UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM C

UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

(Mark one.)
 □ Form C: Offering Statement □ Form C-U: Progress Update ☑ Form C/A: Amendment to Offering Statement □ Check box if Amendment is material and investors must reconfirm within five business days. □ Form C-AR: Annual Report □ Form C-AR/A: Amendment to Annual Report □ Form C-TR: Termination of Reporting
Name of issuer Emmer & Co LLC
Legal status of issuer
Form Limited Liability Company
Jurisdiction of Incorporation/Organization Delaware
Date of organization November 3, 2014
Physical address of issuer 3415 Pierce Street, #202, San Francisco, CA 94123
Website of issuer https://www.emmerandco.com
Name of intermediary through which the offering will be conducted SI Securities, LLC
CIK number of intermediary 0001603038
SEC file number of intermediary 008-69440
CRD number, if applicable, of intermediary

Amount of compensation to be paid to the intermediary, whether as a dollar amount or a percentage of the offering amount, or a good faith estimate if the exact amount is not available at the time of the filing, for conducting the offering, including the amount of referral and any other fees associated with the offering

7.5% of the amount raised

170937

Any other direct or indirect interest in the issuer held by the intermediary, or any arrangement for the intermediary to acquire such an interest SI Securities will receive equity compensation equal to 5% of the number of securities sold.
Type of security offered Crowd Note
Target number of Securities to be offered N/A
Price (or method for determining price) Determined in conjunction with a broker-dealer.
Target offering amount \$25,000
Oversubscriptions accepted: ☐ Yes ☐ No
Oversubscriptions will be allocated: □ Pro-rata basis □ First-come, first-served basis □ Other:
Maximum offering amount (if different from target offering amount) \$1,000,000
Deadline to reach the target offering amount June 29, 2018
NOTE: If the sum of the investment commitments does not equal or exceed the target offering amount at the offering deadline, no Securities will be sold in the offering, investment commitments will be cancelled and committed funds will be returned.
Current number of employees

	Most recent fiscal year-end	Prior fiscal year-end
Total Assets	\$93,870	\$340,478
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$38,185	\$314,269
Accounts Receivable	\$46,971	\$26,209
Short-term Debt	\$286,044	\$69,871
Long-term Debt	\$27,553	\$0
Revenues/Sales	\$355,011	\$188,558
Cost of Goods Sold	\$577,793	\$342,178
Taxes Paid	\$0	\$0
Net Income	\$ (490,334)	\$ (327,470)

The jurisdictions in which the issuer intends to offer the Securities:

Alabama, Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, District Of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Guam, Hawaii, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Puerto Rico, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virgin Islands, U.S., Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming, American Samoa, and Northern Mariana Islands

EXHIBITS

EXHIBIT A: Offering Memorandum EXHIBIT B: Financials EXHIBIT C: PDF of SI Website EXHIBIT D: Investor Deck EXHIBIT E: Video Transcript

EXHIBIT A AMENDMENT TO THE OFFERING MEMORANDUM PART II OF OFFERING STATEMENT (EXHIBIT A TO FORM C) May 21, 2018

Emmer & Co LLC

EMMER + CO

Up to \$1,000,000 of Crowd Notes

Emmer & Co LLC ("Emmer & Co", the "Company," "we," "us", or "our"), is offering up to \$1,000,000 worth of Crowd Notes of the Company (the "Securities"). Purchasers of Securities are sometimes referred to herein as "Purchasers". The minimum target offering is \$25,000 (the "Target Amount"). This Offering is being conducted on a best efforts basis and the Company must reach its Target Amount of \$25,000 by June 29, 2018. The Company is making concurrent offerings under both Regulation CF (the "Offering") and Regulation D (the "Combined Offerings"). Unless the Company raises at least the Target Amount of \$25,000 under the Regulation CF Offering and a total of \$400,000 under the Combined Offerings (the "Closing Amount") by June 29, 2018, no Securities will be sold in this Offering, investment commitments will be cancelled, and committed funds will be returned. The Company will accept oversubscriptions in excess of the Target Amount for the Offering up to \$1,000,000 (the "Maximum Amount") on a first come, first served basis. If the Company reaches its Closing Amount prior to June 29, 2018, the Company may conduct the first of multiple closings, provided that the Offering has been posted for 21 days and that investors who have committed funds will be provided notice five business days prior to the close. The minimum amount of Securities that can be purchased is \$1,000 per Purchaser (which may be waived by the Company, in its sole and absolute discretion). The offer made hereby is subject to modification, prior sale and withdrawal at any time.

A crowdfunding investment involves risk. You should not invest any funds in this Offering unless you can afford to lose your entire investment.

In making an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of the issuer and the terms of the Offering, including the merits and risks involved. These Securities have not been recommended or approved by any federal or state securities commission or regulatory authority. Furthermore, these authorities have not passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document.

The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") does not pass upon the merits of any Securities offered or the terms of the Offering, nor does it pass upon the accuracy or completeness of any Offering document or literature.

These Securities are offered under an exemption from registration; however, the SEC has not made an independent determination that these Securities are exempt from registration.

This disclosure document contains forward-looking statements and information relating to, among other things, the Company, its business plan and strategy, and its industry. These forward-looking statements are based on the beliefs of, assumptions made by, and information currently available to the Company's management. When used in this disclosure document and the Company Offering materials, the words "estimate", "project", "believe", "anticipate", "intend", "expect", and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements reflect management's current views with respect to future events and are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause the Company's action results to differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements. Investors are cautioned not to place undue

reliance on these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after such state or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

The Company has certified that all of the following statements are TRUE for the Company in connection with this Offering:

- (1) Is organized under, and subject to, the laws of a State or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia:
- (2) Is not subject to the requirement to file reports pursuant to section 13 or section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d));
- (3) Is not an investment company, as defined in section 3 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-3), or excluded from the definition of investment company by section 3(b) or section 3(c) of that Act (15 U.S.C. 80a-3(b) or 80a-3(c));
- (4) Is not ineligible to offer or sell securities in reliance on section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act of 1933 (the "1933 Act") (15 U.S.C. 77d(a)(6)) as a result of a disqualification as specified in § 227.503(a);
- (5) Has filed with the SEC and provided to investors, to the extent required, any ongoing annual reports required by law during the two years immediately preceding the filing of this Form C; and
- (6) Has a specific business plan, which is not to engage in a merger or acquisition with an unidentified company or companies.

Ongoing Reporting

The Company will file a report electronically with the SEC annually and post the report on its website, no later than April 30, 2019.

Once posted, the annual report may be found on the Company's website at https://www.emmerandco.com/investors

The Company must continue to comply with the ongoing reporting requirements until:

- (1) the Company is required to file reports under Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act;
- (2) the Company has filed at least three annual reports pursuant to Regulation CF and has total assets that do not exceed \$10,000,000;
- (3) the Company has filed at least one annual report pursuant to Regulation CF and has fewer than 300 holders of record:
- (4) the Company or another party repurchases all of the Securities issued in reliance on Section 4(a)(6) of the 1933 Act, including any payment in full of debt securities or any complete redemption of redeemable securities; or
- (5) the Company liquidates or dissolves its business in accordance with state law.

Neither the Company nor any or its predecessors (if any) previously failed to comply with the congoing reporting requirement of Regulation CF.

Updates

Updates on the status of this Offering may be found at: https://www.seedinvest.com/emmer.co

About this Form C

You should rely only on the information contained in this Form C. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with information different from that contained in this Form C. We are offering to sell, and seeking offers to buy the Securities only in jurisdictions where offers and sales are permitted. You should assume that the information contained in this Form C is accurate only as of the date of this Form C, regardless of the time of delivery of this Form C or of any sale of Securities. Our business, financial condition, results of operations, and prospects may have changed since that date.

Statements contained herein as to the content of any agreements or other document are summaries and, therefore, are necessarily selective and incomplete and are qualified in their entirety by the actual agreements or other documents. The Company will provide the opportunity to ask questions of and receive answers from the Company's management concerning terms and conditions of the Offering, the Company or any other relevant matters and any additional reasonable information to any prospective Purchaser prior to the consummation of the sale of the Securities.

This Form C does not purport to contain all of the information that may be required to evaluate the Offering and any recipient hereof should conduct its own independent analysis. The statements of the Company contained herein are based on information believed to be reliable. No warranty can be made as to the accuracy of such information or that

circumstances have not changed since the date of this Form C. The Company does not expect to update or otherwise revise this Form C or other materials supplied herewith. The delivery of this Form C at any time does not imply that the information contained herein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date of this Form C. This Form C is submitted in connection with the Offering described herein and may not be reproduced or used for any other purpose.

SUMMARY

The Business

The following summary is qualified in its entirety by more detailed information that may appear elsewhere in this Form C and the Exhibits hereto. Each prospective Purchaser is urged to read this Form C and the Exhibits hereto in their entirety.

Emmer & Co LLC is a Delaware Limited Liability Company, formed on November 3, 2014.

The Company is located at 3415 Pierce Street, #202, San Francisco, CA 94123.

The Company's website is https://www.emmerandco.com.

A description of our products as well as our services, process, and business plan can be found on the Company's profile page on the SI Securities, LLC ("SeedInvest") website under https://www.seedinvest.com/emmer.co and is attached as Exhibit C to the Form C of which this Offering Memorandum forms a part.

The Offering

Minimum amount of Crowd Note being offered	\$25,000
Maximum amount of Crowd Note	\$1,000,000
Minimum investment amount per investor	\$1,000
Offering deadline	June 29, 2018
Use of proceeds	See the description of the use of proceeds on page 12 hereof.
Voting Rights	See the description of the voting rights on pages 10, 13, 14, and 16-18.

RISK FACTORS

The SEC requires the Company to identify risks that are specific to its business and its financial condition. The Company is still subject to all the same risks that all companies in its business, and all companies in the economy, are exposed to. These include risks relating to economic downturns, political and economic events and technological developments (such as hacking and the ability to prevent hacking). Additionally, early-stage companies are inherently more risky than more developed companies. You should consider general risks as well as specific risks when deciding whether to invest.

Risks Related to the Company's Business and Industry

Emmer & Co. faces competition from other companies in the meat production market. Existing companies that engage in the protein production and distribution business or are within the meat production space could introduce new or enhance existing products. If Emmer & Co. is able to establish a market around its product, it may find that larger, better funded companies may enter the market, which could negatively impact Emmer & Co.'s growth.

Chicken is commoditized and offers low differentiation to market players. Emmer & Co. may unable to maintain, promote, and grow its brand through marketing and communications strategies. It may prove difficult for the Company to establish itself as a well known brand in the competitive meat production space, and the product may be in a market where customers will not have brand loyalty. If competitors develop equal products, Emmer & Co. may be forced to compete on a pricing basis, which could negatively affect its revenue.

Emmer & Co. may be unable to protect its intellectual property adequately. The company currently has no patents on its products. To the extent they do seek patent protection, any U.S. or other patents issued may not be sufficiently broad to protect its proprietary technologies. In addition, patents, even if granted, may be held invalid or unenforceable if challenged. Any intellectual enforcement efforts Emmer & Co. seeks to undertake, including litigation, could be time-consuming and expensive and could divert management's attention.

Emmer & Co.'s results of operations may be adversely affected by fluctuations in market prices for livestock and animal feed ingredients. Emmer & Co.'s operating margins depend on, among other factors, the purchase price of raw materials, primarily livestock and animal feed ingredients, and the sales price of its products. These prices may vary significantly, including during short periods of time, due to a number of factors, including poultry supply and demand and the market of other protein products. The supply and market for poultry depend on a number of factors that the Company has little or no control over, including outbreaks of diseases affecting livestock, the cost of animal feeding, economic and weather conditions. Poultry prices demonstrate a cyclical nature both seasonally and over longer periods, reflecting the supply of and demand for poultry on the market and the market for other protein products such as fish. These costs are determined by constantly changing market forces of supply and demand, as well as other factors over which the Company has little or no control. These other factors include: import and export restrictions; changing livestock and grain inventory levels; economic conditions; crop and livestock diseases; and environmental and conservation regulations.

Outbreaks of avian diseases may affect the Company's ability to conduct its business and harm demand for its products. Outbreaks of diseases affecting poultry, such as Avian Pox, Avian Influenza, and Avian Encephalomyelitis, which may be caused by factors beyond the Company's control, or concerns that these diseases may occur and spread in the future, could lead to cancellation of orders by customers or governmental restrictions on the import and export of products to or from suppliers, facilities or customers. Moreover, if an outbreak were to occur, the Company may be required to, among other things, destroy any affected livestock and create negative publicity that may have a material adverse effect on customer demand. In addition, if the products of a competitor becomes contaminated, the adverse publicity associated with such an event may lower consumer demand for the Company's products.

Any perceived or real health risks related to the food industry could adversely affect the Company's ability to sell its products. If its products become contaminated, it may be subject to product liability claims and product recalls. Emmer & Co is subject to risks affecting the food industry generally, including risks posed by the following: food spoilage or food contamination; consumer product liability claims; product tampering; and the potential cost and disruption of a product recall. Organisms that may produce food borne illnesses, such as E. coli, listeria monocytogenes and salmonella are generally found in the environment and, as a result, there is a risk that they could be present in the Company's products. These pathogens can also be introduced to products through tampering or as a result of improper handling at the further processing, foodservice, or consumer level. Once contaminated products have been shipped for distribution, illness or death may result if the products are not properly prepared prior to consumption or if the pathogens are not eliminated in further processing. The Company's systems designed to monitor food safety risks may not eliminate the risks related to food safety. As a result, the Company may voluntarily recall, or be required to recall, products if they are or may be contaminated, spoiled, or inappropriately labeled.

The Company has a limited operating history under its current business model, which makes it difficult to evaluate the business and prospects. The Company's business model has not been fully proven, and it has a limited operating history with its existing business model to evaluate the business and future prospects, which introduces a number of uncertainties, including the Company's ability to plan for and model future growth. In addition, historically, the Company has experienced negative gross margins. Emmer & Co. has encountered and will continue to encounter risks and difficulties frequently experienced by growing companies in rapidly changing industries, including achieving market acceptance, attracting and retaining customers, growing partnerships and distribution, increasing competition, and increasing expenses as it continues to grow the business. The Company cannot assure that it will be successful in addressing these and other challenges and if they do not manage these risks successfully, the business may be adversely affected. In addition, the Company may not achieve sufficient revenue to achieve or maintain positive cash flow from operations or profitability in any given period.

The reviewing CPA has included a "going concern" note in the reviewed financials.

The Company has incurred losses from inception of approximately \$913,873 which, among other factors, raises substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon management's plans to raise additional capital from the issuance of debt, through a Regulation Equity Crowdfunding campaign, or additional equity financing, and its ultimate ability to commence

profitable sales and positive cash flows from its chicken wholesale business. There are no assurances that management will be able to raise a sufficient amount of capital on acceptable terms to the Company, and the inability to do so would require a reduction in the scope of our planned development which would be detrimental to the Company's business, financial condition and operating results. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be required should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

The Company has not prepared any audited financial statements. Therefore, you have no audited financial information regarding the Company's capitalization or assets or liabilities on which to make your investment decision. If you feel the information provided is insufficient, you should not invest in the Company.

The Company is not subject to Sarbanes-Oxley regulations and lacks the financial controls and safeguards required of public companies. The Company does not have the internal infrastructure necessary, and is not required, to complete an attestation about financial controls that would be required under Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. There can be no assurance that there are no significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in the quality of its financial controls. The Company expects to incur additional expenses and diversion of management's time if and when it becomes necessary to perform the system and process evaluation, testing and remediation required in order to comply with the management certification and auditor attestation requirements.

The Company has approximately \$250,000 in outstanding liabilities and intends to use a part of this raise to pay down a portion of its debt. In particular, the Company has the following loans (i) Business Loan with Celtic Bank for \$49,300 (Principal) due on a monthly basis for a 12 month term; (ii) two Promissory Notes with Currency Capital for \$30,000 and \$15,000 respectively, each due monthly for a 24 month term; (iii) Business Loan with Intuit Financing Inc. for \$25,000 for a 26 week term; and (iv) a short term note with Jesse Solomon for \$50,000. In addition, the Company has a balance on three lines of credit representing the remaining liabilities.

Risks Related to the Securities

The Crowd Notes will not be freely tradable until one year from the initial purchase date. Although the Crowd Notes may be tradable under federal securities law, state securities regulations may apply and each Purchaser should consult with his or her attorney. You should be aware of the long-term nature of this investment. There is not now and likely will not be a public market for the Crowd Notes. Because the Crowd Notes have not been registered under the 1933 Act or under the securities laws of any state or non-United States jurisdiction, the Crowd Notes have transfer restrictions under Rule 501 of Regulation CF. It is not currently contemplated that registration under the 1933 Act or other securities laws will be effected. Limitations on the transfer of the Crowd Notes may also adversely affect the price that you might be able to obtain for the Crowd Notes in a private sale. Purchasers should be aware of the long-term nature of their investment in the Company. Each Purchaser in this Offering will be required to represent that it is purchasing the Securities for its own account, for investment purposes and not with a view to resale or distribution thereof.

We are selling convertible notes that will convert into units or result in payment in limited circumstances. These notes only convert or result in payment in limited circumstances. If the Crowd Notes reach their maturity date, investors (by a decision of the Crowd Note holders holding a majority of the principal amount of the outstanding Crowd Notes) will either (a) receive payment equal to the total of their purchase price plus outstanding accrued interest, or (b) convert the Crowd Notes into units of the Company's most senior class of preferred units, and if no preferred units have been issued, then units of Company's common units. If there is a merger, buyout or other corporate transaction that occurs before a qualified equity financing, investors will receive a payment of the greater of their purchase price plus outstanding accrued interest or the amount of preferred units they would have been able to purchase using the Valuation Cap. If there is a qualified equity financing (an initial public offering registered under the 1933 Act or a financing using preferred units), the notes will convert into a yet to-be-determined class of preferred units. If the notes convert because they have reached their maturity date, the notes will convert based on a \$4,000,000 valuation cap (subject to adjustment as described in the Crowd Note and below under "Securities Offered in this Offering") (the "Valuation Cap"). If the notes convert due to a qualified equity financing, the notes will convert at a discount of 20%, or based on the Valuation Cap. This means that investors would be rewarded for taking on early risk compared to later investors. Outside investors at the time of conversion, if any, might value the Company at an amount well below the Valuation Cap, so you should not view the Valuation Cap as being an indication of the Company's value.

We have not assessed the tax implications of using the Crowd Note. The Crowd Note is a type of debt security. As such, there has been inconsistent treatment under state and federal tax law as to whether securities like the Crowd Note can be considered a debt of the Company, or the issuance of equity. Investors should consult their tax advisers.

The Crowd Note contains dispute resolution provisions which limit your ability to bring class action lawsuits or seek remedy on a class basis. By purchasing a Crowd Note this Offering, you agree to be bound by the dispute resolution provisions found in Section 6 of the Crowd Note. Those provisions apply to claims regarding this Offering, the Crowd Notes and possibly the securities into which the Crowd Note are convertible. Under those provisions, disputes under the Crowd Note will be resolved in arbitration conducted in Delaware. Further, those provisions may limit your ability to bring class action lawsuits or similarly seek remedy on a class basis.

You may have limited rights. The Company has not yet authorized preferred units, and there is no way to know what voting rights those securities will have. In addition, as an investor in the Regulation CF offering you will be considered a Non-Major Investor (as defined below) under the terms of the notes offered, and therefore, you have more limited information rights.

You will be bound by an investor proxy agreement which limits your voting rights. As a result of purchasing the notes, all Non-Major Investors (including all investors investing under Regulation CF) will be bound by an investor proxy agreement. This agreement will limit your voting rights and at a later time may require you to convert your future preferred units into common units without your consent. Non-Major Investors will be bound by this agreement, unless Non-Major Investors holding a majority of the principal amount outstanding of the Crowd Notes (or majority of the units of the preferred equity the notes will convert into) held by Non-Major Investors vote to terminate the agreement.

A majority of the Company is owned by a small number of owners. Prior to the Offering, the Company's current owners of 20% or more of the Company's outstanding voting securities beneficially own up to 97% of the Company's voting securities. Subject to any fiduciary duties owed to our other owners or investors under Delaware law, these owners may be able to exercise significant influence over matters requiring owner approval, including the election of directors or managers and approval of significant Company transactions, and will have significant control over the Company's management and policies. Some of these persons may have interests that are different from yours. For example, these owners may support proposals and actions with which you may disagree. The concentration of ownership could delay or prevent a change in control of the Company or otherwise discourage a potential acquirer from attempting to obtain control of the Company, which in turn could reduce the price potential investors are willing to pay for the Company. In addition, these owners could use their voting influence to maintain the Company's existing management, delay or prevent changes in control of the Company, or support or reject other management and board proposals that are subject to owner approval.

BUSINESS

Description of the Business

Emmer & Co.® is a 100% pasture-raised chicken company on a mission to build a healthier and more sustainable model for how poultry in America is produced.

Business Plan

Our Chickens

Our chickens live outside their entire lives; foraging and exploring. By growing slowly and naturally, their muscles grow at the same rate as their bones, providing for their best welfare and allowing the birds to be more active because their bones can support their muscles. The result of this practice is more flavorful, delicious chicken. Our growers never use antibiotics or hormones.

"Pasture Raised" means our birds live their entire lives outside on pastures in mobile "houses".

- Raising birds outside on pastures improves the land farmers benefit from improved and productive soil health, more grasses for cattle, and more water catchment.
- Healthy soil and lush pastures mean more insects, seeds, grasses, and nutrients for our chickens to eat.
- Living in the natural environment they're supposed to be in develops unbelievable flavor.
- Climate in California and other States below the snow-belt allow for year round production outside.

The Business Model

We predominantly sell to wholesale distributors who in turn sell to individual restaurants, food service operators, retailers, and directly to consumers through online channels such as Amazon and Good Eggs. With our Pilot Farm, we project that our gross margins will reach at least 30%. Our average order to distributors has to date been a minimum of a pallet, which has 30 cases of chicken (360 chickens). A small footprint restaurant will often order 1 case of chicken a week, whereas large footprint rotisserie style restaurants could on their own use 200-400 chickens per week. For our direct to consumer accounts, they are often retailing our chickens at an average price of \$5.99/lb.

The Customer

We've been served in famous restaurants in Los Angeles, San Francisco, New York, and Portland such as The French Laundry, Eataly, Benu, Californios, Gwen, Farmshop, Commis, Lord Stanley, Slanted Door, Meadowood, Animal, Coquine, and many others.

Individuals who purchase through our DTC partners share a common value system. They care about the tastiest food, produced with transparent practices, so that they can provide themselves and their families with food that they can trust. When a consumer thinks of the word "organic", in their mind are images of what we actually do. We mostly sell whole chickens currently and as we grow in size we'll be able to offer more parts and value-add products so that consumers can find it easier to consume what we produce on a regular basis. For example, we recently launched ground patties on Good Eggs (https://www.goodeggs.com/emmerandco).

The Company's Products and/or Services

Product / Service	Description	Current Market
Chicken production system for slow-	A turnkey chicken production system	High-end restaurants, corporate
growth poultry	that establishes production with third-	dining, food distributors, chicken
	party farmers and distributes output to	consumers
	food distributors, end consumers, and	
	restaurants.	

Competition

The markets in which our products are sold are highly competitive. Our products compete against similar products of many large and small companies, including well-known global competitors. In many of the markets and industry segments in which we sell our products, we compete against other branded products as well as retailers' private-label brands. Product quality, performance, value and packaging are also important differentiating factors.

Customer Base

Our customers are food distributors, restaurants, end consumers, and corporate dining vendors.

Intellectual Property

The Company is dependent on the following intellectual property:

Trademarks

Application or	Goods /	Mark	File Date	Grant Date	Country
Registration #	Services				
5018677	Poultry	DESIGN ONLY	April 9, 2015	January 5, 2016	United States
5018678	Poultry	100% HERITAGE POULTRY	April 9, 2015	January 5, 2016	United States
5018618	Poultry	EMMER & CO.	February 19, 2015	January 5, 2016	United States

Litigation

None

USE OF PROCEEDS

We will adjust roles and tasks based on the net proceeds of the Offering. We plan to use these proceeds as described below.

Offering Expenses

The use of proceeds for expenses related to the Combined Offering is as follows:

- If the Company raises the Target Amount, it will use 44.50% of the proceeds, or \$11,125, towards offering expenses;
- If the Company raises the Closing Amount, it will use 10% of the proceeds, or \$40,000, towards offering expenses; and
- If the Company raises the Maximum Amount, it will use 8.5% of the proceeds, or \$85,000, towards offering expenses

The proceeds remaining after meeting offering expenses will be used as follows:

Use of Proceeds	% if Target Amount Raised	% if Closing Amount Raised	% if Maximum Amount Raised
Working Capital	40%	40%	40%
General Expenses	20%	20%	20%
Infrastructure	40%	40%	40%

The above table of the anticipated use of proceeds is not binding on the Company and is merely a description of its current intentions. We reserve the right to change the above use of proceeds if management believes it is in the best interests of the Company.

DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, AND MANAGERS

The directors, officers, and managers of the Company are listed below along with all positions and offices held at the Company and their principal occupation and employment responsibilities for the past three (3) years.

Name	Positions and Offices Held at the Company	Principal Occupation and Employment Responsibilities for the Last Three (3) Years
Jesse Solomon	Founder, CEO, and Managing Member	General oversight and management of Emmer & Co. Strategic planning, operations, sales, and marketing

Indemnification

Indemnification is authorized by the Company to managers, officers, or controlling persons acting in their professional capacity pursuant to Delaware law. Indemnification includes expenses such as attorney's fees and, in certain circumstances, judgments, fines and settlement amounts actually paid or incurred in connection with actual or threatened actions, suits or proceedings involving such person, except in certain circumstances where a person is adjudged to be guilty of gross negligence or willful misconduct, unless a court of competent jurisdiction determines that such indemnification is fair and reasonable under the circumstances.

Employees

The Company currently has 3 employees in California.

CAPITALIZATION AND OWNERSHIP

Capitalization

The Company has issued the following outstanding Securities:

Type of security	Amount outstanding	Voting rights	How this security may limit, dilute, or qualify the Securities issues pursuant to this Offering	Percentage ownership of the Company by the holders of such securities prior to the Offering	Other material terms
Common Units	1,428	As described in Article II, Section 2.1 of	As described in Article II, Section 2.2 of	100%	N/A

	the	LLC	the	LLC	
	Agreement		Agreement		

The Company has the following debt outstanding:

Type of debt	Name of creditor	Amount outstanding	Interest rate and payment schedule	Amortization schedule	Describe any collateral or security	Maturity date	Other material terms
Business Loan	Celtic Bank	41,822.82	26.88 % APY	Repaid Monthly	All tangible and intangible property	12 months	N/A
Promissory Notes	Currency Capital	\$30,000 and \$15,000 (respectively). Current outstanding - 34,467.58	24.99% APY, 3 months initial 0% APY	Repaid Monthly	All business equipment, accounts receivable, intellectual property, rights, licenses, claims, assets and properties of any kind whatsoever	24 months	N/A
Business Loan	Intuit Financing Inc.	\$19,362.56	12.00% APY	Repaid Weekly	N/A	26 Weeks	N/A
Short Term Note	Jesse Solomon	\$50,000	15%	Lump sum yearly	All assets	1 year	N/A
Revolving Line of Credit	Amex	\$11,794.03	9.99%	Monthly	N/A	N/A	N/A
Revolving Line of Credit	Amex	43,657.37	0.5% - 30 Days 1.0% - 60 days or 1.5% for 90 days	Repaid on either 1, 2, or 3 month term, depending on the initial loan term selection	N/A	N/A	N/A
Revolving Line of Credit	Visa	\$40,296.17	17.49% APY	Monthly	N/A	N/A	N/A

Ownership

A majority of the Company is owned by one person. That person is Jesse Solomon.

Below are the beneficial owners of 20% percent or more of the Company's outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power, are listed along with the amount they own.

Name	Number and type/class of security held	Percentage ownership
Jesse Solomon	1,328 Common Units	97%

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Please see the financial information listed on the cover page of this Form C and attached hereto in addition to the following information. Financial statements are attached hereto as Exhibit B.

Operations

Emmer and Co, LLC, a Delaware Limited Liability Company ("the Company"), was formed in 2015 and has had start-up operations since inception. The Company is headquartered in San Francisco, California. Emmer and Co, LLC is a wholesale distribution to meat distributors who sell to the following end channels: food service/corporate dining, restaurants, and retailers. The Company's year-end is December 31.

The Company currently works with major distributors across the West Coast. Its list of customers is here: https://www.emmerandco.com/wholesale

As of December 31, 2017, the Company has not commenced full scale operations. The Company's activities since inception have consisted of product and business development, and efforts to raise capital. Once the Company commences its planned full-scale operations, it will incur significant additional expenses. The Company is dependent upon additional capital resources for the commencement of its planned principal operations and is subject to significant risks and uncertainties; including failing to secure funding to operationalize the Company's plans or failing to profitably operate the business.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The proceeds from the Offering are essential to our operations. We plan to use the proceeds as set forth above under "Use of Proceeds", which is an indispensable element of our business strategy. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less to be cash equivalents. At December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company had no items, other than bank deposits, that would be considered cash equivalents. The Company maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts, insured up to \$250,000 by FDIC. As of December 31, 2017, and 2016, the Company had \$38,185 and \$314,269 in cash. As of March 31, 2018 The Company had approximately \$85,000 in cash.

In addition to capital from the Combined Offerings, the Company has certain revolving lines of credit as sources of capital, which are described more fully above in "CAPITALIZATION AND OWNERSHIP".

Capital Expenditures and Other Obligations

The Company does not intend to make any material capital expenditures in the future.

Trends and Uncertainties

After reviewing the above discussion of the steps the Company intends to take, potential Purchasers should consider whether achievement of each step within the estimated time frame is realistic in their judgment. Potential Purchasers should also assess the consequences to the Company of any delays in taking these steps and whether the Company will need additional financing to accomplish them.

The financial statements are an important part of this Form C and should be reviewed in their entirety. The financial statements of the Company are attached hereto as Exhibit B.

Valuation

Before making an investment decision, you should carefully consider this valuation and the factors used to reach such valuation. Such valuation may not be accurate and you are encouraged to determine your own independent value of the Company prior to investing.

As discussed in "Dilution" below, the valuation will determine the amount by which the investor's stake is diluted immediately upon investment. An early-stage company typically sells its units (or grants options over its units) to its founders and early employees at a very low cash cost, because they are, in effect, putting their "sweat equity" into the Company. When the Company seeks cash investments from outside investors, like you, the new investors typically pay a much larger sum for their units than the founders or earlier investors, which means that the cash value of your stake is immediately diluted because each unit of the same type is worth the same amount, and you paid more for your units (or the notes convertible into units) than earlier investors did for theirs.

There are several ways to value a company. None of them is perfect and all of them involve a certain amount of guesswork. The same method can produce a different valuation if used by a different person.

Liquidation Value - The amount for which the assets of the Company can be sold, minus the liabilities owed, e.g., the assets of a bakery include the cake mixers, ingredients, baking tins, etc. The liabilities of a bakery include the cost of

rent or mortgage on the bakery. However, this value does not reflect the potential value of a business, e.g. the value of the secret recipe. The value for most startups lies in their potential, as many early stage companies do not have many assets (they probably need to raise funds through a securities offering in order to purchase some equipment).

Book Value - This is based on analysis of the Company's financial statements, usually looking at the Company's balance sheet as prepared by its accountants. However, the balance sheet only looks at costs (i.e. what was paid for the asset), and does not consider whether the asset has increased in value over time. In addition, some intangible assets, such as patents, trademarks or trade names, are very valuable but are not usually represented at their market value on the balance sheet.

Earnings Approach - This is based on what the investor will pay (the present value) for what the investor expects to obtain in the future (the future return), taking into account inflation, the lost opportunity to participate in other investments, the risk of not receiving the return. However, predictions of the future are uncertain and valuation of future returns is a best guess.

Different methods of valuation produce a different answer as to what your investment is worth. Typically liquidation value and book value will produce a lower valuation than the earnings approach. However, the earnings approach is also most likely to be risky as it is based on many assumptions about the future, while the liquidation value and book value are much more conservative.

Future investors (including people seeking to acquire the Company) may value the Company differently. They may use a different valuation method, or different assumptions about the Company's business and its market. Different valuations may mean that the value assigned to your investment changes. It frequently happens that when a large institutional investor such as a venture capitalist makes an investment in a company, it values the Company at a lower price than the initial investors did. If this happens, the value of the investment will go down.

Previous Offerings of Securities

We have made the following issuances of securities within the last three years: None.

THE OFFERING AND THE SECURITIES

The Securities Offered in this Offering

The following description is a brief summary of the material terms of the Securities being offered and is qualified in its entirety by the terms contained in the Crowd Notes.

The Crowd Notes sold in this Offering will convert in the following circumstances:

- If a "corporate transaction" (such as the sale of the Company) occurs prior to a "qualified equity financing" (which is a preferred units financing raising of not less than \$1,000,000).
- Once a "qualified equity financing" occurs, the notes thereafter will automatically convert into the units of preferred membership interest sold in the qualified equity financing.
- If the maturity date is reached, the note holders will have the option, by decision of the majority outstanding note holders, to convert into the Company's most senior class of preferred units, and if no preferred units have been issued, then units of the Company's common membership interests.

The price at which the Crowd Notes sold in this Offering will convert will be:

- At a discount of 20% to the price in the qualified equity financing, subject to the Valuation Cap, if the conversion takes place after the qualified equity financing;
- If conversion takes place prior to a qualified equity financing due to a corporate transaction, the greater of the outstanding principal plus outstanding accrued interest of the Crowd Notes, or the number of units the Crowd Notes would convert into under the Valuation Cap; or
- If conversion takes place prior to a qualified equity financing because the maturity date has been reached, subject to the Valuation Cap.

Until the earlier of the qualified equity financing or the corporate transaction, the Crowd Notes accrue an annual simple interest rate of 5%.

If the Company issues convertible debt in any future series separate from the Crowd Note at a lower pre-money valuation cap, the \$4,000,000 Valuation Cap of the Crowd Note will be automatically amended to such lower pre-money valuation cap.

The securities into which the Crowd Notes in this Offering will convert will have more limited voting and information rights than those to be issued to Major Investors on conversion.

Our Target Amount for this Offering to investors under Regulation Crowdfunding is \$25,000.

Additionally, we have set a minimum Closing Amount of \$400,000 between our Combined Offerings under Regulation Crowdfunding and Regulation D, which we will need to meet before the Offering may close.

The minimum investment in this Offering is \$1,000. SeedInvest Auto Invest participants have a lower investment minimum in this offering of \$200. Investments of \$20,000 or greater will only be accepted through the Regulation D offering.

All Non-Major Investors of Crowd Notes will be bound by an investor proxy agreement. This agreement will limit your voting rights and at a later time may require you to convert your future preferred units into common units without your consent. Non-Major Investors will be bound by this agreement, unless Non-Major Investors holding a majority of the principal amount outstanding of the Crowd Notes (or majority of the units of the preferred equity the notes will convert into) held by Non-Major Investors vote to terminate the agreement.

Securities Sold Pursuant to Regulation D

The Company is selling securities in a concurrent offering to accredited investors under Rule 506(c) under the 1933 Act at the same time as this Offering under Regulation Crowdfunding (together, the "Combined Offerings").

The Crowd Notes in the Regulation D offering convert under similar terms to the Crowd Notes in this offering. However, investors who invest \$50,000 or greater will be considered "Major Investors" under the Crowd Note. Major Investors will be entitled to greater information rights than Non-Major Investors in the Combined Offerings. In the future, Major Investors may also be entitled to greater voting rights than their non-major counterparts.

Classes of Securities of the Company

Common Units

Dividend Rights Yes

Voting Rights Yes

Right to Receive Liquidation Distributions Yes, junior to any issued preferred units.

Rights and Preferences
None

Dilution

Even once the Crowd Note convert into preferred or common equity securities, as applicable, the investor's stake in the Company could be diluted due to the Company issuing additional units. In other words, when the Company issues more units (or additional equity interests), the percentage of the Company that you own will go down, even though the value of the Company may go up. You will own a smaller piece of a larger company. This increase in number of units outstanding could result from a securities offering (such as an initial public offering, another crowdfunding round, a venture capital round or angel investment), employees exercising unit options, or by conversion of certain instruments (e.g. convertible bonds, preferred units or warrants) into membership units.

If a company decides to issue more units, an investor could experience value dilution, with each unit being worth less than before, and control dilution, with the total percentage an investor owns being less than before. There may also be earnings dilution, with a reduction in the amount earned per unit (though this typically occurs only if the company

offers dividends, and most early stage companies are unlikely to offer dividends, preferring to invest any earnings into the company).

The type of dilution that hurts early-stage investors mostly occurs when a company sells more units in a "down round," meaning at a lower valuation than in earlier offerings. An example of how this might occur is as follows (numbers are for illustrative purposes only):

- In June 2014 Jane invests \$20,000 for units that represent 2% of a company valued at \$1 million.
- In December, the company is doing very well and sells \$5 million in units to venture capitalists on a valuation (before the new investment) of \$10 million. Jane now owns only 1.3% of the company but her stake is worth \$200,000.
- In June 2015 the company has run into serious problems and in order to stay afloat it raises \$1 million at a valuation of only \$2 million (the "down round"). Jane now owns only 0.89% of the company and her stake is worth only \$26,660.

This type of dilution might also happen upon conversion of convertible notes into units. Typically, the terms of convertible notes issued by early-stage companies provide that in the event of another round of financing, the holders of the convertible notes get to convert their notes into equity at a "discount" to the price paid by the new investors, i.e., they get more units than the new investors would for the same price. Additionally, convertible notes may have a "price cap" on the conversion price, which effectively acts as a unit price ceiling. Either way, the holders of the convertible notes get more units for their money than new investors. In the event that the financing is a "down round" the holders of the convertible notes will dilute existing equity holders, and even more than the new investors do, because they get more units for their money.

If you are making an investment expecting to own a certain percentage of the Company or expecting each unit to hold a certain amount of value, it's important to realize how the value of those units can decrease by actions taken by the Company. Dilution can make drastic changes to the value of each unit, ownership percentage, voting control, and earnings per unit.

Tax Matters

EACH PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER SHOULD CONSULT WITH HIS OWN TAX AND ERISA ADVISOR AS TO THE PARTICULAR CONSEQUENCES TO THE PURCHASER OF THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP AND SALE OF THE PURCHASER'S SECURITIES, AS WELL AS POSSIBLE CHANGES IN THE TAX LAWS.

Transfer Agent

We have selected VStock Transfer, LLC, an SEC-registered securities transfer agent, to act as our transfer agent upon conversion of the Crowd Notes.

Restrictions on Transfer

Any Securities sold pursuant to Regulation CF being offered may not be transferred by any Purchaser of such Securities during the one-year holding period beginning when the Securities were issued, unless such Securities are transferred: 1) to the Company, 2) to an accredited investor, as defined by Rule 501(a) of Regulation D promulgated under the 1933 Act, 3) as part of an IPO or 4) to a member of the family of the Purchaser or the equivalent, to a trust controlled by the Purchaser, to a trust created for the benefit of a member of the family of the Purchaser or the equivalent, or in connection with the death or divorce of the Purchaser or other similar circumstances. "Member of the family" as used herein means a child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, spouse or spousal equivalent, sibling, mother/father/daughter/son/sister/brother-in-law, and includes adoptive relationships. Remember that although you may legally be able to transfer the Securities, you may not be able to find another party willing to purchase them.

In addition to the foregoing restrictions, prior to making any transfer of the Securities or any Securities into which they are convertible, such transferring Purchaser must either make such transfer pursuant to an effective registration statement filed with the SEC or provide the Company with an opinion of counsel stating that a registration statement is not necessary to effect such transfer.

Other Material Terms

The Company does not have the right to repurchase the Securities. The Securities do not have a stated return or liquidation preference.

Related Person Transactions

From time to time the Company may engage in transactions with related persons. Related persons are defined as any manager, director, or officer of the Company; any person who is the beneficial owner of 10 percent or more of the Company's outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power; any promoter of the Company; any immediate family member of any of the foregoing persons or an entity controlled by any such person or persons.

The Company has conducted the following transactions with related persons:

The Company has a loan from Jesse Solomon that has a 15% interest rate and is for one year. It is expected to be paid back on December 10, 2018. This loan is strictly to provide operating funds to the Company. As of December 31, 2017, and 2016, the Company had \$50,411 and \$0 in the loan from shareholders, which includes any accrued interest.

Conflicts of Interest

The Company has engaged in the following transactions or relationships, which may give rise to a conflict of interest with the Company, its operations and its security holders: Not Applicable.

OTHER INFORMATION

Bad Actor Disclosure

None

SEEDINVEST INVESTMENT PROCESS

Making an Investment in the Company

How does investing work?

When you complete your investment on SeedInvest, your money will be transferred to an escrow account where an independent escrow agent will watch over your investment until it is accepted by the Company. Once the Company accepts your investment, and certain regulatory procedures are completed, your money will be transferred from the escrow account to the Company in exchange for your Crowd Note. At that point, you will be an investor in the Company.

SeedInvest Regulation CF rules regarding the investment process:

- Investors may cancel an investment commitment until 48 hours prior to the deadline identified in the issuer's Offering materials;
- The intermediary will notify investors when the target offering amount has been met;
- The Company is making concurrent offerings under both Regulation CF and Regulation D and unless the Company raises at least the target amount under the Regulation CF Offering and the closing amount under both offerings, it will not close this Offering;
- If an issuer reaches a target offering amount and the closing amount prior to the deadline identified in its offering materials, it may close the Offering early if it provides notice about the new Offering deadline at least five business days prior to such new Offering deadline;
- If there is a material change and an investor does not reconfirm his or her investment commitment, the investor's investment commitment will be cancelled and the committed funds will be returned;
- If an issuer does not reach both the target offering amount and the closing offering amount prior to the deadline identified in its offering materials, no Securities will be sold in the Offering, investment commitments will be cancelled and committed funds will be returned; and
- If an investor does not cancel an investment commitment before the 48-hour period prior to the Offering deadline, the funds will be released to the issuer upon closing of the Offering and the investor will receive Securities in exchange for his or her investment.

What will I need to complete my investment?

To make an investment you will need the following information readily available:

- 1. Personal information such as your current address and phone number
- 2. Employment and employer information
- 3. Net worth and income information
- 4. Social Security Number or government-issued identification
- 5. ABA bank routing number and checking account number

What is the difference between preferred equity and a convertible note?

Preferred equity is usually issued to outside investors and carries rights and conditions that are different from that of common units. For example, preferred equity may include rights that prevent or minimize the effects of dilution or grants special privileges in situations when the Company is sold.

A convertible note is a unique form of debt that converts into equity, usually in conjunction with a future financing round. The investor effectively loans money to the Company with the expectation that they will receive equity in the Company in the future at a discounted price per when the Company raises its next round of financing. To learn more about startup investment types, check out "How to Choose a Startup Investment" in the SeedInvest Academy.

How much can I invest?

An investor is limited in the amount that he or she may invest in a Regulation Crowdfunding Offering during any 12-month period:

- If either the annual income or the net worth of the investor is less than \$107,000, the investor is limited to the greater of \$2,000 or 5% of the lesser of his or her annual income or net worth.
- If the annual income and net worth of the investor are both equal to or greater than \$107,000, the investor is limited to 10% of the lesser of his or her annual income or net worth, to a maximum of \$107,000. Separately, the Company has set a minimum investment amount.

How can I (or the Company) cancel my investment?

For Offerings made under Regulation Crowdfunding, you may cancel your investment at any time up to 48 hours before a closing occurs or an earlier date set by the Company. You will be sent a reminder notification approximately five days before the closing or set date giving you an opportunity to cancel your investment if you had not already done so. Once a closing occurs, and if you have not cancelled your investment, you will receive an email notifying you that your Securities have been issued. If you have already funded your investment, let SeedInvest know by emailing cancellations@seedinvest.com. Please include your name, the Company's name, the amount, the investment number, and the date you made your investment.

After My Investment

What is my ongoing relationship with the Company?

You are an investor in the Company, you do own securities after all! But more importantly, companies that have raised money via Regulation Crowdfunding must file information with the SEC and post it on their website on an annual basis. Receiving regular company updates is important to keep investors educated and informed about the progress of the Company and their investments. This annual report includes information similar to the Company's initial Form C filing and key information that a company will want to share with its investors to foster a dynamic and healthy relationship.

In certain circumstances a company may terminate its ongoing reporting requirements if:

- (1) the Company is required to file reports under Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act;
- (2) the Company has filed at least three annual reports pursuant to Regulation CF and has total assets that do not exceed \$10,000,000;
- (3) the Company has filed at least one annual report pursuant to Regulation CF and has fewer than 300 holders of record:
- (4) the Company or another party repurchases all of the Securities issued in reliance on Section 4(a)(6) of the 1933 Act, including any payment in full of debt securities or any complete redemption of redeemable securities; or
- (5) the Company liquidates or dissolves its business in accordance with state law.

However, regardless of whether a company has terminated its ongoing reporting requirements per SEC rules, SeedInvest works with all companies on its platform to ensure that investors are provided quarterly updates. These quarterly reports will include information such as: (i) quarterly net sales, (ii) quarterly change in cash and cash on hand, (iii) material updates on the business, (iv) fundraising updates (any plans for next round, current round status, etc.), and (v) any notable press and news.

How do I keep track of this investment?

You can return to SeedInvest at any time to view your portfolio of investment and obtain a summary statement. In addition to monthly account statements, you may also receive periodic updates from the Company about its business.

Can I get rid of my Securities after buying them?

Securities purchased through a Regulation Crowdfunding Offering are not freely transferable for one year after the date of purchase, except in the case where they are transferred:

- 1. To the Company that sold the Securities
- 2. To an accredited investor
- 3. As part of an Offering registered with the SEC (think IPO)
- 4. To a member of the family of the purchaser or the equivalent, to a trust controlled by the purchaser, to a trust created for the benefit of a member of the family of the purchaser, or in connection with the death or divorce of the purchaser

Regardless, after the one year holding period has expired, you should not plan on being able to readily transfer and/or sell your security. Currently, there is no market or liquidity for these Securities and the Company does not have any plans to list these Securities on an exchange or other secondary market. At some point the Company may choose to do so, but until then you should plan to hold your investment for a significant period of time before a "liquidation event" occurs.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of Sections 4(a)(6) and 4A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Regulation Crowdfunding (§ 227.100 et seq.), the issuer certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form C and has duly caused this Form to be signed on its behalf by the duly authorized undersigned.

/s/ Jesse Solomon
(Signature)
Jesse Solomon
(Name)
CEO, Principal Executive Officer, Principal Accounting Officer, Principal Financial Officer
(Title)

Pursuant to the requirements of Sections 4(a)(6) and 4A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Regulation Crowdfunding (§ 227.100 et seq.), this Form C has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

/s/ Jesse Solomon	
(Signature)	
Jesse Solomon	
(Name)	
Director	
(Title)	
May 21, 2018	

Instructions.

- 1. The form shall be signed by the issuer, its principal executive officer or officers, its principal financial officer, its controller or principal accounting officer and at least a majority of the board of directors or persons performing similar functions.
- 2. The name of each person signing the form shall be typed or printed beneath the signature.

Intentional misstatements or omissions of facts constitute federal criminal violations. See 18 U.S.C. 1001.