Form C

Cover Page

Name of issuer:

Annestes Thoroughbreds Inc

Legal status of issuer:

Form: Corporation
Jurisdiction of Incorporation/Organization: DE
Date of organization: 7/7/2020

Physical address of issuer:

411 East 57th St
Suite 1-A
New York NY 10022

Website of issuer:

https://sportblx.com/offerings/annestes-thoroughbreds/

Name of intermediary through which the offering will be conducted:

Wefunder Portal LLC

CIK number of intermediary:

0001670254

SEC file number of intermediary:

007-00033

CRD number, if applicable, of intermediary:

283503

Amount of compensation to be paid to the intermediary, whether as a dollar amount or a percentage of the offering amount, or a good faith estimate if the exact amount is not available at the time of the filing, for conducting the offering, including the amount of referral and any other fees associated with the offering:

7.5% of the offering amount upon a successful fundraise, and be entitled to reimbursement for out-of-pocket third party expenses it pays or incurs on behalf of the Issuer in connection with the offering.

Any other direct or indirect interest in the issuer held by the intermediary, or any arrangement for the intermediary to acquire such an interest:

No

Type of security offered:

☑ Common Stock
☐ Preferred Stock
☐ Debt
☐ Other

If Other, describe the security offered:

Target number of securities to be offered:

500

Price:

$103.00000

Method for determining price:

Dividing pre-money valuation $103 by number of shares outstanding on fully diluted basis.

Target offering amount:

$51,500.00

Oversubscriptions accepted:

☑ Yes
☐ No

If yes, disclose how oversubscriptions will be allocated:

☐ Pro-rata basis
☐ First-come, first-served basis
☑ Other

If other, describe how oversubscriptions will be allocated:

As determined by the issuer

Maximum offering amount (if different from target offering amount):

$1,070,000.00

Deadline to reach the target offering amount:

9/5/2020

NOTE: If the sum of the investment commitments does not equal or exceed the target offering amount at the offering deadline, no securities will be sold in the offering, investment commitments will be cancelled and committed funds will be returned.

Current number of employees:

0

	Most recent fiscal year-end:	Prior fiscal year-end:
Total Assets:	$0.00	$0.00
Cash & Cash Equivalents:	$0.00	$0.00
Accounts Receivable:	$0.00	$0.00
Short-term Debt:	$0.00	$0.00
Long-term Debt:	$0.00	$0.00
Revenues/Sales:	$0.00	$0.00
Cost of Goods Sold:	$0.00	$0.00
Taxes Paid:	$0.00	$0.00
Net Income:	$0.00	$0.00

Select the jurisdictions in which the issuer intends to offer the securities:

AL, AK, AZ, AR, CA, CO, CT, DE, DC, FL, GA, HI, ID, IL, IN, IA, KS, KY, LA, ME, MD, MA, MI, MN, MS, MO, MT, NE, NV, NH, NJ, NM, NY, NC, ND, OH, OK, OR, PA, RI, SC, SD, TN, TX, UT, VT, VA, WA, WV, WI, WY, B5, GU, PR, VI, 1V

Offering Statement

Respond to each question in each paragraph of this part. Set forth each question and any notes, but not any instructions thereto, in their entirety. If disclosure in response to any question is responsive to one or more other questions, it is not necessary to repeat the disclosure. If a question or series of questions is inapplicable or the response is available elsewhere in the Form, either state that it is inapplicable, include a cross-reference to the responsive disclosure, or omit the question or series of questions.

Be very careful and precise in answering all questions. Give full and complete answers so that they are not misleading under the circumstances involved. Do not discuss any future performance or other anticipated event unless you have a reasonable basis to believe that it will actually occur within the foreseeable future. If any answer requiring significant information is materially inaccurate, incomplete or misleading, the Company, its management and principal shareholders may be liable to investors based on that information.

THE COMPANY

1. Name of issuer:

Annestes Thoroughbreds Inc

COMPANY ELIGIBILITY

2. ☑ Check this box to certify that all of the following statements are true for the issuer.

- Organized under, and subject to, the laws of a State or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia.
- Not subject to the requirement to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- Not an investment company registered or required to be registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
- Not ineligible to rely on this exemption under Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act as a result of a disqualification specified in Rule 503(a) of Regulation Crowdfunding.
- Has filed with the Commission and provided to investors, to the extent required, the ongoing annual reports required by Regulation Crowdfunding during the two years immediately preceding the filing of this offering statement (or for such shorter period that the issuer was required to file such reports).
- Not a development stage company that (a) has no specific business plan or (b) has indicated that its business plan is to engage in a merger or acquisition with an unidentified company or companies.

3. Has the issuer or any of its predecessors previously failed to comply with the ongoing reporting requirements of Rule 202 of Regulation Crowdfunding?

☐ Yes ☑ No

DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY

4. Provide the following information about each director (and any persons occupying a similar status or performing a similar function) of the issuer.

Director	**Principal Occupation**	**Main Employer**	**Year Joined as Director**
John Hall	CEO Adara Asset management	Adara Asset management	2020
Jorge Velasquez	Hall of fame Jockey	Jorge Velasquez	2020
George Hall	CEO	Clinton Group Inc	2020

For three years of business experience, refer to Appendix D: Director & Officer Work History.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY

5. Provide the following information about each officer (and any persons occupying a similar status or performing a similar function) of the issuer.

Officer	Positions Held	Year Joined
John Hall	Secretary	2020
George Hall	President	2020

For three years of business experience, refer to Appendix D: Director & Officer Work History.

PRINCIPAL SECURITY HOLDERS

6. Provide the name and ownership level of each person, as of the most recent practicable date, who is the beneficial owner of 20 percent or more of the issuer's outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power.

Name of Holder	No. and Class of Securities Now Held	% of Voting Power Prior to Offering
K&G Stables	1.0 Class B Common Stock	100.0

BUSINESS AND ANTICIPATED BUSINESS PLAN

7. Describe in detail the business of the issuer and the anticipated business plan of the issuer.

For a description of our business and our business plan, please refer to the attached Appendix A, Business Description & Plan

RISK FACTORS

A crowdfunding investment involves risk. You should not invest any funds in this offering unless you can afford to lose your entire investment.

In making an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of the issuer and the terms of the offering, including the merits and risks involved. These securities have not been recommended or approved by any federal or state securities commission or regulatory authority. Furthermore, these authorities have not passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document.

The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission does not pass upon the merits of any securities offered or the terms of the offering, nor does it pass upon the accuracy or completeness of any offering document or literature.

These securities are offered under an exemption from registration; however, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission has not made an independent determination that these securities are exempt from registration.

8. Discuss the material factors that make an investment in the issuer speculative or risky:

This is a very young company.

The company was incorporated on July 7, 2020. It is a startup company that has not yet started operations, and has not started full operations. There is no history upon which an evaluation of its past performance and future prospects can be made. Thoroughbred racing is an intensely competitive activity, and we will be competing with persons who have significantly greater experience and financial resources than we do. There can be no assurance that we will be successful in our endeavors.

The company's performance is entirely dependent upon the performance and sale of the horses that are purchased or bred by the Company

The company's sole source of revenues will be derived from the performance and value created in the horses. The company may receive winnings resulting from the performance of the horses in races, or profits from the sale of racehorses or, foals and yearlings raised on the Farm. The company may potentially be able to charge stud fees if any of its horses are successful enough. All of these payments will be received net of commissions. It is anticipated that the breeding operation will generate revenues from sales as well as purses but initially the company will be dependent on purses generated by the horses of racing age. If the horses do not perform well , the company may receive no revenues, and yet still be responsible for the upkeep of the horses. Since a horse's performance is affected by the skill of its trainer and jockey, the decisions made by management with respect to the choice of trainer, jockey and the races in which the horses are entered will affect whether the company can initially generate any revenue. Investors will have no input into these decisions. The Company will rely on the expertise of K&G Stables with respect to breeding and raising the foals.

Valuation of Horses.

The Company obtained 3rd party appraisals as an indication of valuation in February 2020. The Company will not obtain 3rd party appraisals after every race or milestone achieved. The Company may and likely will revise the valuation of horses without guidance from a 3rd party appraisal based on several factors including performance on the track, performance while in training, races the horse may be pointed to, 3rd party offers for a horse, among other things. The value of a horse can change dramatically day to day because of performance, injury, or sickness. The value ascribed to a horse by the Company or by a 3rd party appraiser may be significantly different than the actual value and should be considered before making an investment.

Not all the horses to be owned by the company have been selected, and management may pick horses that fail to perform.

A portion of the proceeds of this offering will be used to buy additional horses to those identified in this PPM. All decisions with respect to acquisition or selling of horses will be made by management of the company, without any input from investors, and investors may disagree with the decisions made by management.

Not all of the horses have been assigned to a specific trainer.

A horse's performance and value is greatly affected by its trainer. Not all of the horses that we are acquiring or may acquire in the future are assigned to a specific trainer, and there can be no assurance that we will select the best trainer for any particular horse, or that we will be able to place every horse with a trainer. Since the company has no training facilities of its own, this will mean the prospect of any revenues from any horses that are not placed with a trainer are greatly diminished.

The company will be required to pay trainer fees and other expenses with respect to the horses whether or not any of its horses win any races.

We anticipate entering into customary contracts with trainers. Under these contracts, we will be required to pay for the upkeep of the horses, regardless of the horses' success. The company will thus be subject to significant expenses, which the revenues received may not offset. We will also be required to pay K&G fees for management of the company's operations. We may ultimately pay more in expenses than we receive in revenues.

The cost of racing is unpredictable and speculative and may negatively impact the company's ability to generate revenue.

The company will be subject to increases in operation costs, labor rates and other variable costs, such as costs of feed and grain and costs of transporting animals (all of which are subject to inflationary pressure and should be expected to increase), to an extent which cannot be matched by increases in revenue. The racehorse industry, like other industries, is subject to labor disputes, labor shortages, and government intervention, changes in laws, licensing or regulatory restrictions, which may adversely impact the availability of grooms, trainers, jockeys and
other horse industry workers. Adverse weather and economic conditions may result in unforeseen circumstances including, without limitation, restrictions on attendance at a particular race or racetrack, ability to transport the horses, and increases in costs or decreases in revenues. Changes in government regulations, whether or not relating to the horse racing industry, may result in additional expenses or reduced revenue from operations.

The valuation of racehorses is a highly speculative matter and the market for racehorses is extremely volatile. If the valuation of the company's horses decreases, the company will still be responsible for the expenses of maintaining, training and racing its horses at lower level races or smaller venues, which could negatively impact the revenues from the horse.

The valuation of racehorses is a highly speculative matter and prices have fluctuated widely, particularly in recent years. The success of the company will be dependent upon the present and future values of racehorses generally, and of the company's horses in particular, and the racing industry in general, as well as the racing success of the company's horses.
Although the future value of horses generally cannot be predicted, it will be affected by general economic conditions such as inflation, employment, recessions, tariffs, unstable or adverse credit market conditions, other business conditions, the amount of money available for investment purposes, and the continued interest of investors and enthusiasts in the racehorse industry. In the past, there has been growing foreign investment in certain types of racehorses, and the continued ability of foreign investors to acquire horses is subject to change due to economic, political or regulatory conditions. The value of racehorses is also subject to federal income tax treatment of racing and related activities, the continuation or expansion of legalized gambling and the size of racing purses, all which cannot be predicted. The expense of maintaining, boarding, training and racing horses can be expected to increase, regardless of what happens to the future market price of racehorses or the performance of the company's horses.

There can be no assurances that the performance or value of any horse owned by the company will not decrease in the future, which may have an adverse impact on the company's activities and financial position.

The business of owning, training and racing horses is a high-risk venture. There is no assurance that any horse and therefore any interest in such horse acquired by the company will be successful. Horses are subject to aging, illness, injury and disease, which may result in permanent or temporary retirement from racing, restrictions in racing schedules, layups, and even natural death or euthanasia of the animal. There can be no assurances that the value of the interest in any horse which may be acquired and owned by the company will not decrease in the future or that the company will not subsequently incur losses on the racing careers or sale
or other disposition of any or all of the horses. No combination of management ability, experience, knowledge, care or scientific approach can avoid the inherent possibilities of loss.

While the company believes that there is a market for horse breeding, training and racing, that market is highly volatile. The horse industry is dependent upon the present and future values of horses and of the company's horses in particular. The company can provide no assurance that it will be successful in its proposed activity. The expenses incurred may result in operating losses for the company and there is no assurance that the company will generate profits or that any revenues generated will be sufficient to offset expenses incurred or would result in a profit to the company. As a result, it is possible that investors will lose all or a substantial part of their investment in the company. Additionally, there is no assurance that there will be any cash available for distribution.

If a horse is unsuccessful in racing, becomes sick or injured, the company's revenue will be adversely affected.

Horse racing is extremely speculative and expensive. A horse in which the company has an interest must earn enough through racing to cover expenses of boarding and training. If a horse in which the company has an interest is unsuccessful in racing, its value will be adversely affected. Furthermore, revenues from racing are dependent upon the size of the purses offered.

The size of the purses depends in general on the extent of public interest in horse racing, and in particular on the relative quality of the specific horses in contention in any specific meeting or race. Although public interest has been strong in recent years, there is no assurance that public interest will remain constant, much less increase. Legalized gambling proliferating in many states threatens to curtail interest in horse racing as a means of recreation. In addition, there is no assurance that the horse in which the company has an interest will be of such quality that they may compete in any races which offer purses of a size sufficient to cover the company's expenses.

The company may purchase insurance on its horses, which could require company resources to be spent to insure any losses from the death or injury of a horse, or not, which could result in significant costs and potential loss of investment.

At the discretion of management, insurance may be purchased for a horse. There is no guarantee that any or all of the company's horses will be insured. Mortality insurance insures against the death of a horse during the company's ownership. Medical insurance covers possible risks of injury during racing or training. Liability insurance covers the risk that the horse causes death, injury or damage to persons or property. Expenses to purchase this insurance may negatively impact the company's results and reduce funds available for distribution. If the company does not obtain insurance and any horse, the company would responsible for the costs of any injury, such as veterinary expenses, surgery, and rehabilitation and, in the event of death, the company will lose its investment in the horse. These events may have a material adverse effect on our results and financial position.

Horse racing could be subjected to restrictive regulation or banned entirely, which could adversely affect the conduct of the company's business.

The racing future of and/or market for the horses in which the company has an interest depends upon continuing governmental acceptance of horse racing as a form of legalized gambling.

Although horse racing has a long history of acceptance in the United States and as a source of revenue, at any time, horse racing could be subjected to restrictive regulation or banned entirely. The value of the interest in the company's horses would be substantially diminished by any such regulation or ban. Horse racing is regulated in various states and foreign countries by racing regulatory bodies which oversee the conduct of racing as well as the licensing of owners, trainers and others. Further, other forms of gambling are being approved throughout the United States and therefore no assurance can be provided that the legalization of other forms of gambling and competition from non-gambling sports and other activities will not adversely affect attendance and participation, and therefore the profitability of horse racing and sales.

A decrease in average attendance at races coupled with increasing costs could jeopardize the continued existence of certain racetracks which could negatively impact the company's operations.

A decrease in average attendance per racing date coupled with increasing costs could jeopardize the continued existence of certain race tracks which could impact the availability of race tracks available for horses in which the company has an interest to race at and then negatively impact its operations.

Industry practices and structures have developed which may not be attributable solely to profit-maximizing, economic decision-making which may have an adverse impact on the company's business.

Because horse racing is a sport as well as a business, industry practices and structures have developed which not be attributable solely to profit-maximizing, economic decision- making. For instance, a particular bloodline could command substantial prices owing principally to the interest of a small group of individuals having particular goals unrelated to economics. A decline in this interest could be expected to adversely affect the value of the bloodline.

The company may only own a minority interest in a horse and thus it may not have sufficient control regarding the training or racing of that horse.

The company will not always own a majority interest in a particular horse. Therefore, despite its best efforts to build in oversight rights and major decision rights (such as the sale of the horse) the company may have minimal input with regard to the race selection and training of the horse. As a result, the company may be dependent on the majority owners' decisions as to when and where to race or show that horse and to its training regime. Additionally, there are situations in which a trainer or owner may have a conflict of interest which could negatively impact the ability of a horse to be placed in a particular race and given priority in workout times, jockeys or stabling.

Competitive interests and other factors can have unforeseen consequences.

The horseracing industry is highly competitive and speculative. Horseracing in the United States and in foreign countries draws competitors and participants from locations throughout the United States and overseas, who have been in the business of horseracing for many years and have substantially greater financial resources than the company. The company will be competing in its racing and selling activities with such persons. Similarly, horse markets are international, and auctions are frequently internationally advertised. This can be favorable in that it increases the value of the horses but, by the same token, the company has little influence and may not be able to compete with such competitors in the acquisition of horses. The company will be competing in the purchase and sale of horses with most of the major horse breeders and dealers in the United States and foreign countries. Thus, prices at which the company buys or sells its horses may vary dramatically. Market factors, which are beyond the company's control, will greatly affect the profitability of the company. Such factors include, but are not limited to, auction prices, private sales, foreign investors, federal income tax treatment of the racing industry and the size of racing purses. Further, the company and the concept of crowd-funding in the racehorse industry is a new venture and thus the risk of unforeseen issues and problems is high.

Impact of non-compliance with regulations.

The company is not registered and will not be registered as an investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "Investment Company Act"), and K&G will not be registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Investment Advisers Act"). The company has taken the position that its interests in horses are generally not "securities" within the meaning of the Investment Company Act or the Investment Advisers Act. This position, however, is based upon applicable case law that is inherently subject to judgments and interpretation. If the company were to be required to register under the Investment Company Act or the Manager were to be required to register under the Investment Advisers Act, it could have a material and adverse impact on the results of operations and expenses, and the company may be forced to liquidate. The company may also be required to limit the aggregate amount of its investments in minority interests in horses, or in horses held through particular legal structures, in order to comply with the Investment Company Act. These restrictions could limit the ability of the company to invest in horses that management would other believe to be desirable.

The company depends on a small management team and may need to hire more people to be successful.

The success of the company will greatly depend on the skills, connections and experiences of its management. The company has not entered into employment agreements with its executives. Should any of them discontinue working for the company or affiliated entities, there is no assurance that the company will continue. Further, there is no assurance that the company will be able to identify, hire and retain the right people for the various key positions.

Control of the company is in the hands of K&G

K&G owns all of the Series B Common Shares issued by the company and thus has sole voting power over all the actions of the company, except where specified by Delaware corporate law. Investors in this offering will have no power to elect the directors or participate in major decisions regarding the management or operations of the company. K&G is controlled by George Hall, our President and a director, which may give rise to conflicts of interest. K&G provides management and administration services to the company for a fee of 10% of assets under management as further described in the Master Services Agreement. The company does not have its own dedicated management team and will rely on its contractual relationship with K&G.

The company has no intention of paying dividend payments on a regular schedule as revenues are irregular, seasonal, and unpredictable.

The revenues, if any, of the company may be highly irregular and seasonal. While management will endeavor to sell horses for cash at the time of sale, there can be no assurance that other payment terms will not be required by the relevant market conditions.

Revenues from racing winnings will depend upon the performance of the company's horses. Moreover, the payment of dividends is subject to the provisions of Delaware law, which condition the payment of dividends upon the company's having net earnings. Moreover, the payment of dividends is subject to the provisions of Delaware law, which limit the company's ability to pay dividends based on the Company's capital surplus or profits. The consequent variance in the amount or the timing of the company's dividends, if any, could pose particular risks for investors who seek to transfer their Shares at any given time.

The offering price has been arbitrarily set by the company.

The offering price of the Shares has been arbitrarily set by the company based upon its expected financial requirements. The offering price of the Shares is not necessarily indicative of their value. No assurance can be given that the Shares, if transferred, could be sold for the offering price or for any other amount.

The exclusive forum provision in the company's Certificate of Incorporation may have the effect of limiting an investor's ability to bring legal action against the company and could limit an investor's ability to obtain a favorable judicial forum for disputes.

Section IX of the company's Certificate of Incorporation contain exclusive forum provisions for certain lawsuits, see "Securities Being Offered - All Classes of Stock - Forum Selection Provisions." Further, Article VII of the subscription agreement for this Offering includes exclusive forum provisions for certain lawsuits pursuant to the subscription agreement; see "Securities Being Offered - All Classes of Stock - Forum Selection Provisions." The forum for these lawsuits will be the Court of Chancery in the State of Delaware. These provisions may have the effect of limiting the ability of investors to bring a legal claim against us due to geographic limitations.

There is also the possibility that the exclusive forum provisions may discourage stockholder lawsuits, or limit stockholders' ability to bring a claim in a judicial forum that it finds favorable for disputes with us and our officers and directors. Alternatively, if a court were to find this exclusive forum provision inapplicable to, or unenforceable in respect of, one or more of the specified types of actions or proceedings, the company may incur additional costs associated with resolving such matters in other jurisdictions, which could adversely affect its business and financial condition.

Investors in this offering may not be entitled to a jury trial with respect to claims arising under the subscription agreement and claims where the forum selection provision is applicable, which could result in less favorable outcomes to the plaintiff(s) in any such action.

Investors in this offering will be bound by the subscription agreement, which includes a provision under which investors waive the right to a jury trial of any claim they may have against the company arising out of or relating to the subscription agreement, including any claim under the federal securities laws. Further, the Court of Chancery in Delaware is a non-jury trial court and therefore those claims will not be adjudicated by a jury. See "Securities Being Offered - All Classes of Stock - Jury Trial Waiver."

If the company opposed a jury trial demand based on the waiver, a court would determine whether the waiver was enforceable based on the facts and circumstances of that case in accordance with the applicable state and federal law. To the company's knowledge, the enforceability of a contractual pre-dispute jury trial waiver in connection with claims arising under the federal securities laws has not been finally adjudicated by a federal court. However, the company believes that a contractual pre-dispute jury trial waiver provision is generally enforceable, including under the laws of the State of New York, which governs the subscription agreement, in the Court of Chancery in the State of Delaware. In determining whether to enforce a contractual pre-dispute jury trial waiver provision, courts will generally consider whether the visibility of the jury trial waiver provision within the agreement is sufficiently prominent such that a party knowingly, intelligently and voluntarily waived the right to a jury trial. The company believes that this is the case with respect to the subscription agreement.

Investors should consult legal counsel regarding the jury waiver provision before entering into the subscription agreement.

If an investor brings a claim against the company in connection with matters arising under the subscription agreement, including claims under federal securities laws, an investor may not be entitled to a jury trial with respect to those claims, which may have the effect of limiting and discouraging lawsuits against the company. If a lawsuit is brought against the company under the subscription agreement, it may be heard only by a judge or justice of the applicable trial court, which would be conducted according to different civil procedures and may result in different outcomes than a trial by jury would have had, including results that could be less favorable to the plaintiff(s) in such an action.

Nevertheless, if this jury trial waiver provision is not permitted by applicable law, an action could proceed under the terms of the subscription agreement with a jury trial. No condition, stipulation or provision of the subscription agreement serves as a waiver by any holder of common shares or by us of compliance with any substantive provision of the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations promulgated under those laws.

In addition, when the shares are transferred, the transferee is required to agree to all the same conditions, obligations and restrictions applicable to the shares or to the transferor with regard to ownership of the shares that were in effect immediately prior to the transfer of the shares of Preferred Stock, including but not limited to the subscription agreement.

The provisions of Section 12(g) of the Securities Exchange Act may result in our having to limit transfers of the Shares.

Section 12(g) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 provides that if a company acquires 2,000 holders of record of any class of its equity securities (or 500 non-accredited holders), it must register under the Exchange Act and become a fully-reporting public company, which would be a burden for a small company. To the extent any trading market develops for the Shares we may therefore limit transfer in order not to trigger the thresholds of Section 12(g). This may have the result of reducing any eventual trading in our Shares, and the price of such Shares.

Investors' interests may be diluted

Annestes Thoroughbreds Inc. anticipates that it will raise additional capital in the future. Future issuance of additional securities could dilute the ownership stakes of Annestes Thoroughbreds Inc.'s existing owners; and there can be no assurance that the effects of such dilution will not be substantial. K&G, our controlling shareholder, may increase the number of authorized shares of capital stock of the company without the vote or consent of the holder of Shares and our board of directors may issue Preferred Stock in one or more series which may have greater preferences and rights than the Shares. Any additional Shares or shares of a different or series of securities that might hereafter be issued may negatively impact the Company's existing owners.

The impact of COVID-19 on horse breeding and horseracing may have a material impact on our business and ability to operate profitably.

The current pandemic and spread of SARS CoV-2, the virus responsible for COVID-19, has had a dramatic impact on the horseracing industry as well as breeding and training of racehorse. Initially many race tracks closed and races were cancelled. As racetracks re-open, they are subject to various social distancing and other protocols that will have the effect of reducing attendance and limiting the activities and movement of jockeys, owners and trainers. Similar safety protocols have been implemented for breeding and training facilities. These restrictions and safety protocols are likely to increase the costs of breeding, owning and managing our horses and may reduce purse prizes and sale prices for horses.

Investors will have to subscribe to multiple agreements in order to invest in this offering.

In order to invest in this offering, investors agree to become a party to the Subscription Agreement with the company, and the Custodian and Voting Agreement available here: https://wefunder.com/legal/custodian (the "Custodian and Voting Agreement"), under which XX Investments, LLC (the "Custodian") will hold title of the securities for the benefit of the investor. The company has chosen to participate in this program offered by Wefunder as a means of simplifying communications with investors and to help facilitate future liquidity. Further, transferees will be required to become parties to the Custodian and Voting Agreement.

As part of the Custodian and Voting Agreement, Investors will grant the Custodian the right to vote their shares purchased in this offering.

The Custodian will vote the shares as directed by a "Lead Investor" appointed by the company who is supposed to represent the interests of investors. This means that investors in this offering will not have the right to vote for any matters submitted to them for a vote. Instead, that right will be granted to the Custodian, and [its affiliate], the Lead Investor.

You will not hold title to the purchased securities, instead, title will be held by the Custodian.

Under the terms of the Custodian and Voting Agreement, title to the shares in this offering will be held by the Custodian for your benefit. By holding custody of the title to the shares it means that the Custodian will be required to engage in business practices that protect your interests as the beneficial owner of the shares. The shares are not protected by insurance, and it is unclear what protections are available if the Custodian enters into bankruptcy proceedings in which creditors assert rights to shares for which you are the beneficial owner.

No regulator has given their approval of the form of the arrangement with the Custodian.

The company has relied on representations by Wefunder regarding the legality of the arrangement with the Custodian. If during this offering, or in subsequent securities offerings by the company for which require regulatory review, the arrangement with the Custodian is challenged, the company may incur costs to unwind the arrangement by either transferring title to the securities from the Custodian to investors, or by engaging a different custodian.

Our future success depends on the efforts of a small management team. The loss of services of the members of the management team may have an adverse effect on the company. There can be no assurance that we will be successful in attracting and retaining other personnel we require to successfully grow our business.

George Hall is a part-time officer. As such, it is likely that the company will not make the same progress as it would if that were not the case.

The Offering

USE OF FUNDS

9. What is the purpose of this offering?

The Company intends to use the net proceeds of this offering for working capital and general corporate purposes, which includes the specific items listed in Item 10 below. While the Company expects to use the net proceeds from the Offering in the manner described above, it cannot specify with certainty the particular uses of the net proceeds that it will receive from from this Offering. Accordingly, the Company will have broad discretion in using these proceeds.

10. How does the issuer intend to use the proceeds of this offering?

If we raise: **$51,500**

Use of Proceeds: 20% of the raise will be set aside for ongoing working capital, and 72.5% will be used for equine purchase. 7.5% will go towards Wefunder intermediary fees.

If we raise: **$1,070,000**

Use of Proceeds: 20% of the raise will be set aside for ongoing working capital, and 72.5% will be used to purchase horses for racing and breeding. The long term goal is to have several mares on the farm that will be bred each year to what the Farm manager believes to be the appropriate stallion. 7.5% will go towards Wefunder intermediary fees.

In the case of an assumed raise of $3,000,000 for this Offering combined with the concurrent Reg 506(c) offering, the amount to be paid with respect to the horses totals approximately $784k and is comprised of 25% of Max Player, 78.67% of Swingman, 78.67% of the Munnings filly and 100% of the Midnight Lute colt. Net proceeds from the sale of shares may also be used to acquire new horses as determined by management of the company.

DELIVERY & CANCELLATIONS

11. How will the issuer complete the transaction and deliver securities to the investors?

Book Entry and Use of XX Investments LLC as Transfer Agent and Custodian. Investments will be in book entry form. This means that the investor will not receive a certificate representing his or her investment. Each investment will be recorded in the books and records of our transfer agent, XX Investments LLC. XX Investments LLC will act as custodian and hold legal title to the investments for investors that enter into a Custodial and Voting Agreement with XX Investments LLC and will keep track of those investors' beneficial interests in the investments. In addition, investors' interests in the investments will be recorded in each investor's "My Investments" screen. The investor will also be emailed again the Investor Agreement and, if applicable, the Custodial and Voting Agreement. The Investor Agreement and, if applicable, the Custodial and Voting Agreement will also be available on the "My Investments" screen.

12. How can an investor cancel an investment commitment?

NOTE: Investors may cancel an investment commitment until 48 hours prior to the deadline identified in these offering materials.

The intermediary will notify investors when the target offering amount has been met. If the issuer reaches the target offering amount prior to the deadline identified in the offering materials, it may close the offering early if it provides notice about the new offering deadline at least five business days prior to such new offering deadline (absent a material change that would require an extension of the offering and reconfirmation of the investment commitment).

If an investor does not cancel an investment commitment before the 48-hour period prior to the offering deadline, the funds will be released to the issuer upon closing of the offering and the investor will receive securities in exchange for his or her investment.

If an investor does not reconfirm his or her investment commitment after a material change is made to the offering, the investor's investment commitment will be cancelled and the committed funds will be returned.

An Investor's right to cancel. An Investor may cancel his or her investment commitment at any time until 48 hours prior to the offering deadline.

If there is a material change to the terms of the offering or the information provided to the Investor about the offering and/or the Company, the Investor will be provided notice of the change and must re-confirm his or her investment commitment within five business days of receipt of the notice. If the Investor does not reconfirm, he or she will receive notifications disclosing that the commitment was cancelled, the reason for the cancellation, and the refund amount that the investor is required to receive. If a material change occurs within five business days of the maximum number of days the offering is to remain open, the offering will be extended to allow for a period of five business days for the investor to reconfirm.

If the Investor cancels his or her investment commitment during the period when cancellation is permissible, or does not reconfirm a commitment in the case of a material change to the investment, or the offering does not close, all of the Investor's funds will be returned within five business days.

Within five business days of cancellation of an offering by the Company, the Company will give each investor notification of the cancellation, disclose the reason for the cancellation, identify the refund amount the Investor will receive, and refund the Investor's funds.

The Company's right to cancel. The Investment Agreement you will execute with us provides the Company the right to cancel for any reason before the offering deadline.

If the sum of the investment commitments from all investors does not equal or exceed the target offering amount at the time of the offering deadline, no securities will be sold in the offering, investment commitments will be cancelled and committed funds will be returned.

In addition, we may cap at 450 the total number of investors who will be allowed to invest through the offering that are not "accredited investors," as defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D under the Securities Act of 1933. In the event that more than 450 non-accredited investors are initially accepted into an offering in step (2) described in Question 11, the Company may cancel investments based on the order in which payments by Investors were received, or other criteria at the discretion of the Company, before the offering deadline.

Ownership and Capital Structure

THE OFFERING

13. Describe the terms of the securities being offered.

Priced Round: $103 pre-money valuation

See exact security attached as Appendix B, Investor Contracts

Annestes Thoroughbreds Inc is offering up to 10,407 shares of Series A Common Stock, at a price per share of $103 (or $100 for investors in the first $65,700. 657

The campaign maximum is $1,070,000 and the campaign minimum is $51,500.

Irrevocable Proxy. The Investor and his, her, or its transferees or assignees (collectively, the "Investor"), through a power of attorney granted by Investor in the Investor Agreement, will appoint XX Team LLC ("XX Team") as the Investor's true and lawful proxy and attorney (the "Proxy"), with the power to act alone and with full power of substitution, on behalf of the Investor to:

1. direct the voting of all securities purchased through wefunder.com, and to direct the exercise of all voting and other rights of Investor with respect to the Company's securities, and
2. direct, in connection with such voting power, the execution of any instrument or document that XX Team determines is necessary and appropriate in the exercise of its authority. Such Proxy will be irrevocable. If an investor has entered into the Custodial and Voting Agreement with XX Investments LLC ("XX Investments"), then XX Investments will be the entity that XX Team directs to vote and take any other actions in connection with such voting (including the execution of documents) on behalf of such investor.

Repurchase. If the Company determines, in its sole discretion, that it is likely that within six months the securities of the Company will be held of record by a number of persons that would require the Company to register a class of its equity securities under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act"), as required by Section 12(g) or 15(d) thereof, the Company shall have the option to repurchase the securities from each Investor for the greater of

1. the purchase price of the securities, and
2. the fair market value of the securities, as determined by an independent appraiser of securities chosen by the Company. The foregoing repurchase option will terminate upon a Change of Control or Dissolution Event (each as defined in the Company's Subscription Agreement).

14. Do the securities offered have voting rights?

☐ Yes
☑ No

15. Are there any limitations on any voting or other rights identified above?

☑ Yes: No Voting Rights
☐ No: Irrevocable voting proxy granted to XX Team.

16. How may the terms of the securities being offered be modified?

This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof and may be amended only by a writing executed by all parties.

RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFER OF THE SECURITIES BEING OFFERED:

The securities being offered may not be transferred by any purchaser of such securities during the one year period beginning when the securities were issued, unless such securities are transferred:

1. to the issuer;
2. to an accredited investor;
3. as part of an offering registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission; or
4. to a member of the family of the purchaser or the equivalent, to a trust controlled by the purchaser, to a trust created for the benefit of a member of the family of the purchaser or the equivalent, or in connection with the death or divorce of the purchaser or other similar circumstance.

NOTE: The term "accredited investor" means any person who comes within any of the categories set forth in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D, or who the seller reasonably believes comes within any of such categories, at the time of the sale of the securities to that person.

The term "member of the family of the purchaser or the equivalent" includes a child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, spouse or spousal equivalent, sibling, mother-in-law, father-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law of the purchaser, and includes adoptive relationships. The term "spousal equivalent" means a cohabitant occupying a relationship generally equivalent to that of a spouse.

DESCRIPTION OF ISSUER'S SECURITIES

17. What other securities or classes of securities of the issuer are outstanding? Describe the material terms of any other outstanding securities or classes of securities of the issuer.

Class of Security	Securities (or Amount) Authorized	Securities (or Amount) Outstanding	Voting Rights
Preferred Stock	1	0	No
Class A Common Stock	30,000	0	No
Class B Common Stock	1	1	Yes

Class of Security	Securities Reserved for Issuance upon Exercise or Conversion
Warrants:	0
Options:	0

Describe any other rights:

The company has blank check preferred that is authorized but no shares have been issued and no terms of the preferred have be set. The only differences in rights between the Class A and Class B Common stock is voting rights.

18. How may the rights of the securities being offered be materially limited, diluted or qualified by the rights of any other class of security identified above?

The holders of a majority-in-interest of voting rights in the Company could limit the Investor's rights in a material way. For example, those interest holders could vote to change the terms of the agreements governing the Company's operations or cause the Company to engage in additional offerings (including potentially a public offering).

These changes could result in further limitations on the voting rights the Investor will have as an owner of equity in the Company, for example by diluting those rights or limiting them to certain types of events or consents.

To the extent applicable, in cases where the rights of holders of convertible debt, SAFES, or other outstanding options or warrants are exercised, or if new awards are granted under our equity compensation plans, an Investor's interests in the Company may be diluted. This means that the pro-rata portion of the Company represented by the Investor's securities will decrease, which could also diminish the Investor's voting and/or economic rights. In addition, as discussed above, if a majority-in-interest of holders of securities with voting rights cause the Company to issue additional equity, an Investor's interest will typically also be diluted.

Based on the risk that an Investor's rights could be limited, diluted or otherwise qualified, the Investor could lose all or part of his or her investment in the securities in this offering, and may never see positive returns.

Additional risks related to the rights of other security holders are discussed below, in Question 20.

19. Are there any differences not reflected above between the securities being offered and each other class of security of the issuer?

None

20. How could the exercise of rights held by the principal shareholders identified in Question 6 above affect the purchasers of the securities being offered?

As holders of a majority-in-interest of voting rights in the Company, **the shareholders** may make decisions with which the Investor disagrees, or that negatively affect the value of the Investor's securities in the Company, and the Investor will have no recourse to change these decisions. The Investor's interests may conflict with those of other investors, and there is no guarantee that the Company will develop in a way that is optimal for or advantageous to the Investor.

For example, **the shareholders** may change the terms of the Articles of Incorporation for the company, change the terms of securities issued by the Company, change the management of the Company, and even force out minority holders of securities. **The shareholders** may make changes that affect the tax treatment of the Company in ways that are unfavorable to you but favorable to them. They may also vote to engage in new offerings and/or to register certain of the Company's securities in a way that negatively affects the value of the securities the Investor owns. Other holders of securities of the Company may also have access to more information than the Investor, leaving the Investor at a disadvantage with respect to any decisions regarding the securities he or she owns. **The shareholders** have the right to redeem their securities at any time. **Shareholders** could decide to force the Company to redeem their **securities** at a time that is not favorable to the Investor and is damaging to the Company. Investors' exit may affect the value of the Company and/or its viability. In cases where the rights of holders of convertible debt, SAFES, or other outstanding options or warrants are exercised, or if new awards are granted under our equity compensation plans, an Investor's interests in the Company may be diluted. This means that the pro-rata portion of the Company represented by the Investor's securities will decrease, which could also diminish the Investor's voting and/or economic rights. In addition, as discussed above, if a majority-in-interest of holders of securities with voting rights cause the Company to issue additional stock, an Investor's interest will typically also be diluted.

Based on the risks described above, the Investor could lose all or part of his or her investment in the securities in this offering, and may never see positive returns.

21. How are the securities being offered being valued? Include examples of methods for how such securities may be valued by the issuer in the future, including during subsequent corporate actions.

The offering price for the securities offered pursuant to this Form C has been determined arbitrarily by the Company, and does not necessarily bear any relationship to the Company's book value, assets, earnings or other generally accepted valuation criteria. In determining the offering price, the Company did not employ investment banking firms or other outside organizations to make an independent appraisal or evaluation. Accordingly, the offering price should not be considered to be indicative of the actual value of the securities offered hereby.

In the future, we will perform valuations of our common stock that take into account factors such as the following:

1. unrelated third party valuations of our common stock;
2. the price at which we sell other securities, such as convertible debt or preferred stock, in light of the rights, preferences and privileges of our those securities relative to those of our common stock;
3. our results of operations, financial position and capital resources;
4. current business conditions and projections;
5. the lack of marketability of our common stock;
6. the hiring of key personnel and the experience of our management;
7. the introduction of new products;
8. the risk inherent in the development and expansion of our products;
9. our stage of development and material risks related to our business;
10. the likelihood of achieving a liquidity event, such as an initial public offering or a sale of our company given the prevailing market conditions and the nature and history of our business;
11. industry trends and competitive environment;
12. trends in consumer spending, including consumer confidence;
13. overall economic indicators, including gross domestic product, employment, inflation and interest rates; and
14. the general economic outlook.

We will analyze factors such as those described above using a combination of financial and market-based methodologies to determine our business enterprise value. For example, we may use methodologies that assume that businesses operating in the same industry will share similar characteristics and that the Company's value will correlate to those characteristics, and/or methodologies that compare transactions in similar securities issued by us that were conducted in the market.

22. What are the risks to purchasers of the securities relating to minority ownership in the issuer?

An Investor in the Company will likely hold a minority position in the Company, and thus be limited as to its ability to control or influence the governance and operations of the Company.

The marketability and value of the Investor's interest in the Company will depend upon many factors outside the control of the Investor. The Company will be managed by its officers and be governed in accordance with the strategic direction and decision-making of its Board Of Directors, and the Investor will have no independent right to name or remove an officer or member of the Board Of Directors of the Company.

Following the Investor's investment in the Company, the Company may sell interests to additional investors, which will dilute the percentage interest of the Investor in the Company. The Investor may have the opportunity to increase its investment in the Company in such a transaction, but such opportunity cannot be assured.

The amount of additional financing needed by the Company, if any, will depend upon the maturity and objectives of the Company. The declining of an opportunity or the inability of the Investor to make a follow-on investment, or the lack of an opportunity to make such a follow-on investment, may result in substantial dilution of the Investor's interest in the Company.

23. What are the risks to purchasers associated with corporate actions, including additional issuances of securities, issuer repurchases of securities, a sale of the issuer or of assets of the issuer or transactions with related parties?

Additional issuances of securities. Following the Investor's investment in the Company, the Company may sell interests to additional investors, which will dilute the percentage interest of the Investor in the Company. The Investor may have the opportunity to increase its investment in the Company in such a transaction, but such opportunity cannot be assured. The amount of additional financing needed by the Company, if any, will depend upon the maturity and objectives of the Company. The declining of an opportunity or the inability of the Investor to make a follow-on investment, or the lack of an opportunity to make such a follow-on investment, may result in substantial dilution of the Investor's interest in the Company.

Issuer repurchases of securities. The Company may have authority to repurchase its securities from shareholders, which may serve to decrease any liquidity in the market for such securities, decrease the percentage interests held by other similarly situated investors to the Investor, and create pressure on the Investor to sell its securities to the Company concurrently.

A sale of the issuer or of assets of the issuer. As a minority owner of the Company, the Investor will have limited or no ability to influence a potential sale of the Company or a substantial portion of its assets. Thus, the Investor will rely upon the executive management of the Company and the Board of Directors of the Company to manage the Company so as to maximize value for shareholders. Accordingly, the success of the Investor's investment in the Company will depend in large part upon the skill and expertise of the executive management of the Company and the Board of Directors of the Company. If the Board Of Directors of the Company authorizes a sale of all or a part of the Company, or a disposition of a substantial portion of the Company's assets, there can be no guarantee that the value received by the Investor, together with the fair market estimate of the value remaining in the Company, will be equal to or exceed the value of the Investor's initial investment in the Company.

Transactions with related parties. The Investor should be aware that there will be occasions when the Company may encounter potential conflicts of interest in its operations. On any issue involving conflicts of interest, the executive management and Board of Directors of the Company will be guided by their good faith judgement as to the Company's best interests. The Company may engage in transactions with affiliates, subsidiaries or other related parties, which may be on terms which are not arm's-length, but will be in all cases consistent with the duties of the management of the Company to its shareholders. By acquiring an interest in the Company, the Investor will be deemed to have acknowledged the existence of any such actual or potential conflicts of interest and to have waived any claim with respect to any liability arising from the existence of any such conflict of interest.

24. Describe the material terms of any indebtedness of the issuer:

None

25. What other exempt offerings has the issuer conducted within the past three years?

Offering Date	Exemption	Security Type	Amount Sold	Use of Proceeds
	Regulation D, Rule 506(c)	Priced Round		General operations

26. Was or is the issuer or any entities controlled by or under common control with the issuer a party to any transaction since the beginning of the issuer's last fiscal year, or any currently proposed transaction, where the amount involved exceeds five percent of the aggregate amount of capital raised by the issuer in reliance on Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act during the preceding 12- month period, including the amount the issuer seeks to raise in the current offering, in which any of the following persons had or is to have a direct or indirect material interest:

1. any director or officer of the issuer;
2. any person who is, as of the most recent practicable date, the beneficial owner of 20 percent or more of the issuer's outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power;
3. if the issuer was incorporated or organized within the past three years, any promoter of the issuer;
4. or (4) any immediate family member of any of the foregoing persons.

☐ Yes
☑ No

FINANCIAL CONDITION OF THE ISSUER

27. Does the issuer have an operating history?

☐ Yes
☑ No

28. Describe the financial condition of the issuer, including, to the extent material, liquidity, capital resources and historical results of operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

You should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations together with our financial statements and the related notes and other financial information included elsewhere in this offering. Some of the information contained in this discussion and analysis, including information regarding the strategy and plans for our business, includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. You should review the "Risk Factors" section for a discussion of important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results described in or implied by the forward-looking statements contained in the following discussion and analysis.

Overview

SportBLX Thoroughbreds Corp. and Annestes Thoroughbreds Inc. will have common ownership in some of the horses identified in “Portfolio.” Annestes Thoroughbreds Inc.'s goal is to bring the thrill of thoroughbred ownership (both breeding and racing) to the everyday person. The Company will initially purchase interests in several racehorses, all homebred on Annestes Farms by K&G Stables LLC. The corporation will own a percentage of each of Max Player, Swingman, an Unnamed Munnings Filly and an Unnamed Colt. Max Player is headed to the classic races in the balance of 2020.
We would like the company to be a powerhouse in the racing and breeding industries executing our mission to innovate and bring new owners into the sport. With Max Player's recent third place finish in the Belmont Stakes our farm has already gained significant traction in the racing industry. Besides owning runners in stakes races, we would like to have an established band of broodmares and stallion prospects to expose investors to the breeding business on the farm.
Given the Company's limited operating history, the Company cannot reliably estimate how much revenue it will receive in the future, if any.

SportBLX Thoroughbreds Corp. and Annestes Thoroughbreds In will have common ownership in some of the horses that identified in the offering memorandum. George Hall through K&G Stables owns a majority stake in all of the horse except Adara. K&G Stables and Annestes Farms are owned by George Hall. K&G has a successful track record breeding horses. The infrastructure will be available to Annestes Thoroughbreds.

Milestones

Annestes Thoroughbreds Inc was incorporated in the State of Delaware in July 2020.

Expected milestones for the Company are:

- Completing the successful capital raising of the Company

- Executing the purchase of the interests in the stable of homebred racehorses immediately after the closing of the capital raise

- Purchasing additional interests in racehorses with the goals of training, racing and breeding them

- Upon the purchase of the interests in racehorses, Annestes Thoroughbreds Inc will starting to incur costs as the horses are prepared to either race or to be sold in upcoming industry auctions

We believe we will be successful because:

- We are giving investors an opportunity to own a high quality stable of homebred racehorses

- One of the portfolio thoroughbreds, Max Player, is pointed to classic races this summer

- Owners of 5% of Annestes Thoroughbreds will have a right of first offer in a sale of any of the horses

- Limited opportunity to own equity and partner with some of the most successful names in the industry

- We are different then the industry's syndicate models and do not charge a markup to our investors

- You can buy shares for anyone who is a fan of horse racing or the Kentucky Derby - family or friends

Historical Results of Operations

Our company was organized in July 2020 and has limited operations upon which prospective investors may base an evaluation of its performance.

- *Revenues & Gross Margin.* For the period ended July 9, 2020, the Company had revenues of $0.

- *Assets.* As of July 9, 2020, the Company had total assets of $0, including $0 in cash.

- *Net Income.* The Company has had net income of $0 for 2020.

- *Liabilities.* The Company's liabilties totaled $0 for 2020.

Liquidity & Capital Resources

After the conclusion of this Offering, should we hit our minimum funding target, our projected runway is 24 months before we need to raise further capital.

We plan to use the proceeds as set forth in this Form C under "Use of Funds". We don't have any other sources of capital in the immediate future.

We will likely require additional financing in excess of the proceeds from the Offering in order to perform operations over the lifetime of the Company. Except as otherwise described in this Form C, we do not have additional sources of capital other than the proceeds from the offering. Because of the complexities and uncertainties in establishing a new business strategy, it is not possible to adequately project whether the proceeds of this offering will be sufficient to enable us to implement our strategy. This complexity and uncertainty will be increased if less than the maximum amount of securities offered in this offering is sold. The Company intends to raise additional capital in the future from investors. Although capital may be available for early-stage companies, there is no guarantee that the Company will receive any investments from investors.

Runway & Short/Mid Term Expenses

Annestes Thoroughbreds Inc cash in hand is $0, as of July 2020. Over the last three months, revenues have averaged $0/month, and operational expenses have averaged $0/month (we do not expect monthly expenses to exceed $10k per month, depending on the size of the raise) for an average burn rate of $0 per month. Our intent is to be profitable in 9 months.

We have had no material changes in operations or finances since the last date that the financials covered.

Annestes Thoroughbreds Inc. is going to purchase interests in racehorses one of which should run in significant races with large purses over the next six months. Although we expect him to earn money in these races it is possible that he does not earn any money in these races. Past performance is not indicative of future performance. All horses will incur customary boarding and training fees in addition there will be management fee associates with this offering.

Once Annestes Thoroughbreds is launched and the Horses have been purchased, other sources or capital could be from prize money and/or from the sale of horses. We believe we need a minimum of $100,000 to get to a revenue-generating point.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

29. Include financial statements covering the two most recently completed fiscal years or the period(s) since inception, if shorter:

Refer to Appendix C, Financial Statements

STAKEHOLDER ELIGIBILITY

30. With respect to the issuer, any predecessor of the issuer, any affiliated issuer, any director, officer, general partner or managing member of the issuer, any beneficial owner of 20 percent or more of the issuer's outstanding voting equity securities, any promoter connected with the issuer in any capacity at the time of such sale, any person that has been or will be paid (directly or indirectly) remuneration for solicitation of purchasers in connection with such sale of securities, or any general partner, director, officer or managing member of any such solicitor, prior to May 16, 2016:

(1) Has any such person been convicted, within 10 years (or five years, in the case of issuers, their predecessors and affiliated issuers) before the filing of this offering statement, of any felony or misdemeanor:

- i. in connection with the purchase or sale of any security? ☐ Yes ☑ No
- ii. involving the making of any false filing with the Commission? ☐ Yes ☑ No
- iii. arising out of the conduct of the business of an underwriter, broker, dealer, municipal securities dealer, investment adviser, funding portal or paid solicitor of purchasers of securities? ☐ Yes ☑ No

(2) Is any such person subject to any order, judgment or decree of any court of competent jurisdiction, entered within five years before the filing of the information required by Section 4A(b) of the Securities Act that, at the time of filing of this offering statement, restrains or enjoins such person from engaging or continuing to engage in any conduct or practice:

- i. in connection with the purchase or sale of any security? ☐ Yes ☑ No
- ii. involving the making of any false filing with the Commission? ☐ Yes ☑ No
- iii. arising out of the conduct of the business of an underwriter, broker, dealer, municipal securities dealer, investment adviser, funding portal or paid solicitor of purchasers of securities? ☐ Yes ☑ No

(3) Is any such person subject to a final order of a state securities commission (or an agency or officer of a state performing like functions); a state authority that supervises or examines banks, savings associations or credit unions; a state insurance commission (or an agency or officer of a state performing like functions); an appropriate federal banking agency; the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission; or the National Credit Union Administration that:

- i. at the time of the filing of this offering statement bars the person from:
    - A. association with an entity regulated by such commission, authority, agency or officer? ☐ Yes ☑ No
    - B. engaging in the business of securities, insurance or banking? ☐ Yes ☑ No
    - C. engaging in savings association or credit union activities?☐ Yes ☑ No
- ii. constitutes a final order based on a violation of any law or regulation that prohibits fraudulent, manipulative or deceptive conduct and for which the order was entered within the 10-year period ending on the date of the filing of this offering statement? ☐ Yes ☑ No

(4) Is any such person subject to an order of the Commission entered pursuant to Section 15(b) or 15B(c) of the Exchange Act or Section 203(e) or (f) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 that, at the time of the filing of this offering statement:

- i. suspends or revokes such person's registration as a broker, dealer, municipal securities dealer, investment adviser or funding portal? ☐ Yes ☑ No
- ii. places limitations on the activities, functions or operations of such person? ☐ Yes ☑ No
- iii. bars such person from being associated with any entity or from participating in the offering of any penny stock? ☐ Yes ☑ No

(5) Is any such person subject to any order of the Commission entered within five years before the filing of this offering statement that, at the time of the filing of this offering statement, orders the person to cease and desist from committing or causing a violation or future violation of:

- i. any scienter-based anti-fraud provision of the federal securities laws, including without limitation Section 17(a)(1) of the Securities Act, Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act, Section 15(c)(1) of the Exchange Act and Section 206(1) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 or any other rule or regulation thereunder? ☐ Yes ☑ No
- ii. Section 5 of the Securities Act? ☐ Yes ☑ No

(6) Is any such person suspended or expelled from membership in, or suspended or barred from association with a member of, a registered national securities exchange or a registered national or affiliated securities association for any act or omission to act constituting conduct inconsistent with just and equitable principles of trade?

☐ Yes ☑ No

(7) Has any such person filed (as a registrant or issuer), or was any such person or was any such person named as an underwriter in, any registration statement or Regulation A offering statement filed with the Commission that, within five years before the filing of this offering statement, was the subject of a refusal order, stop order, or order suspending the Regulation A exemption, or is any such person, at the time of such filing, the subject of an investigation or proceeding to determine whether a stop order or suspension order should be issued?

☐ Yes ☑ No

(8) Is any such person subject to a United States Postal Service false representation order entered within five years before the filing of the information required by Section 4A(b) of the Securities Act, or is any such person, at the time of filing of this offering statement, subject to a temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction with respect to conduct alleged by the United States Postal Service to constitute a scheme or device for obtaining money or property through the mail by means of false representations?

☐ Yes ☑ No

If you would have answered "Yes" to any of these questions had the conviction, order, judgment, decree, suspension, expulsion or bar occurred or been issued after May 16, 2016, then you are NOT eligible to rely on this exemption under Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act.

OTHER MATERIAL INFORMATION

31. In addition to the information expressly required to be included in this Form, include:

- (1) any other material information presented to investors; and

- (2) such further material information, if any, as may be necessary to make the required statements, in the light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading.

The Company is using the services of XX as part of its offering. XX is comprised of XX Investments, LLC, XX Team LLC, and the Lead Investors who provide services on behalf of XX Team LLC. The services of XX are available to companies that offer securities through Wefunder Portal LLC and to investors who invest in such companies through Wefunder Portal, but XX is not affiliated with Wefunder Portal or its affiliates.

XX Investments is the Company's transfer agent and also acts as custodian, paying agent, and proxy agent on behalf of all investors that enter into the Custodial and Voting Agreement with XX Investments through the Wefunder Portal website ("Investors"). XX Investments holds legal title to the securities the Company issues through Wefunder Portal (which are uncertificated) on behalf of Investors. Investors, in turn, hold the beneficial interests in the Company's securities. XX Investments keeps track of each Investor's beneficial ownership interest and makes any distributions to the Investors (or other parties, as directed by the Investors).

In addition to the above services, at the direction of XX Team, XX Investments votes the securities and take any other actions in connection with such voting on behalf of the Investors. XX Investments acts at the direction of XX Team, because XX Team holds a power of attorney from each Investor that has entered into the Investor Agreement to make voting decisions on behalf of that Investor. XX Investments will not charge Investors for its services. XX Investments does charge the Company $1,000/year for services; however, those fees may be paid by Wefunder Inc. on behalf of the Company.

As noted, XX Team holds a power of attorney from each Investor that has entered into the Investor Agreement to make voting decisions on behalf of that Investor. Pursuant to the power of attorney, XX Team will make voting decisions and then direct XX Investments to vote and take any other actions in connection with the voting on Investors' behalf. XX Team will act, with respect to the Company, through our Lead Investor, who is a representative of XX Team. As compensation for its voting services, each Investor authorizes XX Investments to distribute to XX Team 10% of any distributions the Investor would otherwise receive from the Company. XX Team will share its compensation with our Lead Investor. XX Team, through our Lead Investor, may also provide consulting services to the Company and may be compensated for these services by the Company; although, fees owed by the Company may be paid by Wefunder Inc. XX Team will share its consulting compensation with our Lead Investor.

The Lead Investor is an experienced investor that we choose to act in the role of Lead Investor, both on behalf of the Company and on behalf of Investors. As noted, the Lead Investor will be a representative of XX Team and will share in compensation that XX Team receives from the Company (or Wefunder Inc. on the Company behalf) or from Investors. The Lead Investor will be chosen by the Company and approved by Wefunder Inc., and the identify of the Lead Investor must be disclosed to Investors before Investors make a final investment decision to purchase the Company's securities. Investors will receive disclosure regarding all fees that may be received by the Lead Investor. In addition to the fees described above, the Lead Investor may receive compensation if, in the future, Wefunder Advisors LLC forms a special purpose vehicle ("SPV") for the purpose of investing in a non-Regulation Crowdfunding offering of the Company. In such a circumstance, the Lead Investor may act as a portfolio manager for that SPV (and as a supervised person of Wefunder Advisors) and may be compensated through that role. Although the Lead Investor may act in multiple roles and be compensated from multiple parties, the Lead Investor's goal is to maximize the value of the Company and therefore maximize the value of the Company's securities. As a result, the Lead Investor's interests should always be aligned with those of the Investors.

Investors that wish to purchase the Company's securities through Wefunder Portal must agree to (1) hire XX Investments to serve as custodian, paying agent, and proxy agent with respect to the Company's securities; (2) give a power of attorney to XX Team to make all voting decisions with respect to the Company's securities; and (3) direct XX Investments to share 10% of the Investor's distribution from the Company with XX Team. The Company may waive these requirements for certain investors with whom the Company has a pre-existing relationship.

The XX arrangement described above is intended to benefit the Company by allowing the Company to reflect one investor of its capitalization table (XX Investments) and by simplifying the voting process with respect to the Company's securities by having one entity (XX Team), through one person (the Lead Investor), make all voting decisions and having one entity (XX Investments) carry out XX Team's voting instruments and any take any related actions. The XX arrangement also is intended to benefit Investors by providing the services of an experienced Lead Investor (acting on behalf of XX Team) who is expected to make value-maximizing decisions regarding Investors' securities. XX Team (acting through the Lead Investor) may further benefit both the Company and Investors by providing consulting services to the Company that are intended to maximize both the value of the Company's business and also the value of its securities.

ONGOING REPORTING

32. The issuer will file a report electronically with the Securities & Exchange Commission annually and post the report on its website, no later than:

120 days after the end of each fiscal year covered by the report.

33. Once posted, the annual report may be found on the issuer's website at:

https://sportblx.com/offerings/annestes-thoroughbreds//invest

The issuer must continue to comply with the ongoing reporting requirements until:

1. the issuer is required to file reports under Exchange Act Sections 13(a) or 15(d);
2. the issuer has filed at least one annual report and has fewer than 300 holders of record;
3. the issuer has filed at least three annual reports and has total assets that do not exceed $10 million;
4. the issuer or another party purchases or repurchases all of the securities issued pursuant to Section 4(a)(6), including any payment in full of debt securities or any complete redemption of redeemable securities; or the issuer liquidates or dissolves in accordance with state law.

APPENDICES

Appendix A: Business Description & Plan

Appendix B: Investor Contracts

- Annestes Subscription Agreement v2

Appendix C: Financial Statements

- Financials 1

Appendix D: Director & Officer Work History

- George Hall
- John Hall
- Jorge Velasquez

Appendix E: Supporting Documents

Signatures

Intentional misstatements or omissions of facts constitute federal criminal violations. See 18 U.S.C. 1001.

The following documents will be filed with the SEC:

Cover Page XML

Offering Statement (this page)

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- George Hall
- John Hall
- Jorge Velasquez

Pursuant to the requirements of Sections 4(a)(6) and 4A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Regulation Crowdfunding (§ 227.100 et seq.), the issuer certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form C and has duly caused this Form to be signed on its behalf by the duly authorized undersigned.

Annestes Thoroughbreds Inc

By
John Hall
CEO Adara Asset Management (Board Member)

Pursuant to the requirements of Sections 4(a)(6) and 4A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Regulation Crowdfunding (§ 227.100 et seq.), this Form C and Transfer Agent Agreement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

George hall
Director
8/19/2020

John Hall
CEO Adara Asset Management (Board Member)
8/19/2020

The Form C must be signed by the issuer, its principal executive officer or officers, its principal financial officer, its controller or principal accounting officer and at least a majority of the board of directors or persons performing similar functions.