

**Avadain, Inc.**



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Annual Report  
2023

# Annual Report 2023

Throughout this document, mentions of Avadain refer to Avadain, Inc., a corporation formed on September 15, 2021 in Delaware (the “Company”). The Company’s physical address is 746 Dent Road, Eads, TN 38028.

You may contact the Company by emailing [mbeall@avadaingraphene.com](mailto:mbeall@avadaingraphene.com). This annual report is posted on the Company’s website, <https://avadaingraphene.com>. The Company may provide additional, occasional updates to investors via [Netcapital.com](https://netcapital.com).

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Each investor should consult his or her own financial adviser, counsel, and accountant as to legal, tax, and related matters concerning his or her investment. The information in this Form is not meant to constitute such advice.

These securities have not been recommended or approved by any federal or state securities commission or regulatory authority. Furthermore, these authorities have not passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document. The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission does not pass upon the merits of any securities offered or the merits of the offering, nor does it pass upon the accuracy or completeness of any offering, document or literature.

These securities were offered under an exemption from registration; however, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission has not made an independent determination that these securities are exempt from registration.

The information contained herein may include forward-looking statements. These statements relate to future events or to future financial performance, and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors, that may cause actual results to be materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance, or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. You should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements since they involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors, which are, in some cases, beyond the company’s control and which could, and likely will, materially affect actual results, levels of activity, performance, or achievements. Any forward-looking statement reflects the current views with respect to future events and is subject to these and other risks, uncertainties, and assumptions relating to operations, results of operations, growth strategy, and liquidity. No obligation exists to publicly update or revise these forward-looking statements for any reason, or to update the reasons actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements, even if new information becomes available in the future.

# Questions and Answers

1. What is the legal status (including its form of organization, jurisdiction in which it is organized and date of organization), physical address and website of the Company? (§ 227.201(a))

Avadain, Inc. (“Avadain” or “Company”) is a corporation formed on September 15, 2021 in Delaware. The Company’s physical address is 746 Dent Road, Eads, TN 38028. The Company’s website may be accessed at <https://avadaingraphene.com>.

2. What are the names of the directors and officers (and any persons occupying a similar status or performing a similar function) of the Company, all positions and offices with the Company held by such persons, the period of time in which such persons served in the position or office and their business experience during the past three years, including: each person’s principal occupation and employment, including whether any officer is employed by another employer; and the name and principal business of any corporation or other organization in which such occupation and employment took place? For purposes of this question, the term officer means a president, vice president, secretary, treasurer or principal financial officer, comptroller or principal accounting officer, and any person routinely performing similar functions. (§ 227.201(b))

## **Bradley Larschan**

### *Board positions with Avadain*

Dates	Position	Principal Occupation
09/15/2021 - Present	Director	CEO of Avadain

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### *Positions with Avadain*

Dates	Position	Responsibilities
09/15/2021 - Present	CEO	Providing strategic direction, overseeing company operations, and managing the company’s financial and

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operational objectives.

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*Business Experience*

Dates	Organization	Title, Principal Business, and Responsibilities
01/01/2010 - Present	Bastille LLC	CEO
03/01/1995 - Present	The Salisbury Group LLC	Chairman
04/01/2006 - Present	Vehicle Safety & Compliance LLC	CEO
09/05/2020 - 09/22/2021	Avadain LLC	CEO

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**Philip Van Wormer**

*Board positions with Avadain*

Dates	Position	Principal Occupation
n/a	n/a	n/a

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*Positions with Avadain*

Dates	Position	Responsibilities
09/15/2021	Chief Commercial Officer	Developing and implementing strategies to drive revenue growth, expand market share, and enhance the overall commercial success of the company through effective sales, marketing, and business development initiatives.

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*Business Experience*

Dates	Organization	Title, Principal Business, and Responsibilities
05/01/2020 - Present	Indigo Technologies	Chief Commercial Officer
09/01/2015 - 03/15/2020	evTS, Inc.	CEO

## **Ericka Wojack**

### *Board positions with Avadain*

Dates	Position	Principal Occupation
09/15/2021 - Present	Director	CFO/COO of Avadain

### *Positions with Avadain*

Dates	Position	Responsibilities
09/15/2021 - Present	CFO/COO	Managing the company's financial and operational strategies.

### *Business Experience*

Dates	Organization	Title, Principal Business, and Responsibilities
01/01/2010 - Present	Bastille LLC	CFO/COO
03/01/1995 - Present	The Salisbury Group LLC	CEO
04/01/2006 - Present	Vehicle Safety & Compliance LLC	CFO/COO
09/01/2020 - 09/22/2021	Avadain LLC	CFO/CCO

## **Yuichiro Takayanagi**

*Board positions with Avadain*

Dates	Position	Principal Occupation
09/15/2021 - Present	Director	Founder & CEO of Layla Technology Eye, LLC

*Positions with Avadain*

Dates	Position	Responsibilities
n/a	n/a	n/a

*Business Experience*

Dates	Organization	Title, Principal Business, and Responsibilities
04/01/2017 - Present	Layla Technology Eye, LLC	Founder & CEO

3. What is the name and ownership level of each person, as of the most recent practicable date but no earlier than 120 days prior to the date the offering statement or report is filed, who is a beneficial owner of 20 percent or more of the Company's outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power? (§ 227.201(c) and portions of § 227.201(m))

Bradley Larschan through Bastille, LLC owns 2,425,500 shares of Class B Common Stock, representing a voting power of 47.73%.

Ericka Wojack through Bastille, LLC through Bastille, LLC owns 2,425,500 shares of Class B Common Stock, representing a voting power of 47.73%.

4. Describe the business of the Company and the anticipated business plan of the Company. (§ 227.201(d))

We believe graphene is about to change our world. Many leading tech companies and numerous startups are working to enhance products with graphene. Large, thin and nearly defect free (LTDF) graphene 'flakes' are industry's preferred form factor of graphene. However, mass production of graphene-enabled products is held back because there is no known technology to produce industrial quantities of reasonably priced LTDF graphene flakes. Explosive growth in demand for LTDF graphene flakes is

expected as soon as industrial quantities of LTDF graphene become available at a reasonable price. Avadain has successfully demonstrated a breakthrough, globally patented and green manufacturing process to manufacture LTDF graphene flakes at commercially viable cost. We need to upscale to high-throughput production lines for mass production. We believe we have the team, including strong partners, to upscale to continuous production, which is the focus of our capital raise. Avadain has a capital-light licensing model designed to quickly scale production and generate recurring revenue. Based on our highly differentiated technology and global patent portfolio, we plan to license our graphene flake manufacturing process to: (1) advanced materials manufacturers, (2) chemical companies, and (3) end users which need to assure quality and reliability of supply.

5. How many employees does the Company currently have? (§ 227.201(e))

Avadain currently has 4 employees.

6. Discuss the material factors that make an investment in the Company speculative or risky. (§ 227.201(f))

1. Third parties might infringe upon our technology: We cannot assure you that the steps we have taken to protect our property rights will prevent misappropriation of our technology. To protect our rights to our intellectual property, we plan to rely on a combination of patents, trade secrets, confidentiality agreements and other contractual arrangements with our employees, affiliates, strategic partners, and others. We may be unable to detect inappropriate use of our technology. Failure to adequately protect our intellectual property could materially harm our brand, devalue our proprietary content and affect our ability to compete effectively. Further, defending any intellectual property rights could result in significant financial expenses and managerial resources. If we were to initiate legal proceedings against a third party to enforce a patent claiming one of our technologies, the defendant may assert that our patent is invalid and/or unenforceable or does not cover its processes, components or future products. Proving patent infringement can be difficult. Any loss of patent protection or difficulty in enforcing intellectual property rights would have a material adverse impact on our business.

2. Valuation Risks: Unlike listed companies that are valued publicly through market-driven stock prices, the valuation of private companies, especially startups, is difficult to assess and you may risk overpaying for your investment. In addition, there may be additional classes of equity with rights that are superior to the class of equity being sold.

3. Start-Up Risks: Investing in early-stage companies is very risky, highly speculative, and should not be made by anyone who cannot afford to lose their entire investment. Unlike an investment in a mature business where there is a track record of revenue and income, the success of a startup or early-stage venture often relies on the development of a new product or service that may or may not find a market. Before investing, you should carefully consider the specific risks and disclosures related to both this offering type and the company.

4. Dividends: You are not entitled to receive any dividends on your interest in the Company. Accordingly, any potential investor who anticipates the need for current dividends or income from an investment should not purchase any of the securities offered on the Site.

5. The Company is in the startup stage and has limited financial or operating history upon which to estimate its prospects for success. At the present time, the Company anticipates that, even if its business plan is successfully implemented, it will generate losses for at least the next two years and may never achieve or sustain profitability. Start-up investing is risky. Investing in early-stage companies is very risky, highly speculative, and should not be made by anyone who cannot afford to lose their entire investment. Unlike an investment in a mature business where there is a track record of revenue and income, the success of a startup or early-stage venture often relies on the development of a new product or service that may or may not find a market. Before investing, you should carefully consider the specific risks and disclosures related to both this Offering and the Company. The Company has no product sales or license agreements in place. The Company, along with its development partners, will need to develop continuous production of graphene flakes. The Company will undoubtedly encounter technical challenges, and may ultimately be unsuccessful. It is also possible that, even if the Company is successful in developing continuous production of graphene flakes, the cost of production will be too high, and, therefore, the market will be unreceptive. Graphene is a highly competitive field and another company could enter the market before Avadain with the technology to manufacture high quality graphene flakes in industrial volumes at a price acceptable to industry. See “Business and Operations of the Company.” The likelihood of the Company’s success must be considered in light of these and other challenges, expenses, complications and delays frequently encountered in connection with the formation of a new business and the development and commercialization of services in a competitive and regulated environment. No assurance can be given that the Company’s business plan will be effectuated, or if effectuated, will be successful.

6. Holders of Class B Common Shares Effectively Control the Company: The Company is managed by its Board of Directors. The holders of the Company’s Class B Common Shares are entitled to ten votes per share on matters requiring stockholder approval, and the holders of the Company’s Class A Common Shares and Class A-1 Common Shares are entitled to one vote per share on matters requiring stockholder approval, including the election of directors. Bastille LLC, as the sole holder of the Company’s Class B Common Shares, will control a substantial majority of the voting power of the Company’s outstanding capital stock following the conclusion of the Offering. This concentrated control will limit or preclude the ability of the holders of Class A Common Shares and the Class A-1 Common Shares to elect directors or exert any influence on corporate governance matters for the foreseeable future.

7. Risks Related to Panasonic Arrangement: Panasonic funded the development of the Company’s technology from inception to date. The Company entered into an agreement that entitles Panasonic to 50% of all revenue received by Bastille LLC as a consequence of its ownership of the Class B Common Shares. In addition, under the agreement, Panasonic has the right to appoint one director to the Company’s Board of Directors and to exercise negative control rights with respect to a number of the Company’s activities, including but not limited to: Accordingly, though not a stockholder of the



Company, Panasonic exerts material control over the Company. If the interests of Panasonic and the Company diverge, there could be negative consequences for the Company.

8. Single Business Offering: Because the business of the Company will involve the ownership and operation of one business, an investment in the Shares has exposure to additional risks associated with changes in laws, rules or regulations, particular economic or environmental problems or other similar matters of that business, the effects of which might be absorbed, spread or compensated for in a multibusiness program.

9. Reliance upon Directors and Officers: There can be no assurance that the Board of Directors and officers of the Company will be able to successfully implement effective management and financial policies for the Company. Failure by the Board of Directors and officers of the Company to successfully implement effective management and financial policies for the Company would have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operation.

10. Dependence on Third Parties: The Company will rely upon others to provide a variety of services required for the operation of the Company. The Company cannot make any representations or warranties regarding the quality of such third parties' services. Should the third-party service provider fail to adequately provide services to the Company, it is uncertain whether another cost-effective source of such services could be found or effectively utilized.

11. Reliance upon a Single Product: The Company will focus on technology to manufacture and license graphene flakes. If the Company is unable to scale up its manufacturing process for graphene flakes as planned, its ability to grant licenses could be impeded and the Company will not be profitable.

12. Competition: Numerous indirect competitors exist within the Company's planned market. These competitors include manufacturers of (1) low quality graphene flakes, which do not have the properties of the Company's flakes; (2) materials labeled "graphene" but which are, in reality, nanoplatelets, or graphite; or (3) graphene sheets. These indirect competitors are located throughout the world. Some of the Company's potential indirect competitors are larger and better capitalized, have greater experience in manufacturing at industrial scale and may have long established relationships with customers for such products. As a result of this competition, it cannot be guaranteed that the Company will be able to grow or grant licenses to manufacture graphene or achieve profitability. Competition could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition or the results of operations.

13. Liability and Uncertainty of Adequate Insurance: The Company aims to license its graphene flake manufacturing technology. The Company may be subject to liability as a result of claims relating to the safety of its products. To defend against and defray such costs, it is anticipated the Company will attempt to obtain and maintain general liability insurance. While the Company believes it will have and maintain adequate general liability coverage, there can be no assurance that the insurance obtained and maintained by the Company will be sufficient to fully cover the Company in the event of a claim. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain general liability insurance in the future with adequate coverage or at acceptable costs.

14. Government Regulation: The Company's business will be subject to extensive regulation in all of the markets in which it operates. This may include regulations regarding licensing, production, distribution, marketing, advertising and labeling of its products. The Company will be required to comply with these regulations and to maintain various permits and licenses. The Company will also be required to conduct business only with holders of licenses to import, warehouse, transport, distribute and sell its product. The Company cannot assure investors that these and other governmental regulations applicable to the graphene industry will not change or become more stringent. Moreover, because these laws and regulations are subject to interpretation, the Company may not be able to predict when and to what extent liability may arise. Failure to comply with any of the current or future regulations and requirements relating to our industry and products could result in monetary penalties, suspension or even revocation of our licenses and permits. Costs of compliance with changes in regulations could be significant and could harm the Company's business, as the Company could find it necessary to raise its prices in order to maintain profit margins, which could lower the demand for its product and reduce sales and profit potential.

15. Dependence on Key Personnel; Recruitment: The Company's three key employees are Bradley Larschan, Ericka Wojack and Philip Van Wormer, the executive officers of the Company. We are highly dependent on the services of the Company's executive officers and directors. Our future business and results of operations depend in significant part upon the continued contributions of our executive officers and directors. If we lose those services or if the executive officers fail to perform in their current positions, or if we are not able to attract and retain skilled employees in addition to the current team, this could adversely affect the development of our business plan and harm our business. In addition, the loss of any other member of the Board of Directors or executive officers could harm the Company's business, financial condition, cash flow and results of operations.

16. No Public Market for Shares; Lack of Liquidity: There will be no public market for the Shares offered by the Company. The Shares offered herein have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act or any other applicable securities laws in reliance upon available exemptions from the registration requirements thereof. Accordingly, under the Securities Act and such securities laws, the securities offered hereby are subject to substantial restrictions on transfer and may only be sold, assigned, transferred or otherwise disposed of by a holder if subsequently registered, or if federal and other exemptions from registration are available and an opinion of counsel satisfactory to the Company is furnished to that effect. Because the Shares offered hereby are not readily transferable, an investor's ability to pledge such Shares as collateral for loans may be limited, and the restrictions on transfer could reduce the price of the securities in any permitted sale. An investor should not expect to be able to liquidate his or her investment readily or at all. Accordingly, each prospective investor should be aware of the long-term nature of the investment in the Shares and must indicate that he or she is acquiring such Shares for investment for his or her own account and not with a view to the resale, transfer or other disposition thereof.

17. Financing Needs: The Company anticipates that it will use the proceeds from this Offering to fund costs related to the Company's operations, including building a pilot production unit, producing and

testing samples, obtaining and maintaining intellectual property rights, licensing activities and raising additional capital through a second equity crowdfunding campaign on a platform called Netcapital. If the Company is unable to procure the necessary financing, its future growth and profitability could be adversely affected.

18. Tax Risks: The manner in which the Company is to be taxed, the deductions available to the Company and the effect of the operations of the Company on each prospective investor involve complex issues. Because of the uncertainties and risks associated with the Federal, state, and local income tax aspects of the investment in Shares, it is imperative that, prior to making an investment in the Company, potential investors consult their own tax advisors regarding their particular tax situation and the tax consequences of investing in the Company. Investors should note that the Company anticipates no significant tax benefits associated with the future operation of the Company. No ruling will be sought from the Internal Revenue Service (the “IRS”) on the Federal income tax consequences or any other tax issues affecting the Company or the subscribers. The Company has neither requested nor will it receive an opinion from its counsel with respect to the tax matters discussed below. Each investor should carefully review the following risk factors and consult his own tax advisor with respect to the Federal, state and local income tax consequences of an investment in the Company.

19. Possible Legislative or Other Actions Affecting Tax Consequences: The Federal income tax treatment of an investment in the Company may be modified by legislative, judicial or administrative action at any time, and any such action may retroactively affect investments and commitments previously made. The rules dealing with Federal income taxation of companies are constantly under review by the IRS, resulting in revisions of its regulations and revised interpretations of established concepts. In evaluating an investment in the Company, each investor should consult with his or her personal tax advisor with respect to possible legislative, judicial and administrative developments.

20. State, Local and Foreign Taxation: Each investor should consult his or her own attorney or tax advisor regarding the effect of state, local, or foreign taxes on his or her personal situation.

21. Risks Related to Marital Relationship of Founders: Bastille LLC, the sole holder of Class B Common Shares of the Company, is primarily owned by Bradley Larschan and Ericka Wojack. Mr. Larschan is CEO of the Company, and Ms. Wojack is CFO and COO of the Company; both are holders of options to purchase Class A Common Shares. Mr. Larschan and Ms. Wojack are husband and wife. They began working together in 1993 and have been involved with numerous companies and transactions since then. They were married in July 1995 and currently have 14-year old twin daughters. If they were to become adverse, the Company could suffer a disruption. Additionally, since they control Bastille LLC, which is the owner of the Company's Class B Common Shares and holds the majority of the voting power of the Company, there could be negative consequences for the Company.

22. Regulation: At the present time, the Company understands that the license and manufacture of graphene flakes is not regulated as a class by the Federal government. However, graphene flakes are a strategically important material and it is possible that the Federal government may, sometime in the future, regulate or restrict the manufacturing or licensing of graphene flakes.

23. We are dependent on general economic conditions: Potential customers may be less willing to invest in innovation and forward-looking improvements if they are facing an economic downturn. This may temporarily reduce our market size. Furthermore, a global crisis might make it harder to diversify.

24. No governmental agency has reviewed the Company's offering and no state or federal agency has passed upon either the adequacy of the disclosure contained herein or the fairness of the terms of this offering.

25. Investors will not be entitled to any inspection or information rights other than those required by Regulation Crowdfunding. Investors will not have the right to inspect the books and records of the Company or to receive financial or other information from the Company, other than as required by Regulation Crowdfunding. Other security holders of the Company may have such rights. Regulation Crowdfunding requires only the provision of an annual report on Form C and no additional information – there are numerous methods by which the Company can terminate annual report obligations, resulting in no information rights, contractual, statutory or otherwise, owed to Investors. This lack of information could put investors at a disadvantage in general and with respect to other security holders.

26. The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission does not pass upon the merits of any securities offered or the terms of the offering, nor does it pass upon the accuracy or completeness of any offering document or literature. You should not rely on the fact that our Form C, and if applicable Form D is accessible through the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission's EDGAR filing system as an approval, endorsement or guarantee of compliance as it relates to this Offering.

27. Neither the Offering nor the Securities have been registered under federal or state securities laws, leading to an absence of certain regulation applicable to the Company. The securities being offered have not been registered under the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act"), in reliance on exemptive provisions of the Securities Act. Similar reliance has been placed on apparently available exemptions from securities registration or qualification requirements under applicable state securities laws. No assurance can be given that any offering currently qualifies or will continue to qualify under one or more of such exemptive provisions due to, among other things, the adequacy of disclosure and the manner of distribution, the existence of similar offerings in the past or in the future, or a change of any securities law or regulation that has retroactive effect. If, and to the extent that, claims or suits for rescission are brought and successfully concluded for failure to register any offering or other offerings or for acts or omissions constituting offenses under the Securities Act, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or applicable state securities laws, the Company could be materially adversely affected, jeopardizing the Company's ability to operate successfully. Furthermore, the human and capital resources of the Company could be adversely affected by the need to defend actions under these laws, even if the Company is ultimately successful in its defense.

28. Investors will not be entitled to any inspection or information rights other than those required by Regulation CF. Investors will not have the right to inspect the books and records of the Company or to receive financial or other information from the Company, other than as required by Regulation CF. Other security holders of the Company may have such rights. Regulation CF requires only the provision

of an annual report on Form C and no additional information – there are numerous methods by which the Company can terminate annual report obligations, resulting in no information rights, contractual, statutory or otherwise, owed to Investors. This lack of information could put Investors at a disadvantage in general and with respect to other security holders.

29. The shares of Securities acquired upon the Offering may be significantly diluted as a consequence of subsequent financings. Company equity securities will be subject to dilution. Company intends to issue additional equity to future employees and third-party financing sources in amounts that are uncertain at this time, and as a consequence, holders of Securities will be subject to dilution in an unpredictable amount. Such dilution may reduce the purchaser's economic interests in the Company.

30. The amount of additional financing needed by Company will depend upon several contingencies not foreseen at the time of this Offering. Each such round of financing (whether from the Company or other investors) is typically intended to provide the Company with enough capital to reach the next major corporate milestone. If the funds are not sufficient, Company may have to raise additional capital at a price unfavorable to the existing investors. The availability of capital is at least partially a function of capital market conditions that are beyond the control of the Company. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to predict accurately the future capital requirements necessary for success or that additional funds will be available from any source. Failure to obtain such financing on favorable terms could dilute or otherwise severely impair the value of the investor's Company securities.

31. In addition to the risks listed above, businesses are often subject to risks not foreseen or fully appreciated by the management. It is not possible to foresee all risks that may affect us. Moreover, the Company cannot predict whether the Company will successfully effectuate the Company's current business plan. Each prospective Investor is encouraged to carefully analyze the risks and merits of an investment in the Securities and should take into consideration when making such analysis, among other, the Risk Factors discussed above.

32. THE SECURITIES OFFERED INVOLVE A HIGH DEGREE OF RISK AND MAY RESULT IN THE LOSS OF YOUR ENTIRE INVESTMENT. ANY PERSON CONSIDERING THE PURCHASE OF THESE SECURITIES SHOULD BE AWARE OF THESE AND OTHER FACTORS SET FORTH IN THIS OFFERING STATEMENT AND SHOULD CONSULT WITH HIS OR HER LEGAL, TAX AND FINANCIAL ADVISORS PRIOR TO MAKING AN INVESTMENT IN THE SECURITIES. THE SECURITIES SHOULD ONLY BE PURCHASED BY PERSONS WHO CAN AFFORD TO LOSE ALL OF THEIR INVESTMENT.

7. Describe the ownership and capital structure of the Company, including: the terms of the securities being offered and each other class of security of the Company, including the number of securities being offered and/or outstanding, whether or not such securities have voting rights, any limitations on such voting rights, how the terms of the securities being offered may be modified and a summary of the differences between such securities and each other class of security of the Company, and how the rights of the securities being offered may be materially limited, diluted or qualified by the rights of any other class of security of the Company. (portions of § 227.201(m))

Class of security	Amount authorized	Amount outstanding	Voting rights	Other terms
Class A Common Stock	8,750,000	572,575	Yes	One vote per share
Class B Common Stock	4,900,000	4,900,000	Yes	Ten votes per share
Preferred Stock	100,000	0	No	n/a
Class A-1 Common Stock	1,250,000	1,249,535	Yes	One vote per share

Those investors that participated in our offering via Netcapital have given their voting rights to a custodian, who will exercise the voting rights on behalf of all shareholders who purchased shares on the Netcapital crowdfunding portal.

The securities were issued with voting rights. However, so that the crowdfunding community has the opportunity to act together and cast a vote as a group when a voting matter arises, a custodian will cast your vote for investors pursuant to the custodian agreement that all investors entered into in connection with the purchase of common stock or units on Netcapital.

8. Describe how the exercise of rights held by the principal shareholders of the Company could affect the purchasers of the securities being offered. (portions of § 227.201(m))

There are no exercise rights held by the principal shareholders that would materially affect the current investors that participated in our Netcapital offering.

As the holder of a majority of the voting rights in the company, our majority shareholder may make decisions with which you disagree, or that negatively affect the value of your investment in the company, and you will have no recourse to change those decisions. Your interests may conflict with the interests of other investors, and there is no guarantee that the company will develop in a way that is advantageous to you. For example, the majority shareholder may decide to issue additional shares to new investors, sell convertible debt instruments with beneficial conversion features, or make decisions that affect the tax treatment of the company in ways that may be unfavorable to you. Based on the risks described above, you may lose all or part of your investment in the securities that you purchase, and you may never see positive returns.

9. Describe how the securities are being valued, and examples of methods for how such securities may be valued by the Company in the future, including during subsequent corporate actions. (portions of § 227.201(m))

The price of the Securities was determined solely by the Board of Directors and bears no relation to traditional measures of valuation such as book value or price-to-earnings ratios. We expect that any future valuation will take the same approach.

10. Describe the risks to purchasers of the securities relating to minority ownership in the Company and the risks associated with corporate actions including additional issuances of securities, Company repurchases of securities, a sale of the Company or of assets of the issuer or transactions with related parties (portions of § 227.201(m))

As a minority owner of Avadain, investors do not have a definitive say in terms of business decisions.

Those investors who purchased common stock through Netcapital have a minority ownership in Avadain and will be subject to the same risks as any investor with a minority stake in the company. Principally, minority investors will not have sufficient voting rights required to influence company direction at their discretion.

Corporate actions such as issuance of additional securities or repurchase of securities could influence the share price of securities held by Netcapital investors to decrease or increase respectively. Fluctuations in company valuation could similarly occur and positively or adversely impact Netcapital investors. Similarly, a sale of the issuer or assets of the issuer would signal a distribution of funds in relation to the securities held by the individual and the liquidation preferences of said securities.

11. Describe the restrictions on transfer of the securities, as set forth in § 227.501. (portions of § 227.201(m))

The securities issued in a transaction exempt from registration pursuant to section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act (15 U.S.C. 77d(a)(6)) and in accordance with section 4A of the Securities Act (15 U.S.C. 77d-1) and this part through Netcapital may not be transferred by any purchaser of such securities during the one-year period beginning when the securities were issued in a transaction exempt from registration pursuant to section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act (15 U.S.C. 77d(a)(6)), unless such securities are transferred: to the issuer of the securities; to an accredited investor; as part of an offering registered with the Commission; or to a member of the family of the purchaser or the equivalent, to a trust controlled by the purchaser, to a trust created for the benefit of a member of the family of the purchaser or the equivalent, or in connection with the death or divorce of the purchaser or other similar circumstances. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "accredited investor" shall mean any person who comes within any of the categories set forth in § 230.501(a) of this chapter, or who the seller reasonably believes comes within any of such categories, at the time of the sale of the securities to that person. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "member of the family of the purchaser or the equivalent" includes a child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, spouse or spousal

equivalent, sibling, mother-in-law, father-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law of the purchaser, and shall include adoptive relationships. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "spousal equivalent" means a cohabitant occupying a relationship generally equivalent to that of a spouse.

12. Describe the material terms of any indebtedness of the Company, including the amount, interest rate, maturity date and any other material terms. (§ 227.201(p))

Creditor(s)	Amount Outstanding	Interest Rate	Maturity Date
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

13. Describe exempt offerings conducted within the past three years. In providing a description of any prior exempt offerings, disclose: the date of the offering; the offering exemption relied upon; the type of securities offered; and the amount of securities sold and the use of proceeds. (§ 227.201(q))

Date of Offering	Securities Offered	Amount Sold	Exemption	Use of Proceeds
2021-11-01	Common Stock	\$155,000	Reg. D, Rule 506(b)	Offering costs, legal, accounting, patenting and digital marketing
2022-02-01	Common Stock	\$35,000	Reg. D, Rule 506(b)	Offering costs, legal, accounting, patenting and digital marketing
2022-08-19	Common Stock	\$1,366,624	Reg. CF (Crowdfunding, Title III of JOBS Act, Section 4(a)(6))	Advertising, payroll, patents
12-31-2022	Common Stock	\$42,272	4(a)(2)	Stock issued for services. No cash was received in this transaction.
2023-02-06	Common Stock	\$605,000	Reg. D, Rule 506(b)	Advertising, payroll, patents
12-31-2023	Common Stock	\$4,494,500	Reg. CF (Crowdfunding, Title III of JOBS Act, Section 4(a)(6))	Operating expenses



12-31-2023	Common Stock	\$44,945	Reg. CF (Crowdfunding, Title III of JOBS Act, Section 4(a) (6))	Issuance of Class A-1 Common Stock for broker compensation \$5. No cash was received in this transaction.
12-31-2023	Common Stock	\$103,598	4(a)(2)	Stock issued for services. No cash was received in this transaction.
10-25-2023	Common Stock	\$360,000	Reg. D, Rule 506(b)	Advertising, payroll, patents

14. Describe any transaction since the beginning of the Company's last fiscal year, or any currently proposed transaction, to which the Company was or is to be a party and the amount involved exceeds five percent of the aggregate amount of capital raised by the issuer in reliance on section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act (15 U.S.C. 77d(a)(6)) during the preceding 12-month period, inclusive of the amount the Company seeks to raise in the current offering under section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act, in which any of the following persons had or is to have a direct or indirect material interest: any director or officer of the issuer; any person who is, as of the most recent practicable date but no earlier than 120 days prior to the date the offering statement or report is filed, the beneficial owner of 20 percent or more of the issuer's outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power; if the Company was incorporated or organized within the past three years, any promoter of the Company; or any member of the family of any of the foregoing persons, which includes a child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, spouse or spousal equivalent, sibling, mother-in-law, father-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law, and shall include adoptive relationships. The term spousal equivalent means a cohabitant occupying a relationship generally equivalent to that of a spouse. For each transaction identified, disclose the name of the specified person and state his or her relationship to the Company, and the nature and, where practicable, the approximate amount of his or her interest in the transaction. The amount of such interest shall be computed without regard to the amount of the profit or loss involved in the transaction. Where it is not practicable to state the approximate amount of the interest, the approximate amount involved in the transaction shall be disclosed. A transaction includes, but is not limited to, any financial transaction, arrangement or relationship (including any indebtedness or guarantee of indebtedness) or any series of similar transactions, arrangements or relationships. (§ 227.201(r))

Does not apply.

15. Discuss the Company's financial condition, including, to the extent material, liquidity, capital resources and historical results of operations. The discussion must cover each period for which financial statements of the Company are provided. A Company also must include a discussion of any material changes or trends known to management in the financial condition and results of operations of the Company subsequent to the period for which financial statements are provided. For companies with no prior operating history, the discussion should focus on financial milestones and operational, liquidity and other challenges. For companies with an operating history, the discussion should focus on whether historical results and cash flows are representative of what investors should expect in the future. Companies should take into account the proceeds of the offering and any other known or pending sources of capital. Companies also should discuss how the proceeds from the offering will affect the Company's liquidity, whether receiving these funds and any other additional funds is necessary to the viability of the business, and how quickly the Company anticipates using its available cash. In addition, companies should describe the other available sources of capital to the business, such as lines of credit or required contributions by shareholders. References to the company in this question refer to the company and its predecessors, if any. (§ 227.201(s))

Avadain, Inc. is a corporation organized on September 15, 2021 under the laws of Delaware. The Company was formed for the purpose of upscaling its patented technology to reliably and sustainably manufacture high-quality (i.e., large, thin, and nearly defect-free) graphene flakes and then to license this technology to advanced materials manufacturers and others.

Avadain, LLC, a limited liability company formed under the laws of Delaware on September 21, 2020, became a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company on September 22, 2021. Avadain, LLC, owned by Bastille, LLC, was under common control of the Company. Avadain, LLC was initially formed to commercialize the graphene technology developed by Fraunhofer-Gesellschaft zur Förderung der angewandten Forschung e.V. ("Fraunhofer"), a German not-for-profit research organization. On December 23, 2020, Fraunhofer assigned the patents and patent applications for the graphene technology to Avadain, LLC. Upon acquisition by the Company, Avadain, LLC exists solely as a holding company for the Company's intellectual property.

As of December 31, 2023, the Company has not commenced its planned principal operations as it continues upscaling its technology to mass production and has not generated operating revenues. Once the Company commences its planned principal operations of licensing its technology, it will incur significant additional expenses. The Company is dependent upon additional capital resources for the commencement of its planned principal operations and is subject to significant risks and uncertainties; including failing to secure funding to operationalize the Company's planned operations or failing to profitably operate the business.

Results of Operations:

The Company is in the pre-revenue stage.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company had a net operating loss of \$1,987,815. The expenses consisted of general and administrative for \$1,406,351 and sales and marketing for \$581,464. Additionally, the Company had grant income of \$141,642 and interest income of \$17,238, resulting in an overall net loss of \$1,828,935.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company had a net operating loss of \$1,499,903. The expenses consisted of general and administrative for \$1,202,848 and sales and marketing for \$297,055. Additionally, the Company had grant income of \$164,675, resulting in an overall net loss of \$1,335,228.

#### Liquidity & Capital Resources:

On December 31, 2023, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$4,106,921 and working capital of \$4,241,027 as compared to cash and cash equivalents of \$507,258 and working capital of \$451,012 on December 31, 2022.

On March 1, 2022, Avadain, LLC was granted \$3,770,000 along with four other organizations: the Rapid Advancement in Process Intensification Deployment Institute, Southwest Research Institute, Flextrapower, Inc., and the University of Arkansas. In September 2021, the Company issued 4,900,000 shares of Class B Common Stock to Bastille, LLC as a consideration for the transfer and conveyance unto the Company all of its rights, title, and interest in the membership interests, equal to 100%, in Avadain, LLC.

In December 2020, upon the assignment by Fraunhofer of the patents and patent applications derived from graphene technology to Avadain, LLC, Avadain, LLC agreed to pay to Fraunhofer a royalty of two percent (2%) of the gross revenue that will be generated by (i) licensing the continuous flow process to mass produce graphene flakes ("MP Process"), and (ii) Avadain, LLC's own commercial manufacture, use, sale, importation, or exportation of graphene flakes using the MP Process. In March 2021, the Company entered into an agreement with a third-party legal firm (the "Firm") to represent the Company in connection with the preparation, filing, and prosecution of patent applications relating to the manufacture of graphene. Upon signing the agreement, the Company assumed the liability amounting to \$213,773 previously incurred by the Firm for Fraunhofer and Bastille, LLC. Until the Company obtains at least \$8,000,000 in total third-party funding, the Firm will provide legal services and advance expenses on a full contingency basis, up to a maximum amount of \$50,000 after the date of the engagement agreement. Amount incurred over the set maximum amount is due and demandable by the Firm within 30 days of receiving an invoice from the Firm. In September 2021, Bastille, LLC and Avadain, LLC signed a binding commitment letter in order to obtain the advance consent of Panasonic Intellectual Property Corporation of America ("PIPCA") to change the ownership of Avadain, LLC to seek private funding from investors for further development and begin commercialization of the graphene technology. Pursuant to the letter, Bastille, LLC and Avadain, LLC formed a new corporation, Avadain, Inc., and caused Avadain, Inc. to accept and assume the rights and obligations owed by Bastille, LLC and Avadain, LLC to PIPCA. PIPCA is entitled to 50% of any amount to be distributed by Avadain, LLC to Bastille, LLC.

16. Provide financial statements (balance sheets, statements of comprehensive income, statements of cash flows, statements of changes in stockholders' equity and notes to the financial statements) for the two most recent fiscal periods prepared in accordance with United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. If any of the financial statements have been audited by an independent accountant, provide those statements. If any of the financial statements have been reviewed but not audited by an independent accountant, provide those statements. Label statements "unaudited" if they have not been audited. (portions of § 227.201(t))

Please refer to the financial statements in this Annual Report. A subsequent section in this document provides the principal executive officer's certification of the financial statements.

## **Ongoing Reporting Requirements**

Avadain has complied with the ongoing reporting requirements specified in Rule 202 of Regulation Crowdfunding (§ 227.202).

Avadain will file a report electronically with the SEC annually and post the report on its website <https://avadaingraphene.com/> no later than 120 days after the end of each fiscal year covered by the report.

**Avadain, Inc.**  
**A Delaware Corporation**

Consolidated Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report  
December 31, 2023 and 2022

# Avadain, Inc.

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To the Board of Directors of  
Avadain, Inc.  
Eads, Tennessee

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Avadain, Inc. and subsidiary (the "Company") which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the results of its consolidated operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Company and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### **Responsibilities of Management for the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the consolidated financial statements are available to be issued.

### **Artesian CPA, LLC**

1624 Market Street, Suite 202 | Denver, CO 80202  
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## **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the consolidated financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.



**Artesian CPA, LLC**

Denver, Colorado

April 21, 2024

**Artesian CPA, LLC**

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**AVADAIN, INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
**As of December 31, 2023 and 2022**

	2023	2022
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,106,921	\$ 507,258
Subscription receivable	100,000	-
Grants receivable	176,642	85,000
Prepaid expenses	2,665	619
Deferred offering costs	2,501	2,819
Total Current Assets	4,388,729	595,696
Non-current Assets:		
Patents, net	592,850	461,777
Total Non-current Assets	592,850	461,777
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 4,981,579</b>	<b>\$ 1,057,473</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 45,359	\$ 27,335
Accrued wages	-	43,750
Due to patent attorney, current portion	102,343	73,599
Total Current Liabilities	147,702	144,684
Non-current Liabilities:		
Due to patent attorney, net of current portion	277,794	277,794
Total Non-current Liabilities	277,794	277,794
Total Liabilities	425,496	422,478
Stockholders' Equity:		
Preferred Stock, \$0.00001 par, 100,000 shares authorized, 0 shares issued and outstanding as of both December 31, 2023 and 2022	-	-
Class A Common Stock, \$0.00001 par, 8,750,000 shares authorized, 444,575 and 200,568 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively	5	2
Class A-1 Common Stock, \$0.00001 par, 1,250,000 shares authorized, 1,249,535 and 341,656 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively	12	3
Class B Common Stock, \$0.00001 par, 4,900,000 shares authorized, 4,900,000 shares issued and outstanding as of both December 31, 2023 and 2022	49	49
Additional paid-in capital	7,751,714	2,001,703
Accumulated deficit	(3,195,697)	(1,366,762)
Total Stockholders' Equity	4,556,083	634,995
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>\$ 4,981,579</b>	<b>\$ 1,057,473</b>

See Independent Auditor's Report and accompanying notes, which are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**AVADAIN, INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**  
For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Revenue	\$ -	\$ -
Operating Expenses:		
General and administrative	1,406,351	1,202,848
Sales and marketing	581,464	297,055
Total Operating Expenses	<u>1,987,815</u>	<u>1,499,903</u>
Loss from operations	(1,987,815)	(1,499,903)
Other Income:		
Grant income	141,642	164,675
Interest income	17,238	-
Total Other Income	<u>158,880</u>	<u>164,675</u>
Provision for income taxes	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net Loss	<u>\$ (1,828,935)</u>	<u>\$ (1,335,228)</u>

See Independent Auditor's Report and accompanying notes, which are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# AVADAIN, INC.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	Class A Common Stock		Class A-1 Common Stock		Class B Common Stock		Additional Paid-	Accumulated	Total Stockholders'
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	in Capital	Deficit	Equity
Balance at December 31, 2021	155,000	\$ 2	-	\$ -	4,900,000	\$ 49	\$ 144,880	\$ (31,534)	\$ 113,397
Issuance of Class A-1 Common Stock	-	-	341,656	3	-	-	1,366,621	-	1,366,624
Issuance of Class A Common Stock	35,000	-	-	-	-	-	35,000	-	35,000
Stock compensation expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	489,380	-	489,380
Stocks issued for services	10,568	-	-	-	-	-	42,269	-	42,269
Offering costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	(76,447)	-	(76,447)
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,335,228)	(1,335,228)
Balance at December 31, 2022	200,568	2	341,656	3	4,900,000	49	2,001,703	(1,366,762)	634,995
Issuance of Class A Common Stock through Regulation D \$4	151,250	2	-	-	-	-	604,998	-	605,000
Issuance of Class A Common Stock through Regulation D \$5	72,000	1	-	-	-	-	359,999	-	360,000
Issuance of Class A-1 Common Stock through Regulation Crowdfunding \$5	-	-	898,890	9	-	-	4,494,441	-	4,494,450
Issuance of Class A-1 Common Stock for broker compensation \$5	-	-	8,989	-	-	-	44,945	-	44,945
Stock issued for services	20,757	-	-	-	-	-	103,598	-	103,598
Stock compensation expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	421,173	-	421,173
Offering costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	(279,143)	-	(279,143)
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,828,935)	(1,828,935)
Balance at December 31, 2023	444,575	\$ 5	1,249,535	\$ 12	4,900,000	\$ 49	\$ 7,751,714	\$ (3,195,697)	\$ 4,556,083

See Independent Auditor's Report and accompanying notes, which are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**AVADAIN, INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
**For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022**

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Net loss	\$ (1,828,935)	\$ (1,335,228)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Stock compensation expense	421,173	489,380
Stock issued for services	103,598	42,269
Amortization of patents	38,276	23,374
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease /(increase) in grant receivables	(91,642)	(85,000)
Decrease /(increase) in prepaid expenses	(2,046)	2,631
Decrease /(increase) in deferred offering costs	318	-
Increase/(decrease) in accounts payable	18,024	(1,613)
Increase/(decrease) in accrued wages	(43,750)	43,750
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(1,384,984)</u>	<u>(820,437)</u>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Cash paid for patents and application costs	<u>(140,605)</u>	<u>(135,547)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities	(140,605)	(135,547)
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Repayments on related party advances	-	(6,831)
Proceeds from issuance of Class A-1 Common Stock	4,494,450	1,366,624
Proceeds from issuance of Class A Common Stock	865,000	35,000
Offering costs	<u>(234,198)</u>	<u>(76,447)</u>
Net cash provided by financing activities	5,125,252	1,318,346
Net change in cash	3,599,663	362,362
Cash at beginning of the year	507,258	144,896
Cash at end of the year	<u>\$ 4,106,921</u>	<u>\$ 507,258</u>
<b>Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:</b>		
Cash paid for interest expense	\$ -	\$ -
Cash paid for income tax	\$ -	\$ -
<b>Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activity:</b>		
Capitalized patent costs in exchange for due to patent attorney	\$ 101,552	\$ 64,220
Stock issued for broker compensation	\$ 44,945	\$ -
Stock issued for services	\$ 103,598	\$ -

See Independent Auditor's Report and accompanying notes, which are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# **AVADAIN, INC.**

## **NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**As of December 31, 2023 and 2022 and for the years then ended**

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### **NOTE 1: NATURE OF OPERATIONS**

Avadain, Inc. (the “Company”) is a corporation organized on September 15, 2021 under the laws of Delaware. The Company was formed for the purpose of upscaling its patented technology to reliably and sustainably manufacture high-quality (i.e., large, thin, and nearly defect-free) graphene flakes and then to license this technology to advanced materials manufacturers and others.

Avadain, LLC, a limited liability company formed under the laws of Delaware on September 21, 2020, became a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company on September 22, 2021. Avadain, LLC, owned by Bastille, LLC, was under common control of the Company. Avadain, LLC was initially formed to commercialize the graphene technology developed by Fraunhofer-Gesellschaft zur Förderung der angewandten Forschung e.V. (“Fraunhofer”), a German not-for-profit research organization. On December 23, 2020, Fraunhofer assigned the patents and patent applications for the graphene technology to Avadain, LLC. Upon acquisition by the Company, Avadain, LLC exists solely as a holding company for the Company’s intellectual property.

As of December 31, 2023, the Company has not commenced its planned principal operations as it continues upscaling its technology to mass production and has not generated operating revenues. Once the Company commences its planned principal operations of licensing its technology, it will incur significant additional expenses. The Company is dependent upon additional capital resources for the commencement of its planned principal operations and is subject to significant risks and uncertainties; including failing to secure funding to operationalize the Company’s planned operations or failing to profitably operate the business.

### **NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### Basis of Presentation and Basis for Consolidation

The Company prepares consolidated financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP). The consolidated financial statements include all accounts of Avadain, Inc. and Avadain, LLC. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The Company adopted the calendar year as its basis of reporting.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Significant Risks and Uncertainties

The Company currently has no developed products for commercialization and there can be no assurance that the Company’s research and development will be successfully commercialized.

See accompanying Independent Auditor’s Report

## **AVADAIN, INC.**

### **NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**As of December 31, 2023 and 2022 and for the years then ended**

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Developing and commercializing the Company's planned products requires significant capital, and based on the current operating plans, the Company expects to continue to incur operating losses for the foreseeable future.

The Company is subject to customary risks and uncertainties including, but not limited to, the need for protection of proprietary technology, dependence on key personnel, costs of services provided by third parties, the need to obtain additional financing, and limited operating history.

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") guidance specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based on whether the inputs to those valuation techniques are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect market assumptions. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurement). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 - Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 primarily consists of financial instruments whose value is based on quoted market prices such as exchange-traded instruments and listed equities.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (e.g., quoted prices of similar assets or liabilities in active markets, or quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active).

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Financial instruments are considered Level 3 when their fair values are determined using pricing models, discounted cash flows or similar techniques and at least one significant model assumption or input is unobservable.

The carrying amounts reported in the consolidated balance sheets approximate their fair value.

#### Cash Equivalents and Concentration of Cash Balance

The Company considers all highly liquid securities with an original maturity of less than three months to be cash equivalents. The Company's cash and cash equivalents in bank deposit accounts, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company's cash balance exceeded the federally insured limits by \$3,606,921 and \$251,468, respectively, and therefore subjects the Company to a significant credit risk.

The Company has \$592,647 and \$507,258 cash in bank held at one accredited financial institution and \$3,514,274 and \$0 in money market account as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, all respectively. Interest income recognized from the money market account is \$17,238 and \$0 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

## **AVADAIN, INC.**

### **NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**As of December 31, 2023 and 2022 and for the years then ended**

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#### Grants Income and Receivable

The Company has received grants from governmental granting agencies. As there is no guidance for government grants under US GAAP for a for-profit entity, the Company has adopted accounting policies by analogy to International Audit Standards 20 and ASC 958-605, whereby the Company recognizes its grant income in the period in which the associated expenses are incurred, when there is reasonable assurance that the entity will comply with the conditions, and there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received. The Company presents grant income in other income on the statement of operations.

Receivables, representing amounts due from grantors, are stated at amounts estimated by management to be the net realizable value. The Company periodically evaluates the collectability of grants receivable and establishes a reserve for uncollectible accounts based on an evaluation of the specific unpaid account balances. No allowances were required as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Grants under an expense matching program administered by the State of Tennessee represented 0% and 61% of the Company's grant income for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. This grant requires that the Company have a good faith intention to remain within the state for a period of two years, which the Company determined was reasonably probable to achieve to support recognition of this income in 2022.

Grants under an expense reimbursement program administered by a US Federal agency program represented 100% and 39% of the Company's grant income for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Grant receivables were \$176,642 and \$85,000 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Each grant therefore presents a concentration risk and there is no assurance that the Company will receive any additional funding under these grant programs or any others.

#### Subscription Receivable

The Company records stock issuances at the effective date. If the subscription is not funded upon issuance, the Company records a subscription receivable as an asset on a balance sheet. When subscriptions are not received prior to the issuance of financial statements at a reporting date in satisfaction of the requirements under FASB ASC 505-10-45-2, the subscription receivable is reclassified as a contra account to stockholders' equity on the consolidated balance sheet.

#### Deferred Offering Costs

The Company complies with the requirements of FASB ASC 340-10-S99-1 with regards to offering costs. Prior to the completion of an offering, offering costs are capitalized. The deferred offering costs are charged to stockholders' equity upon the completion of an offering or to expense if the offering is not completed.

# AVADAIN, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022 and for the years then ended

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### Intangible Assets

Intangible assets include patents. Costs to acquire rights to a patent are capitalized and amortized over their expected economic useful life. Where the future benefits of the patent rights are unknown, costs are expensed as incurred.

Patent	Useful Life
<u>Group 1</u>	
Family 1: Graphene and the Production of Graphene	March 1, 2022 through
Family 2: Method and Apparatus for the Expansion of Graphite	December 31, 2036
<u>Group 2</u>	
Family 3: Electrochemical Exfoliation of Graphite for	April 27, 2023 through
Production Of Graphene Flakes and Production of Graphene	April 26, 2043
by Electrochemical Exfoliation	

The cost basis of the intangible patent assets was \$654,500 and \$485,151, which is presented net of accumulated amortization of \$61,650 and \$23,374, resulting to a carrying value of \$592,850 and \$461,777 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, all respectively. Amortization expense of \$38,276 and \$23,374 was recorded for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

### Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The management continually monitors events and changes in circumstances that could indicate carrying amounts of long-lived assets may not be recoverable. When such events or changes in circumstances are present, management assesses the recoverability of long-lived assets by determining whether the carrying value of such assets will be recovered through undiscounted expected future cash flows. If the total of the future cash flows is less than the carrying amount of those assets, the Company recognizes an impairment loss based on the excess of the carrying amount over the fair value of the Company's long-lived assets. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or the fair value less costs to sell. The Company reviews its long-lived assets for impairment annually and determined no impairment charge was necessary for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

### Revenue Recognition

ASC Topic 606, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" establishes principles for reporting information about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from the entity's contracts to provide goods or services to customers.

Revenues are recognized when control of the promised goods or services are transferred to a customer, in an amount that reflects the consideration that the Company expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. The Company applies the following five steps in order to determine the appropriate amount of revenue to be recognized as it fulfills its obligations under each of its agreements: 1) identify the contract with a customer; 2) identify the performance obligations in the contract; 3) determine the transaction price; 4) allocate the transaction price to



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performance obligations in the contract; and 5) recognize revenue as the performance obligation is satisfied.

During the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company has not earned any revenue from operations.

Advertising Costs

The Company expenses advertising costs as they are incurred.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation in accordance with ASC 718, “Compensation - Stock Compensation”. The Company measures all stock-based awards granted to employees, directors and non-employee consultants based on the fair value on the date of the grant and recognizes compensation expense for those awards, net of estimated forfeitures, over the requisite service period, which is generally the vesting period of the respective award. For awards with service-based vesting conditions, the Company records the expense for using the straight-line method. For awards with performance-based vesting conditions, the Company records the expense if and when the Company concludes that it is probable that the performance condition will be achieved.

The fair value of each stock option grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The Company historically has been a private company and lacks company-specific historical and implied volatility information for its stock. Therefore, it estimates its expected stock price volatility based on the historical volatility of publicly traded peer companies and expects to continue to do so until such time as it has adequate historical data regarding the volatility of its own traded stock price. The expected term of the Company’s stock options has been determined utilizing the “simplified” method for awards that qualify as “plain-vanilla” options. The risk-free interest rate is determined by reference to the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant of the award for time periods approximately equal to the expected term of the award. Expected dividend yield is based on the fact that the Company has never paid cash dividends on common stock and does not expect to pay any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Determining the appropriate fair value of stock-based awards requires the input of subjective assumptions. The assumptions used in calculating the fair value of stock-based awards represent management’s best estimates and involve inherent uncertainties and the application of management’s judgment. As a result, if factors change and management uses different assumptions, stock-based compensation expense could be materially different for future awards.

Income Taxes

The Company uses the liability method of accounting for income taxes as set forth in ASC 740, *Income Taxes*. Under the liability method, deferred taxes are determined based on the temporary differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities using tax rates expected to be in effect during the years in which the basis differences reverse. A valuation allowance is recorded when it is unlikely that the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The Company assesses its income tax positions and record tax benefits for all years subject to

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examination based upon our evaluation of the facts, circumstances and information available at the reporting date.

The Company complies with FASB ASC 740 for accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in a company's financial statements, which prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement process for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. For those benefits to be recognized, a tax position must be more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. FASB ASC 740 also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. Based on the Company's evaluation, it has been concluded that there are no significant uncertain tax positions requiring recognition in the Company's consolidated financial statements. The Company believes that its income tax positions would be sustained on audit and does not anticipate any adjustments that would result in a material change to its financial position.

The Company's subsidiary is a limited liability company and taxed as a disregarded entity. Accordingly, under the Internal Revenue Code, all taxable income or loss flows through to its member, Avadain, Inc.

**NOTE 3: GOING CONCERN**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company has not generated profits since inception, has incurred negative cash flows from operations, has sustained net losses of \$1,828,935 and \$1,335,228 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and has an accumulated deficit of \$3,195,697 as of December 31, 2023. These factors, among others, raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the consolidated financial statements are available to be issued.

Management has taken several actions to ensure that the Company will continue as a going concern for the next twelve months from the date the consolidated financial statements are available to be issued:

1. The Company's current cash position is approximately \$5 million which is adequate to cover the expected upcoming one year cash flow needs. Historic losses for the current and prior years are approximately \$3.2 million with operating cash outflows of \$2.2 million. Therefore, current capital on hand as of the date these consolidated financial statements are available to be issued should sufficiently fund operations of the Company.
2. The Company continues to raise capital from existing shareholders and third parties as necessary to fund its operating needs (see Note 8).

Management concluded that its plans successfully alleviate the substantial doubt to the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the consolidated financial statements are issued. No assurance can be given that the Company will be successful in these efforts. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the

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recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

#### NOTE 4: STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

##### Capital Structure

The Company has authorized 15,000,000 shares of capital stock for issuance, consisting of 8,750,000 shares of Class A Common Stock with \$0.00001 par value per share, 1,250,000 shares of Class A-1 Common Stock with \$0.00001 par value per share which shares will only be bought or sold through the NetCapital online platform (Class A and Class A-1 collectively referred to as "Class A Common Stock"), 4,900,000 shares of Class B Common Stock with \$0.00001 par value per share, and 100,000 shares of Preferred Stock with \$0.00001 par value per share.

##### *Voting Rights*

The holders of Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock at all times vote together as a single class on all matters (including the election of directors) submitted to a vote or for the consent of the stockholders of the Company. Each holder of Class A Common Stock has the right to one (1) vote per share of Class A Common Stock held of record by such holder and each holder of Class B Common Stock has the right to ten (10) votes per share of Class B Common Stock held of record by such holder.

##### *Dividend and Distribution Rights*

The shares of Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock are treated equally, identically and ratably, on a per share basis, with respect to any dividends or distributions as may be declared and paid from time to time by the Board of Directors out of any assets of the Company legally available therefor.

##### *Liquidation Preference*

Subject to the preferential or other rights of any holders of Preferred stock then outstanding, upon the dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the Company, whether voluntary or involuntary, holders of Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock will be entitled to receive ratably all assets of the Company available for distribution to its stockholders unless disparate or different treatment of the shares of each such class with respect to distributions upon any such liquidation, dissolution or winding up is approved in advance by the affirmative vote (or written consent if action by written consent of stockholders is permitted at such time under the Certificate of Incorporation) of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock, each voting separately as a class.

##### *Conversion*

Each share of Class B Common Stock is convertible into one (1) fully paid and nonassessable share of Class A Common Stock at the option of the holder thereof at any time upon written notice to the Company or automatically upon the occurrence of a transfer (as defined in the Certificate of

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Incorporation) of a share of Class B Common Stock. Any such converted Class B share is then retired.

*Avadain, LLC*

Concerning Avadain, LLC, the debts, obligations, and liabilities of the Company, whether arising in contract, tort, or otherwise, are solely the debts, obligations, and liabilities of the Company, and no member of the Company is obligated personally for any such debt, obligation, or liability.

Regulation Crowdfunding

In 2023, the Company conducted a Regulation CF offering of its Class A-1 Common Stock at \$5.00 per share through the NetCapital online platform. The Company issued 898,890 shares of Class A-1 Common Stock at \$5.00 per share for total gross proceeds of \$4,494,450. Total offering costs incurred related to this offering was \$279,143 which includes the value of 8,989 shares of Class A-1 Common Stock issued to NetCapital as non-cash compensation amounting to \$44,945.

In April-July 2022, the Company conducted a Regulation CF offering of its Class A-1 Common Stock at \$4.00 per share through the NetCapital online platform. The Company issued 341,646 shares of Class A-1 Common Stock at \$4.00 per share for total gross proceeds of \$1,366,624. The Company incurred \$76,447 in fees related to offering as issuance costs.

Regulation D

In 2023, the Company raised gross proceeds of \$965,000 through the issuance of 223,250 shares of Class A Common Stock. Of such, 151,250 shares were issued at a price per share of \$4.00 and 72,000 shares were issued at a price per share of \$5.00.

During 2022, the Company raised gross proceeds of \$35,000 through the issuance of 35,000 shares of Class A Common Stock, in the aggregate, at a price per share of \$1.00 under a Regulation D stock offering.

Stock Issued for Services

In 2023, the Company issued 20,757 shares of Class A Common Stock pursuant to service agreements with contractors. The fair value of \$89,615 was included in general and administrative expenses while \$13,983 was included in sales and marketing expenses in the consolidated statements of operations.

In 2022, the Company issued 10,568 shares of Class A Common Stock pursuant to service agreements with contractors. The fair value of \$42,269 was included in sales and marketing expenses in the consolidated statements of operations.

Stock Options

In November 2021, the Company adopted the 2021 Equity Incentive Plan (the “Plan”), which provides for the grant of shares of stock options to employees, non-employee directors and

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contractors. The options generally have a term of ten years and subject to vesting restrictions determined on a case-by-case basis.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company has reserved 3,000,000 shares of Class A Common Stock for issuance under the Plan and there were 633,000 and 772,000 shares of Class A Common Stock available for grant, respectively.

A summary of options activities for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	<b>Options</b>	<b>Weighted Average Exercise</b>	<b>Intrinsic Value</b>
Outstanding as of December 31, 2021	2,500,000	\$ 1.00	\$ -
Granted	228,000	3.96	
Forfeited	(500,000)	1.00	
Outstanding as of December 31, 2022	2,228,000	\$ 1.30	\$ 6,009,000
Granted	139,000	5.00	
Outstanding as of December 31, 2023	2,367,000	\$ 1.52	\$ 8,237,000
Exercisable as of December 31, 2022	883,208	\$ 1.10	
Exercisable as of December 31, 2023	1,305,708	\$ 1.38	

	<b>December 31</b>	
	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
Weighted average grant-date fair value of options granted during the	\$ 2.61	\$ 2.13
Weighted average duration (years) to expiration of outstanding options	8.05	8.91
at		

The following table presents, on a weighted-average basis, the assumptions used in the Black-Scholes option-pricing model to determine the grant-date fair value of stock options granted to employees and directors:

	<b>December 31</b>	
	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
Risk-free interest rate	3.63%-4.41%	2.39%-3.65%
Expected term (in years)	6.04	6.43
Expected volatility	50.00%	50.00%
Expected dividend yield	0.00%	0.00%

The total grant-date fair value of the options granted during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$362,812 and \$485,716, respectively. Stock-based compensation expense amounted to \$421,173 and \$489,380 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. In 2022, 500,000 unvested share options with unrecognized compensation costs of \$241,000 was forfeited.

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The unrecognized compensation costs of \$913,676 as of December 31, 2023 will be recognized as follows:

December 31,	
2024	\$ 458,901
2025	302,925
2026	151,850
	<u>\$ 913,676</u>

Stock-based compensation expense was classified in the statements of operations as follows:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
General and administrative	\$ 384,066	\$ 486,502
Sales and marketing	37,106	2,878
	<u>\$ 421,172</u>	<u>\$ 489,380</u>

**NOTE 5: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

General

The Company may be subject to pending legal proceedings and regulatory actions in the ordinary course of business. The results of such proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty, but the Company does not anticipate that the final outcome, if any, arising out of any such matter will have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition or results of operations.

Patent Royalty Fee

In December 2020, upon the assignment by Fraunhofer of the patents and patent applications derived from graphene technology to Avadain, LLC, Avadain, LLC agreed to pay to Fraunhofer a royalty of two percent (2%) of the gross revenue that will be generated by (i) licensing the continuous flow process to mass produce graphene flakes (“MP Process”), and (ii) Avadain, LLC’s own commercial manufacture, use, sale, importation, or exportation of graphene flakes using the MP Process.

Legal Services and Expenses for Patent Filing

In March 2021, the Company entered into an agreement with a third-party legal firm (the “Firm”) to represent the Company in connection with the preparation, filing, and prosecution of patent applications relating to the manufacture of graphene. Upon signing of the agreement, the Company assumed the liability amounting to \$213,773 previously incurred by the Firm for Fraunhofer and Bastille, LLC. Until the Company obtains at least \$8,000,000 in total third-party funding, the Firm will provide legal services and advance expenses on a full contingency basis, up to a maximum amount of \$50,000 after the date of the engagement agreement. Amount incurred over the set maximum amount is due and demandable by the Firm within 30 days of receiving an invoice from the Firm. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the set maximum amount was increased by \$14,021 for a total amount of \$277,794.

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The Firm has incurred legal services and advance expenses over the set maximum amount amounting to \$102,343 and \$73,599 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and was recognized as a current liability.

#### PIPCA Share

In September 2021, Bastille, LLC and Avadain, LLC signed a binding commitment letter in order to obtain the advance consent of Panasonic Intellectual Property Corporation Of America (“PIPCA”) to change the ownership of Avadain, LLC to seek private funding from investors for further development and begin commercialization of the graphene technology. Pursuant to the letter, Bastille, LLC and Avadain, LLC formed a new corporation, Avadain, Inc., and caused Avadain, Inc. to accept and assume the rights and obligations owed by Bastille, LLC and Avadain, LLC to PIPCA. PIPCA is entitled to 50% of any amount to be distributed by Avadain, LLC to Bastille, LLC.

#### Grants

The Company received grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor. Such audit may result in grantor requiring a reimbursement from the Company for expenditures disallowed by the grant terms. Management does not expect any such disallowances to be material.

### **NOTE 6: INCOME TAXES**

Deferred taxes are recognized for temporary differences between the basis of assets and liabilities for financial statement and income tax purposes. The difference relates primarily to cash to accrual differences and net operating loss carryforwards. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company had net deferred tax assets before valuation allowance of \$147,496 and \$217,772, respectively.

The Company recognizes deferred tax assets to the extent that it believes that these assets are more likely than not to be realized. In making such a determination, the Company considers all available positive and negative evidence, including future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, projected future taxable income, tax-planning strategies, and results of recent operations. The Company assessed the need for a valuation allowance against its net deferred tax assets and determined a full valuation allowance is required as the Company has not yet generated income since inception. Therefore, a valuation allowance of \$530,281 and \$217,772 was recorded as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Valuation allowance increased by \$312,509 and \$209,561 during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Deferred tax assets were calculated using the Company’s combined effective tax rate, which it estimated to be 26.14%. The effective rate is reduced to 0% due to the full valuation allowance on its net deferred tax asset.

The Company’s ability to utilize net operating loss carryforwards will depend on its ability to generate adequate future taxable income. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company had net operating loss carryforwards available to offset future taxable income in the amounts of \$2,029,007 and \$732,323, respectively.

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The Company has evaluated its income tax positions and has determined that it does not have any uncertain tax positions. The Company will recognize interest and penalties related to any uncertain tax positions through its income tax expense.

The Company may in the future become subject to federal, state and local income taxation though it has not been since its inception. The Company is not presently subject to any income tax audit in any taxing jurisdiction.

#### NOTE 7: RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In February 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*. This ASU requires a lessee to recognize a right-of-use asset and a lease liability under most operating leases in its balance sheet. The ASU is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2021. Early adoption is permitted. The Company adopted this ASU on January 1, 2022 and it did not have any effect on its consolidated financial statements.

Management does not believe that any other recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards could have a material effect on the accompanying consolidated financial statements. As new accounting pronouncements are issued, the Company will adopt those that are applicable under the circumstances.

#### NOTE 8: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

##### Regulation D

Subsequent to December 31, 2023, the Company issued 128,000 shares of Class A Common Stock at \$5 per share pursuant to the Company’s Regulation D offering.

##### Management’s Evaluation

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through April 21, 2024, the date the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued. Based on the evaluation, no additional material events were identified which require adjustment or disclosure in these consolidated financial statements.