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LIGHTNING MOTORS CORPORATION

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022 and 2021

# LIGHTNING MOTORS CORPORATION

## INDEX

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	<u>Page No.</u>
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT .....	1-2
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Balance Sheets .....	3
Statements of Operations .....	4
Statements of Shareholders' (Deficit) .....	5
Statements of Cash Flows .....	6
Notes to the Financial Statements .....	7 - 21



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of  
Lightning Motors Corporation

### ***Opinion***

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Lightning Motors Corporation (a Delaware corporation) (the Company) as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related statements of operations, shareholders' (deficit), and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Lightning Motors Corporation as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### ***Basis for Opinion***

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Lightning Motors Corporation and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### ***Substantial Doubt about the Company's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern***

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the Company's significant operating losses, negative cash flow from operations, and accumulated deficit raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's evaluation of the events and conditions and management's plans regarding those matters are also described in Note 2. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

### ***Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Lightning Motors Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

### *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements*

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lightning Motors Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Lightning Motors Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

*MyCPA, LLP*

Sherman Oaks, CA  
June 23, 2023

**LIGHTNING MOTORS CORPORATION**  
**BALANCE SHEETS**  
**December 31, 2022 and 2021**

<b>ASSETS</b>	<b>December 31, 2022</b>	<b>December 31, 2021</b>
<b>Current Assets</b>		
Cash	\$ 222,165	\$ 40,075
Inventory	2,562,785	2,582,692
Prepaid and other current assets	82,171	27,474
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>2,867,121</b>	<b>2,650,241</b>
Fixed assets, net	402,146	470,980
Right-of-use operating asset	23,717	70,689
Trademark	110,385	110,385
<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b>536,248</b>	<b>652,054</b>
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 3,403,369</b>	<b>\$ 3,302,295</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
<b>Current Liabilities</b>		
Accounts Payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 87,822	\$ 159,184
Customer deposits	96,980	99,480
Accrued interest	718,416	530,830
Related party promissory notes	946,500	1,036,500
Other promissory notes	100,000	100,000
Convertible notes, net	1,159,000	-
Paycheck protection program and SBA loans	19,132	11,823
Operating lease liability	23,717	46,972
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>3,151,567</b>	<b>1,984,789</b>
Convertible notes, net	1,100,000	1,259,000
Paycheck protection program and SBA loans	163,676	181,345
Operating lease liability	-	23,717
<b>Total non-current Liabilities</b>	<b>1,263,676</b>	<b>1,464,062</b>
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 4,415,243</b>	<b>\$ 3,448,851</b>
Commitments and contingencies		
<b>Shareholders' (Deficit)</b>		
Preferred Class A Stock, pay value \$0.0001, 2,200,000 shares authorized, 2,200,000 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2022 and 2021	220	220
Preferred Class B Stock, pay value \$0.0001, 1,709,694 shares authorized, 494,277 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2022 and 2021	49	49
Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value, 11,000,000 shares authorized, 4,425,882 shares issued and outstanding as of Decembr 31, 2022 and 2021	442	442
Additional Paid in Capital	6,788,190	6,788,190
Accumulated deficit	(7,800,776)	(6,935,457)
<b>Total Shareholders' (Deficit)</b>	<b>(1,011,874)</b>	<b>(146,556)</b>
<b>Total Liabilities and Shareholders' (Deficit)</b>	<b>\$ 3,403,369</b>	<b>\$ 3,302,295</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**LIGHTNING MOTORS CORPORATION**  
**STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**  
**For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021**

	<b>December 31, 2022</b>	<b>December 31, 2021</b>
Revenue	\$ 471,977	\$ 418,405
Cost of Revenue	402,247	494,132
Gross Profit (Loss)	<u>69,730</u>	<u>(75,727)</u>
Operating Expenses		
Research and development	\$ 205,852	\$ 164,204
Salaries and benefits	143,091	66,934
Other general and administrative	188,968	65,876
Professional fees	65,755	32,515
Stock-based compensation	-	31,224
Depreciation and amortization	18,495	19,364
Total Operating Expense	<u>622,162</u>	<u>380,117</u>
Net Operating Loss	<u>(552,432)</u>	<u>(455,844)</u>
Other Income (Expense)		
Gain on forgiveness of debt	-	296,636
Inventory asset write-off	(122,137)	-
Interest expense	(190,750)	(194,813)
Total other income (expense)	<u>(312,887)</u>	<u>101,823</u>
Net Loss	<u>\$ (865,319)</u>	<u>\$ (354,021)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**LIGHTNING MOTORS CORPORATION**  
**STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' (DEFICIT)**  
For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

*For the year ended December 31, 2022*

	Series A Preferred Stock		Series B Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Additional Paid-in	Accumulated	Total
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital	Deficit	Shareholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2021	2,200,000	\$ 220	494,277	49.00	4,425,882	\$ 442	\$ 6,788,190	\$ (6,935,457)	\$ (146,556)
Common shares issued from exercise options	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Common stock returned to treasury	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Common stock issued for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stock-based compensation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(865,319)	(865,319)
Balance, December 31, 2022	<u>2,200,000</u>	<u>\$ 220</u>	<u>494,277</u>	<u>49.00</u>	<u>4,425,882</u>	<u>\$ 442</u>	<u>\$ 6,788,190</u>	<u>\$ (7,800,776)</u>	<u>\$ (1,011,875)</u>

*For the year ended December 31, 2021*

	Series A Preferred Stock		Series B Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Additional Paid-in	Accumulated	Total
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital	Deficit	Shareholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2020	2,200,000	\$ 220	494,277	49	4,445,729	\$ 445	\$ 6,692,472	\$ (6,581,436)	\$ 111,750
Common shares issued from exercise options	-	-	-	-	21,941	2	38,395	-	38,397
Common stock returned to treasury	-	-	-	-	(46,560)	(5)	5	-	-
Common stock issued for services	-	-	-	-	4,772	-	8,373	-	8,373
Stock-based compensation	-	-	-	-	-	-	48,945	-	48,945
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(354,021)	(354,021)
Balance, December 31, 2021	<u>2,200,000</u>	<u>\$ 220</u>	<u>494,277</u>	<u>49</u>	<u>4,425,882</u>	<u>\$ 442</u>	<u>\$ 6,788,190</u>	<u>\$ (6,935,457)</u>	<u>\$ (146,556)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**LIGHTNING MOTORS CORPORATION**  
**STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

	<b>December 31, 2022</b>	<b>December 31, 2021</b>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Net loss	\$ (865,319)	\$ (354,021)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Stock-based compensation	-	48,945
Fair value of common stock issued for service	-	8,373
Inventory write-off	-	-
Impairment of inventory	-	151,442
Gain on forgiveness of debt	-	(296,636)
Depreciation and amortization	115,010	109,739
Amortization right-of-use asset	46,972	44,686
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Other current assets	(54,697)	(3,897)
Inventory	19,907	47,143
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(71,362)	(129,506)
Customer deposits	(2,500)	(41,389)
Accrued interest	187,586	192,475
Operating lease liability	(46,972)	(44,686)
<b>Net cash used in operating activities</b>	<b>(671,374)</b>	<b>(267,332)</b>
<b>Cash flows from Investing Activities</b>		
Purchase of fixed assets	(46,176)	(72,190)
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>	<b>(46,176)</b>	<b>(72,190)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Proceeds from issuance of convertible notes	1,000,000	149,000
Proceeds from issuance (repayment) of related party promissory notes	(90,000)	45,000
Repayment of equipment loans	-	(18,500)
Repayment of PPP loans	(10,360)	165,700
Proceeds from exercise of options	-	38,397
<b>Net cash flow provided by financing activities</b>	<b>899,640</b>	<b>379,597</b>
Net change in cash	182,090	40,075
Cash at the beginning of period	40,075	-
Cash at the end of period	<b>\$ 222,165</b>	<b>\$ 40,075</b>
<b>Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information</b>		
Cash paid for interest	\$ -	\$ -
Shareholder: Cash paid for income tax	\$ -	\$ -
<b>Non-cash Investing and Financing activities</b>		
Forgiveness of PPP Loan	\$ -	\$ 288,232
Forgiveness of equipment loan	\$ -	\$ 8,404

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



LIGHTNING MOTORS CORPORATION  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

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**NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS**

Lightning Motors Corporation (the “Company”, or “Lightning”) was originally formed in the State of Delaware on September 10, 2007 (“inception”).

The company is a manufacturer of premium high-performance electric motorcycles. The Company focuses on innovation in electric vehicle technologies to provide consumers with products that deliver a superior owner experience compared to gasoline alternatives. The company currently has four design patents: chassis design patent, strike bike design patent, lightning blade design patent, and lightning off-road design patent. In addition, the Company is recognized for its advanced technology innovations that are proprietary trade secrets.

Lightning builds the most technologically advanced motorcycles in the world, has won many racing competitions, and set several world speed’s records. The Company’s technology solutions have been used in various applications, from fuel cell hybrid electric buses, hybrid cars, electric motorcycles, electric All-Terrain Vehicle (“ATV”), electric yard trucks for ferrying shipping containers, professional ocean racing sailboat and many other areas.

The company executed a direct-to-consumer sales strategy to provide the best customer experience and to increase its gross margin. The company’s business strategy is to first go to market with premium high-end products that build an aspirational company brand, then raise funds for forging, casting, and injection molding to create volume capacities, lower the part cost and streamline manufacturing processes that are required for the mass production.

The technology in the motorcycle market in general has trailed the car market by approximately three to six years. The company chose to first focus on developing its technology and subsequently time product delivery and production scale to the external market conditions to optimize efficiency in capital usage.

The company’s current product offering includes:

- LS-218 bike is a street legal ultra-high-performance motorcycle. It has 240+ horsepower and a top speed in excess of 200 mph. Range is 140 miles with freeway speed 65 to 70 mph and 35 minutes DC level 3 charging. There is no electric motorcycle currently on the market with performance that meets or exceeds the top gasoline fueled motorcycles.
- Strike bike is a 600 to 800 cc equivalent bike. It has 148 horsepower with 150 mph top speed. Range is 150 miles at freeway speeds of 65 to 70 mph and 35 minutes DC level 3 charging.

**NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**GOING CONCERN, LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES**

As of December 31, 2022, the Company had \$235,303 in its operating bank accounts, and an excess working capital of \$893,686. The Company has recorded a net loss of \$865,320 for the year ended December 31, 2022, has an accumulated deficit of approximately \$7.8 million as of December 31, 2022. Net cash used in operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2022, was approximately \$0.7 million.

As of December 31, 2021, the Company had approximately \$40,000 in its operating bank accounts, and an excess working capital of \$665,452. The Company has recorded a net loss of \$354,021 for the year ended December 31, 2021, has an accumulated deficit of approximately \$6.9 million as of December 31, 2021. Net cash used in operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2021, was approximately \$0.3 million.

These above matters raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. During the next twelve months, the Company intends to fund its operations through raising additional equity capital, debt financing or related party short term debts in order to continue the funding of its operations, research and development and drive further expansion. The Company also has the ability to reduce cash burn to preserve capital.

However, there is no assurance that the Company can raise enough funds or generate sufficient revenues to pay its obligations as they become due, which raises substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

If the Company is unable to obtain sufficient additional capital, the Company may be required to reduce the near-term scope of its planned development and operations, which could delay implementation of the Company’s business plan and harm its business, financial condition, and operating results. No adjustments have been made to the carrying value of assets or liabilities as a result of this uncertainty.

LIGHTNING MOTORS CORPORATION  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

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**BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP" or "GAAP") on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business.

**USE OF ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Such estimates include:

- Liability for legal contingencies.
- Useful lives of property, plant, and equipment.
- Assumptions used in valuing equity instruments.
- Deferred income taxes and related valuation allowance.
- Going concern.
- Slow-moving inventory impairment
- Assessment of long-lived assets for impairment and intangible.

**CASH EQUIVALENTS**

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Financial instruments that potentially subject us to a concentration of credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents. Cash is deposited with what the Company believe are highly credited, quality institutions. The deposited cash may exceed Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insured limits. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company does not hold any cash in excess of FDIC limits. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company had no cash equivalents.

**INVENTORY**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value with cost being determined using a standard cost method, which approximates average cost. Provisions are made to reduce excess or obsolete inventories to their estimated realizable value.

**FIXED ASSETS**

Fixed assets are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation is computed using the double declining balance method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets:

Classification	Life
Furniture and fixtures	5-10 years
Machinery and equipment	5-10 years
Vehicles	5 years
Tooling and mold	5-15 years
Computer and equipment	5-10 years

Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the useful life of the asset or the lease term.

LIGHTNING MOTORS CORPORATION  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

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**IMPAIRMENT OF LONG-LIVED ASSETS**

In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification (“FASB ASC”) 360, property, plant, and equipment, and long-lived assets are analyzed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the related carrying amounts may not be recoverable. The Company evaluates at each balance sheet date whether events and circumstances have occurred that indicate possible impairment. If there are indications of impairment, the Company uses future undiscounted cash flows of the related asset or asset grouping over the remaining life in measuring whether the assets are recoverable. In the event such cash flows are not expected to be sufficient to recover the recorded asset values, the assets are written down to their estimated fair value. No impairment was recognized during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

**INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

The Company records its intangible assets at cost in accordance with ASC 350, Intangibles - Goodwill and Other. The Company reviews the intangible assets for impairment on an annual basis or if events or changes in circumstances indicate it is more likely than not that they are impaired. The Company intangible asset include trademarks.

These events could include a significant change in the business climate, legal factors, a decline in operating performance, competition, sale, or disposition of a significant portion of the business, or other factors. If the review indicates the impairment, an impairment loss would be recorded for the difference of the value recorded and the new value. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, there were no impairment losses recognized for intangible assets.

**ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE**

Accounts receivable are presented net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. In addition, the Company maintains allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses. The Company reviews the accounts receivable on a periodic basis and makes general and specific allowances when there is doubt as to the collectability of individual balances. In evaluating the collectability of individual receivable balances, the Company considers many factors, including the age of the balance, a customer’s historical payment history, current creditworthiness, and current economic trends. Accounts are written off after exhaustive efforts at collection. The Company fully reserved the balance of its accounts receivable for total amount of \$37,776 as of December 31, 2022 and 2021. The gross amount of the Company’s accounts receivable was \$37,776 as of January 1, 2020.

**FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

The Company adopted the provisions of FASB Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 820 (the “Fair Value Topic”) which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value under U.S. GAAP, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements.

The carrying amount of the Company’s financial assets and liabilities, such as cash, prepaid and other assets, inventory, accounts payable and accrued expenses, other liabilities approximate their fair value because of the short maturity of those instruments. The Company’s convertible notes, promissory notes with related party and other notes approximates the fair value of such liabilities based on the short term of such instruments and based upon management’s best estimate of interest rates that would be available to the Company for similar financial arrangements at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

**CONVERTIBLE PROMISSORY NOTES**

The Company accounts for convertible promissory notes in accordance with ASC 470-20, Debt with Conversion and Other Options. The Company evaluates embedded conversion features within convertible debt to determine whether the embedded conversion feature should be bifurcated from the host instrument and accounted for as a derivative at fair value with changes in fair value recorded in the Income Statement. If the conversion feature does not require recognition of a bifurcated derivative, the convertible debt instrument is evaluated for consideration of any beneficial conversion feature (“BCF”) requiring separate recognition. When the Company records a BCF, the intrinsic value of the BCF is recorded as a debt discount against the face amount of the respective debt instrument with an offset to additional paid-in capital and amortized to interest expense over the life of the debt using the effective interest method.

LIGHTNING MOTORS CORPORATION  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

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## COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company follows subtopic 450-20 of the FASB ASC to report accounting for contingencies. Liabilities for loss contingencies arising from claims, assessments, litigation, fines and penalties and other sources are recorded when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the assessment can be reasonably estimated.

## REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Company follows guidance from FASB Accounting Standards Codification ASC Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("ASC 606"). The guidance sets forth a five-step revenue recognition model which replaces the prior revenue recognition guidance in its entirety and is intended to eliminate numerous industry-specific pieces of revenue recognition guidance that have historically existed in U.S. GAAP. The underlying principle of the standard is that a business or other organization will recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects what it expects to receive in exchange for the promised goods or services.

The Company determines revenue recognition through the following steps:

1. Identification of the contract, or contracts, with a customer.
2. Identification of the performance obligation(s) in the contract.
3. Determination of the transaction price.
4. Allocation of the transaction to the performance obligation(s) in the contract.
5. Recognition of revenue when, or as the Company satisfies a performance obligation.

The Company generates revenue from the sale of its electric motorcycles and from various engineering services. The Company has generated \$471,977 and \$418,405 of revenue during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Disaggregated revenue by major source was as follows for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Revenue from the sale of motorcycles	\$ 82,992	\$ 175,790
Revenue from engineering service	388,921	240,850
Revenue from the sale of accessories	64	1,765
	<u>\$ 471,977</u>	<u>\$ 418,405</u>

In accordance with ASC 606, the Company has defined contracts as agreements with our customers in the form of purchase orders, packing or shipping documents, invoices. For each contract, the Company identify our performance obligations, which is delivering goods or services, determine the transaction price, allocate the contract transaction price to each of the performance obligations (when applicable), and recognize the revenue when (or as) the performance obligation to the customer is fulfilled. A good or service is transferred when the customer obtains control of that good or service. Prior to shipment, the Company test each motorcycle to ensure the motorcycle is in compliance with standard operating specifications.

## MOTORCYCLES AND RELATED ACCESSORIES

Revenues from the sale of motorcycles and accessories, are recorded when control is transferred to the customer, generally at the time of shipment. The Company offers standard, limited warranties on its motorcycles. These warranties provide assurance that the product will function as expected and are not considered a separate performance obligation. The Company accounts for estimated warranty costs as a liability when control of the product transfers to the customer.

LIGHTNING MOTORS CORPORATION  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

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## ENGINEERING SERVICES

Pursuant to executed statements of work, the Company performs the following types of services:

- Electrical engineering services (use of printed circuit boards design tools to define, create the required processor, types of chips, number of layers for connectivity and electrical control and flow among all parts).
- Mechanical engineering services related to the motorcycle bike structure design.

The objective of this type of services is to test some of the agreed upon specifications to demonstrate functionality. The Company identified only one performance obligation as all of the promises are not distinct in the context of the contract and each promise requires significant integration and customization as they are highly interdependent. Revenue for these projects is recognized upon delivery of the agreed upon prototype at a point in time.

## INCOME TAXES

The Company follows Section 740-10-30 of the FASB ASC, which requires recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements or tax returns. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are based on the differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect for the fiscal year in which the temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance to the extent management concludes it is more likely than not that the assets will not be realized. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

The Company follows the guidance of 740-10-25 of the FASB ASC ("Section 740-10-25") with regards to uncertainty in income taxes. Section 740-10-25 addresses the determination of whether tax benefits claimed or expected to be claimed on a tax return should be recorded in the financial statements. Under Section 740-10-25, the Company may recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. The tax benefits recognized in the financial statements from such a position should be measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than fifty percent (50%) likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. Section 740-10-25 also provides guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties on income taxes, accounting in interim periods and requires increased disclosures. The Company had no material adjustments to its assets and/or liabilities for unrecognized income tax benefits according to the provisions of Section 740-10-25.

The Company is subject to tax in the United States ("U.S.") and files tax returns in the U.S. Federal jurisdiction and California state jurisdiction. The Company is subject to U.S. Federal, state, and local income tax examinations by tax authorities. The Company currently is not under examination by any tax authority.

## STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

FASB ASC No. 718, Compensation – Stock Compensation ("ASC No. 718"). Companies are required to measure the compensation costs of share-based compensation arrangements based on the grant-date fair value and recognize the costs in the financial statements over the period during which employees are required to provide services. Share-based compensation arrangements include stock options. As such, compensation cost is measured on the date of grant at their fair value. Such compensation amounts, if any, are amortized over the respective vesting periods of the option grant. Equity award forfeitures are recognized at the date of employee termination.

## INVESTMENT – EQUITY METHOD

The Company accounts for equity method investments at cost, adjusted for the Company's share of the investee's earnings or losses, which are reflected in the statements of operations. The Company periodically reviews the investments for other than temporary declines in fair value below cost and more frequently when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable.

LIGHTNING MOTORS CORPORATION  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

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**RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT**

In accordance with FASB ASC 730-10, Research and Development, the Company charges all product research and development costs to expense in the period they are incurred. Research and development expenses consist primarily of personnel, tools, materials, and supplies for research and development activities. Product research and development totaled \$205,852 and \$164,204 during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

**ADVERTISING COSTS**

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred and included in other general and administrative expenses on the statements of operations. Such advertising amounted to \$21,207 and \$9,874 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

**OPERATING LEASES**

The Company adopted FASB Accounting Standards Codification, or ASC, Topic 842, Leases (“ASC 842”) which requires the recognition of the right-of-use assets and relating operating and finance lease liabilities on the balance sheet. Under ASC 842, all leases are required to be recorded on the balance sheet and are classified as either operating leases or finance leases. The lease classification affects the expense recognition in the income statement. Operating lease charges are recorded entirely in operating expenses. Finance lease charges are split, where amortization of the right-of-use asset is recorded in operating expenses and an implied interest component is recorded in interest expense.

The standard provided a number of optional practical expedients as part of transition accounting. The Company elected the “package of practical expedients”, which allowed the Company to avoid reassessing its prior conclusions about lease identification, lease classification and initial direct costs under the standard.

**CONCENTRATION OF RISK**

**SALES**

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company had one significant customer, which accounted for approximately 71% of sales. During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company had two significant customers, which accounted for approximately 71% of sales.

**SUPPLIER**

During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company has no vendor concentration of risk.

**RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS NOT YET ADOPTED**

In August 2020, the FASB issued “ASU 2020-06, Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging-Contracts in Entity’s Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40)” (“ASU 2020-06”) which simplifies the accounting for convertible instruments. The guidance removes certain accounting models which separate the embedded conversion features from the host contract for convertible instruments. Either a modified retrospective method of transition or a fully retrospective method of transition was permissible for the adoption of this standard. Update No. 2020-06 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption was permitted no earlier than the fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2020. The Company has adopted ASU 2020-06 during the year 2022 and is evaluating the impact of implementation on its financial statements, if any.

All other newly issued but not yet effective accounting pronouncements have been deemed to be not applicable or immaterial to the Company.

LIGHTNING MOTORS CORPORATION  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

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**NOTE 3 – INVENTORY**

Inventories are presented net of reserves and consist of the following at:

	<b>December 31, 2022</b>	<b>December 31, 2021</b>
Raw materials and components	\$ 2,082,039	\$ 2,079,296
Work in process	480,746	414,242
Finished goods	-	89,154
Inventory at lower of cost or net realizable value	<u>\$ 2,562,785</u>	<u>\$ 2,582,692</u>

During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company recognized \$122,137 and \$151,442 impairment charge, respectively, related to the write-down of inventory. Such amount is reported under cost of revenue in the statement of operations.

**NOTE 4 – FIXED ASSETS**

Fixed assets consist of the following at December 31:

	<b>December 31, 2022</b>	<b>December 31, 2021</b>
Machinery and Equipment	\$ 361,807	\$ 336,322
Tooling and mold	577,678	574,375
Furniture and Fixtures	115,840	114,640
Computer Equipment	72,281	56,093
Leasehold Improvements	5,677	5,677
Vehicles	4,887	4,887
Subtotal	1,138,170	1,091,994
Less: Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	(736,024)	(621,014)
Fixed assets, net	<u>\$ 402,146</u>	<u>\$ 470,980</u>

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company recorded \$115,010 of depreciation and amortization expense, of which \$96,515 are reported in cost of revenue and \$18,495 are reported under operating expenses. During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company recorded \$109,739 of depreciation and amortization expense, of which \$90,375 are reported in cost of revenue and \$19,364 are reported under operating expenses.

LIGHTNING MOTORS CORPORATION  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

**NOTE 5 – INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

The following table summarizes the balances as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, of the intangible assets acquired, their useful life, and annual amortization:

	<u>December 31,</u>	<u>Remaining Estimated Useful Life (Years)</u>
Intangible asset - trademark	\$ 110,385	Indefinite
Total	<u>\$ 110,385</u>	

The Company did not recognize any impairment of the trademark during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

**NOTE 6 – ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES**

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities consist of the following at December 31:

	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>
Accounts Payable	\$ 46,978	\$ 24,920
Accrued salaries	39,210	26,617
Accrued payroll tax liabilities	1,634	107,647
Total	<u>\$ 87,822</u>	<u>\$ 159,184</u>

**NOTE 7 – CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE**

Convertible notes consisted of the following at December 31, 2022 and 2021:

	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>
Investor #1 - Convertible note, 7% interest, due July 2023	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000
Investor #1 - Convertible note, 7% interest, due February 2024	100,000	100,000
Investor #1 – Convertible note, 7% interest, due June 2023	149,000	149,000
Investor #1 – Convertible note, 7% interest, due March 2024	1,000,000	-
Investor #2 - Convertible note, 7% interest, due December 2023	10,000	10,000
Total Convertible Notes Payable	2,259,000	1,259,000
Less current portion	(1,159,000)	-
Total Notes Payable - long term	<u>\$ 1,100,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,259,000</u>

The Company incurred \$160,498 and \$90,630 of interest related to these notes during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The Company has not paid any interest during the years 2022 and 2021. The balance of accrued interest amounts to \$361,349 and \$200,851 as of December 31, 2022, and 2021, respectively.



LIGHTNING MOTORS CORPORATION  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

*Investor #1 – Four unsecured convertible notes for aggregate principal of \$2,249,000*

On July 17, 2019, the Company and one investor executed a note purchase agreement under which the investor agreed to lend money to the Company for a total amount of \$2,249,000 paid in four different closings in exchange for the issuance of four unsecured convertible notes. Each convertible note includes a seven percent (7%) interest per annum. Two of the notes for total principal of \$1.1 million mature four (4) years from issuance and one note for total principal of \$149,000 matures two years from issuance and one note for total principal of \$1 million matures two years from issuance. On May 29, 2021, the Company executed an amendment to two of the convertible notes, under which the maturity date was extended to an additional two years. The investor can elect to convert the principal and accrued interest upon a qualifying financing at a discount to the qualifying financing purchase price per share payable in cash. Unless converted, the principal and accrued interests are payable at the earlier of the maturity date or the sale of the Company, whichever is sooner. The Company may not prepay the convertible note without approval from the investor. The convertible debt holder is also the holder of 32,472 shares of Series A (note 9).

*Investor #2 – Unsecured convertible note of \$10,000*

On December 2, 2020, The Company executed an unsecured convertible note in the principal amount of \$10,000, of which \$10,000 was funded to the Company. The convertible note includes a 7% interest per annum and matures two years from issuance (December 2022), which was subsequently revised to December 2023. In the event that the Company issues and sells equity securities (“qualified financing”) on or before the maturity date, then the holder can elect to convert the principal and accrued interest into the Company’s common stock at a conversion price set at a set discount to the price per share payable in cash by the investors of a future qualified financing. Unless converted, the principal and accrued interests are payable at the earlier of the maturity date or the sale of the Company. The Company may not prepay the note prior to maturity unless approved by the investor.

The Company may not prepay the convertible note without approval from the investor.

**NOTE 8 – RELATED PARTY LOAN PAYABLE – OTHER LOANS AND PPP LOAN**

Related party promissory notes consisted of the following at December 31, 2022 and 2021:

	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2022</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2021</u>
Aion Technology LLC, 7% interest – secured promissory notes – past maturity	\$ 946,500	\$ 1,036,500
Total related party promissory notes	946,500	1,036,500
Less current portion	(946,500)	(1,036,500)
Total related party promissory notes - long term	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

*Aion Technology LLC (entity controlled by the Company’s Chief Executive Officer)– Past maturity*

Since July 2016, the Company executed a series of secured promissory notes for aggregate principal amount of \$946,500 and \$1,036,500 as of December 31, 2022, and 2021, respectively. The promissory notes carry a simple seven percent (7%) interest per annum are secured by a first priority security interest all of the Company’s assets now existing or hereafter obtained or created. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company received additional \$90,000 of short-term advances from its related party. The series of notes become fully payable at the earliest of 270 days from issuance or the date of any sale of the Company.

The Company incurred approximately \$101,564 and \$94,320 of interest related to these notes during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The Company has not paid any interest during the years 2022 and 2021. The balance of accrued interest was \$407,647 and \$306,083 as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

LIGHTNING MOTORS CORPORATION  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

*Other promissory notes (non-related party)*

Other promissory notes consisted of the following at December 31, 2022 and 2021:

	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2022</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2021</u>
Doug Snyder unsecured promissory note, 7% interest – past maturity	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000
Total other promissory notes	100,000	100,000
Less current portion	(100,000)	(100,000)
Total other promissory notes - long term	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

On September 4, 2018, the Company executed an unsecured promissory note in the aggregate amount of \$100,000 due on the earlier of 270 days from issuance date or the sale of the Company. The note carries a simple interest rate of seven percent (7%) per annum. The balance of the note totals \$100,000 as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

The Company incurred \$7,526 and \$7,525 of interest related to these notes during the years ended December 31, 2022, and 2021, respectively. The Company has not paid any interest during the years 2022 and 2021. The balance of accrued interest was \$31,423 and \$23,896 as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

All of the promissory notes are past maturity date and are in technical default, however, the Company has not received any default notice as of December 31, 2022.

*PPP Loan*

On February 2, 2021, the Company entered into the Paycheck Protection Program loan (“PPP Loan”), with Citi Bank as the lender, in an aggregate principal amount of \$165,700, pursuant to the Paycheck Protection Program under the CARES Act. The PPP Loan was evidenced by a promissory note (the “Note”). Subject to the terms of the Note, the PPP Loan bore interest at a fixed rate of one percent (1%) per annum, with the first six months of interest deferred, had an initial term of two years, and was unsecured and guaranteed by the Small Business Administration (“SBA”). The Note provided for customary events of default including, among other things, cross-defaults on any other loan with the lender. The PPP Loan could have been accelerated upon the occurrence of an event of default. During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company recognized a total of \$122,532 of loan forgiveness, which was reported in other income in the statements of operations. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company paid a total of \$10,360 against loan repayment. As of December 31, 2022, the balance of the loan is \$32,808.

*Disaster Loan*

On May 20, 2020, the Company received a \$150,000 Economic Injury Disaster Loan (“EIDL Loan”) from US Small Business administration (“the SBA”) during the year ended December 31, 2020. This loan is payable monthly over 30 years at an annual interest rate of 3.75% commencing twelve months from the date of issuance. The balance of the disaster loan is \$150,000 as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

**NOTE 9 – RELATED PARTIES**

Aion Technology LLC, a company controlled by the Company’s Chief Executive Officer and majority shareholder, has subscribed a series of promissory notes for aggregate amount of \$946,500 and \$1,036,500, as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Such convertible note carries a 7% interest per annum and is past due. Accrued interest was \$407,647 and \$306,083 as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively (note 8).

A debt holder of the Company is also the owner of 32,472 shares of Series A (note 7).

LIGHTNING MOTORS CORPORATION  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

**NOTE 10 – SHAREHOLDERS’ EQUITY (DEFICIT)**

The Company has authorized stock which have been designated as follows:

	Number of Shares Authorized	Number of Shares Outstanding at December 31, 2022	Par Value
Series A Preferred Stock	2,200,000	2,200,000	\$ 0.0001
Series B Preferred Stock	1,709,694	494,277	\$ 0.0001
Common Stock	11,000,000	4,425,882	\$ 0.0001

*Series A Convertible Preferred Shares (“Series A”)*

On June 6, 2016, the Company filed an amended and restated certificate of incorporation with the Secretary of State of Delaware.

Each share of Series A shall be automatically converted into shares of common stock at any time upon the election of the holders of a majority of the outstanding Series A shares or immediately upon the closing of a qualifying event.

Each share of Series A is convertible into shares of common stock, determined by dividing the original issue price (“OIP”) of \$0.92 by the conversion price in effect, which is initially set as \$0.92 and subject to standard antidilution provisions. Such conversion feature terminates upon a liquidation, winding up, dissolution or a deemed liquidation event.

The Series A are entitled to cash dividends only and if declared by the board at a rate of 8% of the OIP. Such dividends are non-cumulative.

The Series A holders have voting rights equal to the number of shares of Common Stock into which such respective shares of preferred stock could be converted.

Upon liquidation, the holder of Series A, shall be entitled to receive an amount equal to the original issue price initially set at \$0.92, plus any accrued and unpaid dividends.

There was no activity during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. As of December 31, 2022, and 2021, the Company has 2,200,000 shares of Series A outstanding.

*Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (“Series B”)*

Each share of Series B shall be automatically converted into shares of common stock at any time upon the election of the holders of a majority of the outstanding Series B shares or immediately upon the closing of a qualifying event.

Each share of Series B is convertible into shares of common stock, determined by dividing the original issue price of \$1.75 by the conversion price in effect, which is initially set as \$1.75 and subject to standard anti-dilution provisions. Such conversion feature terminates upon a liquidation, winding up, dissolution or a deemed liquidation event.

The Series B are entitled to cash dividends only and if declared by the board at a rate of 8% of the original issue price. Such dividends are non-cumulative.

The Series B holders have voting rights equal to the number of shares of common stock into which such respective shares of preferred stock could be converted.

Upon liquidation, the holder of Series B, shall be entitled to receive an amount equal to the original issue price initially set at \$1.75, plus any accrued and unpaid dividends.

There was no activity during the year ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. As of December 31, 2022, and 2021, the Company has 494,277 shares of Series B outstanding.

LIGHTNING MOTORS CORPORATION  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

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***Common Stock***

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company issued 21,941 shares of common stock from the exercise of stock options for approximately \$38,400 in cash.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company executed settlement agreement and mutual release with two existing common stock owners under which, the two owners surrendered an aggregate amount of 46,560 shares of common stock.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company issued 4,772 shares of common stock for services for total fair value of approximately \$8,400.

***Equity Incentive Plan***

In November 2014, the shareholders of the Company approved the 2014 Equity Incentive Plan (the “2014 Plan”), which provides for the grant of incentive stock options, non-statutory stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, and restricted stock units awards to employees, directors, and consultants. The aggregate number of shares of Common Stock that may be issued pursuant to the Plan is limited to 1,500,000.

***Stock Options***

Stock option activities for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, are as follows:

	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (years)
Outstanding at December 31, 2019	263,497	\$ 0.94	7.02
Granted	121,932	1.75	10.00
Cancelled	-		
Exercised	-		
Outstanding at December 31, 2020	385,429	1.20	7.09
Granted	178,625	1.75	10
Cancelled	(49,509)	1.75	9.78
Exercised	(21,941)	1.75	9.99
Outstanding at December 31, 2021	492,604	1.32	6.8
Granted	-	1.75	
Cancelled	-	1.75	
Exercised	-	1.75	
Outstanding at December 31, 2022	492,604	1.32	6.8
Exercisable at December 31, 2022	312,368	1.07	5.64

LIGHTNING MOTORS CORPORATION  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

The following table summarizes the range of exercise price, weighted average remaining contractual life (“Life”) and weighted average exercise price (“Price”) for all stock options outstanding as of December 31, 2021:

Exercise price	Options Outstanding		Options Exercisable
	Shares	Life (in years)	Shares
\$ 0.25	134,250	2.90	134,250
\$ 0.93	14,247	6.00	13,726
\$ 1.75	344,107	8.36	164,392
	<u>492,604</u>		<u>312,368</u>

The Black-Scholes option pricing model is used by the company to determine the weighted-average fair value of share-based payments. The weighted average grant date fair value of stock options issued during the year ended December 31, 2022, and 2021 was \$0.90 per share. The Company’s recognizes forfeitures as they occur. The fair value of options on the grant date was determined using the following weighted-average assumptions during the years ended December 31, 2022, and 2021.

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Risk-free interest rate	1.30%	1.30%
Expected stock price volatility	50.0%	50.0%
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%
Expected option term (years)	7.0	7.0
Forfeitures	None	None

As of December 31, 2022, the unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested awards was \$119,047, which will be recognized over a weighted average remaining of 1.15 years. As of December 31, 2021, the unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested awards was approximately \$174,200, which will be recognized over a weighted average remaining of 2.15 years.

#### **NOTE 11 – INCOME TAXES**

Management has determined that the Company does not have any uncertain tax positions and associated unrecognized benefits that would impact the financial statements or related disclosures.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed annually for differences between financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future based on enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized. The income tax expense is insignificant for the year ended December 31, 2022. The Company operated at a loss and the deferred tax asset is offset by a corresponding valuation allowance. Deferred income tax is mainly comprised of net operating losses.

The Company has federal operating losses carryforward of approximately \$4 million available at December 31, 2022.

The primary differences between income tax expense attributable to continuing operations and the amount of income tax expense that would result from applying domestic federal statutory rates to income before income taxes relate to state income taxes, and the recognition of a valuation allowance for net deferred income tax assets.

LIGHTNING MOTORS CORPORATION  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

**NOTE 12 – COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENCIES**

Operating Leases

The Company entered into the following operating facility lease:

- Corbin Pacific, Inc. in Hollister, California – On June 1, 2020, the Company entered into an operating facility lease for its production assembly facility in Hollister, California with a thirty-six (36) month term.

The Company adopted ASC 842 as of January 2020. The Company has one operating lease for the Company’s production assembly facility and accounts for this lease in accordance with ASC 842, which resulted in the recognition of a Right-Of-Use (“ROU”) asset and operating lease liability of \$136,896, as of January 1, 2020.

In accordance with ASC 842, the components of lease expense were as follows:

<b>For the year ended December 31,</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
Operating lease expense	\$ 24,617	\$ 49,235
Total lease expense	\$ 24,617	\$ 49,235

In accordance with ASC 842, maturities of operating lease liabilities as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, were as follows:

<b>For the year ended December 31,</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
2022		\$ 49,235
2023	24,617	24,617
Total undiscounted cash flows	\$ 24,617	\$ 73,852
Reconciliation of lease liabilities:		
Weighted-average remaining lease terms	0.4 years	1.4 years
Weighted-average discount rate	5%	5%
Present values	\$ 23,717	\$ 23,717
Lease liabilities-current	23,717	46,972
Lease liabilities-long-term	-	23,717
Lease liabilities-total	\$ 23,717	\$ 70,689
Difference between undiscounted and discounted cash flows	\$ 900	\$ 3,163

*Partnership with Enevate Corp.*

In October 2021, the Company entered into a joint demonstration agreement with Enevate Corp. (“Enevate”), a pioneering battery innovation company featuring extreme fast charge and high energy density battery technologies for electric vehicles (EVs) and other markets, to equip Lightning’s Strike Carbon motorcycle with Enevate’s EV-sized extreme fast charge advanced lithium-ion cells. Enevate agrees to pay the Company an estimated \$40,000 based on milestones pursuant to an executed statement of work.

LIGHTNING MOTORS CORPORATION  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

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*Convertible notes and promissory notes*

Future minimum payments under the convertible notes and promissory notes at December 31, 2022, are as follows:

	<u>Convertible Notes</u>	<u>Promissory Notes and Other Loans</u>
<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>		
2023	\$ 1,159,000	\$ 1,065,632
2024	1,100,000	19,132
2025	-	19,132
2026	-	10,500
2027	-	8,772
Thereafter	-	106,140
	<u>\$ 2,259,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,229,308</u>

*Legal Contingencies*

The Company is currently not involved with or know of any pending or threatening litigation against the Company or any of its officers.

**NOTE 13 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Management has evaluated events that have occurred subsequent to the date of these financial statements through June 23, 2023 and has determined that, other than those listed below, no such reportable subsequent events exist through the date the financial statements were issued in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 855, "Subsequent Events."