# GELESIS

# Health & Wellness



## Health and Wellness by Gelesis





Introducing a first of its kind platform for better metabolic, immune, and gut health



Our first product, Plenity, helped more than 200,000 people manage their weight & generated \$39.5M of revenue\* as an FDA-cleared Rx product



We now plan to multiply our impact by enabling our breakthrough technology to reach the health & wellness market



\* Cumulative product revenue, net, from Plenity first being made commercially available through December 31, 2022

# **GS200 Combats the Negative Effects of Western Diet**

In clinical and/or pre-clinical studies, Gelesis' proprietary hydrogel demonstrated the following potential benefits:





Weight loss in people with prediabetes or type 2 diabetes



Improve glucose tolerance and insulin sensitivity

2



Improve the gut microbiota with beneficial strains

3

Reverse gut damage and restore gut barrier function

ntestingl mucos



Prevent fat accumulation in the liver

5



#### Western Diet Leads to Compromised Gut Barrier Function Majority of Individuals with Prediabetes or Type 2 Diabetes have Impaired Gut Permeability







### The Only Superabsorbent Hydrogel Made from Foods/GRAS Building Blocks Emulating the Properties of Ingested Raw Vegetables



GS200 hydrogel particles form a large volume of non-aggregating gel pieces, with a size, composition & firmness similar to ingested raw vegetables, within minutes in the stomach

As shown in the photos, only 2.1g (0.8oz) of GS200 particles would create about ½ pound of gel pieces similar in size, composition and elasticity (firmness) as ½ pound of cucumber without any caloric value



#### **GS200 Structure Creates Faster & Orders of Magnitude Higher Elasticity than Fibers, Similar to Raw Vegetables**

Presented at the American Diabetes Association & published in Nature Scientific Reports



Demitri C, et al. Presented at American Diabetes Association Scientific Sessions 2017.

<sup>6</sup> Madaghiele M, et al. Nature Scientific Reports. 2021;11(1):21394. doi: 10.1038/s41598-021-00884-5.



## **GS200's Positive Effects on the Gut Tissue Health**

In an Ex Vivo Organ Culture (EVOC) system which measures mucus integrity and tissue proliferation, GS200 (GelB 02) had superior effects compared to fibers, similar to raw vegetables that have similar level of elasticity (firmness) and composition (cellulose and water)





#### **GS200 Transition Through the GI System**

Not Absorbed, Not Habit Forming & Designed to Change the Composition and Elasticity of Ingested Meals Without Any Additional Calories



Administered as capsules with water before meals or incorporated in foods such as food bars



Hydrate rapidly in the stomach to create small individual nonaggregating gel pieces

2



Gel pieces mix homogenously with the meal increase its volume & reduce its caloric density<sup>\*</sup>

3



This increases the elastic response (firmness) of the ingested food both in the stomach and the small intestine



Not absorbed. Eliminated through the natural digestive process after partial degradation in the large intestine

5



\*caloric density = number of calories in a given mass of food 8 Rolls BJ. Physiol Behav. 2009;97(5):609-615. doi:10.1016/j.physbeh.2009.03.011

# GELESIS

GS200 Pre-Clinical Data Highlights



#### In Pre-Clinical Studies GS200 Demonstrated Multiple Therapeutic Benefits (1/2)

Published in the Journal of Hepatology

GS200 prevents obesity and insulin resistance in mice on high fat diet

Figure 3. Gel-B prevented insulin-resistance development



Insulin Tolerance test (ITT), Glucose Tolerance test (GTT), HOMA IR, and Glucagon-like peptide 1 (GLP-1).

a. Intra-peritoneal ITT and respective inverted area under the curve (AUC); b. Intra-peritoneal GTT and respective AUC. Both tests were performed after 17 weeks of feeding following 4 hours of morning fasting; c. HOMA IR values; d. Serum insulin levels measured after morning fasting, outliers were calculated with Graphpad Prism outlier calculator software and removed from the analysis (\*P <0.05, \*\*P <0.01, one-way ANOVA, Bonferroni's multiple comparisons test).



#### In Pre-Clinical Studies GS200 Demonstrated Multiple Therapeutic Benefits (2/2)

- Increases endogenous Glucagon-Like Peptide 1 (GLP-1)
- Protects against High Fat Diet-induced obesity, diabetes, NAFLD and NASH
- Restores gut barrier function (healing of leaky gut)



## GS200 prevented triglyceride accumulation in liver



#### GS200 reduced the translocation of 40 kDA Dextran molecules into circulation





Published in the Journal of Hepatology

#### Additional Pre-Clinical Findings: GS200 Elicits Remarkable Shift in Microbiome with Known Therapeutic Effects

Presented at the World of Microbiome

- Increases "Good" Bacteroidetes and decreases "Bad" Firmicutes
- Decreases "Bad" Actinobacteria
- Increases "Good" Verrucomicrobia, driven exclusively by "Good" Akkermansia muciniphila



# GS200 protects against high fat diet-induced changes in microbiome



# GS200 induces gut microbiota changes associated with improved metabolic outcomes



## GELESIS

#### Microbiota Transplantation Confirms that Metabolic Effects are Induced by the GS200 Microbiota Shift

Presented at the American Diabetes Association

Microbiota transplantation was produced from feces of mice with metabolic disease, induced by high fat and high cholesterol diet (HFHCC), and treated with GS200 (**Donors**).

Weight Loss

21

Time (days)

28

10

5

-5

-10

0

Body weight (percentage of basal)

The **Recipients** were mice with the same metabolic disease, which never received GS200. The transplantation had a strong therapeutic effect as shown below.

Improved glucose control

-



- + HFHCC + 2% Gel B
- + HFHCC + 4% Gel B





# GELESIS

GS200 Human Data Highlights



# In the STAGE Clinical Study, GS200 Demonstrated Increased Satiety & Fulness Throughout the Day with Excellent Safety & Tolerability

- Short-term GS200 administration in clinical study was safe and well tolerated
- Administration of GS200 10 min before 3 meals increased self-reported feelings of fullness and satiety



Figure 4: Changes in Fullness (Panel A) and Satiety (Panel B) Following Administration of Gelesis200 or Placebo 10 Min Prior to Meals. \*P = 0.017, 0.032, and 0.031 at 10 Min Prior to Dinner, and 150 and 180 Min After Dinner, Respectively.



#### **European Journal of GS200 Effect on Body Weight in Humans with Overweight/Obesity** and Prediabetes/Type 2 Diabetes: LIGHT-UP 6 Month Study

- Multicenter, double-blind, randomized, placebocontrolled study
- 254 subjects with prediabetes or type 2 diabetes
- 127 per arm, GS200 2.1 g twice daily or ٠ placebo, 25 weeks, BMI 27-40 kg/m<sup>2</sup> mean  $34.7 \text{ kg/m}^2$
- GS200 taken with water 10 minutes pre-lunch & dinner with light diet (300-kcal deficit), behavior & walking program
- Mean weight loss was 7.1% for GS200 vs. 4.6% for placebo (*P*=0.003) +

#### Categorical weight loss GS200 vs. placebo LIGHT-UP<sup>†</sup>





Published in the

Obesity

Strong and Early Separation Between Responders and Non-Responders as Early as 6 Weeks on Treatment (LIGHT-UP Study)

AUC ROC analysis showed that early response to GS200 ( $\geq$  2.6% as early as 6 weeks) is highly predictive of clinically meaningful weight loss ( $\geq$  5%, and average of 10.3%) after 25 weeks ( $\geq$  85%).

In the placebo arm, similar sensitivity and specificity for predicting meaningful weight loss was not achieved until sometime between week 12 to week 16.

This early separation between Responders and Non-Responders demonstrates the strong binary effect of the treatment and could become a useful tool to motivate treatment compliance

# Weight loss in early responders and non-early responders



Published in the European Journal of Obesity



### **GS200 Elicits a Weight-Independent Reduction in Insulin Resistance in People with Prediabetes**

For participants with prediabetes: At Week 25, insulin  $AUC_{0-120}$  was significantly lower for participants on GS200 compared to placebo (mean difference: -22.0%, *P*=0.04).

- GS200 arm had a greater reduction in postprandial insulin during OGTT at T<sub>60</sub> (-35.0 vs. -1.5 μU/mL for placebo, *P*=0.05) and T<sub>120</sub> (-30.9 vs. 0.5 μU/mL for placebo, *P*=0.04).
- Participants on GS200 also had a greater reduction in insulin C<sub>max</sub> vs. placebo (mean difference: -47.3 µU/mL, *P*=0.03).
- Data is consistent with previous pre-clinical studies and 2 other studies with GS 100 (Plenity).

Changes in postprandial insulin for GS200 compared to placebo





Presented at the International Society of Endocrinology

# In LIGHT-UP, Elevated Waist-to-Height Ratio was Associated with Greater Weight Loss with GS200

Presented at the International Society of Endocrinology

- Waist-to-Height ratio (WHR) is strongly correlated with fat mass and insulin resistance
- High WHR (≥ median of 0.67) achieved greater weight loss than those with low WHR (< 0.67). Weight losses were 8.1% vs. 5.5%, respectively (P = 0.03)</li>
- For each 0.05 increase in baseline WHR, subjects on GS200 experienced a greater weight change of -1.4 kg compared to -0.7 kg for placebo (P=0.03)
- WHR could potentially become a useful tool to predict weight loss response with pre-diabetes or diabetes for GS200 treatment





Luzi L, et al. 2022. Presented at the International Congress of Endocrinology 2022. Virtual.

19 WHtR = waist-to-height ratio

# **GS200 Reduces Colonic Transit Time in Patients with Chronic Idiopathic Constipation, in a Pilot Study**

A pilot study at Mass General Hospital in Boston comparing change in colonic transit time (CTT) among patients with chronic idiopathic constipation (CIC) and irritable bowel syndrome with constipation (IBS-C) treated for 21 days with either GS200 hydrogel, active control (CMC) or placebo.

CTT was measured using wireless motility capsule.

GS200 significantly decreased CTT compared to placebo among patients with CIC, but not in patients with IBS-C.

Although GS200 is made from CMC, CMC which doesn't have the same structure and elasticity, didn't have any effect on CTT

GS200 is a promising agent in CIC. Further randomized trials are warranted to determine whether GS200 could become a treatment option for CIC. Colonic transit times for patients with chronic idiopathic constipation (A). CSP01- GS200, CMC, carboxymethylcellulose \*P < 0.05.







### **LIGHT-UP Study Showed Favorable Tolerability Profile**

	LIGHT-UP Pa GS200 = 126	ntients <sup>1</sup> , n (%) Placebo =127	Difference 95%	P-value	Plenity² Pa Plenity = 223	tients, n (%) Placebo = 211	Difference 95%	P-value
Any AE probably or possibly related to device	27 (21.4)	16 (12.6)	18.8	0.067	88 (39.5)	64 (30.3)	9.1	0.056
Gastrointestinal	26 (20.6)	14 (11.0)	12.0	0.040	84 (37.7)	58 (27.5)	10.2	0.0250
General disorders	1 (0.8)	0 (0.0)	0.8	0.498	1 (0.4)	1 (0.5)	-0.0	1.000
Infections and infestations	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)			2 (0.9)	1 (0.5)	0.4	1.000
Investigations	1 (0.8)	3 (2.4)	1.6	0.622	3 (1.3)	3 (1.4)	-0.1	1.000

Gastrointestinal AEs in subjects on GS200 were more common than placebo, but the rate is ~50% of the GI AEs found in our GLOW/Plenity study, which received FDA Non-Significant Risk status (NSR)

Gelesis Loss of Weight in Subjects Without or With Type 2 Diabetes (LIGHT-UP) Clinical Study Report GS-200-002. December 2022. Data on File.
Greenway FL, et al. Obesity. 2019;27:205-216

Low rate of early treatment withdrawal due to AEs in LIGHT-UP: Only 2 (1.6%) of subjects on GS200 withdrew because of AEs

Parameter	GS200 (n) N=127	Placebo (n) N=127	
Drop-out Rates	16.5% (21)	21.3% (27)	
Adverse events	1.6% (2)	1.6% (2)	
Lost to follow-up	5.5% (7)	1.6% (2)	
Protocol deviation	0.8% (1)	2.4% (3)	
Withdrawal by subject	3.9% (5)	14.2% (18)	
Other	4.7% (6)	1.6% (2)	



Gelesis Loss of Weight in Subjects Without or With Type 2 Diabetes (LIGHT-UP) Clinical Study Report GS-200-002. December 2022. Data on File.

Presented Obesity Week

# **Gelesis Patents**



#### Gelesis products are protected by 9 families of patents and patent applications with more than 100 individual issued patents in major markets around the world, covering

composition of matter, methods of use, and methods of production for product candidates and the platform technology, including **Plenity** (GS100), GS200, GS300, and GS500 Protection through at least 2035 with issued and pending patents (in US and ex-US) broadly covering compositions of matter, methods of use and methods of production, with potential for extensions

#### **Composition**

Patents covering Plenity (GS100) and GS200 composition of matter have been granted in US, Europe, China, Japan, Russia, Australia, and Canada (and are pending in additional territories)

#### **Methods of Use**

Uses of Gelesis hydrogels for treating obesity and reducing caloric intake are currently protected by three issued patents in the U.S. and corresponding patents have also been granted or allowed in Europe, Canada, China, Japan, Russia, Australia, Canada, and Mexico

#### **Provisional Applications**

**One U.S. provisional application is also pending**, which is directed to methods of treating GI-related metabolic diseases



# GELESIS

# New Product Concepts



## **GS200 Could be Administered in Multiple Forms:**



As a single ingredient or in combination with other supplements

#### In dry foods such as food bars

Coating the GS200 particles with a moisture barrier prevents hydration in the mouth and delays the hydration until the food is in the stomach

#### In wet foods such as instant oatmeal

GS200 is hydrated during the preparation to create much larger volume without any additional calories





## **GS200 Food Bar Prototype**



# Food bars enhanced by GS200 have the same taste and texture, yet will create up to 5X more volume in the stomach without adding any calories

The 40g bar prototype in the photos has 2g of GS200. In the stomach it will create similar volume, firmness and composition, as ½ pound of ingested cucumbers



