# JPMORGAN CHASE & CO.

## **Structured** Investments

\$5,266,000

7.50% per annum Single Observation Callable Yield Notes due November 4, 2013 Linked to the Lesser Performing of the S&P 500<sup>®</sup> Index and the Russell 2000<sup>®</sup> Index

#### General

The notes are designed for investors who seek a higher interest rate than the current yield on a conventional debt security with the same maturity issued by us. Investors should be willing to forgo the potential to participate in the appreciation of either the S&P 500® Index or the Russell 2000® Index and to forgo dividend payments. Investors should be willing to assume the risk that they will receive less interest if the notes are called and the risk that, if the notes are not called, they may lose some or all of their principal at maturity.

The notes will pay 7.50% per annum interest over the term of the notes, assuming no Optional Call, payable at a rate of 1.875% per quarter. However, the notes do not guarantee any return of principal at maturity. Instead, if the notes are not called, the payment at maturity will be based on the performance of the Lesser Performing Underlying and whether the Ending Underlying Level of either Underlying is less than its Starting Underlying Level by more than the applicable Buffer Amount, as described below. Any payment on the notes is subject to the credit risk of JPMorgan Chase & Co.

The notes may be called, in whole but not in part, at our option on any of the Optional Call Dates set forth below. If the notes are called pursuant to an Optional Call, payment on the applicable Optional Call Date for each \$1,000 principal amount note will be a cash payment of \$1,000, plus any accrued and unpaid interest, as described below.

Unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of JPMorgan Chase & Co. maturing November 4, 2013\*

The payment at maturity is **not** linked to a basket composed of the Underlyings. The payment at maturity is linked to the performance of each of the Underlyings individually, as described below.

Minimum denominations of \$10,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof

**Key Terms** 

Trigger Event:

**Optional Call:** 

**Underlying Return:** 

The S&P  $500^{\circ}$  Index (Bloomberg ticker: SPX) and the Russell  $2000^{\circ}$  Index (Bloomberg ticker: RTY) (each an "Underlying," and collectively, the "Underlyings") **Underlyings:** 

Interest Rate: 7.50% per annum over the term of the notes, assuming no Optional Call, payable at a rate of 1.875% per quarter.

The notes may be called, in whole but not in part, at our option (such an event, an "Optional Call") on any of the Optional

Call Dates set forth below.

With respect to the S&P 500® Index, 415.791, which is equal to 30.00% of its Starting Underlying Level. With respect to the Russell 2000® Index, 238.80, which is equal to 30.00% of its Starting Underlying Level. **Buffer Amount:** 

Pricing Date: July 27, 2012

**Settlement Date:** On or about August 3, 2012

Observation Date\*: October 28, 2013 Maturity Date\*: November 4, 2013 CUSIP: 48125VN55

**Interest Payment Dates:** 

Interest on the notes will be payable quarterly in arrears on the 3rd calendar day of each February, May, August and November, except for the final quarterly interest payment, which will be payable on the Maturity Date or the relevant Optional Call Date, as applicable (each such day, an "Interest Payment Date"), commencing November 3, 2012. See Selected Purchase Considerations — Quarterly Interest Payments" in this pricing supplement for more information.

If the notes are not called, the payment at maturity, in excess of any accrued and unpaid interest, will be based on whether a Trigger Event has occurred and the performance of the Lesser Performing Underlying. If the notes are not called, for each \$1,000 principal amount note, you will receive \$1,000 plus any accrued and unpaid interest at maturity, unless a Trigger Payment at Maturity:

Event has occurred.

If the notes are not called and a Trigger Event has occurred, at maturity you will lose 1% of the principal amount of your notes for every 1% that the Ending Underlying Level of the Lesser Performing Underlying is less than its Starting Underlying Level. Under these circumstances, your payment at maturity per \$1,000 principal amount note, in addition to any accrued and unpaid interest, will be calculated as follows: \$1,000 + (\$1,000 × Lesser Performing Underlying Return)

You will lose some or all of your principal at maturity if the notes are not called and if a Trigger Event has occurred.

A Trigger Event occurs if the Ending Underlying Level of either Underlying is less than its Starting Underlying Level by more

than the applicable Buffer Amount.

With respect to each Underlying, the Underlying Return is calculated as follows:

<u>Ending Underlying Level – Starting Underlying Level</u>

Starting Underlying Level

We, at our election, may call the notes, in whole but not in part, on any of the Optional Call Dates at a price for each \$1,000 principal amount note equal to \$1,000 plus any accrued and unpaid interest to but excluding the applicable Optional Call Date. If we intend to call your notes, we will deliver notice to DTC at least five business days before the applicable Optional

Call Date.

Optional Call Dates\*: Each Interest Payment Date (other than the Maturity Date) will be an Optional Call Date.

See "Additional Key Terms" on the next page. Other Key Terms:

Subject to postponement as described under "Description of Notes — Payment at Maturity," "Description of Notes — Payment upon Optional Call" and "Description of Notes — Postponement of a Determination Date" in the accompanying product supplement no. 8-1.

Investing in the Single Observation Callable Yield Notes involves a number of risks. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page PS-10 of the accompanying product supplement no. 8-I, "Risk Factors" beginning on page US-1 of the accompanying underlying supplement 1-I and "Selected Risk Considerations" beginning on page PS-3 of this pricing supplement.

Neither the SEC nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the notes or passed upon the accuracy or the adequacy of this pricing supplement or the accompanying product supplement, underlying supplement, prospectus supplement and prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	Price to Public (1)	Fees and Commissions (2)	Proceeds to Us		
Per note	\$1,000	\$27.80	\$972.20		
Total	\$5,266,000	\$146,394.80	\$5,119,605.20		
(4) The price to the public includes the estimated east of hadring our chlimations under the potential one or many of our efficience					

(2) The price to the public includes the estimated cost of hedging our obligations under the notes through one or more of our affiliates.

(2) J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, which we refer to as JPMS, acting as agent for JPMorgan Chase & Co., will receive a commission of \$27.80 per \$1,000 principal amount note and will use a portion of that commission to allow selling concessions to other affiliated or unaffiliated dealers of \$15.00 per \$1,000 principal amount note. These concessions include concessions to be allowed to selling dealers and concessions to be allowed to any arranging dealer. This commission includes the projected profits that our affiliates expect to realize, some of which have been allowed to other unaffiliated dealers, for assuming risks inherent in hedging our obligations under the notes. See "Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)" beginning on page PS-48 of the accompanying product supplement no. 8-1.

The notes are not bank deposits and are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency, nor are they obligations of, or guaranteed by, a bank.

### **Recent Developments**

On July 13, 2012, we reported that we had reached a determination to restate our previously filed interim financial statements for the first quarter of 2012 and that our previously filed interim financial statements for the first quarter of 2012 should not be relied upon. The restatement will have the effect of reducing our reported net income for the 2012 first quarter by \$459 million. The restatement relates to valuations of certain positions in the synthetic credit portfolio of our Chief Investment Office. Our principal transactions revenue, total net revenue and net income for the first six months of 2012, and the principal transactions revenue, total net revenue and net income of our Chief Investment Office for the first six months of 2012, will remain unchanged as a result of the restatement.

We also reported, on July 13, 2012, management's determination that a material weakness existed in our internal control over financial reporting at March 31, 2012. During the first quarter of 2012, the size and characteristics of the synthetic credit portfolio changed significantly. These changes had a negative impact on the effectiveness of our Chief Investment Office's internal controls over valuation of the synthetic credit portfolio. Management has taken steps to remediate the internal control deficiencies, including enhancing management oversight over valuation matters. The control deficiencies were substantially remediated by June 30, 2012. For further discussion, please see Item 4.02(a) of our Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 13, 2012.

The reported trading losses have led to heightened regulatory scrutiny, and any future losses related to these positions and the material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting may lead to additional regulatory or legal proceedings against us and may adversely affect our credit ratings and credit spreads and, as a result, the market value of the notes. See Item 4.02(a) of our Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 13, 2012 and "Selected Risk Considerations — Credit Risk of JPMorgan Chase & Co." in this pricing supplement for further discussion.

On July 13, 2012, we also announced earnings for the second quarter of 2012. See our Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 13, 2012 (related solely to Item 2.02 and related exhibits under Item 9.01) for more information about our 2012 second quarter results.

## **Additional Terms Specific to the Notes**

You should read this pricing supplement together with the prospectus dated November 14, 2011, as supplemented by the prospectus supplement dated November 14, 2011 relating to our Series E medium-term notes of which these notes are a part, and the more detailed information contained in product supplement no. 8-I dated November 14, 2011 and underlying supplement no. 1-I dated November 14, 2011. This pricing supplement, together with the documents listed below, contains the terms of the notes, supplements the term sheet related hereto dated July 2, 2012 and supersedes all other prior or contemporaneous oral statements as well as any other written materials including preliminary or indicative pricing terms, correspondence, trade ideas, structures for implementation, sample structures, fact sheets, brochures or other educational materials of ours. You should carefully consider, among other things, the matters set forth in "Risk Factors" in the accompanying product supplement no. 8-I and "Risk Factors" in the accompanying underlying supplement no. 1-I, as the notes involve risks not associated with conventional debt securities. We urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisers before you invest in the notes.

You may access these documents on the SEC website at www.sec.gov as follows (or if such address has changed, by reviewing our filings for the relevant date on the SEC website):

- Product supplement no. 8-I dated November 14, 2011: http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/19617/000089109211007604/e46186\_424b2.pdf
- Underlying supplement no. 1-I dated November 14, 2011:
   <a href="http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/19617/000089109211007615/e46154\_424b2.pdf">http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/19617/000089109211007615/e46154\_424b2.pdf</a>
- Prospectus supplement dated November 14, 2011: http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/19617/000089109211007578/e46180\_424b2.pdf
- Prospectus dated November 14, 2011:
   <a href="http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/19617/000089109211007568/e46179\_424b2.pdf">http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/19617/000089109211007568/e46179\_424b2.pdf</a>

Our Central Index Key, or CIK, on the SEC website is 19617. As used in this pricing supplement, the "Company," "we," "us" and "our" refer to JPMorgan Chase & Co.

## **Additional Key Terms**

Starting Underlying With respect to each Underlying, the closing level of that Underlying on the Pricing Date, which was 1,385.97 for the S&P Level: 500® Index and 796.00 for the Russell 2000® Index

Ending Underlying Level: With respect to each Underlying, the closing level of that Underlying on the Observation Date

Lesser Performing The Underlying with the Lesser Performing Underlying Return

Underlying:

Lesser Performing
Underlying Return of the Underlying Return of the S&P 500® Index and the Underlying Return of the Russell 2000® Index
Underlying Return:

- THE NOTES OFFER A HIGHER INTEREST RATE THAN THE YIELD ON DEBT SECURITIES OF COMPARABLE MATURITY ISSUED BY US The notes will pay interest at the Interest Rate specified on the cover of this pricing supplement, assuming no Optional Call, which is higher than the yield currently available on debt securities of comparable maturity issued by us. Because the notes are our unsecured and unsubordinated obligations, payment of any amount on the notes is subject to our ability to pay our obligations as they become due.
- QUARTERLY INTEREST PAYMENTS The notes offer quarterly interest payments as specified on the cover of this pricing supplement, assuming no Optional Call. Interest on the notes will be payable quarterly in arrears on the 3rd calendar day of each February, May, August and November, except for the final quarterly interest payment, which will be payable on the Maturity Date or the relevant Optional Call Date, as applicable (each such day, an "Interest Payment Date"), commencing November 3, 2012. Interest will be payable to the holders of record at the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the applicable Interest Payment Date. If an Interest Payment Date is not a business day, payment will be made on the next business day immediately following such day, but no additional interest will accrue as a result of the delayed payment. For example, the quarterly Interest Payment Date for November 2012 is November 3, 2012, but because that day is not a business day, payment of interest with respect to that Interest Payment Date will be made on November 5, 2012, the next succeeding business day.
- POTENTIAL EARLY EXIT AS A RESULT OF THE OPTIONAL CALL FEATURE If the notes are called pursuant to an Optional Call, on the applicable Optional Call Date, for each \$1,000 principal amount note, you will receive \$1,000 plus any accrued and unpaid interest to but excluding the applicable Optional Call Date.
- THE NOTES DO NOT GUARANTEE THE RETURN OF YOUR PRINCIPAL IF THE NOTES ARE NOT CALLED If the notes are not called, we will pay you your principal back at maturity only if a Trigger Event has not occurred. A Trigger Event occurs if the Ending Underlying Level of either Underlying is less than its Starting Underlying Level by more than the applicable Buffer Amount. However, if the notes are not called and a Trigger Event has occurred, you could lose the entire principal amount of your notes.
- **EXPOSURE TO EACH OF THE UNDERLYINGS** The return on the notes is linked to the Lesser Performing Underlying, which will be either the S&P 500<sup>®</sup> Index or the Russell 2000<sup>®</sup> Index.
  - The S&P 500<sup>®</sup> Index consists of 500 component stocks selected to provide a performance benchmark for the U.S. equity markets. For additional information on the S&P 500<sup>®</sup> Index, see the information set forth under "Equity Index Descriptions The S&P 500<sup>®</sup> Index" in the accompanying underlying supplement no. 1-I.
  - The Russell 2000® Index consists of the middle 2,000 companies included in the Russell 3000E™ Index and, as a result of the index calculation methodology, consists of the smallest 2,000 companies included in the Russell 3000® Index. The Russell 2000® Index is designed to track the performance of the small capitalization segment of the U.S. equity market. For additional information on the Russell 2000® Index, see the information set forth under "Equity Index Descriptions The Russell 2000® Index" in the accompanying underlying supplement no. 1-I.
- TAX TREATMENT AS A UNIT COMPRISING A PUT OPTION AND A DEPOSIT You should review carefully the section entitled "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the accompanying product supplement no. 8-1. Based on the advice of Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, our special tax counsel, and on current market conditions, in determining our reporting responsibilities we intend to treat the notes for U.S. federal income tax purposes as units each comprising: (x) a Put Option written by you that is terminated if an Optional Call occurs and that, if not terminated, in circumstances where the payment due at maturity is less than \$1,000 (excluding accrued and unpaid interest) requires you to pay us an amount equal to \$1,000 multiplied by the absolute value of the Lesser Performing Underlying Return and (y) a Deposit of \$1,000 per \$1,000 principal amount note to secure your potential obligation under the Put Option. By purchasing the notes, you agree (in the absence of an administrative determination or judicial ruling to the contrary) to follow this treatment and the allocation described in the following paragraph. However, there are other reasonable treatments that the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") or a court may adopt, in which case the timing and character of any income or loss on the notes could be significantly and adversely affected. In addition, in 2007 Treasury and the IRS released a notice requesting comments on the U.S. federal income tax treatment of "prepaid forward contracts" and similar instruments. While it is not clear whether the notes would be viewed as similar to the typical prepaid forward contract described in the notice, it is possible that any Treasury regulations or other guidance promulgated after consideration of these issues could materially and adversely affect the tax consequences of an investment in the notes, possibly with retroactive effect. The notice focuses on a number of issues, the most relevant of which for holders of the notes are the character of income or loss (including whether the Put Premium might be currently included as ordinary income) and the degree, if any, to which income realized by Non-U.S. Holders should be subject to withholding tax.

In determining our reporting responsibilities, we intend to treat approximately 11.73% of each interest payment as interest on the Deposit and the remainder as Put Premium. Assuming that the treatment of the notes as units each comprising a Put Option and a Deposit is respected, amounts treated as interest on the Deposit will be taxed as ordinary income, while the Put Premium will not be taken into account prior to sale or settlement, including a settlement following an Optional Call.

Both U.S. and Non-U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisers regarding all aspects of the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the notes, including possible alternative treatments and the issues presented by the 2007 notice. Purchasers who are not initial purchasers of notes at the issue price should also consult their tax advisers with respect to the tax consequences of an investment in the notes, including possible alternative treatments, as well as the allocation of the purchase price of the notes between the Deposit and the Put Option.

#### **Selected Risk Considerations**

An investment in the notes involves significant risks. Investing in the notes is not equivalent to investing directly in either or both of the Underlyings or any of the equity securities included in the Underlyings. These risks are explained in more detail in the "Risk Factors" section of the accompanying product supplement no. 8-I dated November 14, 2011.

- RESTATEMENT AND NON-RELIANCE OF OUR PREVIOUSLY FILED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FIRST QUARTER OF 2012 On July 13, 2012, we reported that we had reached a determination to restate our previously filed interim financial statements for the first quarter of 2012 and that our previously filed interim financial statements for the first quarter of 2012 should not be relied upon. As a result, we will be filing an amendment to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2012. When making an investment decision to purchase the notes, you should not rely on our interim financial statements for the first quarter of 2012 until we file an amendment to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2012. See "Recent Developments" in this pricing supplement and Item 4.02(a) of our Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 13, 2012.
- YOUR INVESTMENT IN THE NOTES MAY RESULT IN A LOSS The notes do not guarantee any return of principal. If the notes are not called, we will pay you your principal back at maturity only if a Trigger Event has not occurred. If the notes are not called, and a Trigger Event has occurred, you will lose 1% of your principal amount at maturity for every 1% that the Ending Underlying Level of the Lesser Performing Underlying is less than its Starting Underlying Level. Accordingly, you could lose up to the entire principal amount of your notes.
- CREDIT RISK OF JPMORGAN CHASE & CO. The notes are subject to the credit risk of JPMorgan Chase & Co. and our credit ratings and credit spreads may adversely affect the market value of the notes. Investors are dependent on JPMorgan Chase & Co.'s ability to pay all amounts due on the notes, and therefore investors are subject to our credit risk and to changes in the market's view of our creditworthiness. Any decline in our credit ratings or increase in the credit spreads charged by the market for taking our credit risk is likely to adversely affect the value of the notes. If we were to default on our payment obligations, you may not receive any amounts owed to you under the notes and you could lose your entire investment.

In particular, on June 21, 2012, Moody's Investors Services downgraded our long-term senior debt rating to "A2" from "Aa3" as part of its review of 15 banks and securities firms with global capital markets operations. Moody's also maintained its "negative" outlook on us, indicating the possibility of a further downgrade. In addition, on May 11, 2012, Fitch Ratings downgraded our long-term senior debt rating to "A+" from "AA-" and placed us on negative rating watch for a possible further downgrade, and Standard & Poor's Ratings Services changed its outlook on us to "negative" from "stable," indicating the possibility of a future downgrade. These downgrades may adversely affect our credit spreads and the market value of the notes. See "Risk Factors" in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

In addition, on July 13, 2012, we reported that we had reached a determination to restate our previously filed interim financial statements for the first quarter of 2012. The restatement relates to valuations of certain positions in the synthetic credit portfolio of our Chief Investment Office. We also reported, on July 13, 2012, management's determination that a material weakness existed in our internal control over financial reporting at March 31, 2012.

The reported trading losses have led to heightened regulatory scrutiny, and any future losses related to these positions and the material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting may lead to additional regulatory or legal proceedings against us and may adversely affect our credit ratings and credit spreads and, as a result, the market value of the notes. See "Recent Developments" in this pricing supplement and Item 4.02(a) of our Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 13, 2012 for further discussion.

- **POTENTIAL CONFLICTS** We and our affiliates play a variety of roles in connection with the issuance of the notes, including acting as calculation agent and hedging our obligations under the notes. In performing these duties, our economic interests and the economic interests of the calculation agent and other affiliates of ours are potentially adverse to your interests as an investor in the notes. In addition, our business activities, including hedging and trading activities, could cause our economic interests to be adverse to yours and could adversely affect any payment on the notes and the value of the notes. It is possible that these hedging or trading activities of ours or our affiliates could result in substantial returns for us or our affiliates while the value of the notes declines. Please refer to "Risk Factors Risks Relating to the Notes Generally" in the accompanying product supplement no. 8-I for additional information about these risks.
  - In addition, we are currently one of the companies that make up the  $S\&P\ 500^{\circ}$  Index. We will not have any obligation to consider your interests as a holder of the notes in taking any corporate action that might affect the value of the  $S\&P\ 500^{\circ}$  Index and the notes.
- YOUR RETURN ON THE NOTES IS LIMITED TO THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT PLUS ACCRUED INTEREST REGARDLESS OF ANY APPRECIATION IN THE VALUE OF EITHER UNDERLYING If the notes are not called and a Trigger Event has not occurred, for each \$1,000 principal amount note, you will receive \$1,000 at maturity plus any accrued and unpaid interest, regardless of any appreciation in the value of either Underlying, which may be significant. If the notes are called, for each \$1,000 principal amount note, you will receive \$1,000 on the applicable Optional Call Date plus any accrued and unpaid interest, regardless of the appreciation in the value of the Underlyings, which may be significant. Accordingly, the return on the notes may be significantly less than the return on a direct investment in either Underlying during the term of the notes.
- YOU ARE EXPOSED TO THE RISK OF DECLINE IN THE CLOSING LEVEL OF EACH UNDERLYING Your return on the notes and your payment at maturity, if any, is not linked to a basket consisting of the Underlyings. If the notes are not called, your payment at maturity is contingent upon the performance of each individual Underlying such that you will be equally exposed to the risks related to **both** of the Underlyings. Poor performance by either of the Underlyings over the term of the notes may negatively affect your payment at maturity and will not be offset or mitigated by positive performance by the other Underlying. Accordingly, your investment is subject to the risk of decline in the closing level of each Underlying.
- YOUR PAYMENT AT MATURITY MAY BE DETERMINED BY THE LESSER PERFORMING UNDERLYING If the notes are

not called and a Trigger Event occurs, you will lose some or all of your investment in the notes. This will be true even if the Ending Underlying Level of the other Underlying is greater than or equal to its Starting Underlying Level. The two Underlyings' respective performances may not be correlated and, as a result, if the notes are not called, you may receive the principal amount of your notes at maturity only if there is a broad-based rise in the performance of U.S. equities during the term of the notes.

- THE OPTIONAL CALL FEATURE MAY FORCE A POTENTIAL EARLY EXIT Upon an Optional Call, the amount of interest payable on the notes will be less than the full amount of interest that would have been payable if the notes were held to maturity, and, for each \$1,000 principal amount note, you will receive \$1,000 plus accrued and unpaid interest to but excluding the applicable Optional Call Date.
- **REINVESTMENT RISK** If your notes are called, the term of the notes may be reduced to as short as three months and you will not receive interest payments after the applicable Optional Call Date. There is no guarantee that you would be able to reinvest the proceeds from an investment in the notes at a comparable return and/or with a comparable interest rate for a similar level of risk in the event the notes are called prior to the Maturity Date.
- CERTAIN BUILT-IN COSTS ARE LIKELY TO AFFECT ADVERSELY THE VALUE OF THE NOTES PRIOR TO MATURITY While the payment at maturity, if any, or upon an Optional Call described in this pricing supplement is based on the full principal amount of your notes, the original issue price of the notes includes the agent's commission and the estimated cost of hedging our obligations under the notes. As a result, and as a general matter, the price, if any, at which JPMS will be willing to purchase notes from you in secondary market transactions, if at all, will likely be lower than the original issue price and any sale prior to the maturity date could result in a substantial loss to you. This secondary market price will also be affected by a number of factors aside from the agent's commission and hedging costs, including those referred to under "Many Economic and Market Factors Will Impact the Value of the Notes" below.

The notes are not designed to be short-term trading instruments. Accordingly, you should be able and willing to hold your notes to maturity.

- BUFFER AMOUNT APPLIES ONLY IF YOU HOLD THE NOTES TO MATURITY Assuming the notes are not called, we will pay you your principal back at maturity only if the Ending Underlying Level of each Underlying is not less than its Starting Underlying Level by more than the applicable Buffer Amount. If the notes are not called and a Trigger Event has occurred, you will be fully exposed at maturity to any decline in the value of the Lesser Performing Underlying.
- VOLATILITY RISK Greater expected volatility with respect to an Underlying indicates a greater likelihood as of the Pricing Date that the Ending Underlying Level of that Underlying could be less than its Starting Underlying Level by more than the applicable Buffer Amount. An Underlying's volatility, however, can change significantly over the term of the notes. The closing level of an Underlying could fall sharply on the Observation Date, which could result in a significant loss of principal.
- AN INVESTMENT IN THE NOTES IS SUBJECT TO RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH SMALL CAPITALIZATION STOCKS The stocks that constitute the Russell 2000® Index are issued by companies with relatively small market capitalization. The stock prices of smaller companies may be more volatile than stock prices of large capitalization companies. Small capitalization companies may be less able to withstand adverse economic, market, trade and competitive conditions relative to larger companies. Small capitalization companies are less likely to pay dividends on their stocks, and the presence of a dividend payment could be a factor that limits downward stock price pressure under adverse market conditions.
- LACK OF LIQUIDITY The notes will not be listed on any securities exchange. JPMS intends to offer to purchase the notes in the secondary market but is not required to do so. Even if there is a secondary market, it may not provide enough liquidity to allow you to trade or sell the notes easily. Because other dealers are not likely to make a secondary market for the notes, the price at which you may be able to trade your notes is likely to depend on the price, if any, at which JPMS is willing to buy the notes.
- **NO DIVIDEND PAYMENTS OR VOTING RIGHTS** As a holder of the notes, you will not have voting rights or rights to receive cash dividends or other distributions or other rights that holders of the securities included in the Underlyings would have.
- HEDGING AND TRADING IN THE UNDERLYINGS While the notes are outstanding, we or any of our affiliates
  may carry out hedging activities related to the notes, including the equity securities included in the
  Underlyings. We or our affiliates may also trade in the equity securities included in the Underlyings from time
  to time. Any of these hedging or trading activities as of the Pricing Date and during the term of the notes could
  adversely affect the likelihood of an Optional Call or our payment to you at maturity. It is possible that these
  hedging or trading activities could result in substantial returns for us or our affiliates while the value of the
  notes declines.
- MANY ECONOMIC AND MARKET FACTORS WILL IMPACT THE VALUE OF THE NOTES In addition to the levels of the Underlyings on any day, the value of the notes will be impacted by a number of economic and market factors that may either offset or magnify each other, including:
  - whether a Trigger Event is expected to occur;
  - the interest rate on the notes;
  - the actual and expected volatility of the Underlyings;
  - the time to maturity of the notes;
  - the Optional Call feature and whether we are expected to call the notes, which are likely to limit the value of the notes;
  - the dividend rates on the equity securities included in the Underlyings;

- the expected positive or negative correlation between the S&P 500® Index and the Russell 2000® Index, or the expected absence of any such correlation;
- interest and yield rates in the market generally;
- a variety of economic, financial, political, regulatory and judicial events; and
- our creditworthiness, including actual or anticipated downgrades in our credit ratings.

What Is the Total Return on the Notes at Maturity, Assuming a Range of Performances for the Lesser Performing Underlying?

The following table and examples illustrate the hypothetical total return at maturity on the notes. The "note total return" as used in this pricing supplement is the number, expressed as a percentage, that results from comparing the payment at maturity plus the interest payments received over the term of the notes per \$1,000 principal amount note to \$1,000. The table and examples below assume that the notes are not called prior to maturity and that the Lesser Performing Underlying is the S&P 500® Index. We make no representation or warranty as to which of the Underlyings will be the Lesser Performing Underlying for purposes of calculating your actual payment at maturity. In addition, the following table and examples assume a Starting Underlying Level for the Lesser Performing Underlying of 1,400 and reflect the Interest Rate of 7.50% per annum over the term of the notes (assuming no Optional Call) and the Buffer Amount of 30.00%. In addition, if the notes are called prior to maturity, your note total return and total payment may be less than the amounts indicated below. Each hypothetical total return and total payment set forth below is for illustrative purposes only and may not be the actual total return or total payment applicable to a purchaser of the notes. The numbers appearing in the following table and examples have been rounded for ease of analysis.

		Trigger Event Has Not Occurred (1)		Trigger Event Has Occurred (1)	
Ending Underlying Level	Lesser Performing Underlying Return	Note Total Return	Total Payments over the Term of the Notes	Note Total Return	Total Payments over the Term of the Notes
2,520.00	80.00%	9.375%	\$1,093.75	N/A	N/A
2,310.00	65.00%	9.375%	\$1,093.75	N/A	N/A
2,100.00	50.00%	9.375%	\$1,093.75	N/A	N/A
1,960.00	40.00%	9.375%	\$1,093.75	N/A	N/A
1,820.00	30.00%	9.375%	\$1,093.75	N/A	N/A
1,680.00	20.00%	9.375%	\$1,093.75	N/A	N/A
1,540.00	10.00%	9.375%	\$1,093.75	N/A	N/A
1,470.00	5.00%	9.375%	\$1,093.75	N/A	N/A
1,400.00	0.00%	9.375%	\$1,093.75	N/A	N/A
1,330.00	-5.00%	9.375%	\$1,093.75	N/A	N/A
1,277.50	-8.75%	9.375%	\$1,093.75	N/A	N/A
1,260.00	-10.00%	9.375%	\$1,093.75	N/A	N/A
1,120.00	-20.00%	9.375%	\$1,093.75	N/A	N/A
980.00	-30.00%	9.375%	\$1,093.75	N/A	N/A
979.86	-30.01%	N/A	N/A	-20.635%	\$793.65
840.00	-40.00%	N/A	N/A	-30.625%	\$693.75
700.00	-50.00%	N/A	N/A	-40.625%	\$593.75
560.00	-60.00%	N/A	N/A	-50.625%	\$493.75
420.00	-70.00%	N/A	N/A	-60.625%	\$393.75
280.00	-80.00%	N/A	N/A	-70.625%	\$293.75
140.00	-90.00%	N/A	N/A	-80.625%	\$193.75
0.00	-100.00%	N/A	N/A	-90.625%	\$93.75

<sup>(1)</sup> A Trigger Event occurs if the Ending Underlying Level of either Underlying is less than its Starting Underlying Level by more than 30.00%.

The following examples illustrate how a total payment set forth in the table above is calculated.

Example 1: The level of the Lesser Performing Underlying increases from the Starting Underlying Level of 1,400 to an Ending Underlying Level of 1,470 — a Trigger Event has not occurred. Because the notes are not called prior to maturity and a Trigger Event has not occurred, the investor receives total payments of \$1,093.75 per \$1,000 principal amount note over the term of the notes, consisting of interest payments of \$93.75 per \$1,000 principal amount note over the term of the notes and a payment at maturity of \$1,000 per \$1,000 principal amount note. This represents the maximum total payment an investor may receive over the term of the notes.

Example 2: The level of the Lesser Performing Underlying decreases from the Starting Underlying Level of 1,400 to an Ending Underlying Level of 1,120 — a Trigger Event has not occurred. Because the notes are not called prior to maturity and a Trigger Event has not occurred, even though the Ending Underlying Level of the Lesser Performing Underlying of 1,120 is less than its Starting Underlying Level of 1,400, the investor receives total payments of \$1,093.75 per \$1,000 principal amount note over the term of the notes, consisting of interest payments of \$93.75 per \$1,000 principal amount note over the term of the notes and a payment at maturity of \$1,000 per \$1,000 principal amount note. This represents the maximum total payment an investor may receive over the term of the notes.

Example 3: The level of the Lesser Performing Underlying decreases from the Starting Underlying Level of 1,400 to an Ending Underlying Level of 840 — a Trigger Event has occurred. Because the notes are not called prior to maturity and a Trigger Event has occurred, the investor receives total payments of \$693.75 per \$1,000 principal amount note over the term of the notes, consisting of interest payments of \$93.75 per \$1,000 principal amount note over the term of the notes and a payment at maturity of \$600 per \$1,000 principal amount note, calculated as follows:

$$[\$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times -40\%)] + \$93.75 = \$693.75$$

Example 4: The level of the Lesser Performing Underlying decreases from the Starting Underlying Level of 1,400 to an Ending Underlying Level of 0 — a Trigger Event has occurred. Because the notes are not called prior to maturity and a Trigger Event has occurred, the investor receives total payments of \$93.75 per \$1,000 principal amount note over the term of the notes, consisting solely of interest payments of \$93.75 per \$1,000 principal amount note over the term of the notes, calculated as follows:

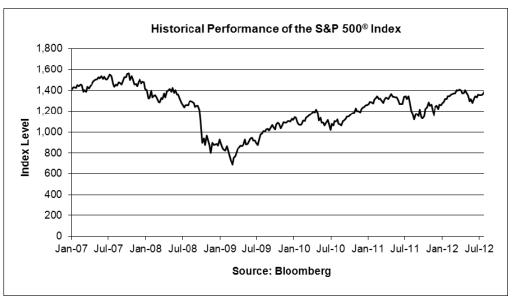
$$[\$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times -100\%)] + \$93.75 = \$93.75$$

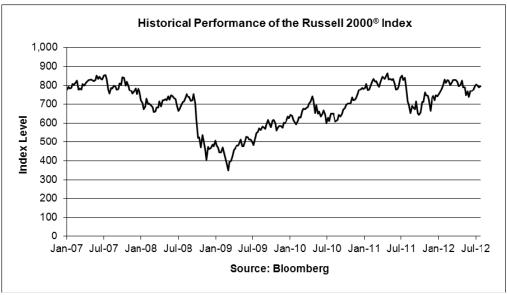
The hypothetical returns and hypothetical payments on the notes shown above do not reflect fees or expenses that would be associated with any sale in the secondary market. If these fees and expenses were included, the hypothetical returns and hypothetical payments shown above would likely be lower.

### **Historical Information**

The following graphs show the historical weekly performance of the S&P 500<sup>®</sup> Index and the Russell 2000<sup>®</sup> Index from January 5, 2007 through July 27, 2012. The closing level of the S&P 500<sup>®</sup> Index on July 27, 2012 was 1,385.97. The closing level of the Russell 2000<sup>®</sup> Index on July 27, 2012 was 796.00.

We obtained the various closing levels of the Underlyings below from Bloomberg Financial Markets, without independent verification. The historical levels of each Underlying should not be taken as an indication of future performance, and no assurance can be given as to the closing level of either Underlying on the Observation Date. We cannot give you assurance that the performance of the Underlyings will result in the return of any of your initial investment.





## **Validity of the Notes**

In the opinion of Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, as our special products counsel, when the notes offered by this pricing supplement have been executed and issued by us and authenticated by the trustee pursuant to the indenture, and delivered against payment as contemplated herein, such notes will be our valid and binding obligations, enforceable in accordance with their terms, subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency and similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally, concepts of reasonableness and equitable principles of general applicability (including, without limitation, concepts of good faith, fair dealing and the lack of bad faith), *provided* that such counsel expresses no opinion as to the effect of fraudulent conveyance, fraudulent transfer or similar provision of applicable law on the conclusions expressed above. This opinion is given as of the date hereof and is limited to the federal laws of the United States of America, the laws of the State of New York and the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware. In addition, this opinion is subject to customary assumptions about the trustee's authorization, execution and delivery of the indenture and its authentication of the notes and the validity, binding nature and enforceability of the indenture with respect to the trustee, all as stated in the letter of such counsel dated March 29, 2012, which was filed as an exhibit to a Current Report on Form 8-K by us on March 29, 2012.