MEDIOR INC.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FROM INCEPTION (OCTOBER 26, 2020) TO NOVEMBER 2, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

(Expressed in United States Dollars)

INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REVIEW REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Medior Inc. Del Mar, California

We have reviewed the accompanying financial statements of Medior Inc., (the "Company,"), which comprise the balance sheet as of Inception (October 26, 2020) to November 2, 2020, and the related statement of operations, statement of shareholders' equity (deficit), and cash flows for the periods as of Inception (October 26, 2020) to November 2, 2020 and the related notes to the financial statements. A review includes primarily applying analytical procedures to management's financial data and making inquiries of company management. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Accountant's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to conduct the review in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. Those standards require us to perform procedures to obtain limited assurance as a basis for reporting whether we are aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial statements for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We believe that the results of our procedures provide a reasonable basis for our conclusion.

Accountant's Conclusion

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying financial statements in order for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Going Concern

As discussed in Note 8, certain conditions indicate that the Company may be unable to continue as a going concern. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

SetApart FS

November 2, 2020 Los Angeles, California

As of Inception (October 26, 2020)	Novemb	er 2, 2020
(USD \$ in Dollars)		
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash & cash equivalents	\$	-
Inventory		-
Other current assets		-
Total current assets		-
Total assets	\$	-
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:		
Other current liabilities		-
Loans, current		-
Total current liabilities		-
Non-Current Liabilities:		
Loans		-
Total liabilities		-
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Common Stock, par value \$0.001 30,000 shares authorized, 100 issued and outstanding		0
Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 10,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding		-
Subscription receivable		(0)
Retained earnings/(Accumulated Deficit)		-
Total stockholders' equity		-
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	-
See accompanying notes to financial stateme	nts.	

Inception (October 26, 2020)	November 2, 2020				
(USD \$ in Dollars)					
Net revenue	\$	-			
Cost of goods sold		-			
Gross profit		-			
Operating expenses					
General and adminstrative		-			
Sales and marketing		-			
Total operating expenses		-			
Operating income/(loss)		-			
Interest expense		-			
Income/(Loss) before provision for income taxes		-			
Provision for income taxes		-			
Net income/(Net Loss)	\$	-			
See accompanying notes to financial statements.					

Medior Inc. STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

	Fe	or perio	d from in	ception (O	ctober	2, 202	0) to No	vember 2,	2020					
(USD \$ in Dollars)														
	Commo	ommon Stock Preferred Stock												
							Subsc	ription	Additi	onal Paid	A	ccumulated	S	hareholder
(in thousands, \$US)	Shares	Amo	ount	Shares	Amo	unt	Rece	ivable	In C	Capital		Deficit		Equity
Inception date (October 26, 2020)	-	\$	-	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Issuance of common stock	100		0	-		-		(0)		-		-		-
Issuance of preferred stock	-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Net income/(loss)			-			-		-				-		-
Balance—November 2, 2020	100	\$	0	-	\$	-	\$	(0)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	0

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Inception (October 26, 2020) to	Novem	ber 2, 2020
(USD \$ in Dollars)		
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income/(loss)	\$	-
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided/(used) by operating activities:		
Inventory		-
Other current liabilities		-
Net cash provided/(used) by operating activities		-
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Issuance of common stock		-
Net cash provided/(used) by financing activities		-
Change in cash		-
Cash—beginning of year		-
Cash—end of year	\$	-
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
Cash paid during the year for interest	\$	-
Cash paid during the year for income taxes	\$	-
OTHER NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES AND SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES		
Subscription Receivable	\$	0.10
See accompanying notes to financial statements.		

All amounts in these Notes are expressed in of United States dollars ("\$" or "US\$"), unless otherwise indicated.

1. SUMMARY

Medior Inc., formed on October 26, 2020 in the state of Delaware. The financial statements of Medior Inc., (which may be referred to as the "Company", "we," "us," or "our") are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). The Company's headquarters are located in Del Mar, California.

Medior Inc., is a pharma startup developing a cure for Covid-19 on the basis of existing anti-viral medicines. Medior has developed a new anti-viral therapy to combat novel Covid-19 cases. The Medior antiviral drug has been previously approved for antiviral treatment, and our approach enhances the existing antiviral capacity to combat Covid-19 infections.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accounting and reporting policies of the Company conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP").

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with United States GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all cash in banks. The Company's cash are deposited in demand accounts at financial institutions that management believes are creditworthy.

Revenue Recognition

The Company will recognize revenues primarily from the sale of its drugs products when (a) persuasive evidence that an agreement exists; (b) the service has been performed; (c) the prices are fixed and determinable and not subject to refund or adjustment; and (d) collection of the amounts due is reasonably assured.

Income Taxes

The Company applies ASC 740 Income Taxes ("ASC 740"). Deferred income taxes are recognized for the tax consequences in future years of differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their financial

statement reported amounts at each period end, based on enacted tax laws and statutory tax rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized. The provision for income taxes represents the tax expense for the period, if any and the change during the period in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

ASC 740 also provides criteria for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of uncertain tax positions. A tax benefit from an uncertain position is recognized only if it is "more likely than not" that the position is sustainable upon examination by the relevant taxing authority based on its technical merit.

The Company is subject to tax in the United States ("U.S.") and files tax returns in the U.S. Federal jurisdiction and California state jurisdiction. The Company is subject to U.S. Federal, state and local income tax examinations by tax authorities for all periods since Inception. The Company has recently commenced operations and is not currently under examination by any tax authority.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company maintains its cash with a major financial institution located in the United States of America which it believes to be creditworthy. Balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000. At times, the Company may maintain balances in excess of the federally insured limits.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants as of the measurement date. Applicable accounting guidance provides an established hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability and are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the Company's assumptions about the factors that market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1—Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2—Observable prices that are based on inputs not quoted on active markets, but corroborated by market data.

Level 3—Unobservable inputs reflecting the Company's assumptions, consistent with reasonably available assumptions made by other market participants. These valuations require significant judgment.

The fair value hierarchy also requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value.

Fair-value estimates discussed herein are based upon certain market assumptions and pertinent information available to management as of November 2, 2020. The respective carrying value of certain on-balance-sheet financial instruments approximated their fair values.

Subsequent Events

The Company considers events or transactions that occur after the balance sheets date, but prior to the issuance of the financial statements to provide additional evidence relative to certain estimates or to identify matters that require additional disclosure. Subsequent events have been evaluated through November 2, 2020, which is the date the financial statements were issued.

Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2019, FASB issued ASU No. 2019-02, Leases, that requires organizations that lease assets, referred to as "lessees", to recognize on the balance sheet the assets and liabilities for the rights and obligations created by those leases with lease terms of more than 12 months. ASU 2019-02 will also require disclosures to help investors and other financial statement users better understand the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases and will include qualitative and quantitative requirements. The new standard for nonpublic entities will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, and early application is permitted. We are currently evaluating the effect that the updated standard will have on the financial statements and related disclosures.

In June 2019, FASB amended ASU No. 2019-07, Compensation – Stock Compensation, to expand the scope of Topic 718, Compensation – Stock Compensation, to include share-based payment transactions for acquiring goods and services from nonemployees. The new standard for nonpublic entities will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, and early application is permitted. We are currently evaluating the effect that the updated standard will have on the financial statements and related disclosures.

In August 2019, amendments to existing accounting guidance were issued through Accounting Standards Update 2019-15 to clarify the accounting for implementation costs for cloud computing arrangements. The amendments specify that existing guidance for capitalizing implementation costs incurred to develop or obtain internal-use software also applies to implementation costs incurred in a hosting arrangement that is a service contract. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, and early application is permitted. We are currently evaluating the effect that the updated standard will have on the financial statements and related disclosures.

The FASB issues ASUs to amend the authoritative literature in ASC. There have been a number of ASUs to date, including those above, that amend the original text of ASC. Management believes that those issued to date either (i) provide supplemental guidance, (ii) are technical corrections, (iii) are not applicable to us or (iv) are not expected to have a significant impact our financial statements.

3. DEBT

The company currently has no debt.

4. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Common Stock

We have authorized the issuance of 30,000 shares of our common stock with \$0.001 par value and 10,000 shares of our preferred stock with \$0.001 par value. As of November 2, 2020, 100 shares of common stock were issued and outstanding.

5. RELATED PARTIES

There are no related party transactions.

6. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Contingencies

The Company's operations are subject to a variety of local and state regulation. Failure to comply with one or more of those regulations could result in fines, restrictions on its operations, or losses of permits that could result in the Company ceasing operations.

Litigation and Claims

From time to time, the Company may be involved in litigation relating to claims arising out of operations in the normal course of business. As of November 2, 2020, there were no pending or threatened lawsuits that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the results of the Company's operations.

7. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through November 2, 2020 the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

There have been no other events or transactions during this time which would have a material effect on these financial statements.

8. GOING CONCERN

The Company lacks significant working capital and has only recently commenced operations. We will incur significant additional costs before significant revenue is achieved. These matters raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. During the next 12 months, the Company intends to fund its operations with funding from our proposed Regulation Crowdfunding campaign, and additional debt and/or equity financing as determined to be necessary. There are no assurances that management will be able to raise capital on terms acceptable to the Company. If we are unable to obtain sufficient amounts of additional capital, we may be required to

reduce the scope of our planned development, which could harm our business, financial condition and operating results. The balance sheet and related financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from these uncertainties.