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# Form C

Every company that conducts a Regulation Crowdfunding offering must first submit a Form C to the Securities and Exchange Commission. Wefunder has helped you generate this draft of a Form C based on information you have provided, which we've done solely as a convenience.

Because this is an official regulatory filing and you will have liability under the Securities Act of 1933 with respect to any misstatements or omissions, we strongly recommend that you have your lawyer review your Form C before having us file it on your behalf.

## Cover Page

Name of issuer:

TAXA Biotechnologies Inc

Legal status of issuer:

Form: Corporation

Jurisdiction of Incorporation/Organization: DE

Date of organization: 3/8/2012

Physical address of issuer:

665 3rd Street  
Ste 230  
San Francisco CA 94107

WEBSITE OF ISSUER:

<http://www.taxa.com>

Name of intermediary through which the offering will be conducted:

Wefunder Portal LLC

CIK number of intermediary:

0001670254

SEC file number of intermediary:

007-00033

CRD number, if applicable, of intermediary:

283503

Amount of compensation to be paid to the intermediary, whether as a dollar amount or a percentage of the offering amount, or a good faith estimate if the exact amount is not available at the time of the filing, for conducting the offering, including the amount of referral and any other fees associated with the offering:

3.0% of the offering amount upon a successful fundraise.

Any other direct or indirect interest in the issuer held by the intermediary, or any arrangement for the intermediary to acquire such an interest:

No

Type of security offered:

- Common Stock
- Preferred Stock
- Debt
- Other

If Other, describe the security offered:

Simple Agreement for Future Equity (SAFE)

Target number of securities to be offered:

400,000

Price:

\$1.00

Method for determining price:

Pro-rated portion of the total principal value of \$400,000; interests will be sold in increments of \$1; each investment is convertible to one share of stock as described under Item 13.

Target offering amount:

\$400,000.00

Oversubscriptions accepted:

- Yes  
 No

If yes, disclose how oversubscriptions will be allocated:

- Pro-rata basis  
 First-come, first-served basis  
 Other

If other, describe how oversubscriptions will be allocated:

As determined by the issuer

Maximum offering amount (if different from target offering amount):

\$1,000,000.00

Deadline to reach the target offering amount:

11/12/2016 <sup>1</sup>

**NOTE: If the sum of the investment commitments does not equal or exceed the target offering amount at the offering deadline, no securities will be sold in the offering, investment commitments will be cancelled and committed funds will be returned.**

<sup>1</sup> Deadline will be adjusted to be 180 days from when filed with SEC.

Current number of employees:

3

	Most recent fiscal year-end:	Prior fiscal year-end:
Total Assets:	\$230,909.00	\$441,532.00
Cash & Cash Equivalents:	\$193,376.00	\$432,140.00
Accounts Receivable:	(\$1,097.00)	\$0.00
Short-term Debt:	\$589,120.00	\$569,251.00
Long-term Debt:	\$230,909.00	\$441,532.00
Revenues/Sales:	\$5,694.00	\$1,115.00
Cost of Goods Sold:	\$0.00	\$0.00

Taxes Paid:	\$0.00	\$0.00
Net Income:	(\$298,573.00)	(\$361,237.00)

Select the jurisdictions in which the issuer intends to offer the securities:

AL, AK, AZ, AR, CA, CO, CT, DE, DC, FL, GA, HI, ID, IL, IN, IA, KS, KY, LA, ME, MD, MA, MI, MN, MS, MO, MT, NE, NV, NH, NJ, NM, NY, NC, ND, OH, OK, OR, PA, RI, SC, SD, TN, TX, UT, VT, VA, WA, WV, WI, WY, B5, GU, PR, VI, 1V

## Offering Statement

Respond to each question in each paragraph of this part. Set forth each question and any notes, but not any instructions thereto, in their entirety. If disclosure in response to any question is responsive to one or more other questions, it is not necessary to repeat the disclosure. If a question or series of questions is inapplicable or the response is available elsewhere in the Form, either state that it is inapplicable, include a cross-reference to the responsive disclosure, or omit the question or series of questions.

Be very careful and precise in answering all questions. Give full and complete answers so that they are not misleading under the circumstances involved. Do not discuss any future performance or other anticipated event unless you have a reasonable basis to believe that it will actually occur within the foreseeable future. If any answer requiring significant information is materially inaccurate, incomplete or misleading, the Company, its management and principal shareholders may be liable to investors based on that information.

### THE COMPANY

1. Name of issuer:

TAXA Biotechnologies Inc

### COMPANY ELIGIBILITY

2.  Check this box to certify that all of the following statements are true for the issuer.

- Organized under, and subject to, the laws of a State or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia.

- Not subject to the requirement to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- Not an investment company registered or required to be registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
- Not ineligible to rely on this exemption under Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act as a result of a disqualification specified in Rule 503(a) of Regulation Crowdfunding.
- Has filed with the Commission and provided to investors, to the extent required, the ongoing annual reports required by Regulation Crowdfunding during the two years immediately preceding the filing of this offering statement (or for such shorter period that the issuer was required to file such reports).
- Not a development stage company that (a) has no specific business plan or (b) has indicated that its business plan is to engage in a merger or acquisition with an unidentified company or companies.

**INSTRUCTION TO QUESTION 2: If any of these statements are not true, then you are NOT eligible to rely on this exemption under Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act.**

3. Has the issuer or any of its predecessors previously failed to comply with the ongoing reporting requirements of Rule 202 of Regulation Crowdfunding?  Yes  No

## DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY

4. Provide the following information about each director (and any persons occupying a similar status or performing a similar function) of the issuer.

Director	Principal Occupation	Main Employer	Year Joined as Director
Antony Evans	CEO	TAXA Biotechnologies	2012

For three years of business experience, refer to [Appendix D: Director & Officer Work History](#).

## OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY

5. Provide the following information about each officer (and any persons occupying a similar status or performing a similar function) of the issuer.

Officer	Positions Held	Year Joined
Antony Evans	CEO	2012

For three years of business experience, refer to [Appendix D: Director & Officer Work History](#).

*INSTRUCTION TO QUESTION 5: For purposes of this Question 5, the term officer means a president, vice president, secretary, treasurer or principal financial officer, comptroller or principal accounting officer, and Any person routinely performing similar functions.*

## PRINCIPAL SECURITY HOLDERS

6. Provide the name and ownership level of each person, as of the most recent practicable date, who is the beneficial owner of 20 percent or more of the issuer's outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power.

Name of Holder	No. and Class of Securities Now Held	% of Voting Power Prior to Offering
Antony Evans	5,238,563 Common Shares	74.7

*INSTRUCTION TO QUESTION 6: The above information must be provided as of a date that is no more than 120 days prior to the date of filing of this offering statement.*

*To calculate total voting power, include all securities for which the person directly or indirectly has or shares the voting power, which includes the power to vote or to direct the voting of such securities. If the person has the right to acquire voting power of such securities within 60 days, including through the exercise of any option, warrant or right, the conversion of a security, or other arrangement, or if securities are held by a member of the family, through corporations or partnerships, or otherwise in a manner that would allow a person to direct or control the voting of the securities (or share in such direction or control – as, for example, a co-trustee) they should be included as being “beneficially owned.” You should include an explanation of these circumstances in a footnote to the “Number of and Class of Securities Now Held.” To calculate outstanding voting equity securities, assume all outstanding options are exercised and all outstanding convertible securities converted.*

## BUSINESS AND ANTICIPATED BUSINESS PLAN

7. Describe in detail the business of the issuer and the anticipated business plan of the issuer.

For a description of our business and our business plan, please refer to the attached [Appendix A, Business Description & Plan](#)

*INSTRUCTION TO QUESTION 7: Wefunder will provide your company's Wefunder profile as an appendix (Appendix A) to the Form C in PDF format. The submission will include all Q&A items and “read more” links in an un-collapsed format. All videos will be transcribed.*

*This means that any information provided in your Wefunder profile will be provided to the SEC in response to this question. As a result, your company will be potentially liable for misstatements and omissions in your profile under the Securities Act of 1933, which requires you to provide material information related to your business and anticipated business plan. Please review your Wefunder profile carefully to ensure it provides all material information, is not false or misleading, and does not omit any information that would cause the information included to be false or misleading.*

## RISK FACTORS

**A crowdfunding investment involves risk. You should not invest any funds in this offering unless you can afford to lose your entire investment.**

**In making an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of the issuer and the terms of the offering, including the merits and risks involved. These securities have not been recommended or approved by any federal or state securities commission or regulatory authority. Furthermore, these authorities have not passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document.**

**The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission does not pass upon the merits of any securities offered or the terms of the offering, nor does it pass upon the accuracy or completeness of any offering document or literature.**

**These securities are offered under an exemption from registration; however, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission has not made an independent determination that these securities are exempt from registration.**

8. Discuss the material factors that make an investment in the issuer speculative or risky:

The company is dependent upon the retention and addition of high quality employees.

Taxa is dependent upon the continued support and involvement of key management, technical, and scientific personnel. Taxa's success and ability to compete is dependent on its continuing ability to identify, attract, hire, train, retain and motivate highly qualified employees with knowledge of the businesses in which Taxa operates. If any of Taxa's key personnel were to cease their employment with Taxa, Taxa's business may be adversely affected.

The company's operations could be adversely affected by regulatory change. Changes to Government regulation may reduce the volumes and or values of the products that the company seeks to sell.

Taxa's business is dependent on the company's ability to sell plants without going through regulatory review. Adverse regulatory change to this would negatively impact our business, prospects, results of operations and financial condition.

The development of new products is a complex and lengthy process and may not be completed within anticipated timeframes.

Taxa's future results of operations depend, to a significant extent, on its ability to develop, manufacture and successfully commercialize new products in a timely manner. The development process is both time consuming and costly and involves a high degree of business risk. For example, Taxa may:

Fail to develop products that are sufficiently exciting to the consumer market.

Fail to develop products that meet desired product characteristics

Taxa is dependent on consumer demand for its products.

Taxa is dependent on demand for the products it manufactures for its customers and has no control or influence over the market demand for its customers'

and has no control or influence over the market demand for its customers' products. Demand for its customers' products can be adversely affected by, among other things, consumer tastes, the emergence of competing products, Government regulation, and reputational issues. If the products Taxa develops do not gain market acceptance, its revenues and profitability will be adversely affected.

Taxa's future revenues are dependent upon successful development of products.

While biology is becoming easier to engineer, it is still really challenging, and takes a long time. Due to the novelty of our research we regularly encounter unanticipated problems and can reasonably expect to encounter further unanticipated challenges again in the future. The development of the Glowing Plant is behind its original schedule and remains too dim for broad market acceptance. There is a chance we are never able to overcome all the issues and create a viable Glowing Plant that the market will accept. As our products are new to the market, there is a risk that consumers may not seek to purchase them. Failure to develop products of a sufficient quality may impact adversely the company's business, prospects, results of operations and financial condition.

#### Net Losses and Negative Cash Flow

Taxa has recorded net losses in prior years as it has looked to develop its products. While Taxa expects to generate increasing revenues from its products and in the future from it's the company may not be able to generate a net profit, or if it does generate a net profit, to sustain profitability. The company has invested in its facility, processed and development of products and has required financing to support its operating and investing activities. The company may not generate operating cash flow or may be required to make significant additional investments in its business, either of which could have a Material Adverse Effect.

The company operates in a sector where other participants create competition.

The company operates in a market that is growing and will attract competition. Competition is driven by proprietary technologies and knowhow, capabilities, consistency of operational performance, quality, price, value, alternative therapies, and speed. Some competitors may have greater financial, research and development, operational and marketing resources than Taxa and be able to bring competing products to market. Greater financial, research and development, operational and marketing resources and experience may allow Taxa's competitors to respond more quickly with new, alternative or emerging technologies.

#### Insufficient Liquidity

In the past, Taxa has obtained the cash required for its operations primarily through funding from Kickstarter, Y Combinator and Collaborative Research Agreements. As at May 12th, 2016, prior to the Offering, Taxa has limited liquidity available to fund its business. Following the Offering, Taxa may require additional funding for the development and commercialization of its products and to keep pace with the expected business growth. While Taxa may consider funding its

business in future through a combination of debt and equity financing, there can be no assurance that such additional financing will be obtained.

#### Trade Marks

Taxa will seek to own trade-marks that identify its processes and products. Although Taxa monitors the possible infringement or misuse of its trademarks, it is possible that third parties may infringe upon its intellectual property rights. Any unauthorized use of Taxa's trademarks could harm its reputation or commercial interests. In addition, Taxa's enforcement against third-party infringers may be unduly expensive or time-consuming, or the outcome may be an inadequate remedy.

#### Trade Secrets

Taxa also relies on trade secrets, including unpatented know-how, technology and other proprietary information, to maintain its competitive position. Taxa seeks to protect these trade secrets, in part, by entering into non-disclosure and confidentiality agreements with parties who have access to them, such as Taxa's employees, corporate collaborators, outside scientific collaborators, consultants, advisors and other third parties. Despite these efforts, any of these parties may breach the agreements and disclose Taxa's proprietary information, including its trade secrets, and it may not be able to obtain adequate remedies for such breaches. Enforcing a claim that a party illegally disclosed or misappropriated a trade secret is difficult, expensive and time-consuming, and the outcome is unpredictable. If any of Taxa's trade secrets were to be lawfully obtained or independently developed by a competitor, it would have no right to prevent such competitor from using that technology or information to compete with Taxa, which could harm Taxa's competitive position.

#### Regulatory Compliance

Some of Taxa's products exist in areas where, due to novelty, there are no legal precedents for interpreting regulations. As a result Taxa may misinterpret regulations which could result in financial or operational penalties.

#### Investment of net proceeds after the offering

Taxa will have significant flexibility in applying the net proceeds of the Offering. Investors in Taxa will not have an opportunity to evaluate for themselves the relevant economic, financial and other information regarding any investment or business activity undertaken by Taxa after the Offering. Taxa may pay operating and other expenses from the net proceeds of this Offering. The Corporation's ability to achieve its investment objectives may be limited to the extent that net proceeds of the Offering, pending full investment, are used to pay expenses rather than to make investments. Furthermore, no assurance can be given that Taxa will be successful in investing the net proceeds of the Offering in investments or activities that will achieve its business objectives. An investment in the Company is speculative and may result in the loss of an investor's entire investment. Only potential investors who can afford to lose their entire investment

should consider an investment in the Company.

*INSTRUCTION TO QUESTION 8: Avoid generalized statements and include only those factors that are unique to the issuer. Discussion should be tailored to the issuer's business and the offering and should not repeat the factors addressed in the legends set forth above. No specific number of risk factors is required to be identified.*

## The Offering

### USE OF FUNDS

9. What is the purpose of this offering?

The purpose of this offering is to raise funds for our general business operations, as described in the "use of proceeds" section below.

10. How does the issuer intend to use the proceeds of this offering?

If we raise: **\$400,000**

Use of Proceeds: This will allow us to continue R&D required to bring our first two products to market, the glowing plant and fragrant moss. The glowing plant requires work to improve the luminosity and implementation of a new method for doing selection following biolistic transformation with such a large construct. The fragrant moss requires industrial design work to make a high-end planter to grow the moss in peoples homes and requires investment in manufacturing to produce large volumes of the moss for sale. Both products will require investment in marketing, branding and packaging. We will also continue working on other products licensed under collaborative research agreements.

If we raise: **\$1,000,000**

Use of Proceeds: This will allow us to do all of the above activities plus invest in robotics to automate more of our platform as well as hire a business development partner to sign more collaborative research partnerships. With this level of funding we will also commence creation of additional flavors of the fragrant moss.

*INSTRUCTION TO QUESTION 10: An issuer must provide a reasonably detailed description of any intended use of proceeds, such that investors are provided with an adequate amount of information to understand how the offering proceeds will be used. If an issuer has identified a range of possible uses, the issuer should identify and describe each probable use and the factors the issuer may consider in allocating proceeds among the potential uses. If the issuer will accept proceeds in excess of the target offering amount, the issuer must describe the purpose, method for allocating*

*oversubscriptions, and intended use of the excess proceeds with similar specificity. Please include all potential uses of the proceeds of the offering, including any that may apply only in the case of oversubscriptions. If you do not do so, you may later be required to amend your Form C. Wefunder is not responsible for any failure by you to describe a potential use of offering proceeds.*

## DELIVERY & CANCELLATIONS

11. How will the issuer complete the transaction and deliver securities to the investors?

The following describes how process to invest in the Company, including how the Company will complete an Investor's transaction and deliver securities to the investor.

1. Investor Commitment. The Investor will submit, through Wefunder Portal, a requested investment amount. When doing so, the Investor will also execute an investment contract with the Company ("Investment Agreement"), using the Investor's electronic signature.
2. Acceptance of the Investment. If the Investor Agreement is complete, the Investor will typically be automatically accepted for an investment in the Company within a few minutes. At this point, the Investor will be emailed a pdf version of the Investment Agreement signed by the Investor and the Company, as well as a confirmation of the commitment. This information will also be available on the Investor's "My Investments" screen on the [wefunder.com](http://wefunder.com) website.
3. Investor Transfer of Funds. Upon receiving confirmation that an investment has been accepted, the Investor will be responsible for transferring funds from a source that is accepted by Wefunder Portal into an escrow account held with a third party bank on behalf of issuers offering securities through Wefunder Portal.
4. Progress of the Offering. The Investor will receive periodic email updates on the progress of the offering, including total amounts raised at any given time, and will be notified by email and through the "My Investments" screen when the target offering amount is met.
5. Closing: Original Deadline. Unless we meet the target offering amount early, Investor funds will be transferred from the escrow account to the Company on the deadline date identified in the Cover Page to this Form C and the Company's Wefunder Portal Profile.
6. Early Closings. If the target offering amount is met prior to the original deadline date, we may close the offering earlier, but no less than 21 days after the date on which information about the Company, including this Form C, is posted on our Wefunder Portal Profile. We will reschedule the offering deadline, and at least five days prior to the new deadline, investors will receive notice of it by email and through the "My Investments" screen. At the time of the new deadline, your funds will be transferred to the Company from the escrow account, provided that the target offering amount is still met after any cancellations.
7. Book Entry. All investments will be in book entry form. This means that the Investor will not receive a certificate representing his or her investment. Each investment will be recorded in our books and records and will be recorded in each Investors' "My Investments" screen. The Investor will also be emailed the Investment Agreement again. The Investment Agreement will also be available on the "My Investments" screen.

12. How can an investor cancel an investment commitment?

**NOTE: Investors may cancel an investment commitment until 48 hours prior to the deadline identified in these offering materials.**

The intermediary will notify investors when the target offering amount has been met. If the issuer reaches the target offering amount prior to the deadline identified in the offering materials, it may close the offering early if it provides notice about the new offering deadline at least five business days prior to such new offering deadline (absent a material change that would require an extension of the offering and reconfirmation of the investment commitment).

If an investor does not cancel an investment commitment before the 48-hour period prior to the offering deadline, the funds will be released to the issuer upon closing of the offering and the investor will receive securities in exchange for his or her investment.

If an investor does not reconfirm his or her investment commitment after a material change is made to the offering, the investor's investment commitment will be cancelled and the committed funds will be returned.

**An Investor's right to cancel.** An Investor may cancel his or her investment commitment at any time until 48 hours prior to the offering deadline.

If there is a material change to the terms of the offering or the information provided to the Investor about the offering and/or the Company, the Investor will be provided notice of the change and must re-confirm his or her investment commitment within five business days of receipt of the notice. If the Investor does not reconfirm, he or she will receive notifications disclosing that the commitment was cancelled, the reason for the cancellation, and the refund amount that the investor is required to receive. If a material change occurs within five business days of the maximum number of days the offering is to remain open, the offering will be extended to allow for a period of five business days for the investor to reconfirm.

If the Investor cancels his or her investment commitment during the period when cancellation is permissible, or does not reconfirm a commitment in the case of a material change to the investment, or the offering does not close, all of the Investor's funds will be returned within five business days.

Within five business days of cancellation of an offering by the Company, the Company will give each investor notification of the cancellation, disclose the reason for the cancellation, identify the refund amount the Investor will receive, and refund the Investor's funds.

**The Company's right to cancel.** The Investment Agreement you will execute with

**us provides the Company the right to cancel for any reason before the offering deadline.**

**If the sum of the investment commitments from all investors does not equal or exceed the target offering amount at the time of the offering deadline, no securities will be sold in the offering, investment commitments will be cancelled and committed funds will be returned.**

**In addition, we may cap at 480 the total number of investors who will be allowed to invest through the offering that are not “accredited investors,” as defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D under the Securities Act of 1933. In the event that more than 480 non-accredited investors are initially accepted into an offering in step (2) described in Question 11, the Company may cancel investments based on the order in which payments by Investors were received, or other criteria at the discretion of the Company, before the offering deadline.**

## Ownership and Capital Structure

### THE OFFERING

13. Describe the terms of the securities being offered.

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remaining amounts will be paid in **common stock**. In this scenario, the amounts payable to SAFE Investors may be reduced under certain circumstances, such that Investors may not recoup part or all of their investment from the Company.

*Termination of the Company*. If the Company ceases operations, liquidates, dissolves, winds up or has its assets assigned to creditors prior to an issuance of securities involving **Preferred Stock**, the Company will pay first the other holders of existing **Preferred Stock**, based on the terms of the Company's certificate of incorporation, and then holders of the SAFEs. These payments will occur before any distributions to holders of common stock. If there are not sufficient Company assets to pay holders of the SAFEs the amount of their investments, as determined by the Company's board of directors, payments will be made on a pro-rata basis. In this case, Investors may not recoup part or all of their investment from the Company.

*Repurchases*. The SAFEs may be repurchased for their fair market value at any time. Fair value will be determined by an independent appraiser chosen by the Company. If, within three months after a repurchase, the Company offers equity that includes **Preferred Stock**, and the value received by Investors was less than the value of the shares they would have received in the equity offering, the Company will pay Investors the difference.

*Terms of the SAFE notes*. The SAFE notes require investors to grant an irrevocable proxy and power of attorney to the CEO or lead investor that would allow for the change of the terms of the issued notes without investor approval. The purpose of these terms are to allow TAXA to modify the notes in future in order to delay becoming an SEC reporting company if and when the company has more than \$25MM in assets.

14. Do the securities offered have voting rights?

- Yes  
 No

15. Are there any limitations on any voting or other rights identified above?

- Yes: No Voting Rights  
 No

16. How may the terms of the securities being offered be modified?

Investors in SAFEs do not have voting rights (unless they invest over **\$25,000** and are accredited investors) and cannot modify the terms of the SAFEs. Investors in the Company's other securities or investors in SAFEs that invest over **\$25,000** and are accredited investors do have voting rights and may be able to modify the terms of the SAFEs.

The SAFE may be amended only upon the written consent of the Company and either (i) the "Designated Lead Investor" or (ii) the holders of a majority of interest. However, the Valuation Cap may not be amended by the Designated Lead Investor, and may only be amended upon the written consent of the Company and the holders of a majority of interest.

**RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFER OF THE SECURITIES BEING OFFERED:**

The securities being offered may not be transferred by any purchaser of such securities during the oneyear period beginning when the securities were issued, unless such securities are transferred:

1. to the issuer;
2. to an accredited investor;
3. as part of an offering registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission; or
4. to a member of the family of the purchaser or the equivalent, to a trust controlled by the purchaser, to a trust created for the benefit of a member of the family of the purchaser or the equivalent, or in connection with the death or divorce of the purchaser or other similar circumstance.

**NOTE: The term “accredited investor” means any person who comes within any of the categories set forth in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D, or who the seller reasonably believes comes within any of such categories, at the time of the sale of the securities to that person.**

**The term “member of the family of the purchaser or the equivalent” includes a child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, spouse or spousal equivalent, sibling, mother-in-law, father-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law of the purchaser, and includes adoptive relationships. The term “spousal equivalent” means a cohabitant occupying a relationship generally equivalent to that of a spouse.**

**DESCRIPTION OF ISSUER’S SECURITIES**

17. What other securities or classes of securities of the issuer are outstanding? Describe the material terms of any other outstanding securities or classes of securities of the issuer.

Class of Security	Securities (or Amount) Authorized	Securities (or Amount) Outstanding	Voting Rights	Other Rights
<b>Preferred Stock</b> <small>(list each class in order of preference):</small>				
_____	_____	_____	Choose ▾	No ▾
<b>Common Stock</b>	20,000,000	5,657,745	Yes ▾	No ▾
<b>Debt Securities</b>	_____	_____	Choose ▾	No ▾
<b>Other</b>	_____	_____	Choose ▾	No ▾
_____	_____	_____	Choose ▾	No ▾

Class of Security	Securities Reserved for Issuance upon Exercise or Conversion
Warrants:	0
_____	_____

Options:	800,630
Other Rights:	
SAFE	423,000

18. How may the rights of the securities being offered be materially limited, diluted or qualified by the rights of any other class of security identified above?

Because the Investor holds no voting rights, the holders of a majority-in-interest of voting rights in the Company could limit the Investor's rights in a material way. For example, those interest holders could vote to change the terms of the agreements governing the Company's operations or cause the Company to engage in additional offerings (including potentially a public offering).

These changes could result in further limitations on the voting rights the Investor will have as an owner of equity in the Company, for example by diluting those rights or limiting them to certain types of events or consents.

To the extent applicable, in cases where the rights of holders of convertible debt, SAFES, or other outstanding options or warrants are exercised, or if new awards are granted under our equity compensation plans, an Investor's interests in the Company may be diluted. This means that the pro-rata portion of the Company represented by the Investor's securities will decrease, which could also diminish the Investor's voting and/or economic rights. In addition, as discussed above, if a majority-in-interest of holders of securities with voting rights cause the Company to issue additional equity, an Investor's interest will typically also be diluted.

Based on the risk that an Investor's rights could be limited, diluted or otherwise qualified, the Investor could lose all or part of his or her investment in the securities in this offering, and may never see positive returns.

Additional risks related to the rights of other security holders are discussed below, in Question 20.

19. Are there any differences not reflected above between the securities being offered and each other class of security of the issuer?

Unlike the SAFEs, which only provide voting rights to those that invest over **\$25,000** and are accredited investors, the **common stock** issued by the company provides all **common stock** investors with voting rights and an immediate equity interest in the company.

Unlike the SAFEs, which only provide voting rights to those that invest over **\$25,000** and are accredited investors, the **preferred stock** issued by the company may provide investors with voting rights and an immediate equity interest in the company.

Unlike the SAFEs, the debt issued by the company does not provide investors with a present or future equity interest in the company, but does provide an interest in the company that is senior in priority (in terms of being repaid) to that held by investors in the SAFEs.

20. How could the exercise of rights held by the principal shareholders identified in Question 6 above affect the purchasers of the securities being offered?

As holders of a majority-in-interest of voting rights in the Company, **the shareholder(s)** may make decisions with which the Investor disagrees, or that negatively affect the value of the Investor's securities in the Company, and the Investor will have no recourse to change these decisions. The Investor's interests may conflict with those of other investors, and there is no guarantee that the Company will develop in a way that is optimal for or advantageous to the Investor.

For example, **the shareholder(s)** may change the terms of the operating agreement for the company, change the terms of securities issued by the Company, change the management of the Company, and even force out minority holders of securities. **The shareholder(s)** may make changes that affect the tax treatment of the Company in ways that are unfavorable to you but favorable to them. They may also vote to engage in new offerings and/or to register certain of the Company's securities in a way that negatively affects the value of the securities the Investor owns. Other holders of securities of the Company may also have access to more information than the Investor, leaving the Investor at a disadvantage with respect to any decisions regarding the securities he or she owns.

**The shareholder(s)** have the right to redeem their securities at any time. **Shareholder(s)** could decide to force the Company to redeem their **securities** at a time that is not favorable to the Investor and is damaging to the Company. Investors' exit may affect the value of the Company and/or its viability.

To the extent applicable, in cases where the rights of holders of convertible debt, SAFES, or other outstanding options or warrants are exercised, or if new awards are granted under our equity compensation plans, an Investor's interests in the Company may be diluted. This means that the pro-rata portion of the Company represented by the Investor's securities will decrease, which could also diminish the Investor's voting and/or economic rights. In addition, as discussed above, if a majority-in-interest of holders of securities with voting rights cause the Company to issue additional securities, an Investor's interest will typically also be diluted.

Based on the risks described above, the Investor could lose all or part of his or her investment in the securities in this offering, and may never see positive returns.

21. How are the securities being offered being valued? Include examples of methods for how such securities may be valued by the issuer in the future, including during subsequent corporate actions.

The initial amount invested in a SAFE is determined by the investor, and we do not guarantee that the SAFE will be converted into any particular number of **shares of Preferred Stock**. As discussed in Question 13, when we engage in an offering of equity interests involving **Preferred Stock**, Investors may receive a number of shares of **Preferred Stock** calculated as either (i) the total value of the Investor's investment, divided by the price of the **Preferred Stock** being issued to new Investors, or (ii) if the valuation for the company is more than **\$7 million**, the amount invested divided by the quotient of (a) the Valuation Cap ( **\$7 million**)

divided by (b) the total amount of the Company's capitalization at that time.

Because there will likely be no public market for our securities prior to an initial public offering or similar liquidity event, the price of the **Preferred Shares** that Investors will receive, and/or the total value of the Company's capitalization, will be determined by our **board of directors**. Among the factors we may consider in determining the price of **Preferred Shares** are prevailing market conditions, our financial information, market valuations of other companies that we believe to be comparable to us, estimates of our business potential, the present state of our development and other factors deemed relevant.

In the future, we will perform valuations of our **stock (including both common stock and Preferred Stock )** that take into account, as applicable, factors such as the following:

- unrelated third party valuations;
- the price at which we sell other securities in light of the relative rights, preferences and privileges of those securities;
- our results of operations, financial position and capital resources;
- current business conditions and projections;
- the marketability or lack thereof of the securities;
- the hiring of key personnel and the experience of our management;
- the introduction of new products;
- the risk inherent in the development and expansion of our products;
- our stage of development and material risks related to our business;
- the likelihood of achieving a liquidity event, such as an initial public offering or a sale of our company given the prevailing market conditions and the nature and history of our business;
- industry trends and competitive environment;
- trends in consumer spending, including consumer confidence;
- overall economic indicators, including gross domestic product, employment, inflation and interest rates; and
- the general economic outlook.

We will analyze factors such as those described above using a combination of financial and market-based methodologies to determine our business enterprise value. For example, we may use methodologies that assume that businesses operating in the same industry will share similar characteristics and that the Company's value will correlate to those characteristics, and/or methodologies that compare transactions in similar securities issued by us that were conducted in the market.

22. What are the risks to purchasers of the securities relating to minority ownership in the issuer?

An Investor in the Company will likely hold a minority position in the Company, and thus be limited as to its ability to control or influence the governance and operations of the Company.

The marketability and value of the Investor's interest in the Company will depend upon many factors outside the control of the Investor. The Company will be managed by its officers and be governed in accordance with the strategic direction and decision-making of its Board of Directors, and the Investor will have no independent right to name or remove an officer or member of the Board of Directors of the Company.

Following the Investor's investment in the Company, the Company may sell interests to additional investors, which will dilute the percentage interest of the Investor in the Company. The Investor may have the opportunity to increase its investment in the Company in such a transaction, but such opportunity cannot be assured.

The amount of additional financing needed by the Company, if any, will depend upon the maturity and objectives of the Company. The declining of an opportunity or the inability of the Investor to make a follow-on investment, or the lack of an opportunity to make such a follow-on investment, may result in substantial dilution of the Investor's interest in the Company.

23. What are the risks to purchasers associated with corporate actions, including additional issuances of securities, issuer repurchases of securities, a sale of the issuer or of assets of the issuer or transactions with related parties?

Additional issuances of securities. Following the Investor's investment in the Company, the Company may sell interests to additional investors, which will dilute the percentage interest of the Investor in the Company. The Investor may have the opportunity to increase its investment in the Company in such a transaction, but such opportunity cannot be assured. The amount of additional financing needed by the Company, if any, will depend upon the maturity and objectives of the Company. The declining of an opportunity or the inability of the Investor to make a follow-on investment, or the lack of an opportunity to make such a follow-on investment, may result in substantial dilution of the Investor's interest in the Company.

Issuer repurchases of securities. The Company may have authority to repurchase its securities from shareholders, which may serve to decrease any liquidity in the market for such securities, decrease the percentage interests held by other similarly situated investors to the Investor, and create pressure on the Investor to sell its securities to the Company concurrently.

A sale of the issuer or of assets of the issuer. As a minority owner of the Company, the Investor will have limited or no ability to influence a potential sale of the Company or a substantial portion of its assets. Thus, the Investor will rely upon

the executive management of the Company and the Board of Directors of the Company to manage the Company so as to maximize value for shareholders. Accordingly, the success of the Investor's investment in the Company will depend in large part upon the skill and expertise of the executive management of the Company and the Board of Directors of the Company. If the Board of Directors of the Company authorizes a sale of all or a part of the Company, or a disposition of a substantial portion of the Company's assets, there can be no guarantee that the value received by the Investor, together with the fair market estimate of the value remaining in the Company, will be equal to or exceed the value of the Investor's initial investment in the Company.

Transactions with related parties. The Investor should be aware that there will be occasions when the Company may encounter potential conflicts of interest in its operations. On any issue involving conflicts of interest, the executive management and Board of Directors of the Company will be guided by their good faith judgement as to the Company's best interests. The Company may engage in transactions with affiliates, subsidiaries or other related parties, which may be on terms which are not arm's-length, but will be in all cases consistent with the duties of the management of the Company to its shareholders. By acquiring an interest in the Company, the Investor will be deemed to have acknowledged the existence of any such actual or potential conflicts of interest and to have waived any claim with respect to any liability arising from the existence of any such conflict of interest.

24. Describe the material terms of any indebtedness of the issuer:

*INSTRUCTION TO QUESTION 24: name the creditor, amount owed, interest rate, maturity date, and any other material terms.*

25. What other exempt offerings has the issuer conducted within the past three years?

<b>Offering Date</b>	<b>Exemption</b>	<b>Security Type</b>	<b>Amount Sold</b>	<b>Use of Proceeds</b>
4/2014	Regulation D, Rule 506(b)	Y Combinator	\$120,000	General operations
12/2014	Regulation D, Rule 506(b)	SAFE	\$323,000	General operations

26. Was or is the issuer or any entities controlled by or under common control with the issuer a party to any transaction since the beginning of the issuer's last fiscal year, or any currently proposed transaction, where the amount involved exceeds five percent of the aggregate amount of capital raised by the issuer in reliance on Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act during the preceding 12- month period, including the amount the issuer seeks to raise in the current offering, in which any of the following persons had or is to have a direct or indirect material interest:

1. any director or officer of the issuer;
2. any person who is, as of the most recent practicable date, the beneficial owner of 20 percent or more of the issuer's outstanding voting equity securities, calculated on the basis of voting power;
3. if the issuer was incorporated or organized within the past three years, any promoter of the issuer;
4. or (4) any immediate family member of any of the foregoing persons.

Yes

No

For each transaction specify the person, relationship to issuer, nature of interest in transaction, and amount of interest.

From time to time the company received advances from its Chief Executive Officer for working capital. Such advances were considered short-term and incurred interest rates consistent with Internal Revenue Service minimum, which approximate 3%. In 2015 advances and accrued interest thereon of \$1,351 were repaid in full. Interest expense for related party advances was \$384 and \$383 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014.

*INSTRUCTIONS TO QUESTION 26: The term transaction includes, but is not limited to, any financial transaction, arrangement or relationship (including any indebtedness or guarantee of indebtedness) or any series of similar transactions, arrangements or relationships.*

*Beneficial ownership for purposes of paragraph (2) shall be determined as of a date that is no more than 120 days prior to the date of filing of this offering statement and using the same calculation described in Question 6 of this Question and Answer format.*

*The term "member of the family" includes any child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, spouse or spousal equivalent, sibling, mother-in-law, father-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law of the person, and includes adoptive relationships. The term "spousal equivalent" means a cohabitant occupying a relationship generally equivalent to that of a spouse.*

*Compute the amount of a related party's interest in any transaction without regard to the amount of the profit or loss involved in the transaction. Where it is not practicable to state the approximate amount of the interest, disclose the approximate amount involved in the transaction.*

## FINANCIAL CONDITION OF THE ISSUER

27. Does the issuer have an operating history?

Yes

No

28. Describe the financial condition of the issuer, including, to the extent material, liquidity, capital resources and historical results of operations.

We rely heavily on the pre-sale of our products, and debt and equity financing for working capital. As of December 31, 2015, we had negative working capital of approximately \$390,000 and will incur additional costs while developing our products before they are available for sale to the masses. In addition, we have incurred losses since Inception. These matters raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern if we cannot raise additional financing. Throughout 2016, the Company intends to fund its operations with funding from our Regulation Crowdfunding campaign, additional debt and/or equity financings, pre-sales of product and revenue from collaborative research agreements. If we cannot raise additional short term capital, we may consume all of our cash reserved for operations. There are no assurances that management will be able to raise capital on terms acceptable to the Company. If we are unable to obtain sufficient amounts of additional capital, we may be required to reduce the scope of our planned development, which could harm our business, financial condition and operating results. If we are successful at raising capital we expect to have sufficient funding for two years of operations which we hope should be sufficient to see the Company become cash-flow positive based on revenues from sale of its products to consumers.

*INSTRUCTIONS TO QUESTION 28: The discussion must cover each year for which financial statements are provided. For issuers with no prior operating history, the discussion should focus on financial milestones and operational, liquidity and other challenges. For issuers with an operating history, the discussion should focus on whether historical results and cash flows are representative of what investors should expect in the future. Take into account the proceeds of the offering and any other known or pending sources of capital. Discuss how the proceeds from the offering will affect liquidity, whether receiving these funds and any other additional funds is necessary to the viability of the business, and how quickly the issuer anticipates using its available cash. Describe the other available sources of capital to the business, such as lines of credit or required contributions by shareholders. References to the issuer in this Question 28 and these instructions refer to the issuer and its predecessors, if any.*

## FINANCIAL INFORMATION

29. Include financial statements covering the two most recently completed fiscal years or the period(s) since inception, if shorter:

Refer to [Appendix C, Financial Statements](#)

## STAKEHOLDER ELIGIBILITY

30. With respect to the issuer, any predecessor of the issuer, any affiliated issuer, any director,

officer, general partner or managing member of the issuer, any beneficial owner of 20 percent or more of the issuer's outstanding voting equity securities, any promoter connected with the issuer in any capacity at the time of such sale, any person that has been or will be paid (directly or indirectly) remuneration for solicitation of purchasers in connection with such sale of securities, or any general partner, director, officer or managing member of any such solicitor, prior to May 16, 2016:

(1) Has any such person been convicted, within 10 years (or five years, in the case of issuers, their predecessors and affiliated issuers) before the filing of this offering statement, of any felony or misdemeanor:

- i. in connection with the purchase or sale of any security?  Yes  No
- ii. involving the making of any false filing with the Commission?  Yes  No
- iii. arising out of the conduct of the business of an underwriter, broker, dealer, municipal securities dealer, investment adviser, funding portal or paid solicitor of purchasers of securities?  Yes  No

(2) Is any such person subject to any order, judgment or decree of any court of competent jurisdiction, entered within five years before the filing of the information required by Section 4A(b) of the Securities Act that, at the time of filing of this offering statement, restrains or enjoins such person from engaging or continuing to engage in any conduct or practice:

- i. in connection with the purchase or sale of any security?  Yes  No
- ii. involving the making of any false filing with the Commission?  Yes  No
- iii. arising out of the conduct of the business of an underwriter, broker, dealer, municipal securities dealer, investment adviser, funding portal or paid solicitor of purchasers of securities?  Yes  No

(3) Is any such person subject to a final order of a state securities commission (or an agency or officer of a state performing like functions); a state authority that supervises or examines banks, savings associations or credit unions; a state insurance commission (or an agency or officer of a state performing like functions); an appropriate federal banking agency; the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission; or the National Credit Union Administration that:

- i. at the time of the filing of this offering statement bars the person from:
  - A. association with an entity regulated by such commission, authority, agency or officer?  Yes  No
  - B. engaging in the business of securities, insurance or banking?  Yes  No
  - C. engaging in savings association or credit union activities?  Yes  No
- ii. constitutes a final order based on a violation of any law or regulation that prohibits fraudulent, manipulative or deceptive conduct and for which the order was entered within the 10-year period ending on the date of the filing of this offering statement?  Yes  No

(4) Is any such person subject to an order of the Commission entered pursuant to Section 15(b) or 15B(c) of the Exchange Act or Section 203(e) or (f) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 that, at the time of the filing of this offering statement:

- i. suspends or revokes such person's registration as a broker, dealer, municipal securities dealer, investment adviser or funding portal?  Yes  No
- ii. places limitations on the activities, functions or operations of such person?

Yes  No

iii. bars such person from being associated with any entity or from participating in the offering of any penny stock?  Yes  No

(5) Is any such person subject to any order of the Commission entered within five years before the filing of this offering statement that, at the time of the filing of this offering statement, orders the person to cease and desist from committing or causing a violation or future violation of:

i. any scienter-based anti-fraud provision of the federal securities laws, including without limitation Section 17(a)(1) of the Securities Act, Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act, Section 15(c)(1) of the Exchange Act and Section 206(1) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 or any other rule or regulation thereunder?  Yes  No

ii. Section 5 of the Securities Act?  Yes  No

(6) Is any such person suspended or expelled from membership in, or suspended or barred from association with a member of, a registered national securities exchange or a registered national or affiliated securities association for any act or omission to act constituting conduct inconsistent with just and equitable principles of trade?

Yes  No

(7) Has any such person filed (as a registrant or issuer), or was any such person or was any such person named as an underwriter in, any registration statement or Regulation A offering statement filed with the Commission that, within five years before the filing of this offering statement, was the subject of a refusal order, stop order, or order suspending the Regulation A exemption, or is any such person, at the time of such filing, the subject of an investigation or proceeding to determine whether a stop order or suspension order should be issued?

Yes  No

(8) Is any such person subject to a United States Postal Service false representation order entered within five years before the filing of the information required by Section 4A(b) of the Securities Act, or is any such person, at the time of filing of this offering statement, subject to a temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction with respect to conduct alleged by the United States Postal Service to constitute a scheme or device for obtaining money or property through the mail by means of false representations?

Yes  No

**If you would have answered "Yes" to any of these questions had the conviction, order, judgment, decree, suspension, expulsion or bar occurred or been issued after May 16, 2016, then you are NOT eligible to rely on this exemption under Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act.**

*INSTRUCTIONS TO QUESTION 30: Final order means a written directive or declaratory statement issued by a federal or state agency, described in Rule 503(a)(3) of Regulation Crowdfunding, under applicable statutory authority that provides for notice and an opportunity for hearing, which constitutes a final disposition or action by that federal or state agency.*

*No matters are required to be disclosed with respect to events relating to any affiliated issuer that*

occurred before the affiliation arose if the affiliated entity is not (i) in control of the issuer or (ii) under common control with the issuer by a third party that was in control of the affiliated entity at the time of such events.

## OTHER MATERIAL INFORMATION

31. In addition to the information expressly required to be included in this Form, include:

- (1) any other material information presented to investors; and
- (2) such further material information, if any, as may be necessary to make the required statements, in the light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading.

All information presented to investors hosted on Wefunder.com is available in [Appendix A: Business Description & Plan](#).

Photos of the Glowing Plant are long exposure photographs and don't represent how the human eye sees the plants

*INSTRUCTIONS TO QUESTION 30: If information is presented to investors in a format, media or other means not able to be reflected in text or portable document format, the issuer should include:*

- (a) a description of the material content of such information;*
- (b) a description of the format in which such disclosure is presented; and*
- (c) in the case of disclosure in video, audio or other dynamic media or format, a transcript or description of such disclosure.*

## ONGOING REPORTING

32. The issuer will file a report electronically with the Securities & Exchange Commission annually and post the report on its website, no later than:

120 days after the end of each fiscal year covered by the report.

33. Once posted, the annual report may be found on the issuer's website at:

<http://www.taxa.com/investors>

The issuer must continue to comply with the ongoing reporting requirements until:

1. the issuer is required to file reports under Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act;
2. the issuer has filed at least one annual report pursuant to Regulation Crowdfunding and has fewer than 200 holders of record and has total

- crowdfunding and has fewer than 500 holders of record and has total assets that do not exceed \$10,000,000;
3. the issuer has filed at least three annual reports pursuant to Regulation Crowdfunding;
  4. the issuer or another party repurchases all of the securities issued in reliance on Section 4(a)(6) of the Securities Act, including any payment in full of debt securities or any complete redemption of redeemable securities; or (5) the issuer liquidates or dissolves its business in accordance with state law.

## APPENDICES

[Appendix A: Business Description & Plan](#)

Appendix B: Investor Contracts

[SAFE \(Simple Agreement for Future Equity\)](#)

Appendix C: Financial Statements & Tax Returns

[Financials 1](#)

Appendix D: Director & Officer Work History

[Antony Evans](#)



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