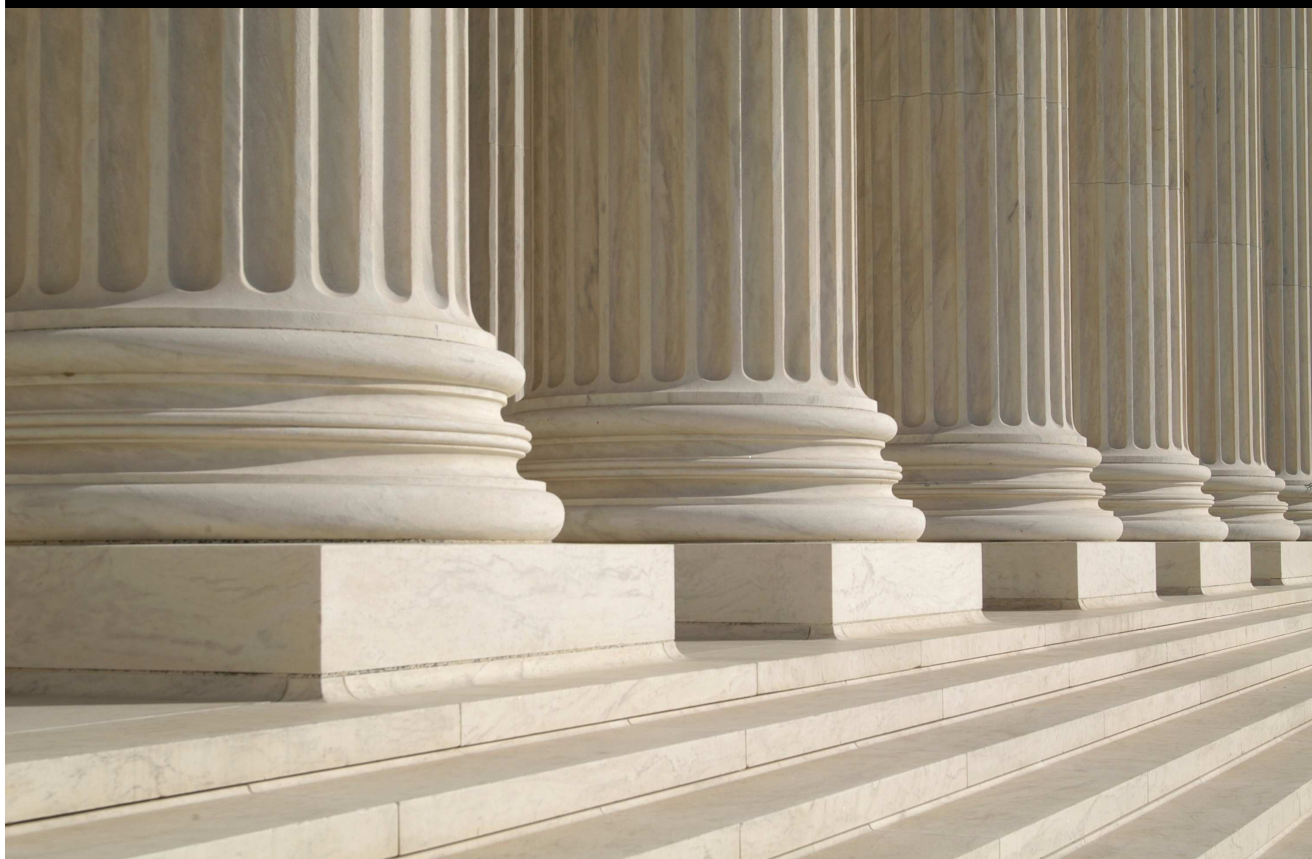


Free Writing Prospectus  
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# J.P.Morgan

January 2011

J.P. Morgan Structured Investments



The S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats  
Risk Control Excess Return Indices  
Strategy Guide

## Important Information

JPMorgan Chase & Co. (“J.P. Morgan”) has filed a registration statement (including a prospectus) with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) for any offerings to which these materials relate. Before you invest in any offering of securities by J.P. Morgan, you should read the prospectus in that registration statement, the prospectus supplement, as well as any relevant product supplement, the relevant term sheet or pricing supplement, and any other documents that J.P. Morgan will file with the SEC relating to such offering for more complete information about J.P. Morgan and the offering of any securities. You may get these documents without cost by visiting EDGAR on the SEC Website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). Alternatively, J.P. Morgan, any agent, or any dealer participating in the particular offering will arrange to send you the prospectus and the prospectus supplement, as well as any product supplement and term sheet or pricing supplement, if you so request by calling toll-free (866) 535-9248.

To the extent there are any inconsistencies between this free writing prospectus and the relevant term sheet or pricing supplement, the relevant term sheet or pricing supplement, including any hyperlinked information, shall supersede this free writing prospectus.

Securities linked to the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control 8% Excess Return Index or to the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control 10% Excess Return Index (together, the “Indices”) are our senior unsecured obligations and are not secured debt. Investing in these securities is not equivalent to a direct investment in the Indices or the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index.

Investments in securities linked to the Indices require investors to assess several characteristics and risk factors that may not be present in other types of transactions. In reaching a determination as to the appropriateness of any proposed transaction, clients should undertake a thorough independent review of the legal, regulatory, credit, tax, accounting and economic consequences of such transaction in relation to their particular circumstances. This free writing prospectus contains market data from various sources other than us and our affiliates, and, accordingly, we make no representation or warranty as to the market data’s accuracy or completeness. All information is subject to change without notice. We or our affiliated companies may make a market or deal as principal in the securities mentioned in this document or in options, futures or other derivatives based thereon.

### Use of Simulated Returns

Back-testing and other statistical analysis material that is provided in connection with the explanations of the potential returns of the securities linked to the Index use simulated analysis and hypothetical circumstances to estimate how it may have performed prior to its actual existence. The results obtained from such “back-testing” information should not be considered indicative of the actual results that might be obtained from an investment or participation in a financial instrument or transaction referencing the Indices. J.P. Morgan provides no assurance or guarantee that the securities linked to the Indices will operate or would have operated in the past in a manner consistent with these materials. The hypothetical historical levels presented herein have not been verified by an independent third party, and such hypothetical historical levels have inherent limitations. Alternative simulations, techniques, modeling or assumptions might produce significantly different results and prove to be more appropriate. Actual results will vary, perhaps materially, from the simulated returns presented in this free writing prospectus.

### IRS Circular 230 Disclosure

We and our affiliates do not provide tax advice. Accordingly, any discussion of U.S. tax matters contained herein is not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used, in

connection with the promotion, marketing or recommendation by anyone unaffiliated with J.P. Morgan of any of the matters address herein or for the purpose of avoiding U.S. tax-related penalties.

Investment suitability must be determined individually for each investor, and the financial instruments described herein may not be suitable for all investors. This information is not intended to provide and should not be relied upon as providing accounting, legal, regulatory or tax advice. Investors should consult with their own advisors as to these matters.

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#### **Index Disclaimers**

“Standard & Poor’s®,” “S&P®,” “S&P 500®,” “S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats,” “S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control 8% Excess Return Index,” and “S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control 10% Excess Return Index” are trademarks of the McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. and have been licensed for use by J.P. Morgan Securities LLC. This transaction is not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by S&P, and S&P makes no representation regarding the advisability of purchasing securities generally or financial instruments issued by JPMorgan Chase & Co. S&P has no obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing, or trading of products linked to the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control Excess Return Indices.

## Overview

The S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control 8% Excess Return Index and the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control 10% Excess Return Index (together, the “Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control Indices” or the “Indices”) provide investors with exposure to the U.S. equity market via “blue chip names” in the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index (the “Aristocrats Index”), with a volatility control mechanism that targets a specific volatility by varying the daily exposure of the applicable Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control Index to the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index. The volatility control mechanism seeks to create a more consistent risk-return profile for the Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control Indices.

The Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control Indices track the return of the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index (the “Underlying Index”) over and above a short-term money market investment. In other words, the Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control Indices calculate the return on an investment in the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index where the investment was made through the use of borrowed funds. Thus, the return of the Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control Indices will be equal to that of the investment in the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index less the associated borrowing costs.

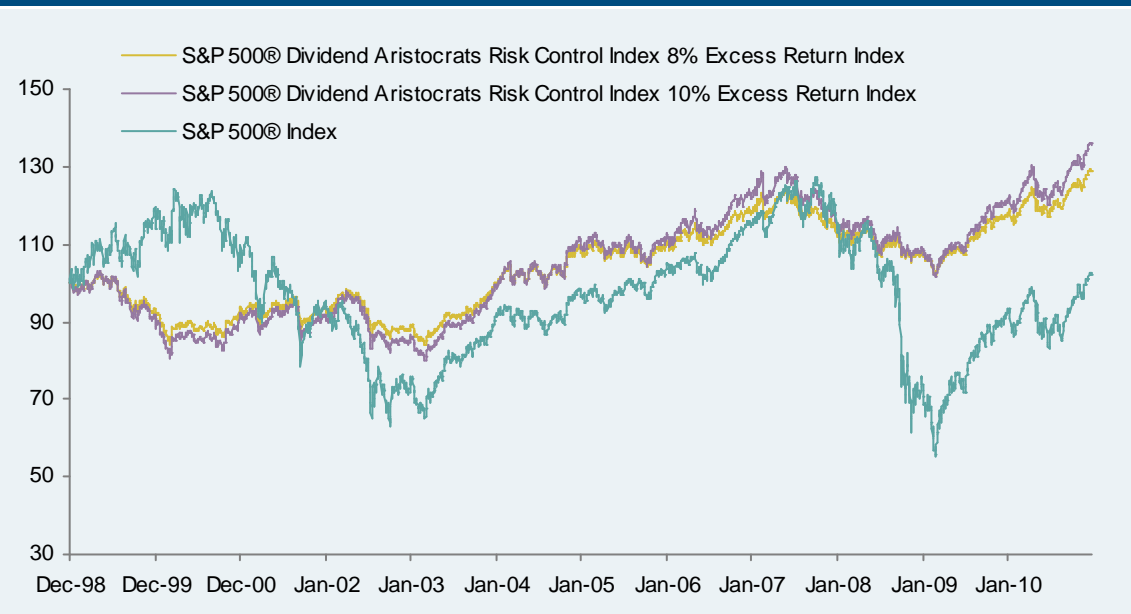
The exposure of the Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control Indices to the Underlying Index can range from 0% to 150%, and is determined by the level of observed volatility in equity returns. This exposure is dynamically adjusted on a daily basis to target a specific level of volatility, though there is no guarantee the Index will achieve this target. The S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control 8% Excess Return Index targets 8% volatility and is published to Bloomberg under the ticker SPXD8UE. The S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control 10% Excess Return Index targets 10% volatility and is published to Bloomberg under the ticker SPXD10UE.

Key features of the Indices include:

- exposure to the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index with the benefit of a risk control mechanism that targets a specific annualized volatility that is expected to be lower than the historical observed volatility of the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index
- exposure adjusted on a daily basis with the ability to employ leverage of up to 150% during periods of low volatility
- closing levels published daily by Standard & Poor’s on Bloomberg

The following graph illustrates the historical performance of the S&P 500® Index and S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control Indices based on hypothetical back-tested closing levels from December 31, 1998 through August 24, 2009, and actual historical closing levels from August 25, 2009 through December 31, 2010. For a summary of annualized return and observed volatility for these indices over this period, please see the table below. There is no guarantee that the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control Indices will outperform the S&P 500® Index, the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index or any alternative strategy during the term of your investment in notes linked to the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control Indices.

### Hypothetical and Historical Performance of the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control Excess Return Indices (Dec 31, 1998 – Dec 31, 2010)



### Summary of Hypothetical and Historical S&P 500® Risk Dividend Aristocrats Control Index (Dec 31, 1998 – Dec 31, 2010)

	Annualized return	Annualized volatility
S&P 500® Index	0.19%	21.59%
S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control 8% Excess Return Index	2.13%	2.13%
S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control 10% Excess Return Index	2.57%	2.57%

Source: Bloomberg and J.P. Morgan

Note: Because the Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control Indices did not exist prior to May 13, 2009, all retrospective levels provided above are simulated and must be considered illustrative only. The simulated data was constructed using certain procedures that may vary from the procedures used to calculate the Index going forward, and on the basis of certain assumptions that may not be true during future periods. The variations used in producing simulated historical data from those used to calculate the Index going forward could produce variations in returns of indeterminate direction and amount. Past hypothetical performance results are neither indicative of nor a guarantee of future returns. Actual results will vary, potentially materially, from the hypothetical historical performance provided herein. Please see “Important Information” at the front of this publication for a discussion of certain additional limitations of back-testing and simulated returns.

“Annualized return” is calculated arithmetically and was not calculated on a compound basis.

“Annualized volatility” means the standard deviation of each Index’s arithmetic daily returns scaled for a one-year period based on the period from December 31, 1998 through December 31, 2010.

The Indices are excess return indices, representing unfunded positions in the Underlying Indices. The borrowing weight is generally based on a synthetically rolling 3-month bond, with reference to the 2-month and 3-month U.S. LIBOR rates. The hypothetical cost of borrowing reflected in the Index may partially or totally offset any gains from the dividend reinvestment feature included in the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index.

## Index Description

The S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control Excess Return Indices are intended to provide a performance benchmark that (1) invests in the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index; (2) algorithmically adjusts the leverage of its investment to attempt to decrease exposure in times of high volatility and increase exposure in times of low volatility, with a constant target volatility; and (3) is made with borrowed money and therefore funded at a synthetically rolling 3-month LIBOR with reference to the 2-month and 3-month U.S. LIBOR rates<sup>1</sup>. This section will describe how the Aristocrats Risk Control Indices attempt to achieve these goals.

### *The S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index*

- S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index, sponsored by Standard & Poor's ("S&P"), aims to measure the performance of companies within the S&P 500® Index that have followed a policy of increasing dividend every year for at least 25 consecutive years<sup>2</sup>.
- The index constituents are selected annually with a minimum of 40 stocks, rebalanced to equal weights on a quarterly basis.
- We believe that stable and increasing dividends are sometimes used by a company's management as a signal of confidence in a company's prospects.
- The Index is often viewed as a measure of the performance of "blue chip" companies because the dividend payment track record required as an index criteria can be viewed as an indication of corporate maturity and capital strength. Because the index criteria are based on a track record of increasing dividends, rather than on high dividend yields, the index is not expected to have a high concentration in typical high dividend yield sectors such as financials and utilities.
- Since December 1998, the hypothetical historical performance of the Aristocrats Total Returns Index shows a total return of 2.57% per annum as compared to 0.68% per annum for the S&P 500® Total Return Index, with less volatility. Past hypothetical or historical performance is not indicative of future results.

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<sup>1</sup> The hypothetical cost of borrowing reflected in the Index may partially or totally offset any gains from the dividend reinvestment feature included in the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index.

<sup>2</sup> The Aristocrats Index is constructed to have at least 40 names. If there are less than 40 names in the S&P 500® Index that have followed a policy of increasing dividends every year for at least 25 years, S&P relaxes this criterion in order to reach 40 names. As of December 31, 2010, there were 42 names in the Index. For further details on the construction of Aristocrats Index please review the applicable product supplement.



### Hypothetical Performance of the S&P 500® Total Return Index and the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index (Dec 31, 1998 – Dec 31, 2010)



Source: Bloomberg and J.P. Morgan. Past hypothetical performance results are neither indicative of nor a guarantee of future returns. Actual results will vary, potentially materially, from the hypothetical historical performance provided herein. There is no assurance the Index will outperform the S&P 500® Total Return Index, the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control Index, or any alternative investment strategy.

### Summary of Hypothetical S&P 500® Risk Dividend Aristocrats Control Index (Dec 31, 1998 – Dec 31, 2010)

	Annualized return	Annualized volatility
S&P 500® Total Return Index	0.68%	21.57%
S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index	2.57%	19.47%

**Hypothetical, historical performance measures:** Represent the performance of the Index based on, as applicable to the relevant measurement period, the hypothetical backtested daily Index closing levels from December 31, 1998 through August 24, 2010, and the actual historical performance of the Index based on the daily Index closing level from August 25, 2010 through December 31, 2010, as well as the performance of the S&P 500® Total Return Index over the same period. For purposes of these examples, each index was set equal to 100 at the beginning of the relevant measurement period and returns calculated arithmetically (not compounded). There is no guarantee the relevant Index will outperform the S&P 500® Total Return Index, the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index or any alternative investment strategy. Sources: Bloomberg and JPMorgan.

**Volatility** is calculated from the historical returns, as applicable to the relevant measurement period, of the S&P 500® Total Return Index and the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index. Volatility represents the annualized standard deviation of the relevant Index's arithmetic daily returns since December 31, 1998.

For information on the companies currently composing the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index, please see the section titled "S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index Current Composition" below.

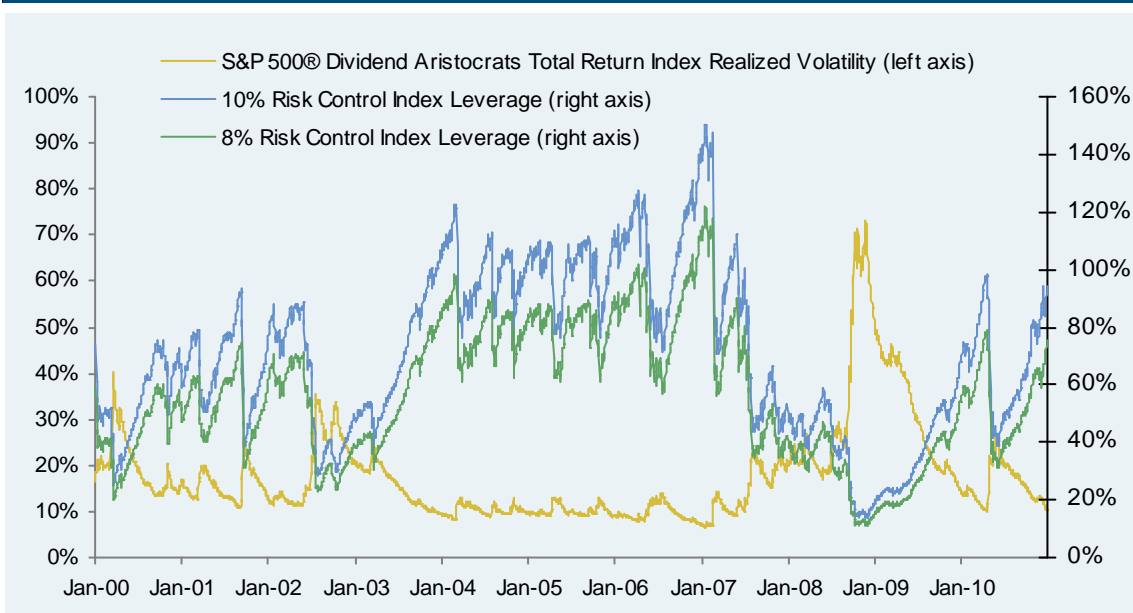
#### *Dynamic Exposure to facilitate Targeted Volatility*

The exposure to the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index can range for each of the Indices between 0% and 150% and is determined by the level of observed volatility in equity returns. The exposure to the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index is

adjusted on a daily basis to target a specific level of volatility. Volatility is a measurement of the variability of returns based on historical performance and, in the case of the Indices, is calculated using exponential weightings to give more significance to recent observations. In addition, a short-term measure and a long-term measure of volatility are used to cause the Index to deleverage quickly, but increase exposure more gradually on a relative basis. If the volatility level reaches a threshold that is above the target volatility, exposure to the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index is reduced and the cash level is increased to maintain the target volatility. If the risk level is too low, the Index will employ a leverage factor greater than 100% to maintain the target volatility.

The following graph illustrates the hypothetical back-tested exposure for the Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control Indices to the Underlying Index as well as the observed volatility. For the purposes of this graph, volatility is calculated according to Standard & Poor's® official methodology used in the calculation of the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control Index.

Hypothetical Index leverage and volatility (Jan 3, 2000 – Dec 31, 2010)



Source: Bloomberg and J.P. Morgan. **Volatility** is calculated from the historical returns, as applicable to the relevant measurement period, of the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index, the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control 8% Excess Return Index, and the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control 10% Excess Return Index. Volatility represents the annualized standard deviation of the relevant Index's arithmetic daily returns since January 2000. The **index leverage** is the hypothetical back-tested amount of exposure of the Index to the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index and should not be considered indicative of the actual leverage that would be assigned during an investment in the Index.

Note: The historical volatility levels of the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index are presented for informational purposes only and have inherent limitations. No representation is made that in the future the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index will have volatility shown above. Alternative modeling techniques or assumptions might produce significantly different results and may prove to be more appropriate.

The hypothetical leverage factors obtained from such back-testing should not be considered indicative of the actual leverage that would result during your investment in the Index. No representation is made that the actual performance of the Index would result in leverage factors consistent with the hypothetical leverage factors displayed in the preceding graph. Actual annualized volatilities and leverage factors will vary, perhaps materially, from this analysis. Please see "Important Information" at the front of this publication for a discussion of certain additional limitations of back-testing and simulated returns.



## S&amp;P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Index Current Composition (as of Sep 2010)

<u>Constituent Name (Symbol)</u>	<u>Constituent Name (Symbol)</u>
• 3M Co (MMM)	• Family Dollar Stores Inc (FDO)
• AFLAC Inc (AFL)	• Grainger, W.W. Inc (GWW)
• Abbott Laboratories (ABT)	• Hormel Foods Corp (HRL)
• Air Products & Chemicals Inc (APD)	• Johnson & Johnson (JNJ)
• Archer-Daniels-Midland Co (ADM)	• Kimberly-Clark (KMB)
• Automatic Data Processing (ADP)	• Leggett & Platt (LEG)
• Bard, C.R. Inc (BCR)	• Lowe's Cos Inc (LOW)
• Becton, Dickinson & Co (BDX)	• McCormick & Co (MKC)
• Bemis Co Inc (BMS)	• McDonald's Corp (MCD)
• Brown-Forman Corp B (BF/B)	• McGraw-Hill Cos Inc (MHP)
• CenturyLink Inc (CTL)	• PPG Industries Inc (PPG)
• Chubb Corp (CB)	• PepsiCo Inc (PEP)
• Cincinnati Financial Corp (CINF)	• Pitney Bowes Inc (PBI)
• Cintas Corp (CTAS)	• Procter & Gamble (PG)
• Clorox Co (CLX)	• Sherwin-Williams Co (SHW)
• Coca-Cola Co (KO)	• Sigma-Aldrich Corp (SIAL)
• Consolidated Edison Inc (ED)	• Stanley Black & Decker (SWK)
• Dover Corp (DO)	• Target Corp (TGT)
• Ecolab Inc (ECL)	• VF Corp (VFC)
• Emerson Electric Co (EMR)	• Wal-Mart Stores (WMT)
• Exxon Mobil Corp (XOM)	• Walgreen Co (WAG)

## Risks associated with the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control Excess Return Indices

**THE INDICES HAVE A LIMITED HISTORY AND MAY PERFORM IN UNEXPECTED WAYS** – The Indices began publishing on May 13, 2009 and, therefore, have a limited history. S&P has calculated the returns that hypothetically might have been generated had the Indices existed in the past, but those calculations are subject to many limitations. Unlike historical performance, such hypothetical calculations do not reflect actual trading, liquidity constraints, fees and other costs. In addition, the models used to calculate these hypothetical returns are based on certain data, assumptions and estimates. Different models or models using different data, assumptions or estimates might result in materially different hypothetical performance.

**THE INDICES MAY NOT BE SUCCESSFUL, MAY NOT OUTPERFORM THE S&P 500® DIVIDEND ARISTOCRATS TOTAL RETURN INDEX AND MAY NOT ACHIEVE THEIR TARGET VOLATILITY** – The Indices employ a mathematical algorithm designed to control the level of risk of the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index by establishing a specific volatility target and dynamically adjusting the exposure to the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control Total Return Index based on its observed historical volatility. No assurance can be given that the volatility strategy will be successful or that the Indices will outperform the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index or any alternative strategy that might be employed to reduce

the level of risk of the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index. We also can give you no assurance that the Indices will achieve their specific target volatility.

**THE S&P 500® DIVIDEND ARISTOCRATS RISK CONTROL EXCESS RETURN INDICES ARE NOT TOTAL RETURN INDICES AND ARE SUBJECT TO SHORT-TERM MONEY MARKET FUND BORROWING COSTS**

— As “excess return” indices, the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control Excess Return Indices calculate the return on a leveraged or deleveraged investment in the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index where the investment was made through the use of borrowed funds. Investments linked to these “excess return” indices, which represents an unfunded position in the Underlying Index, will be subject to short-term money market fund borrowing costs and will not include the “total return” feature or cash component of a “total return” index, which represents a funded position in the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index.

**THE INDICES DYNAMICALLY ADJUST EXPOSURE TO THE S&P 500® DIVIDEND ARISTOCRATS TOTAL RETURN INDEX BASED ON HISTORIC VOLATILITY THAT CAN LEAD TO AN UNDEREXPOSURE TO THE PERFORMANCE OF THE S&P 500® DIVIDEND ARISTOCRATS TOTAL RETURN INDEX**

— The Index represents a portfolio consisting of the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index and a borrowing cost component accruing interest based on a synthetically rolling 3-month bond, with reference to the 2-month and 3-month U.S. LIBOR rates. The Indices dynamically adjusts exposure to the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index based on the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index’s historic volatility. The Indices’ exposure to the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index will decrease when historical volatility causes the risk level of the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index to reach a high threshold. If, at any time, the Indices exhibit low exposure to the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index and the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Total Return Index subsequently appreciates significantly, the Indices will not participate fully in this appreciation.

**OUR AFFILIATE, J.P. MORGAN SECURITIES LLC, HELPED DEVELOP THE S&P 500® DIVIDEND ARISTOCRATS RISK CONTROL EXCESS RETURN INDICES** — J.P. Morgan Securities LLC (“JPMS”), one of our affiliates, worked with S&P in developing the guidelines and policies governing the composition and calculation of the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control Excess Return Indices. Although judgments, policies and determinations concerning the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control Excess Return Indices were made by JPMS, JPMorgan Chase & Co., as the parent company of JPMS, ultimately controls JPMS.

In addition, the policies and judgments for which JPMS was responsible could have an impact, positive or negative, on the level of the S&P 500® Dividend Aristocrats Risk Control Excess Return Indices. JPMS is under no obligation to consider your interests as an investor.

**The risks identified above are not exhaustive. You should also review carefully the related “Risk Factors” section in the relevant product supplement and the “Selected Risk Considerations” in the relevant term sheet or product supplement.**