### YouStake, Inc. A Delaware Corporation

Financial Statements (unaudited) and Independent Accountants' Review Report Twelve Months Ended April 30, 2017 and 2016

### YouStake, Inc. Financial Statements (unaudited)

### Table of Contents

Independent Accountants' Review Report	2
Reviewed Financial Statements	
Balance Sheets – April 30, 2017 and 2016	3
Statements of Operations – Years ended April 30, 2017 and 2016	4
Statements of Stockholders' Equity – Period from May 1, 2015 to April 30, 2017	5
Statements of Cash Flows - Years ended April 30, 2017 and 2016	6
Notes to the Financial Statements – April 30, 2017 and 2016	.7-13



### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REVIEW REPORT



To the Board of Directors & Management YouStake, Inc Las Vegas, Nevada

We have reviewed the accompanying financial statements of YouStake, Inc. (a Delaware corporation), which comprise the balance sheets as of April 30, 2017 and 2016, and the related statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements. A review includes primarily applying analytical procedures to management's financial data and making inquiries of company management. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

### Accountant's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to conduct the review engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. Those standards require us to perform procedures to obtain limited assurance as a basis for reporting whether we are aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial statements for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We believe that the results of our procedures provide a reasonable basis for our conclusion.

#### **Accountant's Conclusion**

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying financial statements in order for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Going Concern**

As disclosed in Note 6 of the financial statements, YouStake, Inc. has generated significant losses to date, generates negative cash flow from operations, and relies on outside sources to fund operations. Accordingly, substantial doubt is raised about YouStake Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern.

Fruci and Associates II, PLLC Spokane, WA

Fruci & Associates I, Perc

August 29, 2017

802 N Washington

PO Box 2163

Members of:

WSCPA

AICPA

Spokane, Washington

99210-2163

P 509-624-9223

mail@fruci.com

www.fruci.com

### YOUSTAKE, INC. Balance Sheets (unaudited)

(unaudited)				
,	April 30,			
		2017		2016
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash (Note 1) Prepaid expenses (Note 2)	\$	39,172 3,250	\$	250,696 -
Total current assets Other assets		42,422		250,696
Receivable from investor Deposits		- -		5,000 2,700
Total other assets		-		7,700
Total assets	\$	42,422	\$	258,396
Liabilities and stockholders' deficit	t			
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 4)		27,012		75,987
Accrued executive compensation		106,900		-
Accrued payroll taxes		2,617		7,413
Officer loan (Note 4)		1,970		-
Unearned revenue (Note 5)				76,822
Total current liabilities		138,499		160,222
Other liabilities				
Convertible debt, net of discount (Note 1 and 3)		119,444		102,778
Total liabilities		257,943		263,000
Commitments & contingencies				
Stockholders' deficit Common stock, 10,000,000 shares, \$0.001 par value, authorized; 9,575,000 and 9,224,000 shares issued and outstanding as of				
April 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively (Note 10)		9,575		9,224
Paid in capital - purchase rights		746,000		317,000
Accumulated deficit		(971,096)		(330,828)
Total stockholders' deficit		(215,521)		(4,604)
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	42,422	\$	258,396

### YOUSTAKE, INC. Statements of Operations (unaudited)

	For t	he twelve mor 2017	nths ended April 30, 2016		
Revenues	\$	784,770		15,562	
Cost of sales		763,995		3,666	
Gross profit		20,775		11,896	
Operating expenses					
Administrative expenses		5,707		2,000	
Bad debt		16,062		-	
Marketing and advertising		19,087		87,008	
Occupancy		9,900		10,800	
Office expenses		7,265		3,161	
Vages and salaries		399,005		141,836	
Professional fees		140,484		36,975	
Repairs and maintenance		2,014		-	
Research and development		21,711		5,384	
Sales		11,336		34,037	
Fravel and entertainment		6,553		18,753	
<b>Jtilities</b>		5,274		_	
Total operating expenses		644,398		339,954	
ncome from operations		(623,623)	-	(328,058)	
Other income (expense)					
Interest expense		(16,667)		(2,778)	
Interest income		22		8	
Total other income (expense)		(16,645)		(2,770)	
Net loss before provision for income taxes		(640,268)		(330,828)	
Provision for income taxes		-		-	
Net Loss	\$	(640,268)	\$	(330,828)	
oss per common share	\$	(0.07)	\$	(0.04)	
Neighted average shares outstanding, basic & diluted		9,388,698		7,513,514	

# YOUSTAKE, INC. STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (unaudited)

For the twelve months ended April 30, 2017 and 2016

	<u>Common</u> Shares	_	<u>k</u> ount	 aid in apital	1	Accumulated Deficit	Total	Stockholders' Equity
Balance on May 1, 2015	-		-	-		-		-
Common shares issued at \$.001 for services Paid in capital - purchase rights Net loss	9,224,000	9	9,224	317,000		(330,828)		9,224 317,000 (330,828)
Balance on April 30, 2016	9,224,000	\$ 9	9,224	\$ 317,000	\$	(330,828)	\$	(4,604)
Common shares issued at \$.001 for services Paid in capital - purchase rights Net Loss	351,000	\$	351	429,000		(640,268)		351 429,000 (640,268)
Balance on April 30, 2017	9,575,000	\$ 9	9,575	\$ 746,000	\$	(971,096)	\$	(215,521)

### YOUSTAKE, INC STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited)

	For the twelve months ended April 30,				
		2017	2016		
Cash flows from operating activities					
Net loss	\$	(640,268)	\$	(330,828)	
Stock Compensation		351		9,224	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash					
used by operating activities:					
(Increase)/decrease in debt discount, net		16,666		(22,222)	
(Increase)/decrease in prepaid expenses		4,450		(7,700)	
Increase/(decrease) in accounts payable & accrued expenses		53,129		83,400	
Increase/(decrease) in unearned revenue		(76,822)		76,822	
Net cash used by operating activities		(642,494)		(191,304)	
Cash flows from financing activities					
Proceeds from issuance of future purchase rights		429,000		317,000	
Proceeds from the sale of convertible debt		-		125,000	
Proceeds from officer loan		1,970			
Net cash provided by financing activities		430,970		442,000	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(211,524)		250,696	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning		250,696			
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$	39,172	\$	250,696	

For the twelve months ended April 30, 2017 and 2016

### Note 1 - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies

This summary of significant accounting policies of YouStake, Inc. ("YouStake" or "the Company") is presented to assist in understanding the Company's financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The financial statements and notes are representations of the Company's management, which is responsible for their integrity and objectivity.

### Organization & business activities

YouStake, Inc is a startup corporation organized in 2015 under the laws of the State of Delaware. The Company is headquartered in Las Vegas, Nevada and is a software technology company, operating in Sports Tech and FinTech, broadly as a consumer marketplace. YouStake is the first fully integrated sports staking platform that allows the masses to invest in skilled sports players for entry in regulated and reported events.

### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. All such adjustments are normal and recurring in nature. The Company's fiscal year-end is April 30.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid instruments with maturities of three months or less at the time of issuance to be cash equivalents. At April 30, 2017 and 2016, the Company had no items, other than bank deposits, that would be considered cash equivalents. The Company maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which may exceed federally insured limits. As of April 30, 2017 and 2016, the Company's accounts are insured for \$250,000 by FDIC for US bank deposits.

### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the balance sheets and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Advertising costs

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. During the years ended April 30, 2017 and 2016, the Company recognized \$19,087 and \$87,008 in advertising, marketing, and promotional costs, respectively.

For the twelve months ended April 30, 2017 and 2016

### Revenue recognition

The Company recognizes revenue only when all of the following criteria have been met:

- · Persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists;
- Delivery has occurred or services have been rendered;
- The fee for the arrangement is fixed or determinable; and
- · Collectability is reasonably assured.

Persuasive Evidence of an Arrangement—YouStake's website serves as a comprehensive platform for all transactions, allowing customers to create accounts and initiate a transaction. Persuasive evidence exists when a customer has initiated a transaction on the web platform, have agreed to the terms, and YouStake has accepted. The Company has multiple models for customers, including:

- Player Registration
- Equity Crowdfunding
- Reward Crowdfunding
- Donation Crowdfunding

Delivery Has Occurred or Services Have Been Performed—The Company acts as a service provider to link its customers to their respective player to "stake" or for players to seek out other customers for funding. As a result, the Company recognizes revenue at the time the link between player/customer has been established as a transaction fee.

The Fee for the Arrangement Is Fixed or Determinable—The fee charged to each customer is a flat, percentage-based fee and is known at the time of consummation of the agreement, ranging from 5%-20% of transaction costs.

Collectability Is Reasonably Assured—The Company determines that collectability is reasonably assured prior to recognizing revenue. Customers are required to electronically transmit funds at the time of transaction initiation, resulting in immediate collectability by YouStake.

#### Income taxes

The Company follows the liability method of accounting for income taxes. Under this method, deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying values and their respective income tax basis (temporary differences). The effect on deferred income tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. Any income tax-related penalties are expensed as incurred.

### Accounts Receivable/Bad Debt

In general, the Company does not extend credit to its customers in the normal course of business. However, from time to time, credit may be extended to customers for various reasons, upon management approval. Trade accounts receivable are stated at the amount the Company expects to collect. The Company maintains allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of its customers to make required payments. Management considers the following factors when determining the collectability of specific customer accounts: customer creditworthiness, past

For the twelve months ended April 30, 2017 and 2016

transaction history with the customer, current economic industry trends, and changes in customer payment terms. Balances that remain outstanding after the Company has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the valuation allowance and a credit to accounts receivable. As of April 30, 2017 and 2016, the Company had not considered it necessary to establish an allowance account.

### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") guidance specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based on whether the inputs to those valuation techniques are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect market assumptions. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurement). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 - Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 primarily consists of financial instruments whose value is based on quoted market prices such as exchange-traded instruments and listed equities.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (e.g., quoted prices of similar assets or liabilities in active markets, or quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active).

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Financial instruments are considered Level 3 when their fair values are determined using pricing models, discounted cash flows or similar techniques and at least one significant model assumption or input is unobservable.

The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheets approximate their fair value as of April 30, 2017 and 2016.

### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). The new guidance requires an entity to recognize the revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services. The new guidance supersedes the revenue requirements in Revenue Recognition (Topic 605) and most industry-specific guidance throughout the Industry Topics of the Codification. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-14, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), which delayed the effective date of the new guidance by one year, which will result in the new guidance being effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2018, and is to be applied retrospectively. Early adoption is permitted, but can be no earlier than the original public entity effective date of fiscal years, and interim

For the twelve months ended April 30, 2017 and 2016

periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company is evaluating the impact of adopting the new guidance on its financial statements, but does not expect the adoption to have a material impact on its financial statements.

### Stock-based compensation

The Company accounts for equity instruments issued to employees in accordance with ASC 718, Compensation - Stock Compensation. ASC 718 requires all share-based compensation payments to be recognized in the financial statements based on the fair value on the issuance date.

Equity instruments granted to non-employees are accounted for in accordance with ASC 505, Equity. The final measurement date for the fair value of equity instruments with performance criteria is the date that each performance commitment for such equity instrument is satisfied or there is a significant disincentive for non-performance.

### Earnings per share

The Company calculates net income (loss) per share based on the authoritative guidance. Basic earnings (loss) per share is calculated by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is calculated by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of common shares and dilutive common stock equivalents outstanding. During periods in which the Company incurs losses, common stock equivalents, if any, are not considered, as their effect would be anti-dilutive. As of April 30, 2016 and 2017, the Company had potentially dilutive rights outstanding related to its SAFE funding and convertible securities.

### Note 2 - Prepaid expenses

As of April 30, 2017 the balance in prepaid expenses is the result of a legal retainer paid in May of 2016. The initial retainer was \$125,000 and the remainder at April 30, 2017 was \$3,250.

#### Note 3 - Accrued Liabilities

The Company delayed instituting a payroll system until July 2016. Prior to this employees and directors pay was accrued in the amount of \$75,424 as of April 30, 2016 and \$26,898 as of April 30, 2017.

### Note 4 – SAFE & KISS Funding

During the twelve months ended April 30, 2016, \$317,000 was received from various investors under the arrangements of a SAFE (Simple Agreement for Future Equity) agreement. These amounts are automatically redeemable into shares of the Company's common stock upon the issuance of shares in a qualified equity financing at an average of a 75%-80% discount on the funding prices. These agreements represent rights for future participation in a future funding event and, as such, the amounts were recorded as additional paid in capital, at cost. Should the Company fail to enter into a qualified equity financing, no amounts are due or payable under the terms of the SAFE agreement, the agreements have no stated maturity date, and no stated interest rates. During the year ended April 30,

For the twelve months ended April 30, 2017 and 2016

2017, the Company received an additional \$429,000 from various investors under the arrangements of additional SAFE agreements. As of April 30, 2017, the Company has \$746,000 in participation rights outstanding.

During the year ended April 30, 2016, the Company also entered into a KISS (Keep It Simple Security) agreement in the aggregate amount of \$ \$125,000. The note included a \$25,000 "program fee" to be retained by the investor, resulting in a net balance of \$100,000 outstanding. The KISS agreement also allows the investor to participate in a future funding round at a discount of 80%, however the agreement contains an additional conversion clause. If a qualified equity funding has not taken place or is not anticipated, the investor has the option of converting the full balance into shares of the Company's common stock after 18 months.

The \$25,000 "program fee" is considered to be an original issue discount and will be amortized over the optional conversion period specified in the note agreement, which is 18 months following the date of issuance. The amount incurred and recorded to interest expense for fiscal years ended April 30, 2016 and 2017 is \$2,778 and \$16,667, respectively

#### Note 5 – Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue and trust liabilities are deposits from users that have not met the criteria to be recognized as income. These accounts are reviewed monthly and adjusted as appropriate. As of April 30, 2016 the balance \$76,822 in unearned revenue consisted of buy-ins for tournaments completed during fiscal year ended April 30, 2017

### Note 6 - Going Concern

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates the recoverability of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company has not generated positive cash flow from operations, relies on outside sources to fund operations, and has incurred losses from inception of approximately \$972,000, which, among other factors, raises substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon management's plans to raise additional capital from the issuance of debt or the sale of stock, its ability to commence profitable sales under its current business model, and its ability to generate positive operational cash flow. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be required should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

### **Note 7 – Related Party Transactions**

In support of the Company's efforts and cash requirements, it may rely on advances from related parties until such time that the Company can support its operations or attains adequate financing through sales of its equity or traditional debt financing. There is no formal written commitment for continued support by officers, directors, or shareholders. Amounts represent advances or amounts paid in satisfaction of liabilities. The advances are considered temporary in nature and have not been formalized by a promissory note.

For the twelve months ended April 30, 2017 and 2016

Since May 1, 2015 (Inception) through April 30, 2017, the Company's CEO loaned the Company \$1,970 to pay for incorporation costs and operating expenses. As of April 30, 2017, the amount outstanding was \$1,970. The loan is non-interest bearing, due upon demand and unsecured.

#### Note 8 - Leases

The company signed a one-year lease agreement, commencing March 1, 2017. The Company is granted use of 618 South 11<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 140 Las Vegas, NV 89101 for the monthly lease payment of \$650. Future minimum payments under the lease agreement total \$6,500.

#### Note 9 - Income Taxes

Income taxes are provided in accordance with ASC No. 740, Accounting for Income Taxes. A deferred tax asset or liability is recorded for all temporary differences between financial and tax reporting and net operating loss carryforwards. Deferred tax expense (benefit) results from the net change during the year of deferred tax assets and liabilities.

The Company's deferred tax asset consists primarily of carryforward net operating losses (NOLs). The Company believes that, at this time, it is more likely than not that the benefit of the NOLs will not be realized and has therefore recorded a full valuation allowance.

For the twelve months ended April 30,

	2017	-	2016
Book loss for the year	\$ (640,268)	\$	(330,828)
Adjustments:			
Amortization	15,577		(3,312)
Accrual to cash basis items	(61,453)		218,659
Non-deductible stock compensation	351		9,224
Start up costs	-		16,346
Non-deductible meals	1,470		1,396
Bad debts	16,062		-
Charitable contributions	648		-
Tax loss for the year	\$ (667,613)	\$	(88,515)
Estimated effective tax rate	35%		35%
Deferred tax asset	\$ (233,665)	\$	(30,980)

The income tax benefit differs from the amount computed by applying the statutory federal and state

For the twelve months ended April 30, 2017 and 2016

income tax rates to the loss before income taxes. The sources and tax effects of the differences are as follows:

For the twelve months ended April 30,

	-	2017		2016
Deferred tax asset	\$	(233,665)	\$	(30,980)
Valuation allowance		233,665		30,980
Current taxes payable		-		-
Income tax expense	\$	-	 \$	-

As of April 30, 2017, the Company has a net operating loss carryforward of approximately \$756,128 to reduce future federal taxable income which begins to expire in the year 2035. The Company currently has no federal or state tax examinations in progress, nor has it had any federal or state examinations since its inception. With limited exception, all of the Company's open tax years beginning in tax year 2014 are subject to federal and state tax examinations.

### Note 10 - Stockholders' Equity

The Company is authorized to issue up to 10,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001. During the year ended April 30, 2016 the Company:

- Authorized the issuance of 3,200,000 shares, valued at \$3,200, to the Founder and Chief Executive Officer Frank DeGeorge as compensation for services and bonus
- Authorized the issuance of 2,200,000 shares, valued at \$2,200, to the Co-Founder and Chief Operating Officer Scott Hansbury as compensation for services and bonus
- Authorized the issuance of 2,200,000 shares, valued at \$2,200 to Nick DeGeorge Head of Customer Success as compensation for services and bonus
- Issued a total of 1,624,000 shares to various individuals and companies, valued at \$1,624, in payment for services previously rendered.

During the year ended April 30, 2017 the Company:

Issued 351,000 shares to various individuals, valued at \$351, in payment of services performed.

### Note 11 – Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through August 29, 2017, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued, and has not identified any events that would be required for disclosure.