time period, the Index was primarily short its constituents (shown in green below). The charts are intended to demonstrate how the short/long allocations of the Constituents comprising the Index change during different market environments. These hypothetical allocations were calculated daily during the periods indicated.

Hypothetical* long exposure in a fixed income bull market: falling interest rate environment



Hypothetical* short exposure in a fixed income bear market: hedge against rising interest rates



Source: J.P. Morgan. Numbers have been rounded for convenience.

Note: While the Index was originally established on July 20, 2012, effective September 14, 2012, a material change was made to the rules governing the Index, and all past levels of the Index were recalculated as of that date in accordance with the revised rules. Because the Index did not exist prior to September 14, 2012, all retrospective levels provided in the graph and table above are simulated and must be considered illustrative only. The simulated data was constructed using certain procedures that may vary from the procedures used to calculate the Index going forward, and on the basis of certain assumptions that may not hold during future periods. The variations in procedures used in producing simulated historical data from those used to calculate the Index going forward could produce differences in returns of indeterminate direction and amount. Past hypothetical performance results are neither indicative of nor a guarantee of future returns. Actual results will vary, potentially materially, from the hypothetical historical performance described herein. There is no guarantee that the Index will outperform any alternative investment strategy. Please see "Important Information" at the front of this publication for a discussion of certain additional limitations of back-testing and simulated returns.

*The 10Y USD Swap Rate means the semi-annual fixed leg of a fixed-for-floating U.S. dollar interest rate swap transaction with a term equal to 10 years, where the floating leg is 3-month USD LIBOR.

Risks associated with the Index

OUR AFFILIATE, J.P. MORGAN SECURITIES PLC, IS THE CALCULATION AGENT OF THE INDEX AND EACH UNDERLYING INDEX AND MAY ADJUST THE INDEX OR AN UNDERLYING INDEX IN A WAY THAT AFFECTS ITS LEVEL — The discretion of the calculation agent for the Index and the Underlying Indices could have an impact, positive or negative, on the closing level of the Index. The calculation agent for the Index and the Underlying Indices is under no obligation to consider your interests in taking any actions.

THE INVESTMENT STRATEGY OF THE INDEX MAY NOT BE SUCCESSFUL — The investment view underlying the use of the federal funds target rate to determine the exposure of the Index may not prove to be correct over any given period of time. In addition, the Index's strategy is based, in part, on momentum investing, which seeks to capitalize on positive and negative trends in the level of the Constituents on the assumption that if a Constituent performs well or poorly, it will continue to perform well or poorly in the future. However, in non-trending, sideways markets, momentum investment strategies are subject to "whipsaws," which occur when the market reverses and does the opposite of what is indicated by the trend indicator, resulting in a decline in the level of the Constituent during the particular period. Consequently, the Index may perform poorly in non-trending, "choppy" markets.

BECAUSE THE INDEX MAY INCLUDE NOTIONAL SHORT POSITIONS, THE INDEX MAY BE SUBJECT TO ADDITIONAL RISKS — Unlike long positions, short positions are subject to unlimited risk of loss because there is no limit on the appreciation of the price of the relevant asset before the short position is closed. It is possible that the Underlying Index referenced by any notional short position included in the Index may appreciate substantially with an adverse effect on the level of the Index.

THE INDEX AND THE CONSTITUENTS MAY NOT ACHIEVE THE TARGET VOLATILITY — The Index targets an annualized volatility of 4% with respect to the Index as a whole, as well as with respect to each individual Constituent, in connection with each rebalancing. Because the volatility targeting features are based on historical measures of volatility, and because the volatility of the Index and each Constituent may differ significantly from its historical levels and may change rapidly at any time, there can be no assurance that the Index or any Constituent will realize an actual volatility of 4% per annum. The actual realized volatility of the Index or any Constituent could be significantly greater or less than 4% per annum.

THE INDEX MAY BE PARTIALLY UNINVESTED — If fewer than 12 Constituents are included in the Selected Portfolio, the Index will be proportionately uninvested. In addition, if a Selected Portfolio includes any pair of a short Constituent and a long Constituent that reference the same Underlying Index, the returns of those Constituents may offset each other, and the Index will be effectively uninvested with respect to any weight assigned to those Constituents. Furthermore, if, for any Constituent, the product of the volatility-targeted leverage associated with the Index and the volatility-targeted leverage associated with that Constituent is less than 100%, a portion of any weight assigned to that Constituent will be uninvested. The Index will reflect no return for any uninvested portion.

THE INDEX MAY BE AFFECTED BY SIGNIFICANT VOLATILITY IN THE CONSTITUENTS, EACH OF WHICH IS SUBJECT TO THE VOLATILITY ASSOCIATED WITH FUTURES CONTRACTS — The Constituents each track the returns of futures contracts (or the price spread between futures contracts). The prices of futures contracts are subject to sudden changes and can move dramatically over short periods of time, even when they have been relatively stable for an extended period of time leading up to the change. As a result, the levels of the Constituents and, therefore, the Index may decline dramatically before the increased volatility will be reflected in the trailing 20-Index Calculation Day and 66-Index Calculation Day measures of historical volatility used by the Index's volatility targeting features. Consequently, the Index may experience sharp declines over short periods of time, notwithstanding the volatility targeting features.

OTHER KEY RISKS —

- The level of the Index will reflect the deduction of a fee of 0.55% per annum.
- The Index may be subject to increased volatility due to the use of significant leverage as part of the volatility-targeting feature.
- The Index and the Constituents have limited operating histories and may perform in unanticipated ways.
- The hypothetical back-tested performance of the Index does not represent the actual historical performance of the Index, has not been verified by an independent third party and may not be indicative of future results.

- Movements in the Constituents may be highly correlated and/or changes in the levels of the Constituents may offset each other.
- The Index and the Constituents are price return indices that do not reflect “roll yields” or “total returns.”
- The Index comprises notional assets and therefore there is no actual portfolio of assets to which any person is entitled or in which any person has any ownership interest.
- The Index is subject to significant risks associated with fixed-income securities and may be volatile.
- The level of the Index may be influenced by unpredictable changes in the governments and economies of the governments that issued the bonds underlying the futures contracts, and the constituents may be affected by changes in the perceived creditworthiness of the governments that issue the underlying bonds.
- The Index will be subject to currency exchange risk because the returns underlying some Constituents are converted into U.S. dollars.
- The Index Strategy used to construct the index involves regular rebalancing, which may underperform strategies that are not subject to rebalancing.
- The Index is subject to risks associated with non-U.S. securities markets.

You should review carefully the related “Risk Factors” sections in the relevant disclosure statement and underlying supplement and the “Selected Risk Factors” section in the relevant term sheet.